# Analysis of Historical Gross Gamma Logging Data from BY Tank Farm

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Abstract: Gross gamma ray logs, recorded from January 1975 through mid-year 1994 as part of the Single-Shell Tank Farm Dry Well Surveillance Program, have been reanalyzed for the BY tank farm to locate the presence of mobile radionuclides in the subsurface. This report presents the BY tank farm gross gamma ray data in such a way as to assist others in their study of vadose zone mechanisms.

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## Summary of Data Analysis Results for the BY Single Shell Tank Farm Dry Well Gross Gamma Ray Surveillance Logs

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#### 1.0 Introduction

The single-shell tank farm dry well surveillance program was established 1947 as one of several methods used to identify leaking tanks and operated until 1994. Up until 1975, data were collected in a non-digital format and in 1975, the surveillance program was upgraded to a digital logging system. Under the new system, gross gamma ray logs were recorded in digital form utilizing several logging detector types and reviewed in order to identify leaks of radioactive liquid from the underground tanks. Gross gamma ray logs recorded from January 1975 through mid-year 1994 have been re-analyzed to locate the presence of mobile radionuclides in the subsurface not targeted under the original program (data acquired prior to 1975 are not in the correct format for this analysis). Details concerning how this was accomplished are in "Analysis Techniques Applied to the Dry Well Surveillance Gross Gamma Ray Data at the SX Tank Farm," WMNW-TRS-ES-VZMA-001.

A necessary element for the analysis of the gross gamma ray data is the use of information provided from the spectral gamma logging analysis implemented from 1996 to 1997. The analysis was performed on BY Tank Farm wells by MACTEC-ERS of Grand Junction, Colorado for the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) under contract #DE-AC04-94AL96907 (MACTEC-ERS, 1997). The spectral gamma logging system (SGLS) employs a high-purity germanium (HPGe) detector to obtain data leading to the identification and depth of gamma ray emitting radioactive isotopes. Knowledge as to the isotopes that are present in the subsurface is required to adequately interpret the tank farm dry well surveillance logs. By integrating SGLS data with historical dry well surveillance data, knowledge is gained concerning the behavior of radionuclides in the vadose zone over time.

A goal of this report is to present the BY Tank Farm gross gamma ray data in such a way as to assist others in their study of vadose zone mechanisms, allowing them to further analyze the data and develop their own conclusions and interpretations. Overall trends in the data, as well as areas where additional information would be helpful in evaluating the unusual nature of some of the data, will be discussed. It is planned that this presentation will support Tank Waste Remediation System (TWRS) activities for closure, characterization, remediation, and other vadose zone issues. In general, the data analysis resulted in the identification of five types of subsurface conditions that occur within discrete depth intervals called zones. They are defined as follows:

- CLEAN: no systematic trend above the detection threshold for the gross gamma ray logs is indicated by the data.
- STABLE: the decay rate of the isotope(s) identified in the zone matches the change in concentration of the isotope(s) as measured over time, and no noticeable deviation from the match is apparent within the timeframe that gross gamma ray data were collected. Contaminants may be moving, but at a slow enough rate as to not be observable within the timeframe of data collection.
- UNSTABLE/UNSTABLE EARLY: the decay rate of the isotope(s) identified in the zone does not match the change in concentration of the isotope(s) as measured over time within the timeframe that gross gamma ray data were collected. Those zones that exhibit an unstable condition early in this timeframe, but currently exhibit a stable condition, are called unstable or unstable early in this report. Those that are currently unstable are labeled unstable. Currently, isotopes cannot be identified from gross gamma ray data alone. Therefore, isotopes with a rapid rate of decay, such as Ru-106, or at low enough levels to decay below detection limits, may not be identified if the period of instability is prior to the collection of SGLS data. Their presence is speculated based on the fit of the decay curve.
- TANK FARM ACTIVITY: an irregular change in the intensity of gross gamma rays between successive surveys at
  or near the surface suggests that contamination may be the result of tank farm activities or logging procedure
  changes and not vadose zone mechanics.
- UNDETERMINED: stability cannot be determined due to insufficient data, exceeding the system design criteria (both upper and lower limits) for recording gross gamma ray data, or possible affects of depth shift or surface activities.

Stable vs. unstable is an apparent condition limited by the time interval over which data were collected, the sensitivity of the tools, and the level of contamination, and is not a definitive statement concerning the fixed or mobile nature of a given isotope.

Note: The category names have changed since the SX report was produced, although the categories are basically the same (i.e., clean, stable, and changed vs. clean, stable, unstable early, and unstable). More kinds of instability were identified in the BY Tank Farm data than in the SX Tank Farm data, which lead to a change in terminology.

It is beyond the scope of this project, to identify the source, rate of movement, or migration pathway of mobile radioactive contaminants and their ultimate impact to the environment. It is also pointed out that where boreholes do not exist, movement can occur without detection. This investigation is limited to the immediate area (approximately 20 inches) around each borehole from which gamma rays are readily detected, and is not rigorous enough to interpret the condition of the space between boreholes and outside of the investigated area.

### 1.1 Background:

A series of twelve tanks were installed at the BY Tank Farm from 1946 to 1947 to receive liquid waste resulting from activities at the Hanford site (Brevick, et. al.). These tanks are 75 feet in diameter, constructed on 100-foot centers, with 25 feet between the sides of each tank, and are interconnected in a variety of ways. A network of vadose monitoring wells (dry wells) was installed throughout the BY Tank Farm over a number of years to monitor the subsurface condition of the tank farm (Figure 1). All of the 70 wells constructed have a single string of casing installed concurrent to the drilling activity to prevent collapse of the unconsolidated subsurface sediments (loose sand and gravel). An additional borehole (22-00-05) was drilled south of the 104 and 101 tanks for which there are no geophysical data available. The boreholes range in depth from 85 to 150 feet, with the majority being 100 feet deep. The gross gamma ray data that were acquired digitally from these wells between 1975 and 1994 were analyzed by Three Rivers Scientific and presented in "Analysis of Historical Gross Gamma Logging Data from BY Tank Farm," (Project No. 772028, Task No. 23020001).

## 1.2 Data Analysis Description:

Data from the dry well logs are compiled through a number of iterations until data sets are obtained that reveal any trend present. This process does not add or delete data, but merely compiles them into a useful, uncompromised data set. A depth vs. time plot, or stack plot, of the gross gamma ray data is created to identify trends and zones of contamination. All historical log surveys for one dry well (borehole) are analyzed as a whole for each radioactive zone in a well, thus allowing statements to be made about the apparent condition or rate of change of any given radioactive interval.

Review of the historical gross gamma ray data revealed that limits in the system design for collecting data prior to 1983 created a situation where the zero point for the start of data collecting was inconsistent (refer to WMNW-TRS-ES-VZMA-001 for details). This makes evaluating trends in the data difficult. Several methods can be employed to overcome varying zero points and to essentially create a common starting point from which to view the data, making trend identification easier. These methods apply a depth shift to the data, which is simply adjusting data up or down so that certain identifiable features in the data can be aligned and evaluated. By applying a depth shift to the data, the ability to identify downward movement of the isotopes can be hindered, so depth shifting is avoided as much as possible.

A summation of the values of logging instrument readings over the depth interval of interest minus background activity and times the distance between sample point depths yields a constant that is independent of the specific starting point. This calculation is called the grade thickness product (GTP) and can be applied over a depth interval wide enough to include all variances in depth so as not to require depth shifting. When the calculation is applied over the entire interval, the result is a more accurate representation of the condition of the zone over time.

Gross gamma ray log surveys contain data at one-foot intervals over the length of the borehole. Differences in the zero-depth reference point cause variations in the maximum count rate for thin radioactive zones as well as the apparent depth of contamination. The GTP technique is used to eliminate this variable sampling effect upon the overall net change for a given zone.

Applying a GTP calculation over an entire interval can mask the presence of discrete stable or unstable zones within the interval. Therefore, smaller intervals are evaluated to obtain a clearer understanding of the movement of

isotopes in the overall contaminated zone. Occasionally, the smaller intervals overlap in order to aid in the interpretation of trends in the overall zone of interest and to account for depth errors. For clarity of presentation in this summary report, the analysis for the entire interval is presented with a discussion of discrete zones included where appropriate. For detailed information about the analysis and the zones investigated, see the aforementioned BY Tank Farm analysis report. At very low levels of contamination, inconsistencies were observed between the gross gamma indications and the SGLS data. Also, inconsistencies in the data analysis (e.g., depth intervals analyzed, isotopes used in calculating decay curves [sometimes known, sometimes hypothesized]), interpretation of the data, incompleteness in reporting of the evaluation, and errors in the BY Tank Farm analysis report make summarizing difficult. These inconsistencies are driven in part by the complexity of the contaminate movement, and information gathered from the logging process. It is recommended that the BY Tank Farm analysis report and its authors be consulted when applying the information presented in this summary report.

Note: Gross gamma ray data were collected using a variety of probe types. The values generated by these probe types do not correlate with each other (e.g., the NaI probe type 04 does not record values that relate to those recorded with the Green or Red GM probe types 01 and 02). It is not within the scope of this project to normalize these values. Therefore, caution must be used when relating GTP values in zones recorded with different probe types. See WMNW-TRS-ES-VZMA-001 for a detailed discussion.

The average background activity of naturally occurring potassium, uranium, and thorium is obtained from review of the data for each survey and provides a level of confidence that the instrumentation worked consistently and the gross gamma ray data are valid. The percentage of data values that are considered as representing a natural background formation response (frequency clean) is also calculated. The average background activity value is calculated for all survey depth samples between a lower and upper count rate threshold. The lower count rate threshold is generally set at zero (0) c/s; a value defined as indicating a data gap. The upper count rate threshold is generally set at 50 c/s for probe type 04 (NaI), a conservative value near what is considered background activity, yet one fourth of the count rate considered reportable by the leak detection program.

Note: Spurious data are generated during normal data collecting activities. Spurious zero values are called data gaps and are considered as unrealistically low natural background activity when recorded with the sodium-iodide probes. Between 1975 and 1982, the equipment would occasionally record a spurious data value of minus one (-1) or zero (0). A value of minus one represents an invalid count rate. Data gaps occur at various locations in the surveys, including in the background or in the middle of a high contamination zone within a borehole. Data gaps are not included in the calculation of average background, grade thickness product, or frequency clean values.

Zones where contamination is identified are examined using the GTP evaluation. The average background activity is subtracted so that only the contaminated levels above background are included in the analysis. The GTP is plotted in a graph against time for each depth interval analyzed. One or more decay lines are then overlaid on the graph based on isotopes identified by the SGLS data, knowledge of tank constituents, and the known presence of isotopes in other boreholes. Sometimes decay lines can be fit through the data in a number of ways with none of them fitting perfectly. When two or more isotopes are identified, a least squares fit analysis for a multi-component decay is performed (for details, refer to the Appendix in the BX Tank Farm report) for those isotopes that are needed to make the decay curve fit the data. If an isotope was identified (usually at low levels) but is not useful in fitting the curve, it was not included in the GTP calculation. Isotopes that are known to exist in the inventory of the tank farm, or are identified in nearby wells, may not be identified by the SGLS due to being at or below detection levels. Such isotopes are hypothesized to have been present and are sometimes included in the least squares fit analysis when needed to make a fit. The decay rates for each of the components are held fixed in the fitting process and only the relative Intensities of the components are calculated. The relative contribution of gross gamma rays from one component to another depends upon the nature of the isotopes and the detector design. Comparing the GTP data and the decay line(s) reveals information about the rate of change of contamination within a zone over the timeframe that data were collected. Multiple plots are generated to show the results for different zones within a borehole when appropriate. The details for the use of GTP are covered in WMNW-TRS-ES-VZMA-001.

The objective of the analysis is to assure that a thorough examination of dry well surveillance logs is performed. It is also to assure that no zones of contamination abruptly entered the borehole survey region and quickly migrated out. All surveys are examined so that no unusual problems or conditions remain as undetected. Table 1 contains a list of the wells located in the BY Tank Farm as well as information concerning the identity, level, and depth of contamination. Due to the complex nature of the data, detailed comments from the summaries in the BY data set are also provided to aid in understanding. In order to afford a spatial relationship to the subsurface contamination, a variety of maps depicting tank and data point locations are provided.

Table 1. BY Zones

Table 1.		es							
Borehole Number	Total Depth feet	Number of Surveys	<sup>a</sup> Probe Type	Subsurface Condition Category	Zone Depth feet	Max. GTP ft*c/s	Year Max. GTP	Isotopes Identified	Comment
22-00-01	140	340	4	<sup>6</sup> Stable	40-65	250	1975	137Cs	No SGLS data; <sup>137</sup> Cs not identified
				Stable	70-84	70	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
				Stable	84-100	70	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-00-02	100	206	4	Stable	0-14	600	1975	137Cs	Borderline downward movement
				Undetermined	45-56	1,300	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb	Possible downward movement, but below detection
				Stable	56-64	1,200	1975	Sb; Ru	
				<sup>d</sup> Unstable	64-96	1,800	1975	<sup>®</sup> Со	Downward movement at low levels; <sup>137</sup> Cs decay curve fits, but was not used as <sup>137</sup> Cs was not identified by the SGLS
22-00-03	145	208	4	Stable	40-80	3,000	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb	
				Unstable early	80-117	12,000	1975	®Co	
				Stable	117-128	1,800	1975	<sup>®</sup> Со	
				Stable	128-140	1,100	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; ⁵¹2⁵Sb	
22-00-04	100	210	4	*TF Activity	0-10	200	1975	137Cs	
				Stable	48-70	500	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co; <sup>•125</sup> Sb	
				Stable	70-85	1,000	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>*906</sup> Ru	
22-00-05		no data							No geophysical data available
22-00-10	120	385	4	TF Activity	0-10	150	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	137Cs id'd at 8 pCI/g should appear in gross gamma log at 46 feet, but doesn't
22-01-01	100	405	4	TF Activity	0-6	400		<sup>137</sup> Cs	·
				'Appear stable	6-15	50	1975	137Cs	Low levels near threshold
22-01-03	100	L		TF Activity	0-10	100	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-01-04	100	408	4	TF Activity	0-15	1,700	1975	137Cs	
		•		Stable	15-30	16,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
				Stable	30-60	1,400	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>•125</sup> Sb	
22-01-07	100	394	4	TF Activity	0-6	6,000	1975	<sup>157</sup> Cs	
				Stable	6-15	100	1975	137Cs	Low levels near threshold
				Stable	40-55	200	1975	®Co	
22-01-10	100	419	4	TF Activity	0-10	1,500		737Cs	
				Stable	15-25	500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
				Stable	25-44	550	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>46</sup> Co	
22-02-01	100	593	4	TF Activity	0-10	800	1985	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
		*		TF Activity	10-20	200	1984	137Cs	

			Stable	40-53	3,200	1975	137 <b>C</b> S	
			Stable	55-75	200	1975	*106Ru	
			Stable	80-96	550	1975	<sup>60</sup> Со; <sup>*206</sup> Ru	
22-02-02	100	540	4 TF Activity	0-6	600	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
			Stable	6-18	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-02-05	100	545	4 TF Activity	0-10	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-02-07	150	452	4 TF Activity	0-10	200	1986		No SGLS due to high surface rad, area for personnel
22-02-09	100	607	4 TF Activity	0-10	400	1986	<sub>733</sub> Ce	
			Stable	20-26	200	1975	*125Sb	
			Stable	26-34	450	1975	*125Sb; *106Ru	
			Stable	34-44	1,800	1975	*125Sb; *166Ru	·
			Stable	44-52	2,500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>*106</sup> Ru	
			Undetermined	55-65	100	1975	<b>20</b>	Low levels near threshold
22-03-01	95	538	4 TF Activity	0-10	200	1986	<sub>Ta</sub> Ce	
22-03-04	100	457	4 TF Activity	0-10	900	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
			TF Activity	10-30	800	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
			Stable	40-55	2,800	1975	<sup>125</sup> Sb	
			Stable	55-85	900	1975	<sup>€C</sup> Co; <sup>•125</sup> Sb	
22-03-05	100	235	1 Undetermined	0-5	300		<sup>137</sup> Cs	Lack of depth control
			Stable	5-15	350	1980	137Cs	
			Stable	15-60	170,000	1980	137Cs	Count rate limits exceeded
			Stable	60-85	1,700	1980	137Cs	
22-03-06	100	490	4 TF Activity	0-10	900	1975	ray Ce	
			Appear stable	20-28	2,300	1975	<sub>13</sub> Cs	
			Stable	37-48	13,000	1975	, ,	
			Stable	48-60	2,400	1975		
			Stable	60-94	4,300	1975	<sup>60</sup> Со; <sup>*125</sup> Sb; <sup>*106</sup> Ru	
			Stable	94-100	1,000	1975		Interval not logged after mid 1982
22-03-07	100	475	4 TF Activity	0-8	100	1975		
	<b> </b>		Stable	47-62	1,300	1975		
			Stable	62-90	1,100			
22-03-08	100	504	4 TF Activity	0-8	200	1975		
			Stable	40-60	1,300	1975		
			Appear stable	80-98	100	1975		Low levels near threshold
°22-03-09	100	618	4 TF Activity	0-11	2,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>154</sup> Eu	

			Undetermined	11-24	2,600	1975	*106Ru	<sup>106</sup> Ru decay rate does not match exactly
		1	Unstable early	24-52	29,000	1976	60Co; 125Sb; 106Ru	
···			Unstable	48-95	16,000	1976	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>6125</sup> Sb	Downward movement to below well in 1993
22-03-10	100-85	472	4 TF Activity	0-8	300	1975	137Cs	Borehole filled in to 85 feet in 1980
			Stable	8-30	170	1975	137Cs	Low levels near threshold
22-04-01	100	439	4 Appear stable	20-35	250	1975	*Jos Ru	
			Stable	35-45	150	1975	*½08Ru	
22-04-05	100	403	4 hClean					
22-04-07	100	409	4 Clean					
22-0 <del>4-09</del>	100-125	451	4 TF Activity	0-8	200	1984	1	
			Unstable early	75-95	1,800	1980		
			Stable	105-120	500	1984		Well deepened in 1983 and condition is stable
22-04-11	100	405	4 TF Activity	0-8	200	1984		
			Stable	10-25	200	1975		
			Stable	25-50	1,500	1975	*106Ru	
			Undetermined	90-100	1,000	1975		
22-05-01	100	737	4 TF Activity	0-10	130,000	1985		Some surveys are near count rate limits
22-05-05	100	704	4 TF Activity	0-10	120	1975		
22-05-09	100	643	4 Unstable early; undetermined late	55-90	1,000	1975		Downward movement
22-06-01	100	726	4 TF Activity	0-8	400	1984	137 <sup>C</sup> CS	
<u></u>			Stable	42-52	200	1975		
			Stable	52-65	600	1975	•	
22-06-05	100	718	4 TF Activity	0-8	70	1975		
			Appear stable	28-36	500	1975		
			Unstable	40-84	10,000	1975		Downward movement
22-06-07	140	<b>53</b> 5	4 TF Activity	0-8	200	1984		
L			Unstable early	40-52	300	1975	1	
			Unstable early	52-80	1,100	1979		Downward and lateral movement
22-06-09	100	709	4 Unstable early	70-90	650	1975	li .	
22-06-11	100	543	4 TF Activity	0-10	200	1975	•	
22-07-01	100	242	4 TF Activity	0-10	300	1975		
			Unstable early	40-52	800	197€		·
			Stable	52-70	3,500	1975		
			Stable	70-92	3,000	1975	60Co	

22-07-02	100	336	4 Appear stable	6-20	200	1975	137Cs	
			Unstable early	42-95	2,800	1976	*°Co	Downward movement; contamination may be below bottom of well
22-07-05	100	238	4 Unstable early	40-78	3,800	1975	«Co	Downward movement within the zone from 42 to 65 feet
			Undetermined	90-100	500	1975	137Cs	
22-07-07	100	225	4 Unstable early	30-54	2,500	1975	137Cs; *125Sb; *106Ru	
			Unstable	80-98	1,800	1976	,	Stable from 1983 or 1990
2-07-09	100	393	4 TF Activity	. 0-9	2,500	1984	137Cs	
			Stable	9-17	1,400	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
			Appear stable	17-36	50,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	Count rate may have been exceeded
			Unstable	62-100	2,200	1976	,	Downward movement to below well bottom in 1990
2-07-10	97	356	4 TF Activity	0-6	1,500	1975	The state of the s	
,			Stable	6-12	2,000	1975		
			Stable	12-20	1,400	1975		
			Stable	20-30	1,600	1975		
			Stable	30-44	1,400	1975		
2-08-01	100	312	4 TF Activity	0-12	200,000	1989		Count rate may have been exceeded
			Stable	22-32	500	1976		
			Stable	32-42	2,400	1976	•	
			Stable	42-59	25,000	1975		
			Unstable	59-95	12,000	1975		Movement of isotopes is unclear; stable from 1985 to 1994
22-08-02	100	305	4 TF Activity	0-10	20,000	1993		
			Stable	20-30	1,000	1975		·
			Unstable	44-100	15,000	1975		Downward movement, possibly below bottom of borehole
22-08-05	100	314	4 TF Activity	0-8	200	1975	<u> </u>	
			Stable	36-45	250	1975	4	
<del> </del>			Stable	45-53	700	1975		
			Stable	53-63	1,000			
			Unstable early	63-84	900			Downward movement
22-08-06	100	314	4 TF Activity	0-8	1,200			
			TF Activity	8-18	500			
			Stable	18-29	400	1975		
			Stable	46-54	150	1975	<u> </u>	
			Stable	54-63	200		1	
			Stable	63-73	900			
			Unstable early	73-83	450	1975	«°Co	

22-08-07	135	296	4 TF Activity	0-8	500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-08-09	100	403	4 TF Activity	0-10	80,000	1984	<sub>137</sub> Cs	
			Unstable early	72-84	150	1975	137Cs; *106Ru	·
22-08-12	105	380	4 TF Activity	0-8	10,000	1989	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
			Unstable early	25-40	300	1980	<sup>137</sup> Cs	137Cs decay curve does not fit GTP plot
			Unstable early	40-51	3,000	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>•12.5</sup> Sb	
			Unstable early	51-60	3,000	1975	e <sub>o</sub> Co	Possible downward movement
			Unstable early	60-82	1,000	1976	<sup>€0</sup> Co	Downward movement within the zone
22-09-01	100	674	4 Stable	24-35	250	1975	*#6Ru	
			Stable	40-55	2,200	1975	*125Sb; *166Ru	
22-09-02	100	468	4 TF Activity	0-10	2,000	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
			TF Activity	10-14	300	1975	137Cs	
			Stable	14-34	1,200	1975	137Cs	
			Stable	42-64	500	1975	*ios Ru	
22-09-05	100	562	4 TF Activity	0-10	100	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	·
			Stable	40-58	250	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>•125</sup> Sb	
22-09-07	97	481	4 Unstable early	20-40	12,000	1975	*106Ru	
			Unstable early	40-50	9,000	1976	*105Ru	
			Unstable early	50-64	2,700	1976	*¹25Sb; *¹0≤Ru	
22-09-08	98	368	4 Undetermined	16-30	80,000		137Cs	Count rate limits exceeded
			Stable	43-52	150	1981	℃ .	
			Undetermined	76-90	100		<b>∞</b> Co	Levels below detection threshold
22-09-11	100	552	4 TF Activity	0-10	1,500		137Cs	
			Stable	16-25	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; * <sup>125</sup> Sb	
			Stable	25-38	450	1975	*106Ru	
			Unstable early	38-52	3,500	1975	*106Ru	
22-10-05	100	400	4 Stable	45-55	200	1975		
			Unstable early	55-7 <b>5</b>	300	1979	<b>€</b> 0Co	
22-10-07	100	377	4 Unstable early	45-65	200	1983	<sup>&amp;</sup> Co	
22-10-09	100	364	4 TF Activity	0-10	20,000			•
22-10-10	100	406	4 Unstable early	58-76	1,500	1975		
22-11-01	100	415	4 TF Activity	0-5	1,000			
			TF Activity	5-10	900	1975		
			Unstable	19-28	4,000	1984	ra <sub>s</sub> Cz	
22-11-05	100	450	4 TF Activity	0-10	3,000	1975	117Cs	

22-11-08	100	438	4 TF Activity	0-10	100	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
			Stable	56-66	120	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>235/0</sup> U	
22-11-09	100	437	4 TF Activity	0-8	8,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
			Stable	24-34	450	1975	<b>«</b> Со	
			Unstable early	34-46	250	1 <del>9</del> 75	<b>∞</b> Co	
22-12-01	100	424	4 Clean					
22-12-03	100	509	4 TF Activity	0-10	200,000	1980	<sup>137</sup> Cs	Count rate limits exceeded
		-	Stable	10-20	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-12-05	100	426	4 TF Activity	0-20	1,000	1975	in <sub>Cs</sub>	
22-12-06	100	428	4 TF Activity	0-20	8,000	1975	137Cs	
22-12-07	100	418	4 TF Activity	0-10	1,500	1984	137Cs	
22-12-09	100	429	4 Clean	Ì				
22-12-10	100	424	4 Clean	1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Probe type: 1 = Green GM, moderately sensitive; reads moderate levels of gamma ray activity.

4 = NaI, most sensitive, reads lowest level of gamma ray activity.

Caution must be used when relating GTP values in zones recorded with different probe types,

The decay rate of the isotope(s) identified in the zone matches the change in concentration of the isotope(s) as measured over time, and no noticeable deviation from the match is apparent within the timeframe that gross gamma ray data were collected.

"Stability cannot be determined due to insufficient data, exceeding the system design criteria (both upper and lower limits) for recording gross gamma ray data, or possible affects of depth shift or surface activities.

The decay rate of the isotope(s) identified in the zone does not match the change in concentration of the isotope(s) as measured over time within the timeframe that gross gamma ray data were collected. Those zones that exhibit an unstable condition early in this timeframe, but currently exhibit a stable condition, are called unstable or unstable early in this report.

An irregular change in the intensity of gross gamma rays between successive surveys at or near the surface suggests that contamination may be the result of tank farm activities or logging procedure changes and not vadose zone mechanics.

The decay rate of the isotope(s) identified in the zone appears to match the change in concentration of the isotope(s) as measured over time, but stability cannot be rigorously determined.

<sup>9</sup>Well 22-03-09 exhibits downward movement with lateral influx from 1975 to 1977 and downward movement from 1977 to 1995 (it is not possible to tell if there is lateral movement during this time period); stringers of contamination are left behind after the majority of the contamination moves through; the leading edge of the contamination moves below the bottom of the borehole in 1985 to 1986 and continues to move down until the trailing edge of the contamination moves below the bottom of the borehole in 1991 to 1992.

ho systematic trend above the detection threshold for the gross gamma ray logs is indicated by the data.

\*Currently, isotopes cannot be identified from gross gamma ray data alone; therefore, isotopes with a rapid rate of decay, such as Ru-106, may not be identified if the period of instability is prior to the collection of SGLS data. Also, isotopes that are at low enough levels to decay below detection limits when SGLS data were collected may not be identified.

Stable vs. unstable is an apparent condition limited by the time interval over which data were collected and the level of contamination, and is not a statement concerning the fixed or mobile nature of a given isotope.

Certain limitations in the data available for analysis make evaluation less complete. Some of the limitations are as follows:

- Inability to identify when down-hole contamination is a result of vadose zone mechanics or drag down during well installation
- Insufficient gross gamma ray data to establish a statistical trend or rigorous statistical analysis
- Incomplete timeframe over which data are available
- Lack of data below well bottom
- Inability to identify isotopes that have decayed to levels below the detection limits of the SGLS.

#### 2.0 Subsurface Condition Categories

### 2.1. <u>Clean:</u>

A clean well is one that exhibits no observable change in the character of the activity over the logging history of the well, and does not have any statistically significant levels above natural background over the timeframe of gross gamma ray data collection. Although spurious surveys (those readings that do not repeat over time) may exist in the frequency clean and the average background plots, the trend of the data is clear. Five out of 70 wells in the BY Tank Farm are considered clean (Figure 2) and are listed in Table 2. The remaining 65 wells are considered contaminated and are further categorized and discussed in the following sections.

Table 2. Clean Zones

	Total	Subsurface
Borehole	Depth	Condition
Number	feet	Category
22-04-05	100	Clean
22-04-07	100	Clean
22-12-01	100	Clean
22-12-09		Clean
22-12-10	100	Clean

### 2.2. Contaminated:

Identification of specific gamma emitting isotopes that are in the subsurface is attainable from data acquired by the SGLS. Integration of the decay rate of the radionuclide species with the gross gamma ray data collected during the dry well surveillance program provides insight as to the rate of change, if any, of radionuclides in the subsurface. During the analysis of BY Tank Farm data, seven isotopes were identified through SGLS analysis or hypothesized to occur in radioactive zones. They are cesium-137 (Cs-137), cobalt-60 (Co-60), antimony-125 (Sb-125), uranium-235 and -238 (U-235/8), europium-154 (Eu-154), and ruthenium-106 (Ru-106).

The most commonly found isotope is Cs-137, which is primarily found by itself throughout the tank farm from surface to 20 feet. It is found with various combinations of the other isotopes from 20 to 100 feet. Cobalt-60 is found from 22 to 140 feet and occurs primarily to the northwest and southeast of the 103 tank, spread between the 107 and 109 tanks, to the west of the 110 and 111 tanks, and to the south of the 107 and 110 tanks. It is found deeper than 100 feet in only two wells: 22-00-03 and 22-04-09. Antimony-125 is found from 16 to 140 feet and is fairly localized around the 109 tank, to the northeast side of the 108 tank, to the southeast of the 103 tank, with a few occurrences elsewhere in the tank farm. It is often hypothesized to have been present as levels of Sb-125 fell below the detection threshold by the time of the SGLS analysis. It is hypothesized to be deeper than 100 feet only in well 22-00-03. In a few instances, Sb-125 was not identified by the SGLS, yet the levels of radioactivity in 4 zones in 4 wells prior to the SGLS analysis suggest that there was sufficient Sb-125 present to have been identified by SGLS given stable conditions. These zones are: 48 to 70 feet in well 22-00-04, 34 to 44 feet in well 22-02-09, 42 to 59 feet in well 22-08-01, and 40 to 51 feet in well 22-08-12. Review of the raw SGLS data gathered from these intervals might provide supporting documentation for the hypothesized presence of Sb-125. Ruthenium-106 is hypothesized to have been present from 11 to 96 feet in the north part of the tank farm around the 109, 106, and 103 tanks and to the

south part of the tank farm, primarily around the 104 tank. Uranium-235/8 is identified in only one well, 22-11-08 from 56 to 66 feet. Europium-154 is identified in only one well, 22-03-09 from 0 to 11 feet.

Ruthenium-106 is not currently present above the detection threshold in any of the wells examined by the SGLS. This is due to the very rapid exponential decline over a short half-life of 1.02 years. Ruthenium-106 is hypothesized to have been present in 17 wells in 1975 and in one well in 1976 on the basis of the gross gamma ray data, the resulting GTP calculations that mimic the decay rate of Ru-106, and the inventory list of known radionuclides for that time period. It must be noted, however, that the method of fitting a decay curve to the observed GTP trend identifies only those contaminants that are not changing. Therefore, it is assumed that Ru-106 is present if the decay curve for Ru-106 matches the GTP plot. If any decay curve does not match, then the contaminants cannot be identified with this method without additional information. The isotopes identified with the SGLS are primarily found to be present under four subsurface conditions: stable, unstable/unstable early, tank farm activity, and undetermined. The location of wells labeled with the conditions of subsurface zones is shown in Figure 2. A different condition can be indicated for each zone within a well with multiple zones.

### 2.2.1 Tank Farm Activity:

An irregular change in the intensity of gross gamma rays between successive surveys at or near the surface suggest that contamination may be the result of tank farm activities or logging procedure changes and not vadose zone mechanics. Cs-137 exists near the surface in 47 wells, affecting as much as 30 feet below surface, apparently as the result of tank farm activities (i.e., logging procedure changes, transfer line operations, valve box and conduit leaks, spills, etc.). The wells affected by tank farm activities are listed in Table 3. Thirty three of these wells are or appear to be stable from 1986 to the end of gross gamma ray data collection and are labeled as such in the table. Thirty-five wells have additional radioactive zones at depth that are categorized according to the rate of change, if any, exhibited by the radionuclides present and are included in the discussions that follow.

Table 3. BY Tank Farm Activity Zones

Table 3.	Total	K Farm Activi	_	Max.	Year		
Borehole	1		Depth	GTP	Max.	Isotopes	
Number	feet	Category	feet	ft*c/s	GTP	Identified	Comment
22-00-04	100	TF Activity	0-10	200	1975	137Cs	
22-00-10	120	TF Activity	0-10	150	1975	137 CS	
22-01-01	100	TF Activity	0-6	400	1985	137Cs	
22-01-03	100	TF Activity	0-10	100	1975	137Cs	
22-01-04	100	TF Activity	0-15	1,700	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-01-07	100	TF Activity	0-6	6,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-01-10	100	TF Activity	0-10	1,500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-02-01	100	TF Activity	0-10	800	1985	<sup>157</sup> Cs	
		TF Activity	10-20	200	1984	137Cs	
22-02-02	100	TF Activity	0-6	600	1975	137Cs	
22-02-05	100	TF Activity	0-10	300	1975	137Cs	
22-02-07	150	TF Activity	0-10	200	1986	<sup>137</sup> Cs	No SGLS; high surface radiation area
22-02-09	100	TF Activity	0-10	400	1986	137Cs	
22-03-01	95	TF Activity	0-10	200	1986	137Cs	
22-03-04	100	TF Activity	0-10	900	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
		TF Activity	10-30	800	1975	137Cs	
22-03-06	100	TF Activity	0-10	900	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-03-07		TF Activity	0-8	100	1975	137Cs	
22-03-08		TF Activity	0-8	200	1975	137Cs	
22-03-09	100	TF Activity	0-11	2,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>154</sup> Eu	•
22-03-10		TF Activity	0-8	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	Borehole filled in to 85 feet in 1980
22-04-09	100-125	TF Activity	0-8	200	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-04-11		TF Activity	0-8	200	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-05-01	100	TF Activity	0-10	130,000	1985	137Cs	Some surveys are near count rate limits

22-05-05	100	TF Activity	0-10	120	1975	1	
22-06-01	100	TF Activity	0-8	400	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs	Very löw levels after 1986
22-06-05	100	TF Activity	0-8	70	1975		
22-06-07	140	TF Activity	0-8	200	1984		
22-06-11	100	TF Activity	0-10	200	1975	137Cs	
22-07-01	100	TF Activity	0-10	300	1975	137Cs	
22-07-09	100	TF Activity	0-9	2,500	1984	117Cs	
22-07-10	97	TF Activity	0-6	1,500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-08-01	100	*TF Activity	0-12	200,000	1989	137Cs	Count rate may have been exceeded
22-08-02	100	TF Activity	0-10	20,000	1993	137Cs	·
22-08-05	100	TF Activity	0-8	200	1975	137Cs	
22-08-06	100	TF Activity	0-8	1,200	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
	•	*TF Activity	8-18	500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-08-07	135	*TF Activity	0-8	500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-08-09	100	TF Activity	0-10	80,000	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-08-12	105	TF Activity	0-8	10,000	1989	137Cs	
22-09-02	100	TF Activity	0-10	2,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
		TF Activity	10-14	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-09-05	100	TF Activity	0-10	100	1975	117Cs	
22-09-11	100	TF Activity	0-10	1,500	1975	137Cs	
22-10-09	100	TF Activity	0-10	20,000	1975	137Cs	
22-11-01	100	TF Activity	0-5	1,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	
•		TF Activity	5-10	900	1975	n,Ce	
22-11-05	100	TF Activity	0-10	3,000	1975	137Cs	
22-11-08	100	TF Activity	0-10	100	1975	137Cs	
22-11-09	100	TF Activity	0-8	8,000	1975	137Cs	
22-12-03	100	TF Activity	0-10	200,000	1980	nyCe	Count rate limits possibly exceeded
22-12-05	100	TF Activity	0-20	1,000	1975	137Cs	
22-12-06	100	TF Activity	0-20	8,000	1975	117 <sub>Cs</sub>	
22-12-07	. 100	TF Activity	0-10	1,500	1984	137Cs	Mostly below detection limit except around 1985
							-^

Stable or appears to be stable after 1986.

## 2.2.2 <u>Undetermined:</u>

Infrequently, the subsurface condition of a zone with radioactive contamination cannot be determined and the zone is therefore classified as undetermined. There are eight zones in seven wells examined that are undetermined (Table 4). These zones occur throughout the subsurface and have:

- Data that are too near or below the threshold for detection limits, or timeframe of data collection is too short to determine stability due to statistical variations
- Possibly been affected by depth shift or surface activities
- An isotope(s) that is not identified through SGLS analysis, and a decay curve for a hypothesized isotope that
  does not fit the GTP trend
- Data that were collected with inappropriate equipment.

**Table 4. BY Undetermined Zones** 

Borehole	Total Depth	Subsurface Condition	Zone Depth	Max. GTP	Year Max.	Isotopes	
Number	feet	Category	feet	ft*c/s	GTP	Identified	Comment
22-00-02	100	Undetermined	45-56	1,300	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb	Unable to obtain a satisfactory decay curve fit to GTP plot
22-02-09	100	Undetermined	55-65	100	1975	• <b>°</b> Co	Low levels near threshold of gross gamma ray detection
22-03-05	100	Undetermined	0-5	300	1984	137Cs	Lack of depth control at surface and short time span of data
22-03-09	100	Undetermined	11-24	2,600	1975	*105Ru	Unable to obtain a satisfactory decay curve fit to GTP plot
22-04-11	100	Undetermined	90-100	1,000	1975	သူ့	
22-07-05	100	Undetermined	90-100	500	1975	137Cs	
22-09-08	98	Undetermined	16-30	80,000	1985	<sup>137</sup> Cs	Count rate limits exceeded
22-09-08		Undetermined	76-90	100	1985	ය	Levels below detection threshold

Currently, isotopes cannot be identified from gross gamma ray data alone; therefore, isotopes with a rapid rate of decay, such as Ru-106, or at low enough levels to decay below detection limits, may not be identified if the period of instability is prior to the collection of SGLS data.

### 2.2.3 Stable:

The subsurface condition of a zone with radioactive contamination is considered stable when:

- The decay rate of the isotope(s) identified with SGLS and/or hypothesized to have been present matches the trend observed in the GTP of the gross gamma ray data
- Contaminants continue to decrease at a rate consistent with the isotope(s) half-life
- No noticeable change in concentration is apparent over the timeframe that data were collected.

Eighty zones are considered stable or apparently stable and are listed in Table 5. Stability is also assumed even if conditions are such that isotopes may be moving at a rate slow enough as to not be observed over the timeframe of gross gamma ray data collection. Currently, there is no way to know the condition prior to or after the data collection period. If a new driver were introduced, such as the influx of a large volume of liquid, contamination could be remobilized. Given the current data, it cannot be determined if remobilization will occur or not, or whether contaminates are currently mobile and changing at levels below detection by the logging system.

Table 5. BY Stable Zones

	Total	Subsurface	Zone	Max.	Year	
Borehole	Depth	Condition	Depth	GTP	Max.	Isotopes
Number	feet	Category	feet	ft*c/s	GTP	Identified
22-00-01	140	*Stable	40-65	250	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
		Stable	70-84	70	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
		Stable	84-100	70	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-00-02	100	Stable	0-14	600	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
		Stable	56-64	1,200	1975	Sb <sup>125</sup> ; <sup>106</sup> Ru
22-00-03	145	Stable	40-80	3,000	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb
		Stable	117-128	1,800	1975	<b>≅</b> °Co
		Stable	128-140	1,100	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb
22-00-04	100	Stable	48-70	500	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co; <sup>*125</sup> Sb
		Stable	70-85	1,000	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>™06</sup> Ru
22-01-01	100	<sup>b</sup> Appear stable	6-15	50	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-01-04	100	Stable	15-30	16,000	1975	137Cs
		Stable	30-60	1,400	1975	<b>€°</b> Co; <b>*</b> <sup>225</sup> Sb
22-01-07	100	Stable	6-15	100	1975	137CS
		Stable	40-55	100	1975	<b>®</b> Co
22-01-10	100	Stable	15-25	500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs

						444
		Stable	25-44	550		<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>40</sup> Co
22-02-01	100	Stable	40-53	3,200	1975	<sup>137</sup> Сs
		Stable	55-75	200	1975	* <sup>106</sup> Ru
		Stable	80-96	550	1975	60Co; *106Ru
22-02-02	100	Stable	6-18	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-02-09	100	Stable	20-26	200	1975	*DSSb
·		Stable	26-34	450	1975	<sup>115</sup> Sb; <sup>106</sup> Ru
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Stable	34 44	1,800	1975	*125Sb; *105Ru
		Stable	44-52	2,500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>106</sup> Ru
22-03-04	100	Stable	40-55	2,800	1975	<sup>125</sup> \$b
		Stable	55-85	900	1975	<sup>∞</sup> Co; <sup>•125</sup> Sb
22-03-05	100	Stable	5-15	350	1980	<sup>137</sup> Cs
		Stable	15-60	170,000	1980	117Cs
		Stable	60-85	1,700	1980	137Cs
22-03-06	100	Appear stable	20-28	2,300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
		Stable	37-48	13,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb
		Stable	48-60	2,400	1975	*125Sb; *106Ru
	<u> </u>	Stable	60-94	4,300	1975	<sup>60</sup> Со; <sup>*125</sup> Sb; <sup>*106</sup> Ru
		Stable	94-100	1,000	1975	*i35Sb
22-03-07	100	Stable	47-62	1,300	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; • <sup>125</sup> Sb
		Stable	62-90	1,100	1975	60Co; *106Ru
22-03-08	100	Stable	40-60	1,300	1975	60Co; *106Ru
		Appear stable	80-98	100	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co
22-03-10	100-85		8-30	170	1975	137Cs
22-04-01		Appear stable	20-35	250	1975	*106Ru
		Stable	35-45	150	1975	*106Ru
22-04-09	100-125	Stable	105-120	500	1984	•••Co
22-04-11		Stable	10-25	200	1975	117Cs
		Stable	25-50	1,500	1975	*IMRU
22-06-01	100	Stable	42-52	200	1975	*125Sb
	<u> </u>	Stable	52-65	600	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>™</sup> Ru
22-06-05	100	Appear stable	28-36	500	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co; <sup>*125</sup> Sb
22-07-01		Stable	52-70	3,500	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co
		Stable	70-92	3,000	1975	<sup>&amp;0</sup> Co
22-07-02	<u> </u>	Appear stable	6-20	200		· ¹³/Cs
22-07-09		Stable	9-17	1,400	1975	137Cs
	-	Appear stable	17-36	50,000	1975	137Cs
22-07-10	97	Stable	6-12	2,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
	<del>                                     </del>	Stable	12-20	1,400	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
		Stable	20-30	1,600		137Cs
	<del> </del>	Stable	30-44	1,400	1975	137Cs
22-08-01	100	Stable	22-32	500	1976	<sup>€C</sup> Co; <sup>*25</sup> Sb
	1	Stable	32-42	2,400	1976	<sup>©</sup> Co; * <sup>325</sup> Sb
	<del>                                     </del>	Stable	42-59	25,000		<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>525</sup> Sb
22-08-02	100	Stable	20-30	1,000	1975	*125Sb
22-00-02	<del> </del>	Stable	36-45	250	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co
	100	Stable	45-53	700	1975	60 <sup>CO</sup>
	<del>                                     </del>	Stable	53-56	1,000	1975	•°Co
22.00.05	100	Stable	18-29	400	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-08-06	1 100	SIGNE	10-43	700	.,,,	

	-	Stable	46-54	150	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>60</sup> Co
		Stable	54-63	200	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co
		Stable	63-73	900	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co
22-09-01	100	Stable	24-35	250	1984	*106Ru
		Stable	40-55	2,200	1975	*125Sb; *106Ru
22-09-02	100	Stable	14-34	1,200	1975	137Cs
		Stable	42-64	500	1975	*106Ru
22-09-05	100	Stable	40-58	250	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs; * <sup>125</sup> Sb
22-09-08	98	Stable	43-52	150	1981	<b>∞</b> Co
22-09-11	100	Stable	16-25	300	1975	<sup>117</sup> Cs; *135Sb
		Stable	25-38	450	1975	*M <sup>®</sup> Ru
22-10-05	100	Stable	45-55	200	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co
22-11-08	100	Stable	56-66	120	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>235/8</sup> U
22-11-09	100	Stable	24-34	450	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co
22-12-03	100	Stable	10-20	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs

<sup>\*</sup>The decay rate of the isotope(s) identified in the zone matches the change in concentration of the isotope(s) as measured over time, and no noticeable deviation from the match is apparent within the timeframe that gross gamma ray data were collected.

#### 2.2.4 Unstable:

The condition of a subsurface zone with radioactive contamination is considered unstable when, at some point within the timeframe of data collection, contamination was not decreasing at the decay rate of the isotope(s) identified with SGLS. In this case, the decay curve does not match the trend observed in the GTP of the data. In the BY Tank Farm, 34 zones in 26 wells are identified which exhibit periods of instability early in the timeframe (prior to 1990) that gross gamma ray data were collected. Most of these unstable zones have since developed a consistent rate of decrease through when the last data were collected. Many of the unstable zones have decayed to levels too low to determine stability and are therefore called unstable. Four wells appear to have contamination that has moved below the bottom of the well: 22-03-09, 22-07-02, 22-07-09, and 22-08-02. The estimated rate of movement of the contamination in well 22-03-09 appears to be about 2 feet per year. See Table 6 for list of unstable zones.

Downward movement is seen for the first time in the BY Tank Farm analysis report in 13 wells. Well 22-06-07 also appears to exhibit lateral movement into the zone from 52 to 80 feet. Downward movement is typically identified in the stack plot by an apparent widening of a depth zone of contamination over time. Lateral movement is postulated when the decay curve of isotopes known to be present in the well do not match the GTP plot of the gross gamma ray data and the stack plot does not indicate downward movement. Due to the limited range in distance around the borehole that the logging instruments can record information for, it is not possible to identify if downward movement is restricted to the annulus of the borehole or in the formation adjacent to it. It is also not possible to identify if the contamination is coming from outside of the area of the borehole, or whether it is coming from above or below the contaminated zone within the well area.

The decay rate of the isotope(s) identified in the zone appears to match the change in concentration of the isotope(s) as measured over time, but stability cannot be rigorously determined.

<sup>\*</sup>Currently, isotopes cannot be identified from gross gamma ray data alone; therefore, isotopes with a rapid rate of decay, such as Ru-106, or at low enough levels to decay below detection limits, may not be identified when SGLS data were obtained.

Table 6. BY Unstable Zones

	Total	Subsurface	Zone	Max.	Year		
Borehole		Condition	Depth	GTP	Max.	Isotopes	
Number	feet	Category	feet	ft*c/s	GTP	Identified	Comment
22-00-02		Unstable	64-96	1,800		60Co	
22-00-02 22-00-03		Unstable early	80-117	12,000			Downward movement at low levels
22-00-03 22-03-09		Unstable early	24-52			60Co; *123Sb; *106Ru	
22-03-03	100	Unstable	48-95	29,000		<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb	
-=				16,000			Downward movement below bottom of well in 1993. Appears to be moving at an estimated rate of 2 feet per year
22-04-09		Unstable early	75-95	1,800		<b>«</b> Со	
22-05-09	100	Unstable early; undetermined late	55-90	1,000	1975	<sup>€C</sup> Co	Downward movement
22-06-05		Unstable	40-84	10,000	1984	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>₹125</sup> Sb	Downward movement
22-06-07	140	Unstable early	40-52	300		<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb	
		Unstable early	52-80	1,100	1979	<sup>80</sup> Co	Downward and lateral movement
22-06-09	100	Unstable early	70-90	650	1975	*106RU	
22-07-01	100	Unstable early	40-52	800	1976	137Cs	
22-07-02	100	Unstable early	42-95	2,800	1976	မိုင	May be downward movement along casing; contaminant may be below bottom of well
22-07-05	100	Unstable early	40-78	3,800	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co	Downward movement within the zone from 42 to 65 feet
22-07-07		Unstable early	30-54	2,500		137Cs; *125Sb; *106Ru	THE WASTER THE THE WASTER TO THE TENTE TO TH
		Unstable	80-98	1,800		60CO: 125Ch	Stable since 1983 or 1990
22-07-09	100	Unstable	62-100	2,200	1976	137Cs; 60Co 60Co; 125Sb 60Co; 125Sb	Downward movement to below well bottom in 1990
22-08-01	100	Unstable	59-95	12,000	1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb	Movement of isotopes is unclear; stable from 1985 to 1994
22-08-02		Unstable	44-100	15,000		<sup>60</sup> Со; <sup>*125</sup> Sb	Downward movement, possibly below bottom of borehole
22-08-05		Unstable early	63-84	900		<del>«</del> Со	Downward movement
22-08-06	100	Unstable early	73-83	450	1975	~~~	Levels too low to identify downward movement
22-08-09	100	Unstable early	72-84	150	1975	137Cs; *106Ru	
22-08-12	105	Unstable early	25-40	300	1980	137 <sub>Cs</sub>	137Cs decay curve does not fit GTP plot
		Unstable early	40-51	3,000		<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>€325</sup> Sb	Start descripting on plot
		Unstable early	51-60	3,000		€°Co	Possible downward movement
·		Unstable early	60-82	1,000		«°Co	Downward movement within the zone
22-09-07	100	Unstable early	20-40	12,000		*106R11	DOMINATO MOTORICIE WIGHT BIE ZOIRE
		Unstable early	40-50	9,000		*166Ru	
		Unstable early	50-64	2,700		*125Sb; *106Ru	
22-09-11		Unstable early	38-52	3,500		*106Ru	
22-10-05		Unstable early	55-75	3,300		«Co	
22-10-07		Unstable early	45-65	200		#0Co	
22-10-07 22-10-10		Unstable early	58-76	1,500		#Co	
<u>22-11-01</u>		Unstable	19-28	4,000		<sup>137</sup> Cs	
22-11-09		Unstable early	34-46	250	1975	<sup>€0</sup> Co	

\*Currently, isotopes cannot be identified from gross gamma ray data alone; therefore, isotopes with a rapid rate of decay, such as Ru-106, or at low enough levels to decay below detection limits, may not be identified if the period of instability is prior to the collection of SGLS data.

#### 3.0 Details of Contaminated Conditions

#### 3.1 Stable Zones:

Many zones within a number of wells exhibit gross gamma ray activity above natural background. Eighty of these radioactive intervals are observed to be stable as verified by the change in GTP over time coinciding with the decay rate of the isotope(s) identified with SGLS as, or hypothesized to have been present in the well within the timeframe data were collected. The isotopes present in these stable zones vary and are presented in Table 1. In general, they occur as follows:

- Cs-137 occurs as nearly the only man-made isotope present from 0 to 20 feet, and with other isotopes at depth.
- Co-60 occurs as the only man-made isotope present in 46 zones, less commonly with other isotopes.
- Sb-125 is usually present with other isotopes, occasionally by itself.
- Ru-106 is hypothesized to exist early in the history of a well with other isotopes or by itself.
- U-235/8 appears only once to the southwest of the 111 tank.
- Eu-154 appears only once to the west of the 103 tank.

The fixed decay rate of the isotope(s) present is used to calculate the decay line (Figure 3). Table 7 illustrates the half-life of the isotopes encountered in this tank farm. When a contaminated interval contains multiple isotopes, the intensity of each isotope is included in the calculation for the decay curve that is then overlain on the GTP plot. When the decay curve does not fit with the GTP values over the entire timeframe, then it is usually fit to the later years in order to align the data so trends can be observed. When the decay curve fits the GTP plot, a stable condition is said to exist. When the decay curve does not fit the GTP plot, stability cannot be established.

Table 7. Half-life of Isotopes Identified or Hypothesized to be present in the BY Tank Farm

	Half-life
Isotope	Years
<sup>137</sup> Cs	30.17
<sup>60</sup> Co	5.27
<sup>125</sup> Sb	2.77
154 Eu	8.5
235/8	7.00E+08/4.7E+09
106Ru	1.02

### 3.2 Depth of Contamination:

The range in depth of contamination is variable throughout the BY Tank Farm as determined by gross gamma ray logging, which is less sensitive than SGLS analysis. The following general statements are from review of the gross gamma ray logging data. In general, Cs-137 occurs in the top 20 feet of the subsurface throughout the tank farm. Contamination is deepest and mostly continuous from surface to total depth of logging around tank 103 in the northeast corner of the tank farm and shallowest in the northwest corner of the tank farm around tank 112. Contamination is also deep around the 109, 108, and 107 tanks. Contamination commonly occurs from 40 to 80 feet throughout the farm, often as deep as 100 feet at various locations. The top of contamination identified in wells within the BY Tank Farm is shown in Figure 4, and the bottom of the contamination identified in these wells is shown in Figure 5. The range in depth of contamination varies according to localized areas of the tank farm. A significant portion of the contamination appears in two zones separated by 10 to 30 feet. The top zone is usually from surface to 10 feet, with the top of the second zone starting at 20 to 40 feet and ending at 80 to 100 feet. The majority of these split zones occur around the 103 tank and on all sides of the 107, 108, and 109 tanks and around the 111 tank. Occasionally, wells have contamination from surface to 40 or 60 feet. These occur primarily at the east-end of the tank farm.

Caution must be used when relating GTP values in zones recorded with different probe types since they were designed to read different intensities of contamination. There are isolated areas of high GTP throughout the tank

farm, surrounded by areas of lower level contamination. Well 22-03-05 stands out as one with very high GTP over several depth intervals. It has GTP values that range from 350 to 170,000 ft\*c/s detected with the Green GM probe, over a depth range from 0 to 85 feet. A series of wells located between the 112, 109, 108, and 105 tanks also have high GTP values ranging from 10,000 to 200,000 ft\*c/s with data collected using the NaI probe. Many of the high readings taken with both the Green GM and the NaI probes were obtained even though the readings exceeded or nearly exceeded-the upper detection threshold. The distribution of GTP values with depth range (in order of depth range) and contributing isotope(s) is shown in Table 8. Figure 6 shows the location and GTP values for these wells. Wells with contamination in excess of 10,000 ft\*c/s are presented in Figure 7. These higher levels of contamination occur primarily from the west side of the 109 tank to the east side of the 108 tank and to the west and southeast of the 103 tank.

Table 8. t	BY Tank	Farm Isotope	Depth Rang	8
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			LSOCOPE							
Borehole	#Duck -	Zone	Max.	Year	1		Yanı			
	ſ	feet	GTP ft*c/s	Max.	1			opes rtified		
Number 22-00-05	Type No data	ice.	it Qs	GTP	<del> </del> -	1	Taei	Turrea	1	т
22-03-05	1	0-5	300	1004	<sup>137</sup> Cs	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	—	┼	<del>↓</del> —
22-03-03	4	0-5	1,000		137CS	<del> </del>		╂		┼
22-01-01	4	0-6	400		137Cs	—	-	<del> </del>	┼	-
22-01-01		0-6	600		137Cs	<del> </del>		<del></del>	—	╂
	4				137Cs	ļ	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	┼
22-07-10 22-01-07	4	0-6	1,500		137Cs		—	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	╂
	4	0-6	6,000		137CS	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                      </del>	<u> </u>	-	┼
22-06-05	4	0-8	70		137Cs	<u> </u>	—	ļ	ļ	<del> </del>
22-03-07	4	0-8	100					<u> </u>	<del> </del>	ļ
22-03-08	4	0-8	200		137Cs	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
22-04-09	4	0-8	200		<sup>237</sup> Cs	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		↓
22-04-11	4	0-8	200		<sup>137</sup> Cs	<u> </u>	<b> </b>	ļ	<u> </u>	<b> </b>
22-06-07	4	0-8	200		137Cs	L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	4
22-08-05	4	0-8	200	1975						<u> </u>
22-03-10	4	0-8	300		<sup>117</sup> Cs	<u> </u>				1
22-06-01	4	0-8	400	1984			<u> </u>			1
22-08-07	4	0-8	500	1975						1
22-08-06	4	0-8	1,200	1975						
22-11-09	4	0-8	8,000	1975						
22-08-12	4	0-8	10,000	1989						
22-07-09	4	0-9	2,500	1984						
22-01-03	4	0-10	100	1975			<del>                                     </del>		Π	
22-09-05	4	0-10	100	1975						
22-11-08	4	0-10	100	1975						
22-05-05	4	0-10	120	1975					T	<u> </u>
22-00-10	4	0-10	150	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs					1
22-00-04	4	0-10	200	1975						
22-02-07	4	0-10	200	1986						
22-03-01	4	0-10	200	1986		-				
22-06-11	4	0-10	200	1975			<u> </u>		<b> </b>	
22-02-05	4	0-10	300	1975						1
22-07-01	4	0-10	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs				<u> </u>	
22-02-09	4	0-10	400	1986	<sup>137</sup> Cs					1
22-02-01	4	0-10	800	1985			<u> </u>			<u> </u>
22-03-04		0-10	900	1975						1
22-03-06		0-10	900	1975	3		_		<del>                                     </del>	1
22-01-10		0-10	1,500	1975	1					<u> </u>

22-09-11	4	0-10	1,500	1975	137 <sub>Cs</sub>					
22-12-07		0-10	1,500	1984						
	4			1975						
22-09-02	4	0-10	2,000	1975						
22-11-05	4	0-10	3,000	1993						
22-08-02	4.	0-10	20,000	1975		<del> </del> -				
22-10-09	4	0-10	20,000	1984			-			
22-08-09	4	0-10	80,000	1984						
22-05-01	4	0-10	130,000	1980						
22-12-03	4	0-10	200,000	1975						<sup>154</sup> Eu
22-03-09	4	0-11	2,000	1989						- 53
22-08-01	4	0-12	200,000	1969						
22-00-02	4	0-14	600							. —
22-01-04	4	0-15	1,700	1975						
22-12-05	4	0-20	1,000	1975						ļ
22-12-06	4	0-20	8,000	1975						
22-11-01	4	5-10	900	1975		<u> </u>				
22-03-05	1	5-15	350	1980				<b>_</b>	<del> </del>	ļ
22-07-10	4	6-12	2,000	1975						
22-01-01	4	6-15	50	1975						
22-01-07	4	6-15	100	1975	,	<u> </u>				
22-02-02	4	6-18	300	1975						
22-07-02	4	6-20	200	1975		<u> </u>				
22-08-06	4	8-18	500	1975						
22-03-10	4	8-30	170	1975						<u> </u>
22-07-09	4	9-17	1,400	1975						
22-09-02	4	10-14	300	1975					<u></u>	
22-02-01	4	10-20	200	1984						
22-12-03	4	10-20	300	1975						
22-04-11	4	10-25	200	1975						
22-03-04	4	10-30	800	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs			<u> </u>		
22-03-09	4	11-24	2,600	1975				*106Ru		
22-07-10	4	12-20	1,400	1975						
22-09-02	4	14-34	1,200	1975						
22-01-10	4	15-25	500		<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-01-04	4	15-30	16,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-03-05	1	15-60	170,000	1980	<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-09-11	4	16-25	300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs		*125Sb			
22-09-08	4	16-30	80,000	1985	<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-07-09	4	17-36	50,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs					[
22-08-06	4	18-29	400		<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-11-01	4	19-28	4,000	1984	<sup>117</sup> Cs					
22-02-09	4	20-26	200	1975		Τ	*125Sb			
22-03-06	4	20-28	2,300	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	†			1	
22-08-02	4	20-30	1,000			1	*123Sb			
22-07-10	4	20-30	1,600		<sup>137</sup> Cs		T -			1
22-04-01	4	20-35	250				1	*106Ru		1
22-09-07	4	20-40	12,000			1	<b></b> -	*106Ru		<b>†</b>
22-08-01	4	22-32	500	1976	<u> </u>	<b>∞</b> Co	*125Sb		†	<b>†</b>
22-03-09	4	24-52	29,000		<b>└</b>	‰Co	t		1	<b>†</b>

		1				140		_		
22-11-09	4	24-34	450			<sup>ဧဂ</sup> င္ဝ	<u>.</u>	15:32	<u> </u>	
22-09-01	4	24-35	250		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		*IOS RU	<u></u>	
22-09-11	4	25-38	450			<u> </u>		* <sup>106</sup> Ru		
22-08-12	4	25-40	300		<sup>137</sup> Cs				<u> </u>	
22-01-10	4.	25-44	550	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	‰Co	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
22-04-11	4	25-50	1,500	1975				*IDERu	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
22-02-09	4	26-34	450	1975			*123 Sb	*106 Ru		<u> </u>
22-06-05	4	28-36	500	1975	1	‰Co	*125Sb	<u> </u>		
22-07-10	4	30-44	1,400	_	<sup>137</sup> Cs		<u> </u>			
22-07-07	4	30-54	2,500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs		*123 Sb	°108 Ru		
22-01-04	4	30-60	1,400	1975		<sup>40</sup> Co	*125Sb	<u> </u>		
22-08-01	4	32-42	2,400	1976		∞Co	*125Sb			
22-02-09	4	34-44	1,800	1975			*125Sb	*106Ru		
22-11-09	4	34-46	250	1975		∞Со	l			
22-04-01	4	35-45	150	1975		<u> </u>		*105Ru		
22-08-05	4	36-45	250	1975	ſ	‰Co				
22-03-06	4	37-48	13,000	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	<sup>60</sup> Co	<sup>125</sup> Sb			
22-09-11	4	38-52	3,500	1975				*105Ru		
22-09-07	4	40-50	9,000	1976				*106Ru		
22-08-12	4	40-51	3,000	1975		<sup>∞</sup> Co	*123Sb		<u> </u>	
22-06-07	4	40-52	<b>30</b> 0		<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-07-01	4	40-52	<b>80</b> 0	1976						
22-02-01	-4	40-53	3,200	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-01-07	4	40-55	200	1975		eo <sub>Co</sub>				
22-09-01	4	40-55	2,200	1975			<sup>123</sup> Sb	*206 Ru		
22-03-04	4	40-55	2,800	1975			<sup>125</sup> Sb			
22-07-05	4	40-57	3,800	1975		«Co				
22-09-05	4	40-58	250	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	<u> </u>	*12ESb			
22-03-08	4	40-60	1,300	1975	7.2	«Co		*108Ru		
22-00-01	4	40-65	250	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-00-03	4	40-80	3,000	1975		<sup>60</sup> Co	121Sb			
22-06-01	4	42-52	200	1975		မာင္		<u> </u>		
22-08-01	4	42-59	25,000	1975		‰Co	*125Sb			
22-09-02	4	42-64	500	1975				*106Ru		<u></u>
22-09-08	4	43-52	150	1981		‰Co	<u> </u>			
22-02-09	4	44-52	2,500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs	∞Co		*106RU		
22-08-02	4	44-60	15,000	1975		<sup>∞</sup> Co	*123 Sb			
22-08-05	4	45-53	700	1975		<sup>60</sup> Co		<b></b>		
22-10-05	4	45-55	200	1975		<sup>so</sup> Co	137			
22-00-02	4	45-56	1,300	1975		<sup>60</sup> Со	<sup>125</sup> Sb			
22-10-07	4	45-65	200	1983		<sup>60</sup> Co				
22-07-02	4	42-95	2,800	1976	(59	<sup>∞</sup> Co		<u> </u>		
22-08-06	4	46-54	150	1975	"'Cs	<sup>60</sup> Co	BISE -			
22-03-07	4	47-62	1,300	1975		<sup>40</sup> Со	* <sup>125</sup> Sb		<u> </u>	
22-03-06	4	48-60	2,400	1975			*125Sb	*106Ru		
22-00-04	4	48-70	500	1975		က်	*125Sb			
22-09-07	4	50-64	2,700	1976		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*123 Sb	™Ru		
22-08-12	4	51-60	3,000	1975		<sup>60</sup> Co				
22-06-01	4	52-65	600	1975		<b>က်</b> က		*IOS Ru		

22-07-01	4 -	52-70	3,500	197	5	<sup>®</sup> Co				
22-06-07	4	52-80	1100	197	9	<b>"</b> Co				T
22-08-05	4	53-56	1,000	197	5	<sup>©</sup> Co				
22-08-06	4	54-63	200	197	5	<b>∞</b> Co				<del>                                     </del>
22-02-09	4.	55-65	100	197	5	<b>∞</b> Co				1
22-05-09	4	55-90	1,000	197	5	<sup>∞</sup> Co	1	_		1
22-02-01	4	55-75	200	197	5		7	*106Ru	1	
22-10-05	4	55-75	300	1979	•	<sup>60</sup> Co			<u> </u>	
22-03-04	4	55-85	900	1975	5	<sup>€0</sup> Co	1			
22-00-02	4	56-64	1,200	1975	3		*125Sb	*106Ru		
22-11-08	4	56-66	120	1975	-	‰Co	$\top$	T -	235/8 <sub>U</sub>	
22-07-05	4	57-65	1,200	1982	2	<sup>∞</sup> Co		1		
22-10-10	4	58-76	1,500	1975	5	<sup>©</sup> Co				
22-08-01	4	59-82	12,000	1975	;	<sup>€0</sup> Co	* <sup>125</sup> Sb			
22-08-12	4	60-70	1,000			<b>60℃</b>	1	1		
22-03-05	1	60-85	1,700	1980	<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-03-06	4	60-94	4,300	1975	1	<b>∞</b> Co	"125Sb	*106Ru		1
22-08-02	4	62-72	10,000		,	<sup>60</sup> Co	*125Sb			
22-07-09	. 4	62-74	2,200	1976	<sup>137</sup> Cs			1		
22-03-07	4	62-90	1,100	1975		<sup>60</sup> Co		*108Ru		
22-08-06	4	63-73	900	1975		<sup>60</sup> Co			<u> </u>	
22-08-05	4	63-74	900	1975		<b>∞</b> Co				
22-06-05	4	64-84	3,700	1984		<b>∞</b> Co			_	
22-00-02	4	64-96	1,800	1975		"Co				
22-07-05	4	65-78	900	1986		<sup>60</sup> Co				
22-08-12	4	70-82	500	1980		<sup>60</sup> Co			_	
22-00-01	4	70-84	· 70	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-00-04	4	70-85	1,000	1975		*°C0		*108Ru		
22-06-09	4	70-90	650	1975				*106Ru		
22-07-01	4	70-92	3,000	1975	,	<sup>®</sup> Co				
22-08-09	4	72-84	150	1975	137Cs			*106Ru		
22-08-02	4	72-84	4,000	1985		∞Co				
22-08-06	4	73-83	450	1975		<sup>€О</sup> Со				
22-08-05	4	74-84	200	1991		<sup>ဆ</sup> င္ငဝ				
22-07-09	4	74-84	1,200	1982		<sup>60</sup> Co				
22-04-09	4	75-95	1,800	1980		<sup>€0</sup> Co				
22-09-08	4	76-90	100	1985		<b>«</b> Со				
22-03-09	4	78-82	16,000	1976		యి				
22-03-09	4	48-95	5,000	1979		ဆင္				
22-02-01	4	80-96	550	1975		<b>∞</b> Co		*106Ru		
22-03-08	4	80-98	100	1975		అం				
22-07-07	4	80-98	1,800	1976		<sub>ф</sub> Со	<sup>125</sup> Sb			
22-00-03	4	80-117	12,000	1975		<sup>40</sup> Co				
22-08-01	4	82-95	450	1987		<b>«</b> Со	*125Sb			
22-07-09	4	84-94	1,000	1985		<sup>ec</sup> Co				
22-00-01	4	84-100	70	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-08-02	4	84-100	3,000	1975		<sup>60</sup> Co				
22-07-05	4	90-100	500	1975	<sup>137</sup> Cs					
22-04-11	4	90-100	1,000	1975		&CO				

22-07-09	4	94-100	900	1986	<b>∞</b> ℃			
22-03-06	4	94-100	1,000	1975		*125Sb		
22-04-09	4	105-120	500	1984	‰Co			
22-00-03	4	117-128	1,800	1975	‰Co			
22-00-03	4.	128-140	1,100	1975	<b>"</b> Co	*125Sb		

\*Probe type: 1 = Green GM, moderately sensitive; reads moderate levels of gamma ray activity.

4 = NaI, most sensitive, reads lowest level of gamma ray activity.

Caution must be used when relating GTP values in zones recorded with different probe types.

"Currently, isotopes cannot be identified from gross gamma ray data alone; therefore, isotopes with a rapid rate of decay, such as Ru-106, or at low enough levels to decay below detection limits, may not be identified if the period of instability is prior to the collection of SGLS data.

### 3.3 Isotopes Identified:

Seven man-made isotopes are known or hypothesized to be present in the BY Tank Farm at or above the detection limit for the gross gamma ray logging equipment. They are listed in Table 7 along with their half-life. Cesium-137 and Co-60 are the most common isotopes found in the BY Tank Farm and occur throughout the farm at varying depths and intensities. The Cs-173 occurs primarily in the top 20 feet of the subsurface usually by itself, and Co-60 occurs from 20 to 140 feet, often by itself but commonly with other isotopes. It is found deeper than 100 feet in only two wells: 22-00-03 and 22-04-09. Antimony-125 occurs between 16 and 140 feet and is localized primarily at the southeast side of the 103 tank and the southeast and north regions of the 109 tank. Antimony-125 is identified in only six wells; the rest of the occurrences are hypothesized. Only in well 22-00-03 is Sb-125 hypothesized to occur deeper than 100 feet. Uranium-235/8 appears only once at 56 to 66 feet in well number 22-11-08. Europium-154 appears only once at 0 to 11 feet in well number 22-03-09. Ruthenium-106 is hypothesized to have been present in a number of wells, mostly around the 109 and 103 tanks with some occurrences in the southeast end of the tank farm. The half-life of Ru-106 is short (1.02 years) and Ru-106 is no longer detectable in the wells by the HPGe detector. However, it was an inventoried isotope and the decay line calculated for Ru-106 matches well with the GTP calculations in most wells. The distribution and depth to top of the isotopes that occur in the BY Tank Farm are shown in Figure 4.

## 3.4 Timeframe:

The time range over which data were evaluated is limited from when gross gamma ray digital data were first captured in 1975 to the last digital data-collecting event in 1994. Three general conditions are observed concerning the life cycle of contamination events with respect to the timeframe in which digital data are available for analysis. Within this timeframe, the data appear to represent:

- The middle or end of a period (initiated prior to inception of digital data collection) where subsurface conditions were unstable and the beginning of apparent stability.
- Stable subsurface conditions at the beginning of data collection, whereby an unstable condition develops (indicated by a rate of change that is inconsistent with the decay rate of known isotopes in the well), followed by apparent stability.
- Stable subsurface conditions at the beginning of data collection, whereby an unstable condition develops (indicated by a rate of change that is inconsistent with the decay rate of known isotopes in the well) that does not become stable within the timeframe of data collection.

There is insufficient information available to determine if contamination at depth may be the result of well installation activities.

Usually, the maximum GTP calculated for the gross gamma ray data seems to coincide with the start of digital data collection. The exceptions are listed in Table 9.

Table 9. BY Tank Farm Zones with Highest GTP After Start of Data Collection

Table 9. I			1			Start of Data Coll
	Total	Subsurface	Zone	Max.	Year	_
Borehole	Depth	Condition	Depth	GTP	Max.	Isotopes
Number	feet	Category	feet	ft*c/s	GTP	Identified
22-01-01	100	TF Activity	0-6	400	1985	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-02-01	. 100	TF Activity	0-10	800	1985	
		TF Activity	10-20	200	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-02-07	150	TF Activity	0-10	200	1986	137Cs
22-02-09	100	TF Activity	0-10	400	1986	137Cs
22-03-01	95	TF Activity	0-10	200	1986	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-03-05	100	Undetermined	0-5	300	1984	
22-03-09	100	Unstable early	24-52	29,000	1976	Co; 123Sb; 106Ru
		Unstable	48-95	16,000	1976	<sup>60</sup> Со; <sup>*125</sup> Sb
22-04-09	100-125	TF Activity	0-8	200	1984	137Cs
		Unstable early	75-95	1,800	1980	* <sup>4</sup> Co
		Stable	105-120	500	1984	<del>«</del> Со
22-04-11	100	TF Activity	8-0	200	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-05-01	100	TF Activity	0-10	130,000	1985	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-06-01	100	TF Activity	0-8	400	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-06-07	140	TF Activity	0-8	200	1984	137 <b>C</b> S
		Unstable early	52-80	1,100	1979	«Co
22-07-01	100	Unstable early	40-52	800	1976	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-07-02	100	Unstable	42-95	2,800	1976	<sup>€0</sup> Co
22-07-07	100	Unstable	80-98	1,800	1976	<sup>€0</sup> Co
22-07-09	100	TF Activity	0-9	2,500	1984	137Cs
22-08-01	100	TF Activity	0-12	200,000	1989	<sup>177</sup> Cs
		Stable	22-32	500	1976	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>125</sup> Sb
		Stable	32-42	2,400	1976	40Co; 125Sb
22-08-02	100	TF Activity	0-10	20,000	1993	137Cs.
22-08-09	100	TF Activity	0-10	80,000	1984	137Cs
22-08-12	105	TF Activity	0-8	10,000	1989	<sup>137</sup> Cs
		Unstable early	25-40	300	1980	<sup>117</sup> Cs
		Unstable early	60-82	1,000	1976	«°Co
22-09-02	100	TF Activity	0-10	2,000	1984	137Cs
22-09-07		Unstable early	40-50	9,000	1976	™osRu
		Unstable early	50-64	2,700	1976	"125Sb; "106Ru
22-09-08	98	Undetermined	16-30	80,000	1985	<sup>137</sup> Cs
		Stable	43-52	150	1981	<b>€</b> Co
		Undetermined	76-90	100	1985	<sup>€0</sup> Co
22-10-05	100	Unstable early	55-75	300	1979	€°Co
22-10-07		Unstable early	45-65	200	1983	<b>€</b> Co
22-11-01		Unstable	19-28	4,000	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-12-03		TF Activity	0-10	200,000	1980	<sup>137</sup> Cs
22-12-07		TF Activity	0-10	1,500	1984	<sup>137</sup> Cs
/				-,	1	

\*Currently, isotopes cannot be identified from gross gamma ray data alone; therefore, isotopes with a rapid rate of decay, such as Ru-106, or at low enough levels to decay below detection limits, may not be identified if the period of instability is prior to the collection of SGLS data.

## 3.5 Unstable Zones:

Periods of instability are generally complex and occur throughout the timeframe over which digital data were collected. For many unstable zones, data collection started in 1975 while conditions in the zone were still unstable. See Table 10 for a list of wells that had unstable zones of contamination and details of the instability. Well 22-11-01 represents an unusual occurrence where Cs-137 appears stable in the zone from 19 to 28 feet until 1982, and becomes unstable after 1982. Cesium-137 appears as stable in other wells in the BY Tank Farm.

Table 10.	<b>BY Tank</b>	Farm I	Unstable	Zone	<b>Parameters</b>
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able 10.				one Parameters		
		Subsurface		Interval		
Borehole	Depth	Condition	Depth	of	Isotopes	
Number	feet	Category	feet	Instability	Identified	**Comment
2-00-02	100	Unstable	64-96	1979-1994	«°Co	137Cs decay curve fits, but was not used as 137Cs was not Id'd by the SGLS
2-00-03	145	Unstable early	80-117	1975-1976	so <sub>Co</sub>	,
2-03-09	100	Unstable early	24-52	1975-1977	<sup>60</sup> Co; *125Sb; *108Ru	Incr. 1975-1976; decr. 1976-1977
		Unstable early	44-52	1975-1984	*106Ru	Incr. 1975-1980; sharp incr. 1980-mid 1982
		Unstable	78-92	1975-1985	<sup>60</sup> Co; <sup>*125</sup> Sb	Incr. 1975-1979; decr. 1979-1985
		Unstable	48-95	1975-1990	<sup>€0</sup> Co	Incr. 1975-1976; stable 1976-1978; unstable decr. 1978-1990; stable 1990-1994
		Unstable early	75-95	1974-1984	«oCo	Incr. 1979-1980; decr. 1980-0982; decr. 1982-1984
2-05-09		Unstable	55-90	1975-1985	«Co	Decr.
2-06-05	100	Unstable	36-50	1978-1981	<sup>60</sup> Со; <sup>°125</sup> Sb	Decr.
		Unstable	62-84	1986-mid1991	<sup>€0</sup> Co	Decr.
_		Unstable	28-84	1975-mid1975	<sup>60</sup> Co; *125Sb	Incr.
		Unstable	40-84	1979-1994		Decr. mid 1975-1976; decr. 1979-1994
2-06-07	140	Unstable early	40-52	1975-mld1982	137Cs	Decr.
		Unstable early	52-64	1975-1985	&°C0	Incr. 1975-1977; decr. 1977-mid1977; incr. mid1977-1979; decr. 1979-1985
		Unstable early	64-80	1975-1984	—————————————————————————————————————	Incr. 1975-1981; decr. 1981-1984
···		Unstable early	52-80	1975-mid1979	‰Co	Incr. 1975-1977; decr. 1977-mid1977; incr. mid1977-1979
2-06-09	100	Unstable early	70-90	1976-1976	*106Ru	Incr. 1975-mid1975; decr. mid1975-1976
2-07-01	100	Unstable early	40-52	1975-1981	is7Cs	Incr. 1975-1976; decr. 1976-1981
2-07-02	100	Unstable early	42-53	1975-1994	••Co	Incr. 1975-mid1975; decr. mid1975-1984; decr. 1981-1994
		Unstable early	53-70	1975-1994	••Co	Incr. 1975-1979; rapid incr. 1979-early 1979; decr. early 1979-1981; decr. 1981-1994
		Unstable early	70-82	1980-mid1987	«°Co	Incr. 1980-1981; decr. 1981-1987
		Unstable early	82-95	1975-1987	**Co	Decr. 1975-1980; incr. 1982-mid1983; decr. mid1983-1987
2-07-05		Unstable early	40-57	1975-1994	**Co	
		Unstable early	57-65	mid1978-mid1986		Incr. 1975-mid1975; decr. mid1975-mid1978; incr. mid1978-1979; decr. 1979-1985
		Unstable early	65-78	1981-mid1987	**Co	Incr. mid1978-mid1983; decr. mid1983-mid1986
2-07-07	100	Unstable early	30-54	1980-1994		
		Unstable	80-98	1975-1985	60Co; 125Sb	Step decr. 1980-1981; flat near 0 to 1994
2-07-09	l	Unstable	62-74		137Cs	Incr. 1975-1976; decr. 1976-1981; incr. 1981-mid1981; decr. mld1981-1985
- 37-03		Unstable		1975-1986		Incr. 1975-mld1976; decr. m1976-1986
			74-84	1975-mid1988	••Со	Incr. 1975-1979; decr. 1979-mid1980; incr. mid1980-1982; decr. 1982-mid1988
	<b></b>	Unstable	84-94	1982-1989	<b>€</b> Co	Incr. 1982-1986; decr. mid1981-1985; decr. 1985-1994
		Unstable	94-100	1981-1990	<sup>60</sup> Co	Incr. 1981-mid1981; decr. mid1981-mid1982; incr. 1984-mid1986; decr. mid1986-1990
2-08-01	100	Unstable	59-95	1975-1986	60Co; *25Sb	Decr.

22-08-02	100	Unstable	44-62	1975-1994	<sup>60</sup> Co; *125Sb	Decr. 1975-1982 flat near 0 1982-1994
		Unstable	62-72	1975-1994	<sup>125</sup> Sb	Incr. 1975-1977; decr. 1977-1994
		Unstable	72-84	1975-1994	*125Sb	Decr. 1975-1981; incr. 1981-1985; decr. 1985-1994
		Unstable	84-100	1975-1994	*125 Sb	Decr. 1975-1988; Incr. 1988-1991; decr. 1991-1994
22-08-05	100	Unstable early	63-74	1975-1986	<b>∞</b> Co	Decr.
		Unstable early	74-84	mid1984-1990	€°Co	Incr.
22-08-06	100	Unstable early	73-83	1975-1977	<sup>60</sup> Co	Flat
22-08-09	100	Unstable early	72-84	1975-1976	<sup>137</sup> Cs; <sup>4106</sup> Ru	Incr.
22-08-12	105	Unstable early	25-40	1975-1994	137Cs	Incr. 1975-mid1976; decr. mid1976-1978; incr. 1978-mid1980; decr. mid1980-1983; flat near 0 1983-1994
		Unstable early	40-51	1975-1989	<sup>60</sup> Co; *125Sb	Decr.
		Unstable early	51-60	1975-1983	€0Co	Decr. 1975-1979; Incr. 1979-mid1983
		Unstable early	60-70	1975-1987	<sup>€0</sup> Co	Decr.
		Unstable early	70-82	1975-1983	<sup>60</sup> Co	Incr.
22-09-07	100	Unstable early	20-40	mid1978-1982	*106Ru	Decr.
		Unstable early	40-50	1975-1984	*106Ru	Incr. 1975-1976; decr. 1980-1984
		Unstable early	50-64	1980-1990	*125Sb; *106Ru	Decr.
22-0 <del>9</del> -11	100	Unstable early	38-52	1975-1976	*i06Ru	Decr.
22-10-05	100	Unstable early	55-75	1975-1979	«Co	Incr.
22-10-07	100	Unstable early	45-65	1980-1994	<sup>€0</sup> Co	Incr. 1980-1983; decr. 1983-1985; flat near 0 1985-1994
22-10-10	100	Unstable early	58-76	1975-1980	<sup>€0</sup> Co	Decr.
22-11-01	100	Unstable	19-28	1982-1994	<sup>137</sup> Cs	Incr. 1982-1984; decr. 1984-1994
22-11-09	100	Unstable early	34-46	1975-mid1978	<sup>€0</sup> Co	Flat

<sup>\*</sup>Currently, isotopes cannot be identified from gross gamma ray data alone; therefore, isotopes with a rapid rate of decay, such as Ru-106, or at low enough levels to decay below detection limits, may not be identified if the period of instability is prior to the collection of SGLS data.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Unless otherwise noted, the GTP plot decreases consistent with the decay curve of known isotopes.

### 5.0 Summary

A summary of the radionuclides present in the vadose zone of BY Tank Farm has been presented in this report. By Integrating SGLS data with historical dry well surveillance data, knowledge is gained concerning the behavior of radionuclides in the vadose zone over time. The SGLS data allow a rigorous conclusion about the identity, character, and decay trends of isotopes present in a contaminated zone identified within the twenty-year period that the dry well data were collected.

Five subsurface conditions were discerned during the analysis of the historical dry well data: clean, stable, unstable/unstable early, tank farm activity, and undetermined. This classification reflects the conditions in which contamination is present (or not present) within the timeframe gross gamma ray data were collected electronically, but says nothing about the conditions within the subsurface today. However, an assumption that the trend of the data might continue unaltered seems reasonable, barring any event that changes the hydrogeologic or geochemical conditions in the subsurface. On the basis of the data available at the time and within the scope of this report, a statement cannot be made as to whether any of the isotopes present in the subsurface of the BY Tank Farm can be remobilized.

Three of the clean wells occur in the northwest corner of the tank farm, and two are south of the 104 tank. One third of the contaminated zones appear to exist under a stable condition. Within the timeframe that digital data are available, most of the zones that exhibit an unstable condition early on are currently stable and occur primarily in the west half of the tank farm and around the 103 and 106 tanks. Six wells currently exhibit unstable conditions. Additional wells may be exhibiting unstable conditions, but the contamination levels are too low to make a rigorous determination. There were only six (three around the 103 tank) zones spread throughout the tank farm where the subsurface condition is undetermined. More than half of the wells have indications of tank farm activity at the surface and occur throughout the tank farm.

The most common isotopes present throughout the subsurface of the BY Tank Farm are Cs-137 and Co-60. Cesium-137 occurs in the top 20 feet of the subsurface throughout the tank farm in all but ten of the contaminated wells. Cobalt-60 occurs through out the tank farm below 20 feet, primarily around tanks 101, 103, 107, 108, and 109, as well as to the west of tanks 110 and 111. Anitmony-125 occurs below 15 feet and is located primarily around the 109 tank and the southeast region of the 103 tank. It is often hypothesized to have been present since, by the time of the SGLS analysis, levels decayed to below the detection threshold. In a few instances, Sb-125 was not identified by the SGLS, yet the levels of radioactivity in four zones in four wells prior to the SGLS analysis suggest that there was sufficient Sb-125 present to have been identified by SGLS, given stable conditions. These zones are: 48 to 70 feet in well 22-00-04, 34 to 44 feet in well 22-02-09, 42 to 59 feet in well 22-08-01, and 40 to 51 feet in well 22-08-12. Further analysis of these zones may be warranted. Uranium-235/8 is identified only in well 22-11-08 from 56 to 66 feet. Europium-154 is identified only in well 22-03-09 from 0 to 11 feet. Ruthenium-106 is hypothesized to have existed in the subsurface, although it is no longer at detectable levels, primarily around the 103 and 109 tanks from 11 to 96 feet.

Two areas of the tank farm have wells with contamination at greater than 10,000 ft\*c/s GTP. They are from the east of the 109 tank to the west of the 108 tank and southeast of the 103 tank. The contamination occurs primarily in two zones, surface (0 to 10 feet), and between 20 and 40 feet to between 80 and 100 feet except in well 22-03-05 where the contamination is fairly consistent from the surface to 85 feet. Well 22-03-05 has high level contamination, but it is currently stable. The wells containing high levels of contamination in these areas of the tank farm are surrounded by wells with significantly lower levels of contamination or no contamination at all and may indicate proximity to point sources. These wells with high levels of contamination typically have very high levels of Cs-137 and are many times surrounded by wells with different isotopes. It may be possible that the presence of other isotopes is masked by the strong presence of Cs-137.

Nine wells have unstable conditions at the end of data collection in 1994. Of these, the contamination in six wells is less than 100 ft\*c/s. Well 22-08-02 is currently unstable from 44 to 100 feet and has contamination levels just under 4,000 ft\*c/s. Well 22-03-09 is currently unstable with contamination less than 500 ft\*c/s that has passed through the bottom of the well in 1993 and appears to continue moving down at an estimated rate of 2 feet per year.

Isotopes appear to move through the vadose at different rates depending on subsurface conditions. In general and given similar conditions, of the isotopes found or hypothesized to be present in the BY Tank Farm, Cs-137 usually moves downward the least and U-235/8 usually moves the deepest, with mobility of the other isotopes falling somewhere in between. Cs-137 occurs throughout the subsurface of the tank farm, both by itself and with other isotopes. It occurs primarily by itself in the top 20 feet of 53 wells. This may indicate a high retention factor related

to Cs-137 and soil interaction. U-235/8 occurs at a fairly shallow depth in only one well in the BY Tank Farm. The other isotopes identified through SGLS analysis, and those hypothesized and supported by tank inventories, occur throughout the tank farm from 20 to 140 feet. It is not known if contamination exists deeper than the bottom of any given well although it is suspected in wells 22-03-09, 22-07-02, 22-07-09, and 22-08-02. Several anomalies present in the data seem to stand out:

- In wells 22-00-01, 22-03-05, 22-07-05, and 22-07-09, Cs-137 exists deep in the wells (as deep or deeper than Co-60) with little or no Cs-137 remaining in the upper portions of the borehole.
- In well 22-00-02, Cs-137 is not identified with the SGLS analysis in the zone from 64 to 96 feet. Even though the decay rate for Cs-137 fits the GTP plot, Cs-137 is not listed as existing in this zone.
- In well 22-00-10, Cs-137 was identified at 8 pCi/g during SGLS analysis and should appear in the gross gamma ray logs at 46 feet, but doesn't.
- Occasionally, Cs-137 and Co-60 are viewable in the gross gamma ray data and not in the SGLS data.
- Ru-106 is very mobile according to the current understanding of chemistry, and should therefore be found
  deeper and more laterally extensive than is indicated in the BY Tank Farm.
- In the GTP plot for the surface contamination in the majority of wells is what appears to be a data spike occurring in or near 1985 (Figure 8). The GTP values range from approximately 300 ft\*c/s to 9000 ft\*c/s with the highest values occurring to the southwest of the 101 and 112 tanks. These spikes in the data are noticeably absent from wells near the center of the tank farm and to the southwest around the 110 tank. In well 22-11-01, the spike appears in GTP in two additional plots below the surface to 29 feet. In several wells, more than one spike appears in the GTP plot of the surface correlating with different timeframes.

Limits in the data available for examination make evaluation of the data incomplete and as such, the apparent anomalies are unable to be explained. Information as to how or whether geology and/or geochemistry effect the direction and extent of isotope migration in the subsurface is not considered in this report.

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- MACTEC-ERS 1997, Work performed under contract #DE-AC04-94AL96907, U.S. Department of Energy, 1996 to 1997, by MACTEC-ERS, Grand Junction, CO.
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- WMNW 1998, "Analysis of Historical Gross Gamma Logging Data from BY Tank Farm," Project 772028, Task 23020001, 3 Rivers Scientific, West Richland, Washington.

#### Errata:

At the time of publication, the following errors were noted in the enclosed figures:

#### Figure 2

Missing scale; map is at same scale as the other maps

## Figure 6:

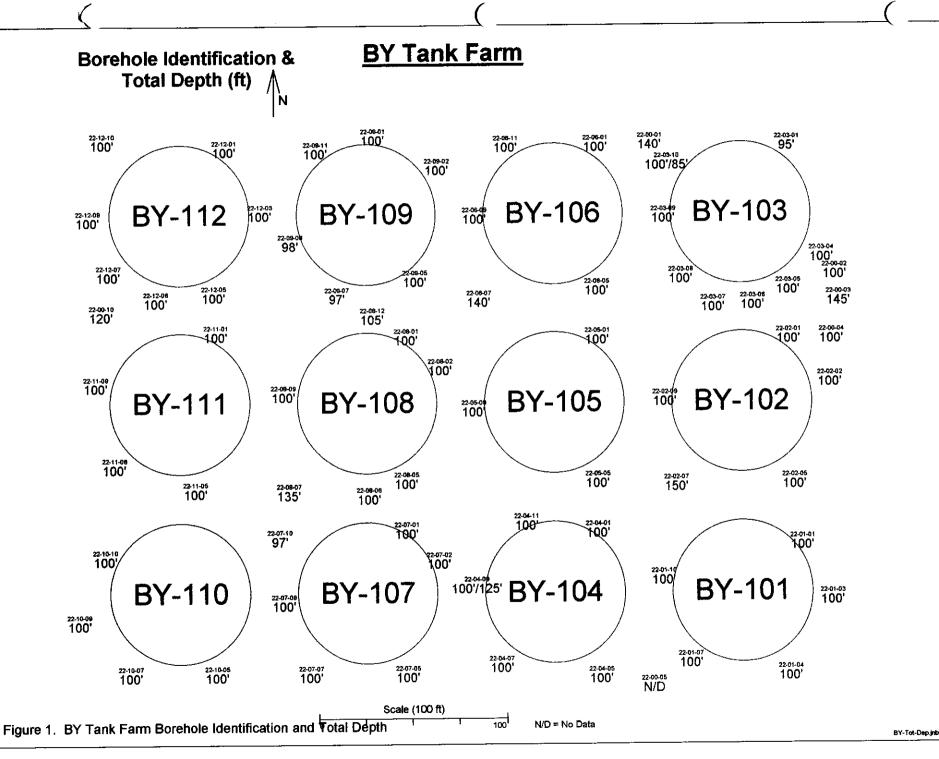
22-00-04 has Ru-106 48-85' 22-02-01 has Co-60 40-96' 22-03-07 has Ru-106 47-90'

#### Figure 7

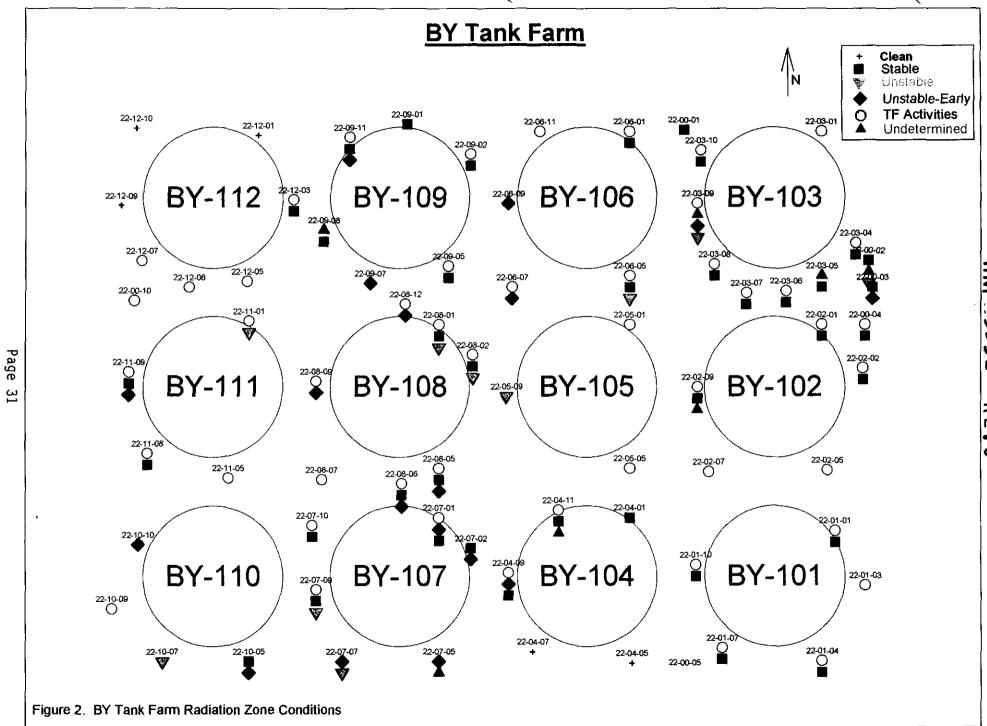
Sub-title should read all readings obtained with NaI probe except where noted. 22-03-05 should read Green GM probe 0-5' 300; 5-15' 350; 15-60' 170K, 60-85' 1.7K 22-08-01 should read 59-82' 12K

## Figure 8:

22-00-10 should read 1985 (400) 22-03-08 should read 1985 (1200); 1987 (1500); 1993 (1400) 22-12-05 should read 1984-85 (3500-3800) 22-12-09 should not have anything



Page



## Radionuclide Half Life Decay

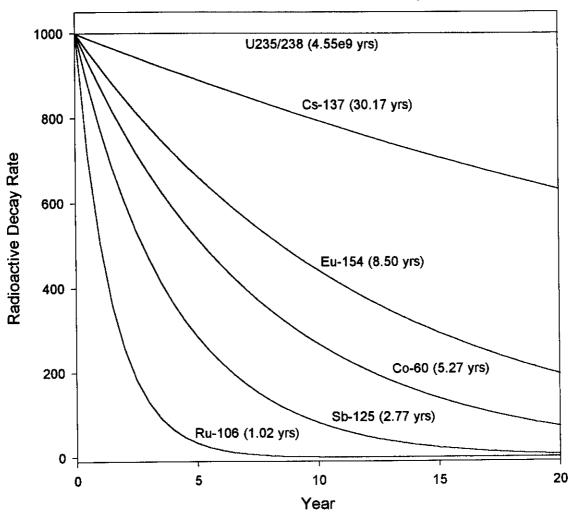
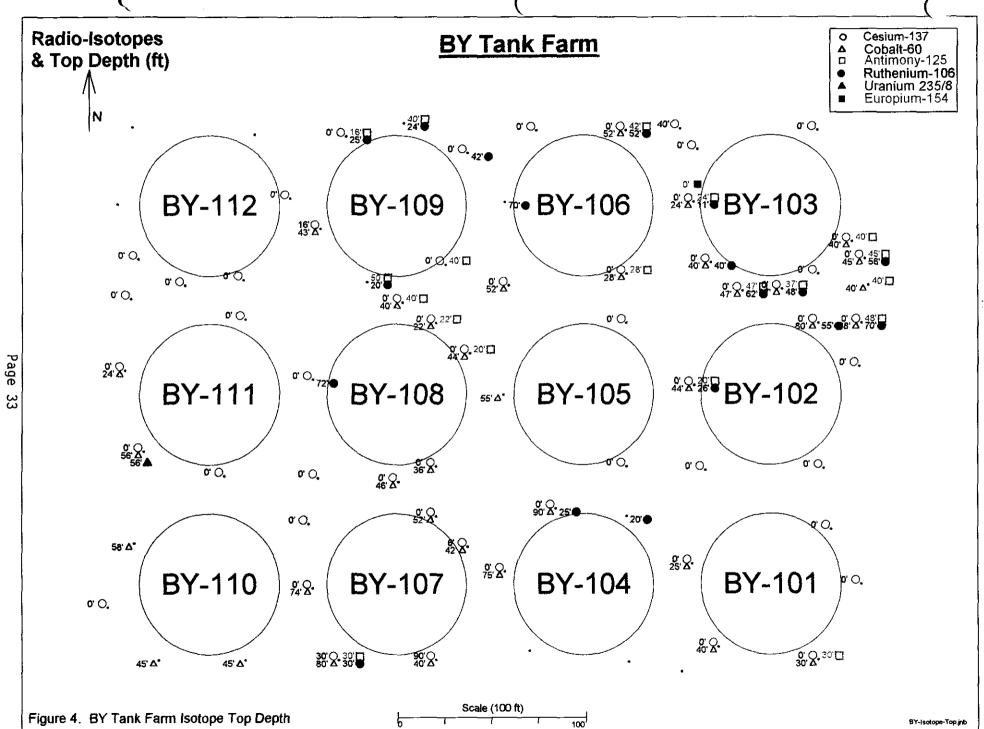
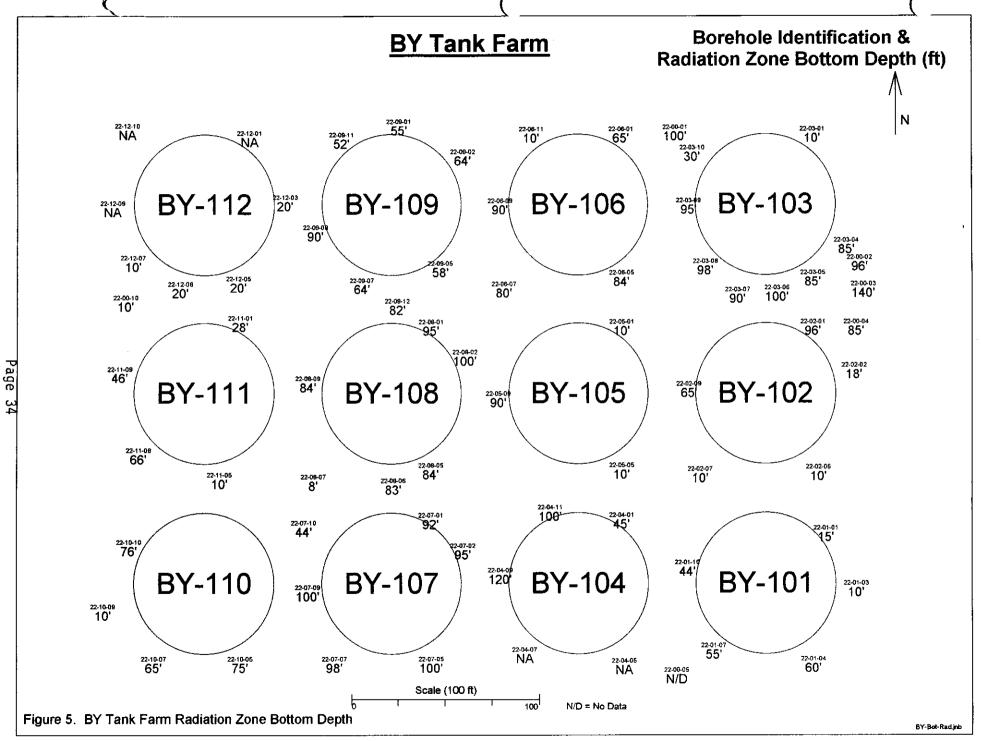
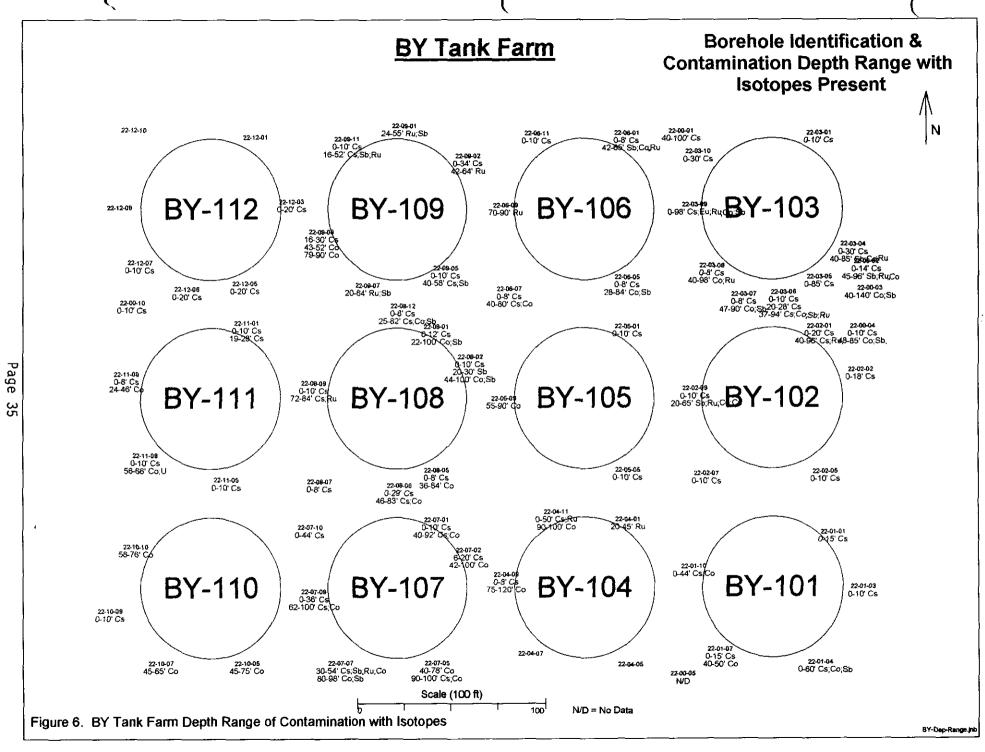
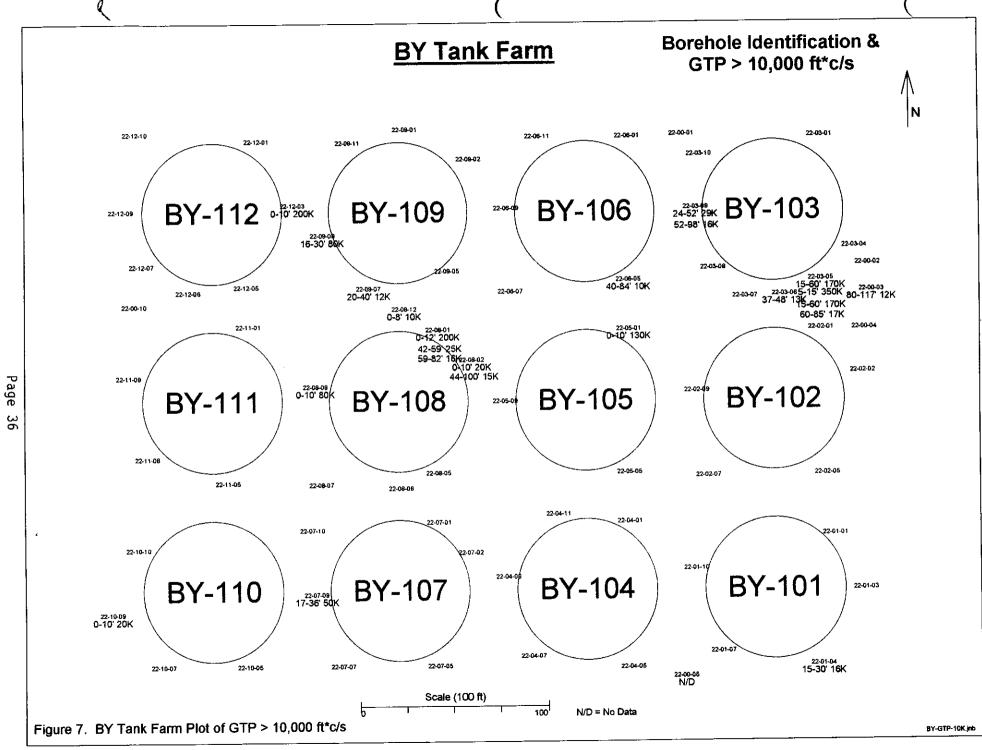


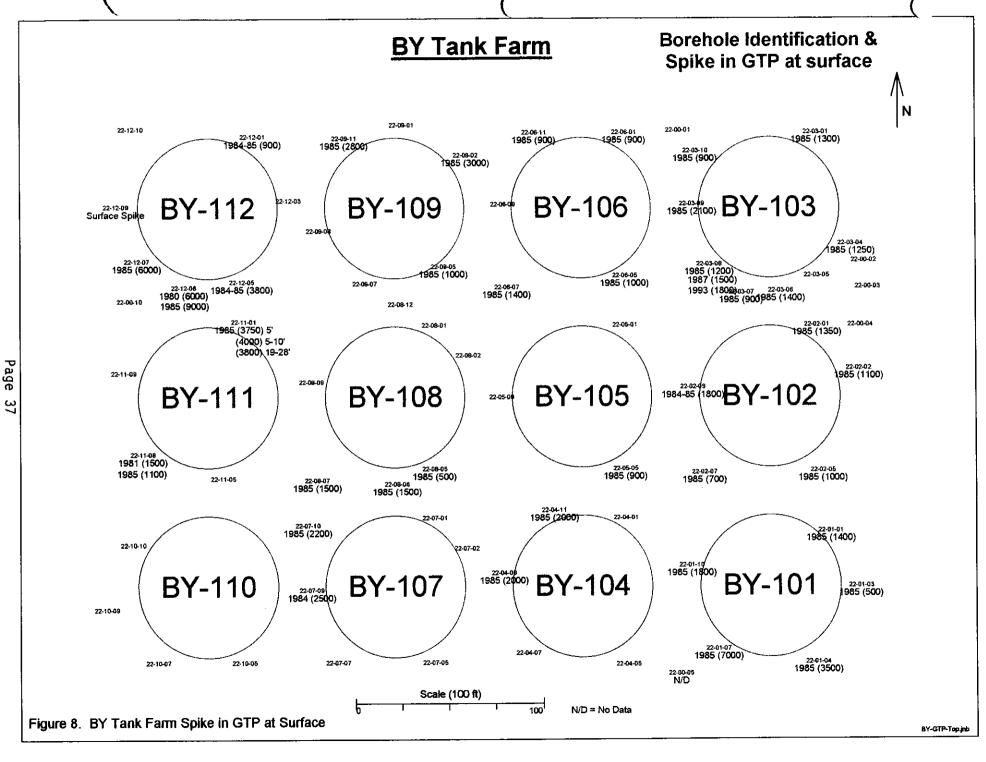
Figure 3. Isotope Half-life Decay Curves











#### **Borehole 22-00-01**

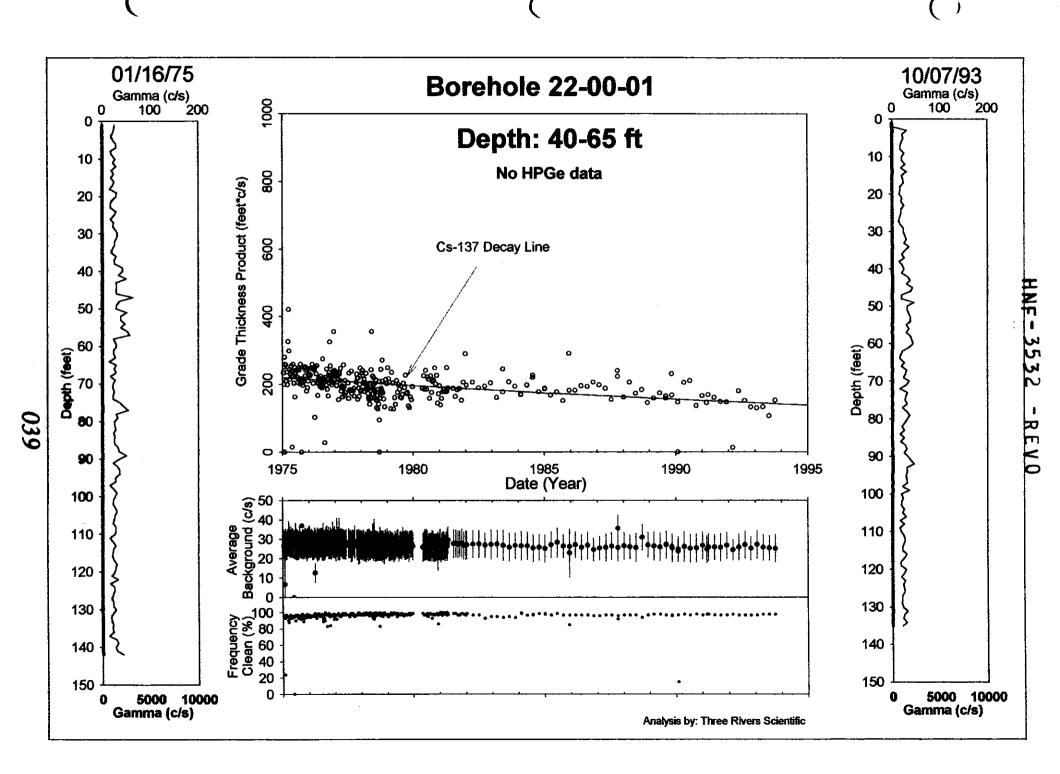
Contamination (Cs-137) from 40-65 feet appears Stable Contamination (Cs-137) from 70-84 feet appears Stable Contamination (Cs-137) from 84-100 feet appears Stable

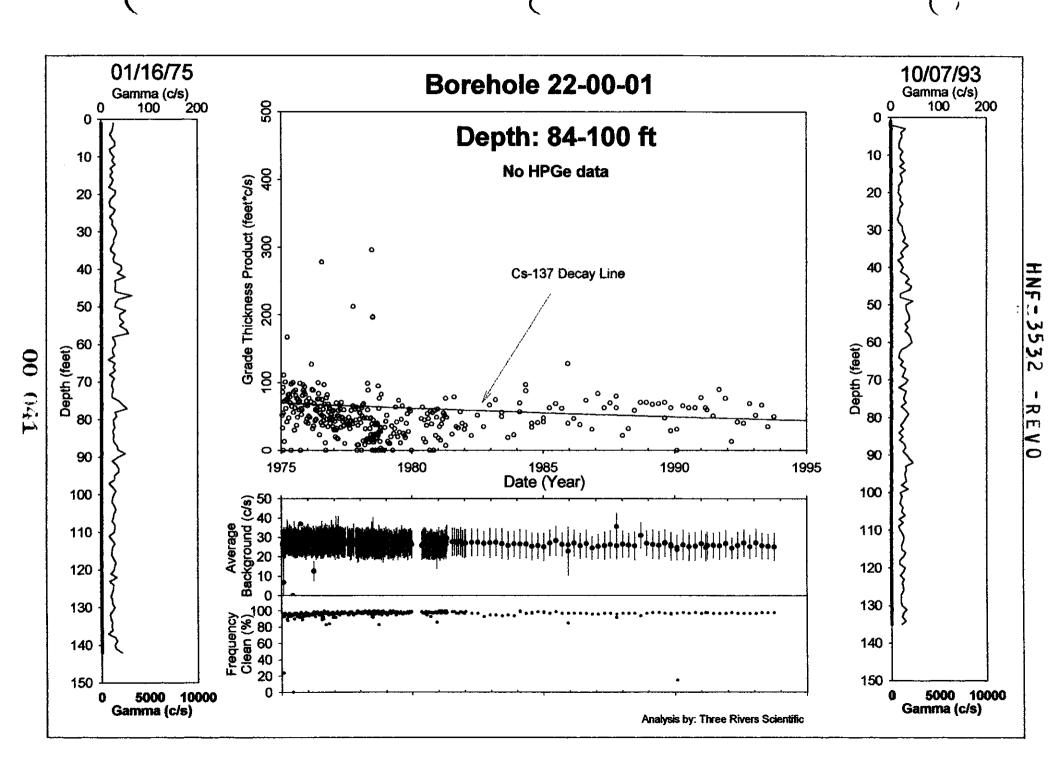
Grade thickness product from 40 to 65, 70 to 84, and 84 to 100 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993. Note that the grade thickness product is at low levels for these intervals.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	140 ft
Survey Depth:	140 ft
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975
Number Surveys :	340

	5 2 1 0 1 0 5
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	40-65, 70-84, & 84-100 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific





#### **Borehole 22-00-02**

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-14 feet is Stable Contamination (Sb-125) from 45-56 feet is Undetermined Contamination (Sb-125 & Ru-106) from 56-64 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 64-96 feet is UNSTABLE

Grade thickness product from 0 to 14 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993.

Grade thickness product from 45 to 56 feet is not decreasing consistent with Sb-125 (HPGe identified), but the deviation cannot be precisely fit to known radionuclide decay rates. Thus the classification is undetermined. Special note, there may be a possibility of downward migration, but well below detection.

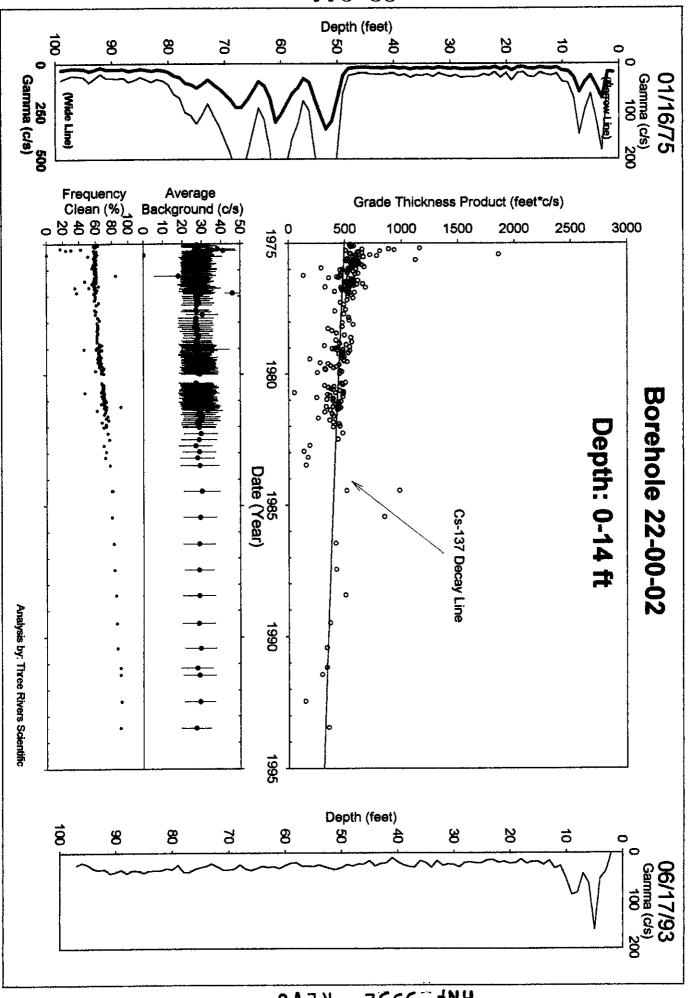
Grade thickness product from 56 to 64 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Sb-125 (HPGe identified) and Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Ru-106 of 0.72 as of Jan 1975.

Grade thickness product from 64 to 96 feet is not decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified). A slower decay rate such as Cs-137 makes an excellent least squares fit, however, there is no indication of Cs-137 and cannot be justified. Downward movement is present at low levels indicated by the stack plot, but the grade thickness product was computed over the entire depth interval in order to conserve downward spreading.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

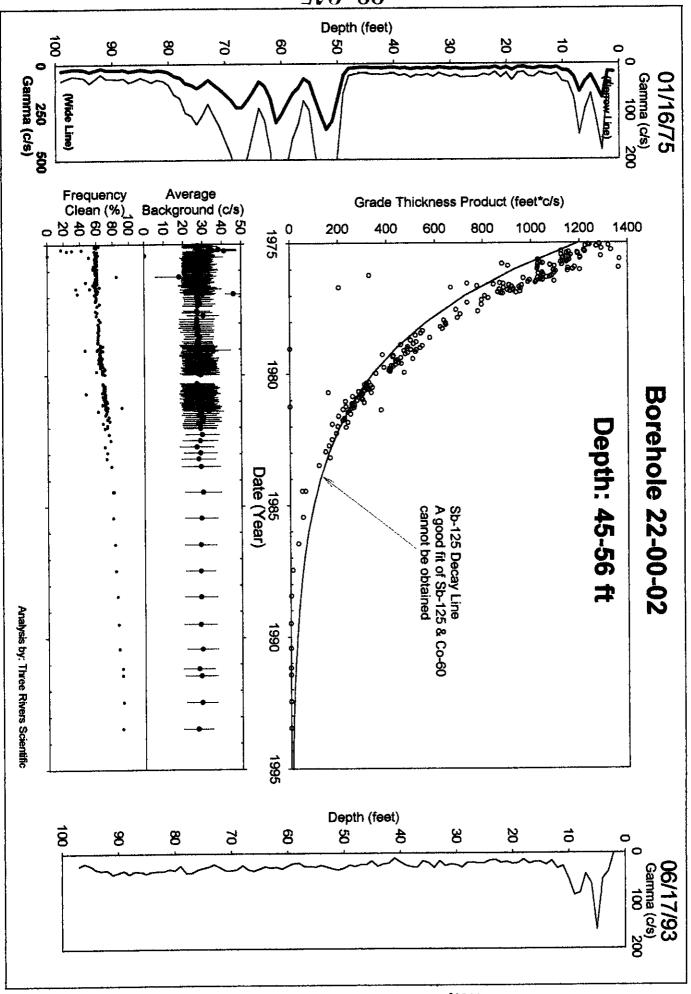
04: NaI
03: Neutron
100 ft
100 ft
1/16/1975
6/17/1993
206

Alic	Hysis Holes
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified	0-14 & 56-64 Stable, 45-56 Undetermined
in Gross Gamma Surveys:	64-96 UNSTABLE
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific

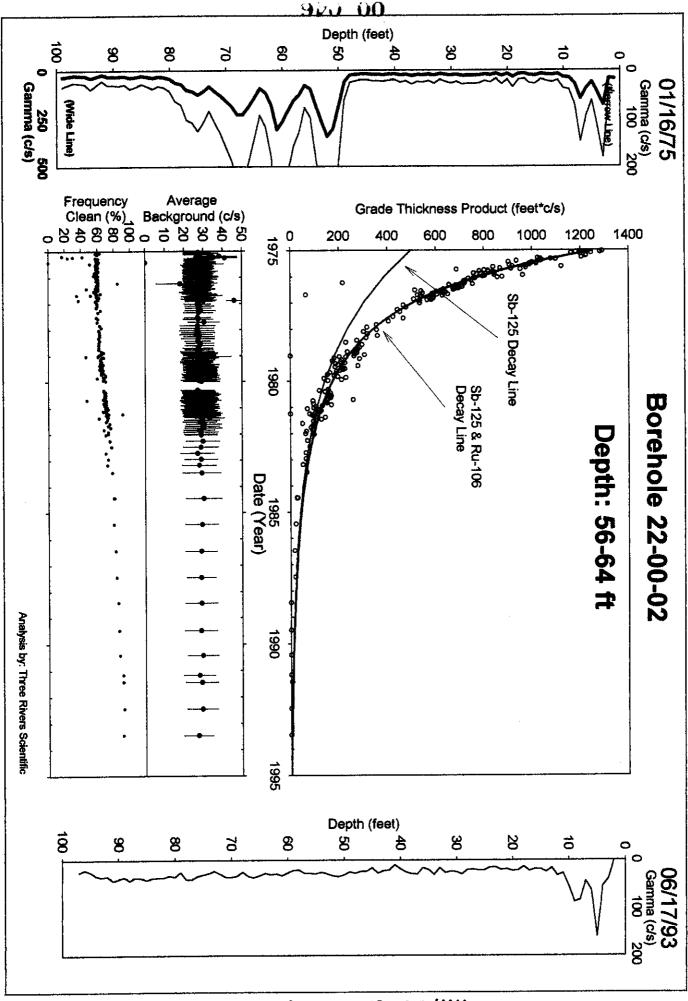


HNE-3225 - BEAO

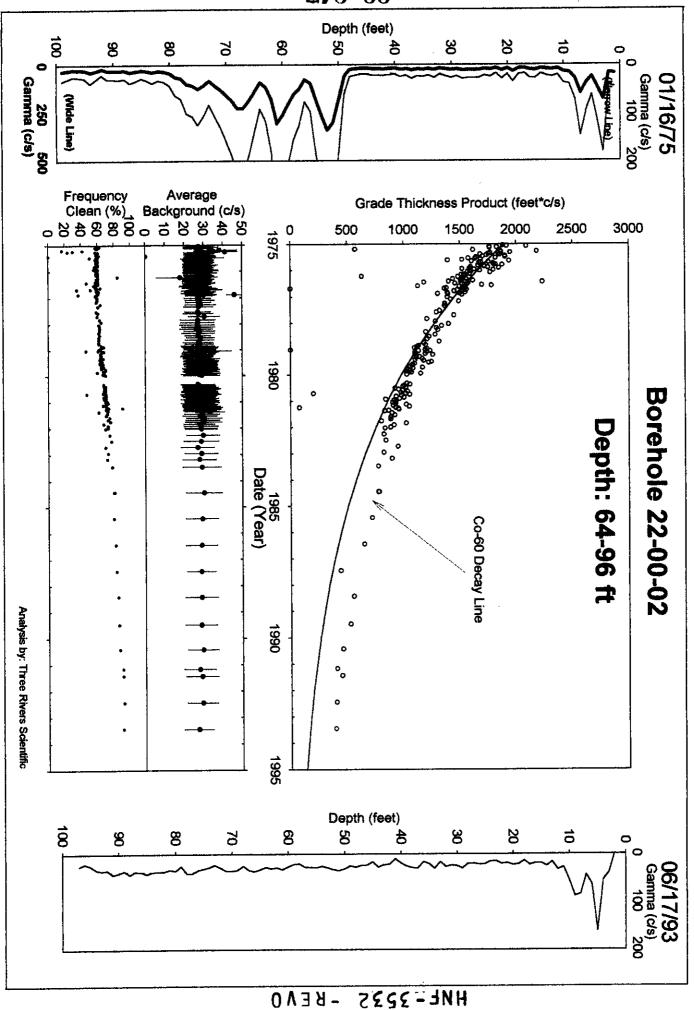


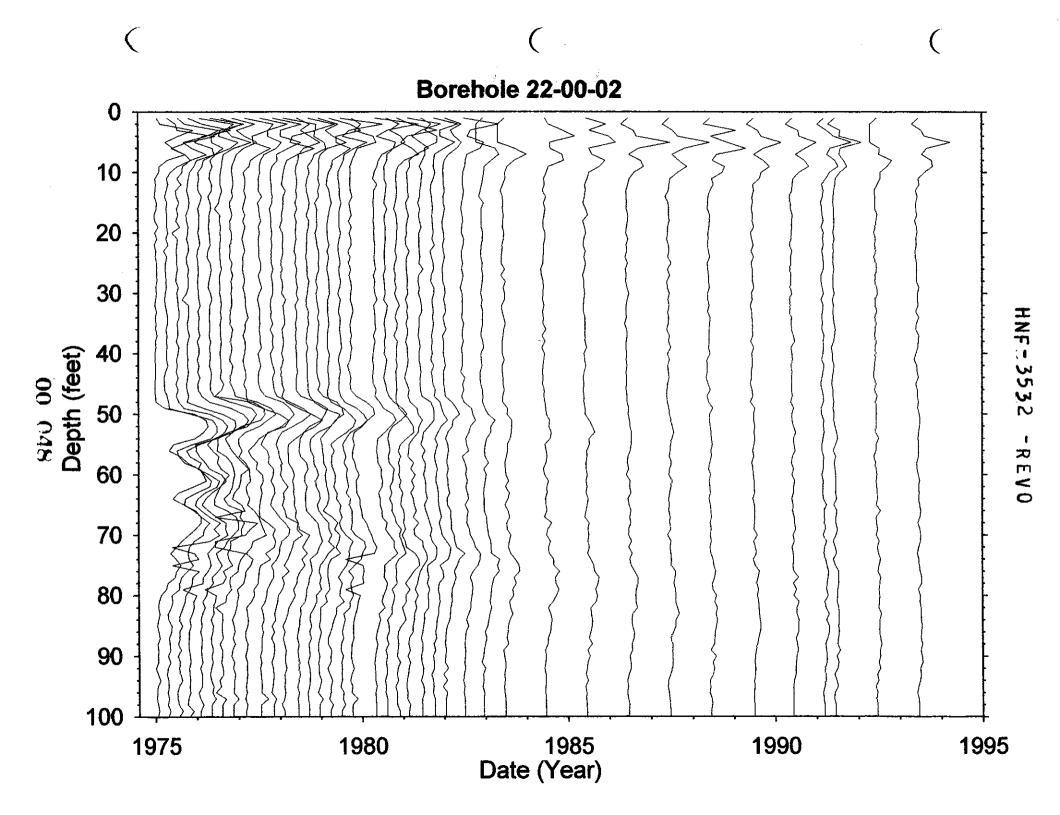


HNE=3225 -BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAD





## HNF - 3532 - REVO Borehole 22-00-03

Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 40-80 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 80-117 feet is UNSTABLE Early Contamination (Cs-60) from 117-128 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 128-140 feet is Stable

Grade thickness product from 40 to 80 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 & Sb-125 (both HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Co-60 of 0.11 as of June 1993.

Grade thickness product from 80 to 117 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) from 1976 to 1993. However, from 1975 to 1976 there is a rapid decrease in the grade thickness product in excess of Co-60 decay.

Grade thickness product from 117 to 128 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993.

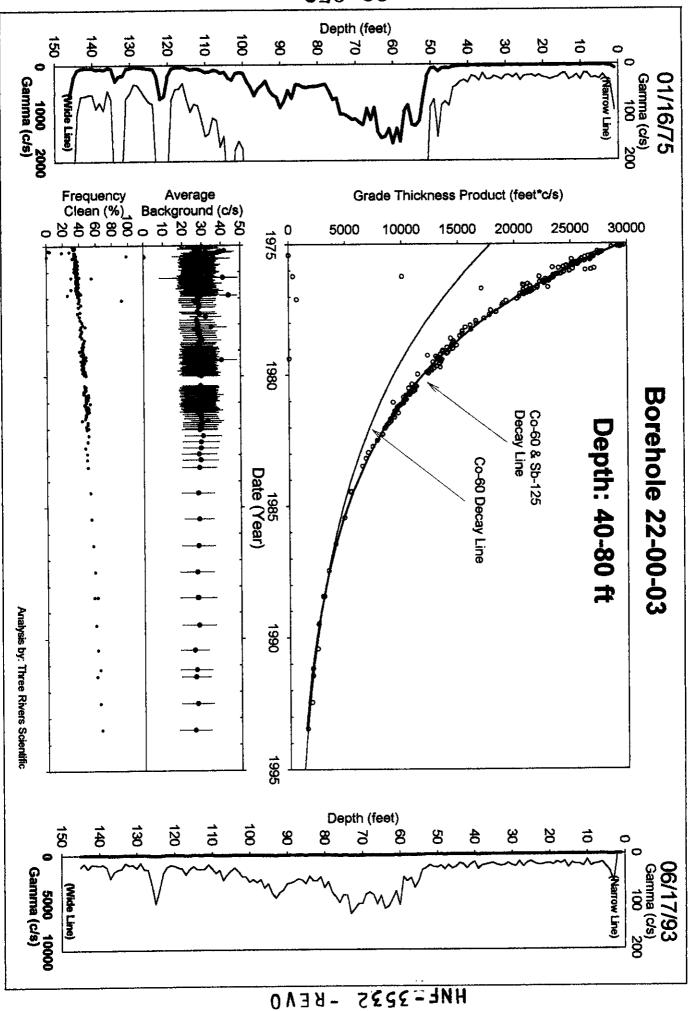
Grade thickness product from 128 to 140 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) & Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Co-60 of 0.22 as of June 1993.

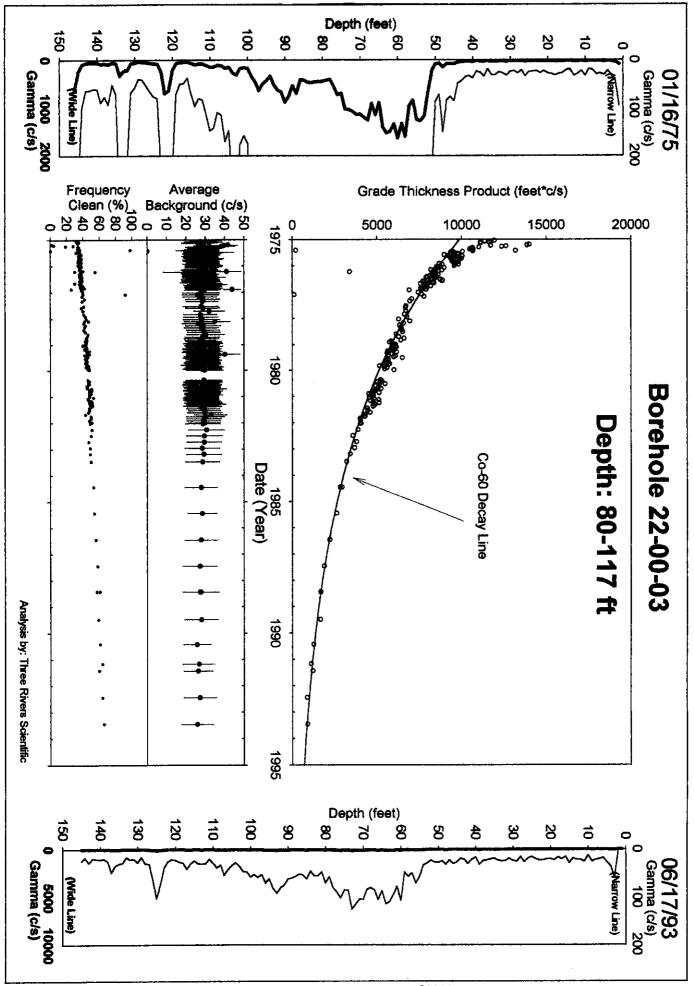
Special note, Cs-137 is also HPGe identified, but not at high enough levels to register with gross gamma for both intervals at 40-80 & 80-117 feet.

**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

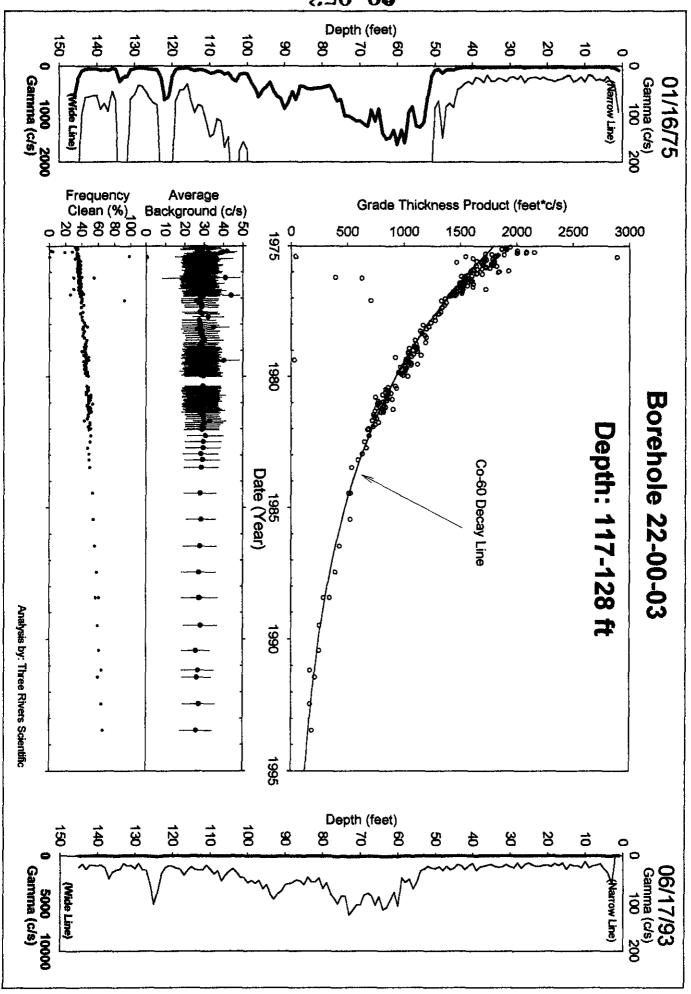
GIODO CILITAT	a but vey information
Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	145 ft
Survey Depth:	145 ft
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975
Last Survey Date :	6/17/1993
Number Surveys :	208

التقدير والمراجع والمتفادة والمتعارين والمتعارض والمتعار	
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in	40-80, 117-128, & 128-140 Stable
Gross Gamma Surveys:	80-117 UNSTABLE EARLY
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



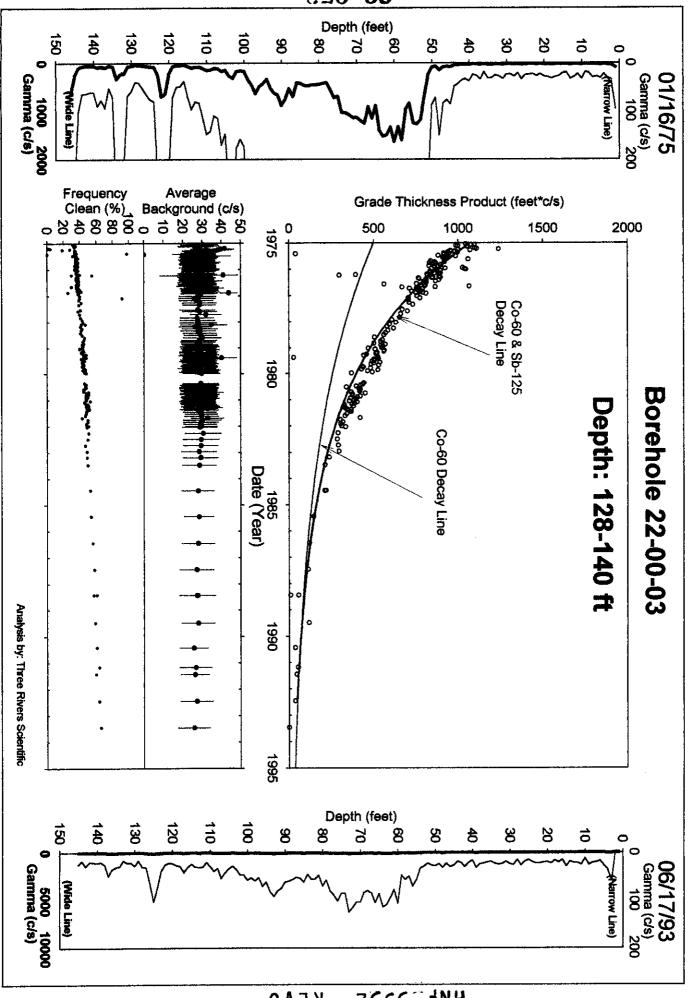


HNE-3225 - BEAD

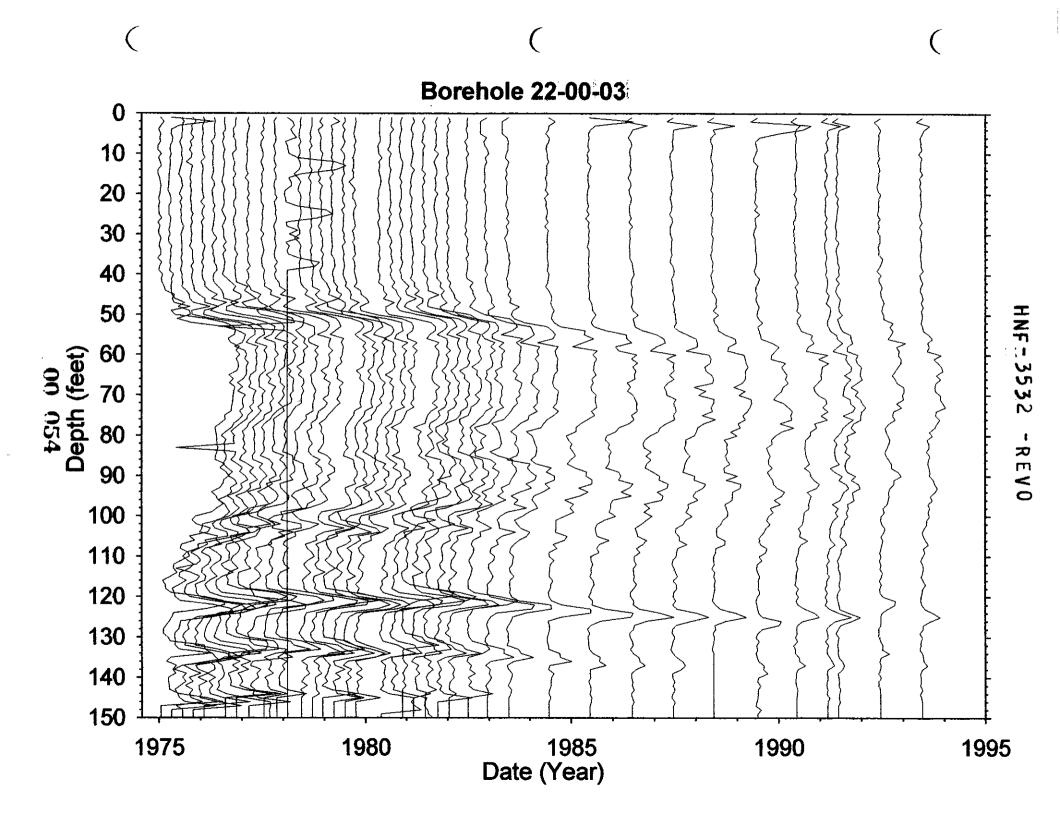


HNE-3225 -BEAO





HNE-3235 - B E A O



#### **Borehole 22-00-04**

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activities Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 48-70 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60 & Ru-106) from 70-85 feet is Stable

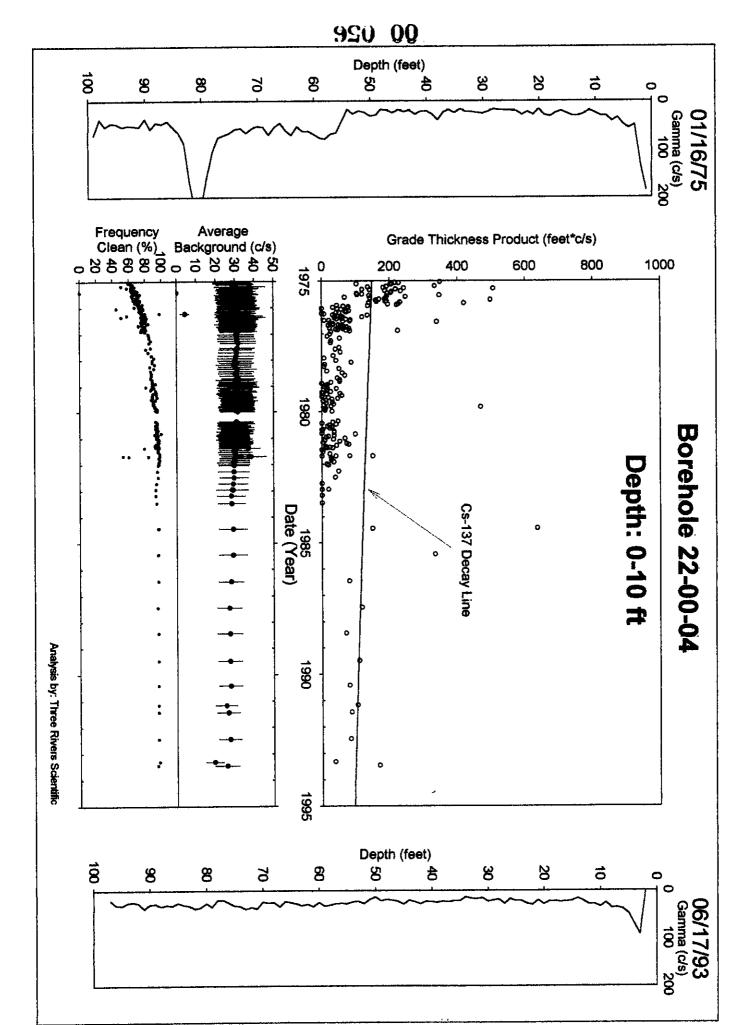
Grade thickness product from 0 to 10 feet is changing erratically indicative of tank farm activities such as changes in transfer lines.

Grade thickness product from 48 to 70 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) & Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Co-60 of 3.52 as of June 1993. Grade thickness product from 70 to 85 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) & Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Ru-106 to Co-60 of 3.00 as of Jan 1975.

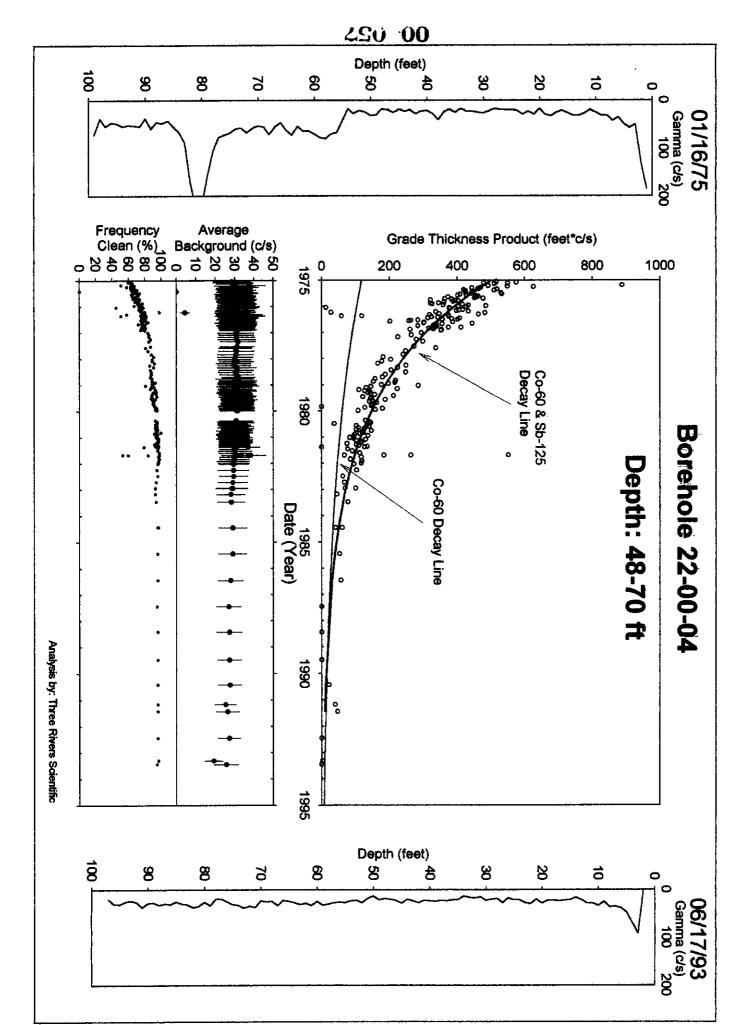
Gross Gamma Survey Information

Gloss Gamma Be	il vey imorriation
Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date :	1/16/1975
Last Survey Date:	
Number Surveys :	

7 Rettil y St	IS INDICES
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10, 48-70, & 70-85 Stable
Analyst Name:	R.R. Randall
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific

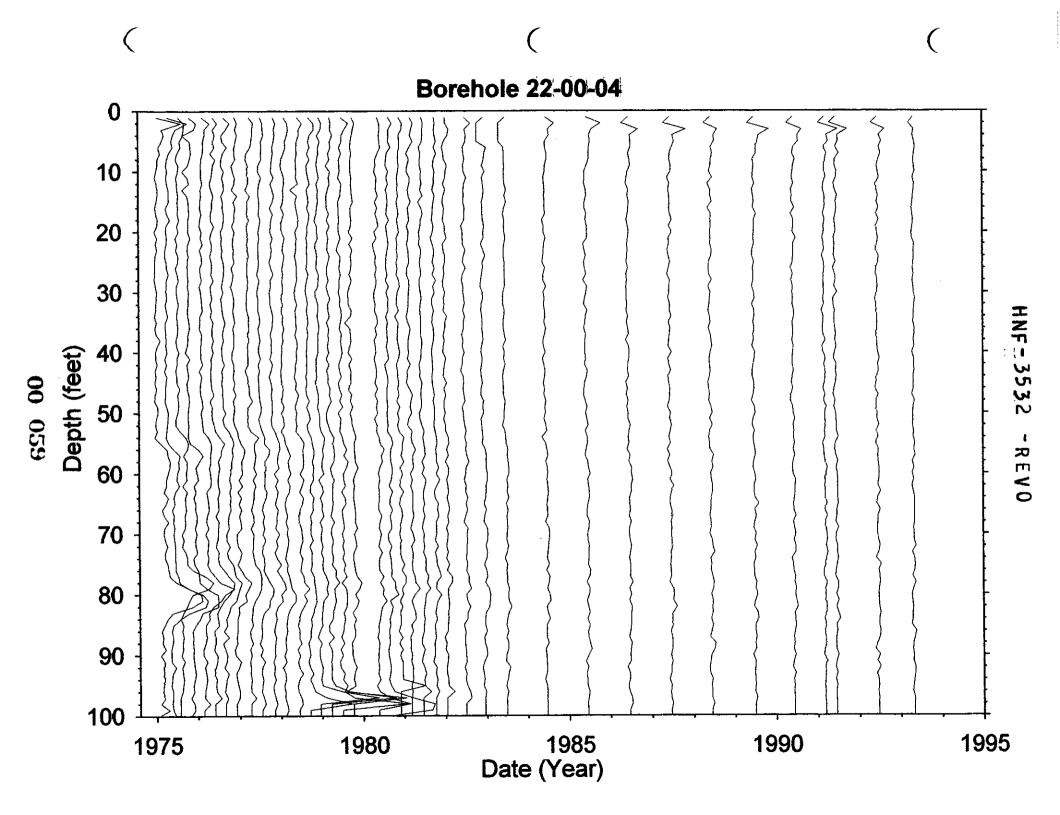


HNE-3225 - BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAO

HNE-3235 - BEAO



#### **Borehole 22-00-10**

### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activities

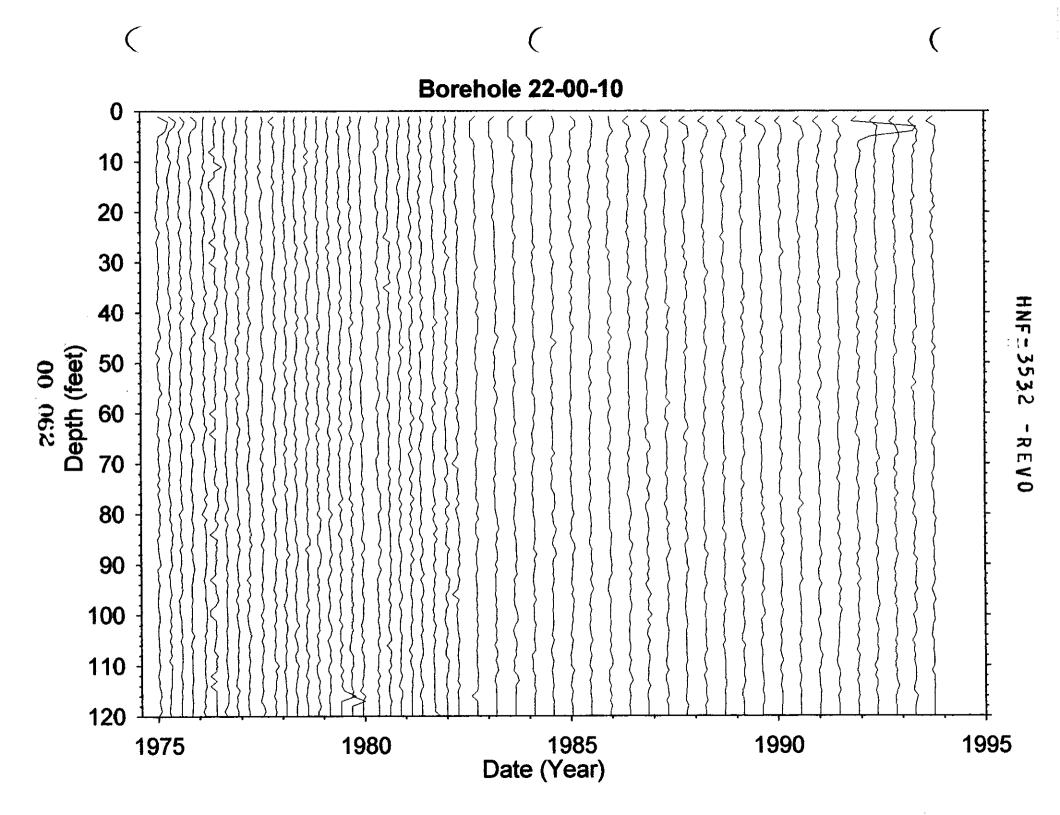
Grade thickness product from 0 to 10 feet is changing erratically indicative of tank farm activities such as changes in transfer lines.

Cs-137 was identified with HPGe detection at 46 feet to levels of 8 pCi/g, which would normally show on the gross gamma log data, but does not, refer to stack plot.

**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

Gross Gamma St	n vey information
Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	120 ft
Survey Depth:	120 ft
First Survey Date :	1/9/1975
Last Survey Date :	10/4/1993
Number Surveys :	385

2 Midiya	is indies
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 Tank Farm Activity
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



	多》	Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	ysis - Notes
Borehole	22-00 -	01	Total # Surv # neutron su \lo -7 - \cap 2	reys <u>343</u>	Probe Type <u>D4</u> # GR Surveys <u>340</u>
Log Date:	1-14-75	1 st	10-7-91	3 Last	Presentation Plot Dates
_					(If different from 1st & Last)
Isotone fro	ation Zone De om Spectral S	eptn(s): <u>A/A</u> urvev:	er ruck	7 ?	Max Survey Depth 140
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			<del>,</del>	GAPS.Txt	\
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		<del></del>
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Survey Date	Resson Select	ed num. Sample		HI-ZONES.7	84 Sy 100
Survey Date	Neason Scient	eu num. Sampi	Zone of	om in	0-65 70-20 -40-45
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<u></u>		<u> </u>			
				BackGnd.Tx	at .
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	d num. Sample	s Feq.Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
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<del></del>		<u> </u>			
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				<del></del>	
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	<del></del>				
<i></i>	<del></del>		<del></del>		
<u> </u>				<del></del>	
	0	- 12	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
Analyst Name	· huse	Man de		CAU.	1 TEL 8055 2 2

Borehole	22-00-	-02	Total # Surv	vevs 2//	Probe Type 04  # GR Surveys 206  Presentation Plot Dates
<b>D</b> 01011010	<u> </u>	<u></u>	# neutron su	irveys 3	# GR Surveys 206
Log Date:	1-11-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	6-17-93	Last	Presentation Plot Dates
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sotope fro	ation Zone De om Spectral Si	urvey:	negar	7	Max Survey Depth
		•	/		
urvey Date	num Gans	num. Samples	Comment	GAPS.Txt	
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<del></del>		<u></u>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	
			•	HI-ZONES.	Txt
irvey Date	Reason Selection	ed num. Sample:			
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vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			الكالما النبي الأكالة الشروان والمراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع
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vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			الكالما النبي الأكالة الشروان والمراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع
vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			الكالما النبي الأكالة الشروان والمراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع
vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			الكالما النبي الأكالة الشروان والمراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع
vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			الكالما النبي الأكالة الشروان والمراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع
vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			الكالما النبي الأكالة الشروان والمراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع
vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq Clean		Comment
vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
Vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
Vey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
Vey Date	Reason Selected  Selected  Selected  Selected  Selected  Selected	num. Samples	Feq Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
Vey Date  From  No.	Reason Selected  Property of the Company of the Com	num. Samples  H5-5  H6-5  Able  Able  A Reco	Feq Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
Vey Date  No.	Reason Selected  Place of the selected of the	num. Samples  45-5  -14 sh	Feq Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment

filein := "two45-56.txt" Well 21-00-02

A := READPRN(filein) 
$$y_T := A^{<1}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6}$  max :=  $A^{<4}$  N := last(yr) N = 194 i := 0.. N k := 0.. 300 j := 0.. 299

$$N := last(yr)$$

τeu := 5.27

Cs variables are Sb-125

$$\tau co := 5.27$$

tcs := 2.77

aco := 00

acs := 1415

Eu variables are Co-60 aeu := -38

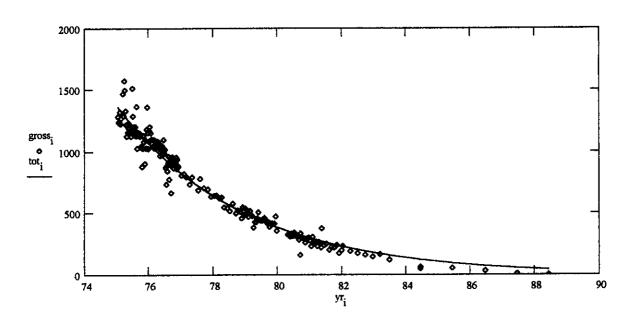
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{7cs}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} - \left( yr_i - 75 \right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau cs} \\ \text{Cs}_i \coloneqq \text{acs} \cdot e \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} - \left( yr_i - 75 \right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co} \\ \text{Co}_i \coloneqq \text{aco} \cdot e \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} - \left( yr_i - 75 \right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co} \\ \text{Eu}_i \coloneqq \text{aeu} \cdot e \end{array}$$

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

$$gross_i := net_i$$

This data edited for spurious points



$$\operatorname{ssq}(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ \operatorname{gross}_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}} \right]^{2} \right]$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$acs = 1.425 \cdot 10^3$$
  
Sb-125

$$\alpha eu = -46.978$$

$$\mathbf{Cs}_{i} := \alpha \mathbf{cs} \cdot \mathbf{e} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{Eu}_{i} := \alpha \mathbf{eu} \cdot \mathbf{e} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{Eu}_{i} := \alpha \mathbf{eu} \cdot \mathbf{e}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{m}{m}$$

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = -30.338$$

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = -0.162$$

Unreasonable fit

filein := "two56-64.txt" Well 21-00-02

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr)

$$N = 198$$

$$k := 0..300$$

τeu := 1

 $\tau co := 5.27$ 

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{m}{\tau c}$$
Cs<sub>i</sub> := acs·e

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{m(2)}{rco}$$
Co. := acore

$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tco}}$$

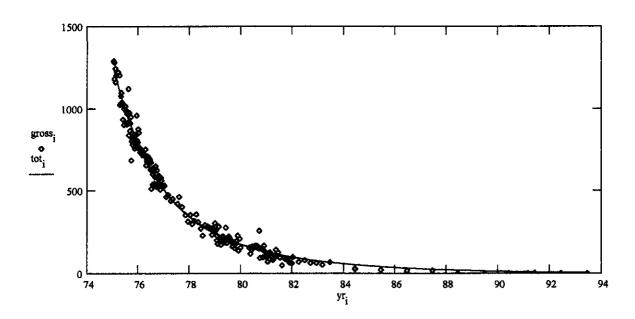
$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu}} \cdot 1$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$$

Cs variables are SAb-125

gross, ≔ net

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tos}} + \left[ a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tou}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$acs = 534$$

Sb-125

$$\alpha eu = 744$$
 Ru-106

$$Cs_i := \alpha cs \cdot e^{-\left(yr_i - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tos}} \qquad Eu_i := \alpha eu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_i - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu}}$$

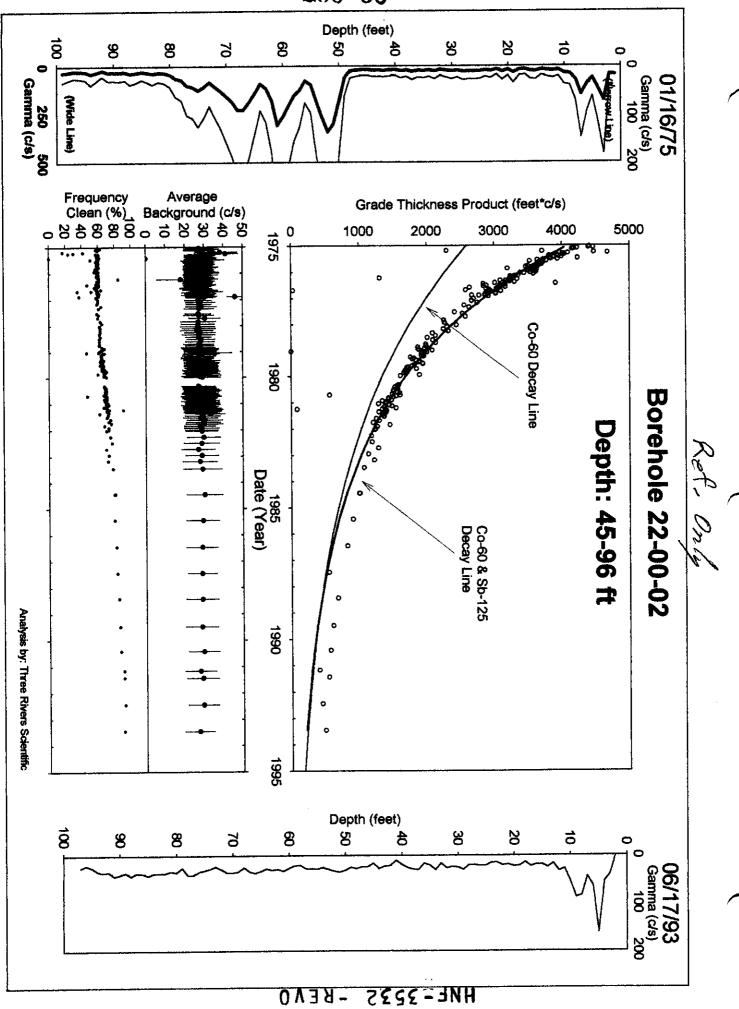
$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha cs} = 0.718$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$$

Two comp decay56-64.mcd

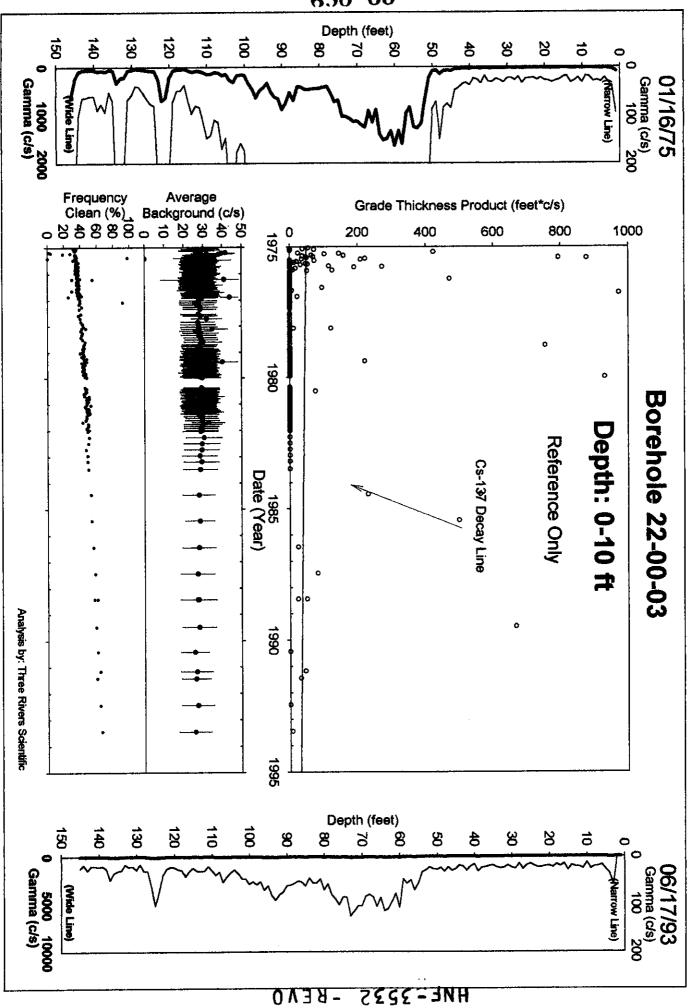
$$\frac{\text{Eu}_{\text{N}}}{\text{Cs}_{\text{N}}} = 3.915 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Page 1



	BY	•	/ Well Su	rvey Anal	ysis - Notes	
Borehole 22-00-03			Total # Surveys 209		Probe Type <u>04</u> # GR Surveys <u>205</u>	
Log Date: 1-16-75 1st			# neutron surveys 1 6-17-93 Last		Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1 & Last)	
Contamin	ation Zone De	pth(s): <u>#8</u>	X-TEST	<del></del>		
Isotope fro	om Spectral S	urvey:	v super	1	Max Survey Depth 14	
5	T	0		GAPS.Txt		
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment	<del></del>		
				HI-ZONES.	Tut	
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	s Comment	HI-ZONES.	TAL	
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Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment	
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128-140 can't antomatically (moth) get late goodfet						
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filein := "two40-80.txt" Well 21-00-03

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1} >$$

net := 
$$A^{<72}$$

net := 
$$A^{<7}$$
 bkg :=  $A^{<6}$  max :=  $A^{<4}$ 

N := last(yr)

$$N = 197$$

$$N = 197$$
  $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

$$\tau eu := 2.77$$

tco := 5.27

$$\tau cs := 5.27$$

Cs variables are Co-60

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tcs}$$

$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tco}$$

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

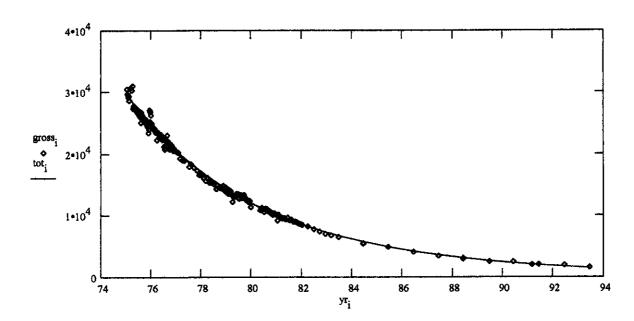
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\text{too}}$$
Co. := acore

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{m(2)}{teu}}$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \frac{ln(2)}{tcs}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \frac{ln(2)}{tcu}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$\alpha cs = 1.496 \cdot 10^4$$

$$\alpha eu = 1.47 \cdot 10^4$$

Co-60

$$\mathbf{Cs}_{i} := \alpha \mathbf{cs} \cdot \mathbf{e}^{-\left(y\mathbf{r}_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{tes}}} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{Eu}_{i} := \alpha \mathbf{eu} \cdot \mathbf{e}^{-\left(y\mathbf{r}_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{teu}}}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) = \frac{1}{\tau_{ev}}$$
Eu. :=  $\alpha$ eu·e

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 1.018$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr \qquad out^{<1>} := tot$$

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 0.11$$

filein := "two128-140.txt" Well 21-00-03

A := READPRN(filein)

$$net := A^{<7}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(vr)

$$N = 199$$

$$N = 199$$
 i := 0.. N k := 0.. 300 j := 0.. 299

$$i = 0..299$$

 $\tau eu := 2.77$ 

Cs variables are Co-60

 $\tau co := 5.27$ 

$$\tau cs := 5.27$$

Eu variables are Sb-125 aeu := 70

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$$

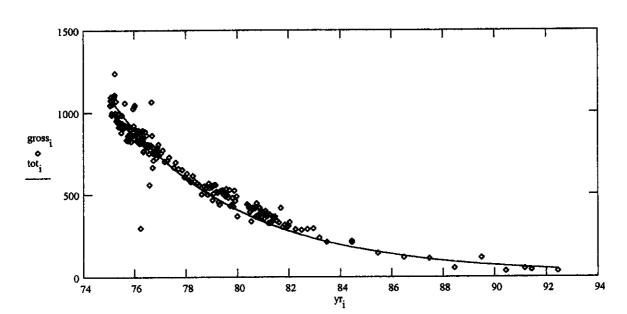
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{m(2)}{\text{teo}}$$
Co. := aco·e

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\text{teu}}$$
Eu := aeu·e

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

$$gross_i := net_i$$

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ \frac{gross_{i}}{(yr_{i} - 74)^{5}} - \left[ \frac{\frac{-(yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{res} - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{in(2)}{reu}}{(yr_{i} - 74)^{5}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(acs, aeu)=0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$\alpha cs = 388.289$$
  
Co-60

$$\alpha eu = 688.076$$

Sb-125

$$\mathbf{Cs_i} \coloneqq \alpha \mathbf{cs} \cdot \mathbf{e} - \left(\mathbf{yr_i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau \mathbf{cs}} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{Eu_i} \coloneqq \alpha \mathbf{eu} \cdot \mathbf{e} - \left(\mathbf{yr_i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau \mathbf{eu}}$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop40-80.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 0.223$$

	BY	Dry	Well Sur	vey Anal	ysis - Notes
Borehole	22-00-	04	Total # Surv	reys 212	Probe Type OH
Log Date:	1-16-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	# neutron su $\sqrt{-17-92}$	Last	Probe Type Off # GR Surveys 2/0 Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1 de Last)
Contamination Isotope from	ation Zone De om Spectral S	epth(s): urvey:	4 Cc 7 8	no linds	
·				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
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<u> </u>				<del></del>	
				UI ZONES I	Park
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	Comment	HI-ZONES.	
`			LU P	ed a 8	np how 60-25
			with	build	no how 60 - 75
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<b>/</b>	+	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	
<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
				BackGnd.Tx	xt
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comment
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	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<u> </u>		
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	<del></del>		<u> </u>	·····	
			A	nalysis Note	es
<del> </del>	0-10	48-	70	70-89	
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		<del></del>	<del></del>		
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<u> </u>	· <del></del>		<del></del>		
Analyst Name	MAK	Kanda		. S/W v	ver <u>TFGR099 2</u> 2

filein := "two48-70.txt" Well 21-00-04

$$vr := A^{<1>}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$\max := A^{<4>}$$

$$N = 193$$

$$N := last(yr)$$
  $N = 193$   $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

$$j := 0...299$$

τeu := 2.77

Cs variables are Co-60

$$\tau_{\text{CO}} := 5.27$$
  $\tau_{\text{CS}} := 5.27$ 

Eu variables are Sb-125 aeu := 48

$$-(yr_i-75)\frac{\ln(r_i-75)}{r_i}$$

aeu := 480

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$$

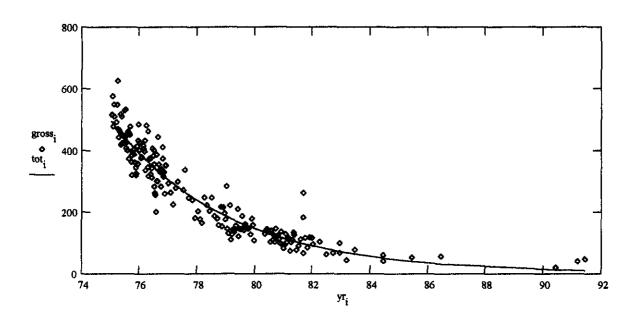
$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{CO}}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{th(2)}{teu}$$
Eu; = aeu·e

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

$$\mathsf{gross}_i \coloneqq \mathsf{net}_i$$

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tos}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tou}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{CS} \\ \alpha_{eu} \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$acs = 19.557$$

$$\alpha eu = 485.548$$
  
Sb-125

$$Cs_i := \alpha cs \cdot e$$

$$\mathbf{Cs_i} := \alpha \mathbf{cs \cdot e} - \left(\mathbf{yr_i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$

$$\mathbf{Eu_i} := \alpha \mathbf{eu \cdot e} - \left(\mathbf{yr_i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\cot}$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$$

$$\frac{Eu_{N}}{2} = 3.525$$

out
$$^{<0>}$$
 := yr out $^{<1>}$  := tot WRITEPRN("twop48-70.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 3.525$$

filein := "two70-85.txt" Well 21-00-04

$$A := READPRN(filein)$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$i := 0..N$$

$$N = 199$$
  $i = 0..N$   $k = 0..300$   $j = 0..299$ 

τeu := 1

Cs variables are Co-60

$$\tau cs := 5.27$$

Eu variables are

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \frac{ln(2)}{tes}$$

$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \frac{ln(2)}{teo}$$

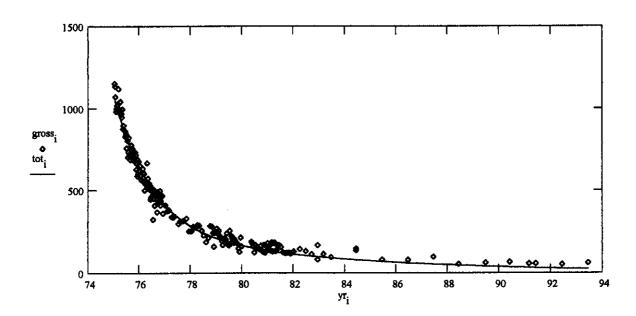
$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \frac{ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\pi co}$$

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

$$\operatorname{gross}_i \coloneqq \operatorname{net}_i$$

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tos}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$\alpha cs = 272.956$$
Co-60

$$\alpha eu = 818.978$$

$$\mathbf{Cs_i} \coloneqq \alpha \mathbf{cs} \cdot \mathbf{e} \frac{-\left(y\mathbf{r_i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau \mathbf{cs}}}{\mathbf{Eu_i}} = \alpha \mathbf{eu} \cdot \mathbf{e} \frac{-\left(y\mathbf{r_i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau \mathbf{eu}}}{\mathbf{Eu_i}}$$

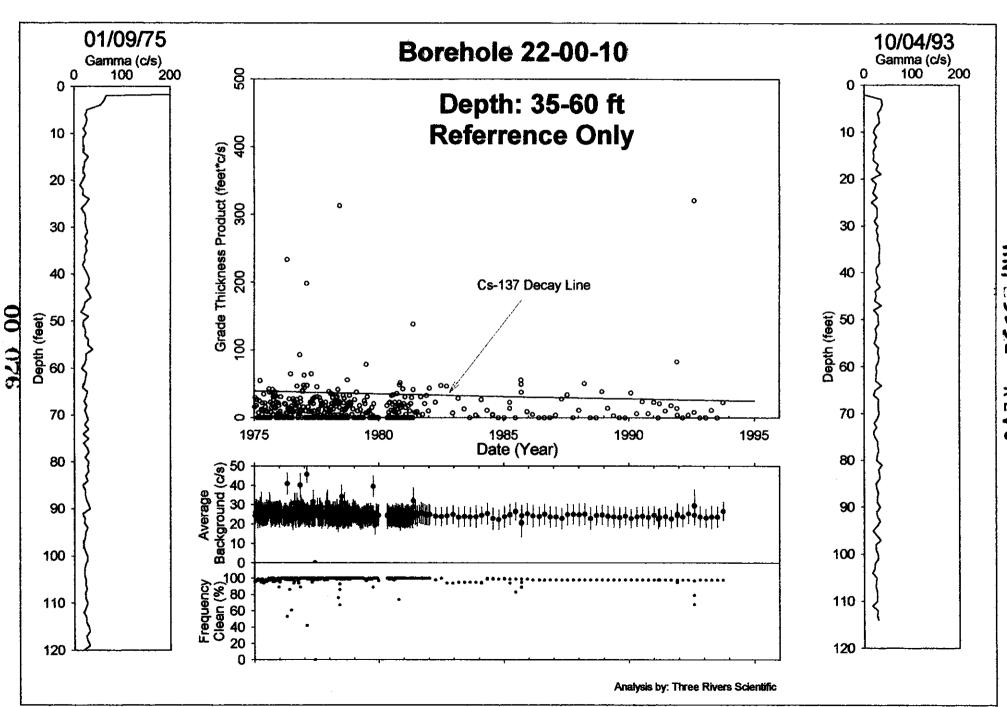
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{m(2)}{reu}$$

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 0.333$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr \qquad out^{<1>} := tot$$

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_M} = 9.422 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

Borehole 22-011-10  Total # Surveys _ 28 5 # neutron surveys _ 4 # GR Surveys _ 28 5 Presentation Plot Dates (triafferent from !* 4 Lan)  Max Survey Depth   22  GAPS Txt  Survey Date   num Gaps   num Samples   Comment    HI-ZONES Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected   num Samples   Comment    BackGnd Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected   num Samples   Feq.Clean   Avg.Bkg   Comment    BackGnd Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected   num Samples   Feq.Clean   Avg.Bkg   Comment    Analysis Notes  Analysis Notes		BY	Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	sis - Notes
Log Date: 1-9-75 1" 10-4-93 Last Presentation Plot Dates (It different from 1" & Last)  Contamination Zone Depth(s): Isotope from Spectral Survey: Cc Aurf + 45-7 Max Survey Depth 1/2  GAPS.Txt  Survey Date   num. Gaps   num. Samples   Comment    HI-ZONES.Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected   num. Samples   Comment    BackGnd.Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected   num. Samples   Feq Clean   Avg. Bkg   Comment    Analysis Notes	Borehole 2	22-00-1	0	Total # Surv	reys <u>389</u>	Probe Type# GR Surveys 385
Survey Date   num. Gaps   num. Samples   Comment    HI-ZONES.Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected   num. Samples   Comment    BackGnd.Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected   num. Samples   Feq.Clean   Avg.Bkg   Comment    Analysis Notes		•		10-4-93	Last	Presentation Plot Dates
Survey Date   num. Gaps   num. Samples   Comment    HI-ZONES.Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected   num. Samples   Comment    BackGnd.Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected   num. Samples   Feq.Clean   Avg.Bkg   Comment    Analysis Notes	Contamina Isotope from	tion Zone De m Spectral St	pth(s): urvey:	Buf \$	45	Max Survey Depth 120
HI-ZONES Txt  Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples   Comment   Yet aline of Cs at to a stack leads   Vegas alar    BackGnd.Txt  Survey Date   Reason Selected num. Samples   Feq.Clean   Avg.Bkg   Comment    Analysis Notes						
Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Comment  BackGnd. Txt  Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq. Clean Avg. Bkg Comment  Analysis Notes	Survey Date	num Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
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Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq.Clean Avg.Bkg Comment  Analysis Notes				otraci	Lanks !	Lean also
Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq.Clean Avg.Bkg Comment  Analysis Notes	<u>,,, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -</u>	<del></del>			<del></del>	
Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq.Clean Avg.Bkg Comment  Analysis Notes	<u>,                                     </u>	<del></del>	<del>-{</del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	······································
Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq.Clean Avg.Bkg Comment  Analysis Notes						
Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq.Clean Avg.Bkg Comment  Analysis Notes					BackGnd.Tx	<b>t</b>
Analysis Notes  higher than normal Cs for nor show in TF GR	Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Sample	s Feq.Clean		كالمركان والأرسان فالمدرا تسربه ويوسن والتباري والمراجعة والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع
Analysis Notes  higher than normal Cs for nor show in TF GR		<del></del>	<del> </del>			
Analysis Notes  higher than normal (s for no show in TF GR						
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Analysis Notes  higher than normal Cs for nor show in TF GR					<u> </u>	
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higher than normal Cs for no show in TF GR				Ā	Analysis Notes	<b>S</b>
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nalyst Name Ruse Rambiel S/W ver TFG ROSS 2-2	·					<del></del>



## Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-6 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 6-15 feet appears Stable

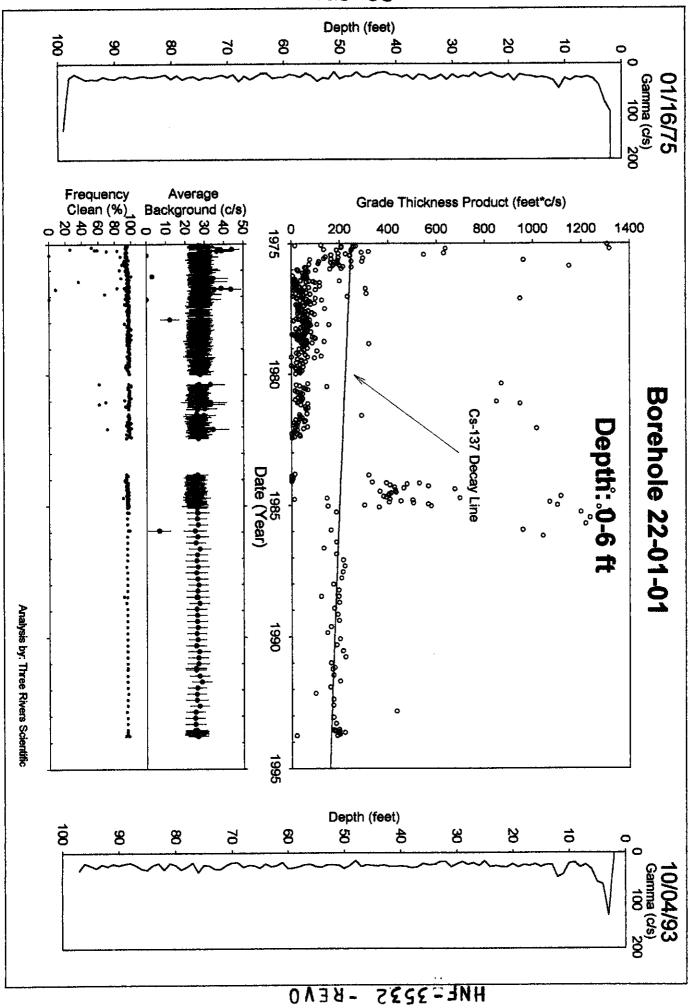
Grade thickness product from 0 to 6 feet is intermittently changing from 1975 to 1987 which is indicative of tank farm activities such as a transfer line activity. The grade thickness product for this interval is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1987 to 1993.

Grade thickness product from 6 to 15 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993. The levels are near threshold.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Gross Camma Carvey Information			
Probe Type :	04: NaI		
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron		
Borehole Depth:	100 ft		
Survey Depth:	100 ft		
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975		
Last Survey Date:	10/4/1993		
Number Surveys :	406		

Autalys	is notes
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-6 Tank farm activity, 6-15 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity

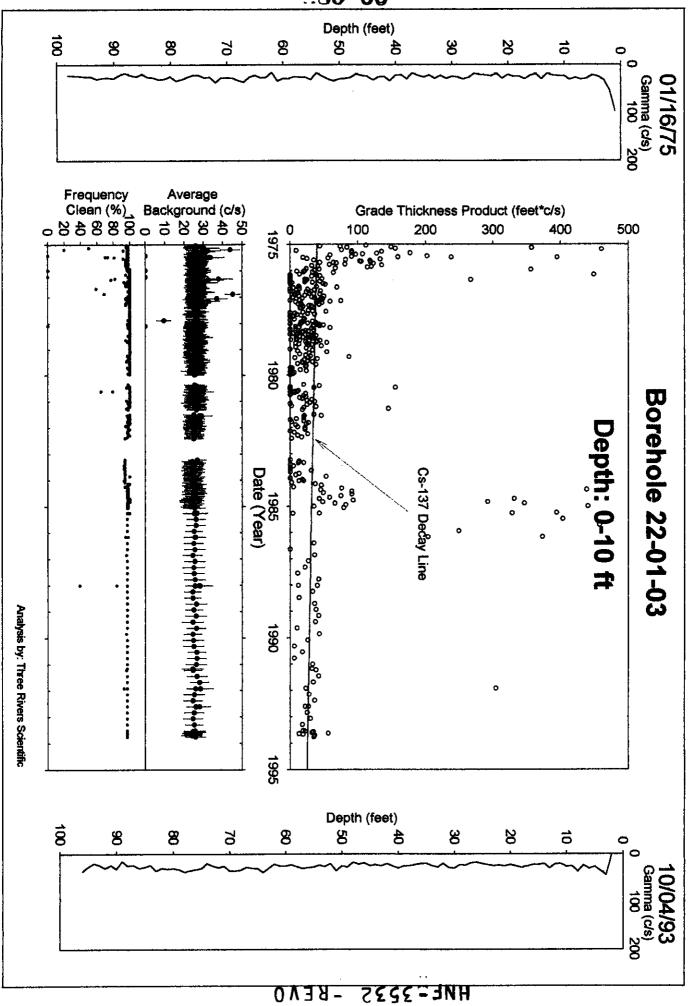
Grade thickness product from 0 to 10 feet is intermittently changing from 1975 to 1986 which is indicative of tank farm activities such as a transfer line activity. The grade thickness product for this interval is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1986 to 1993.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type :	04: NaI		
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron		
Borehole Depth:	100 ft		
Survey Depth:	100 ft		
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975		
Last Survey Date :	10/4/1993		
Number Surveys :	395		

Filalysi	is mores
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 Tank farm activity
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific





#### Borehole 22-01-04

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-15 feet is Tank Farm Activities Contamination (Cs-137) from 15-30 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 30-60 feet is Stable

Grade thickness product from 0 to 15 feet is changing erratically indicative of tank farm activities such as changes in transfer lines.

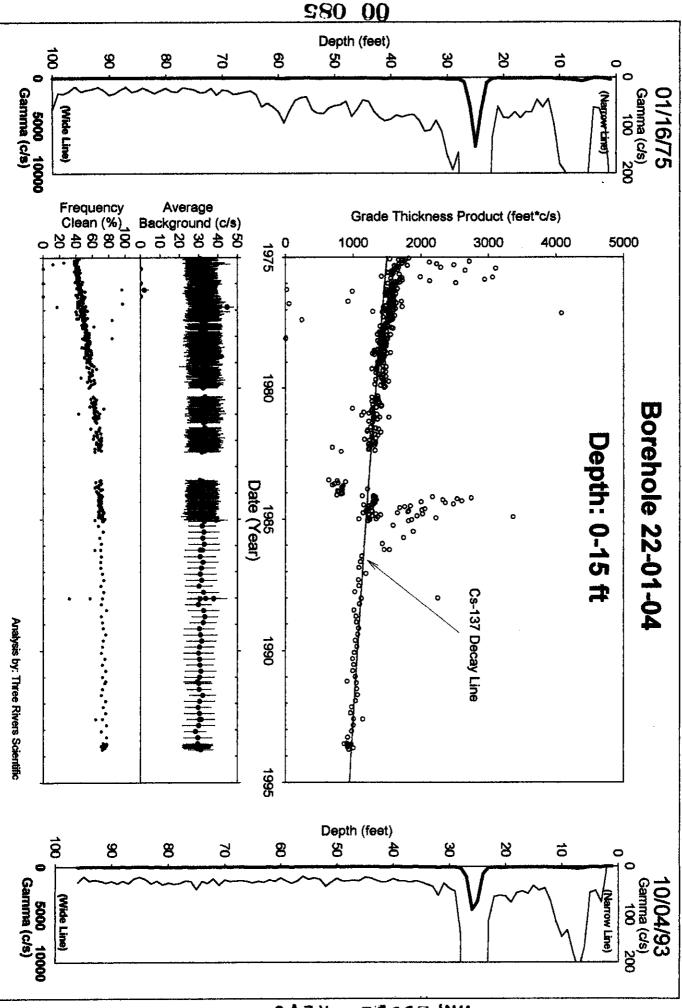
Grade thickness product from 15 to 30 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) 1975 to 1993, within systematic limitations.

Grade thickness product from 30 to 60 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) & Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993, within systematic limitations. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Co-60 of 6.38 as of Oct 1993.

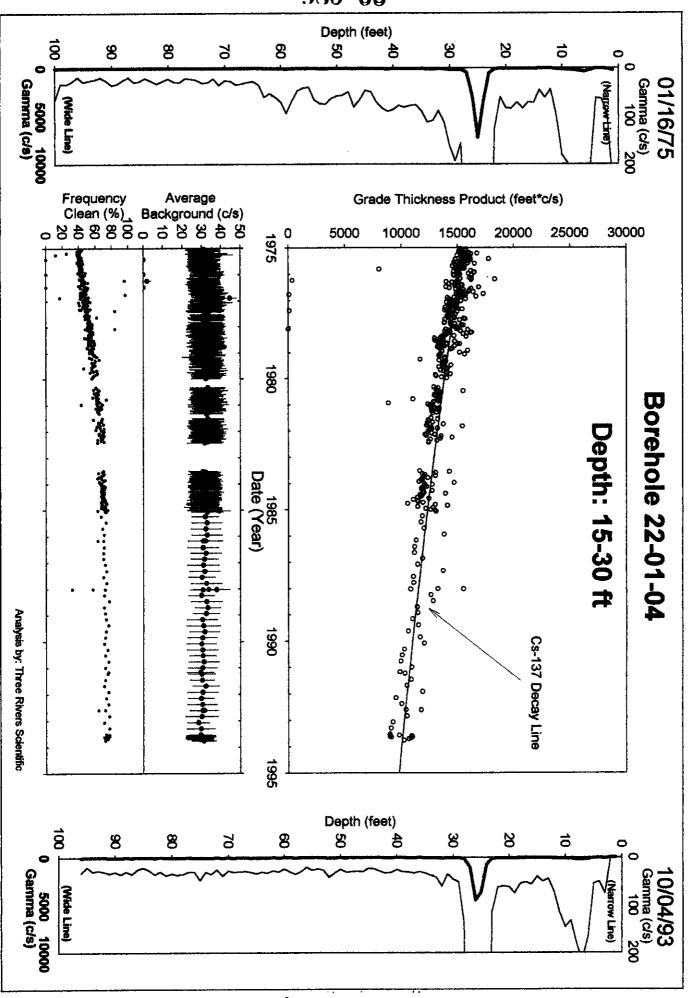
Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type :	04: NaI		
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron		
Borehole Depth:	100 ft		
Survey Depth:	100 ft		
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975		
Last Survey Date:	10/4/1993		
Number Surveys :	408		

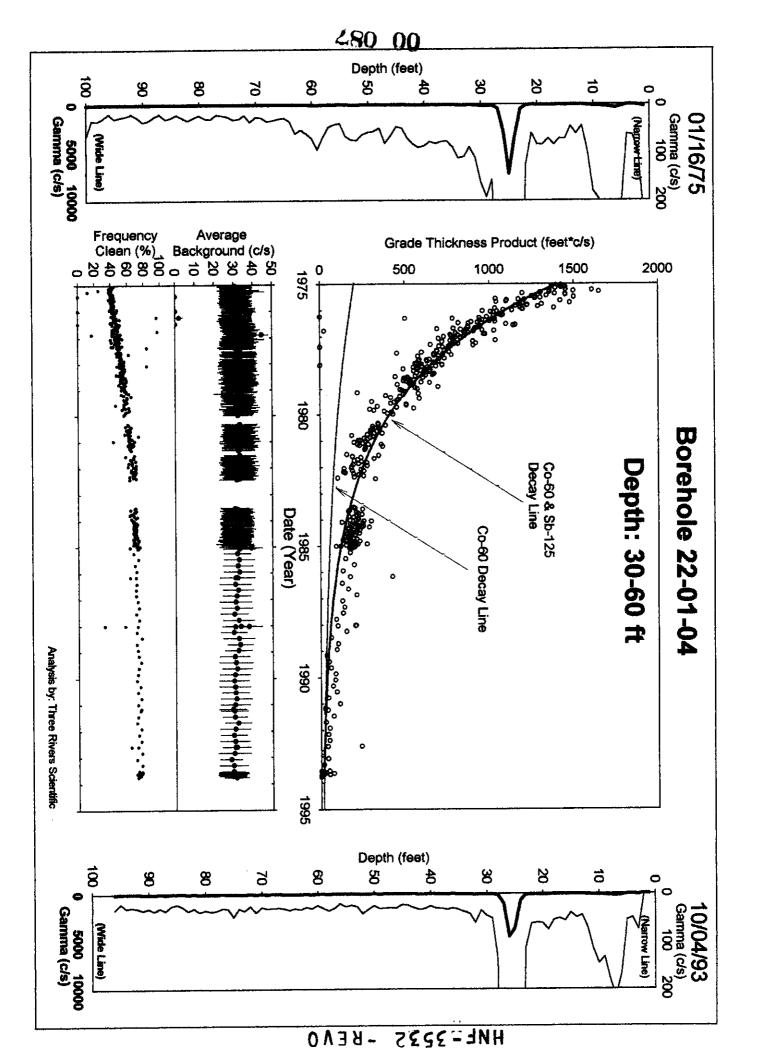
	5 110105
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-15 Tank Farm Activity, 15-30 & 30-60 Stable
Analyst Name:	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific

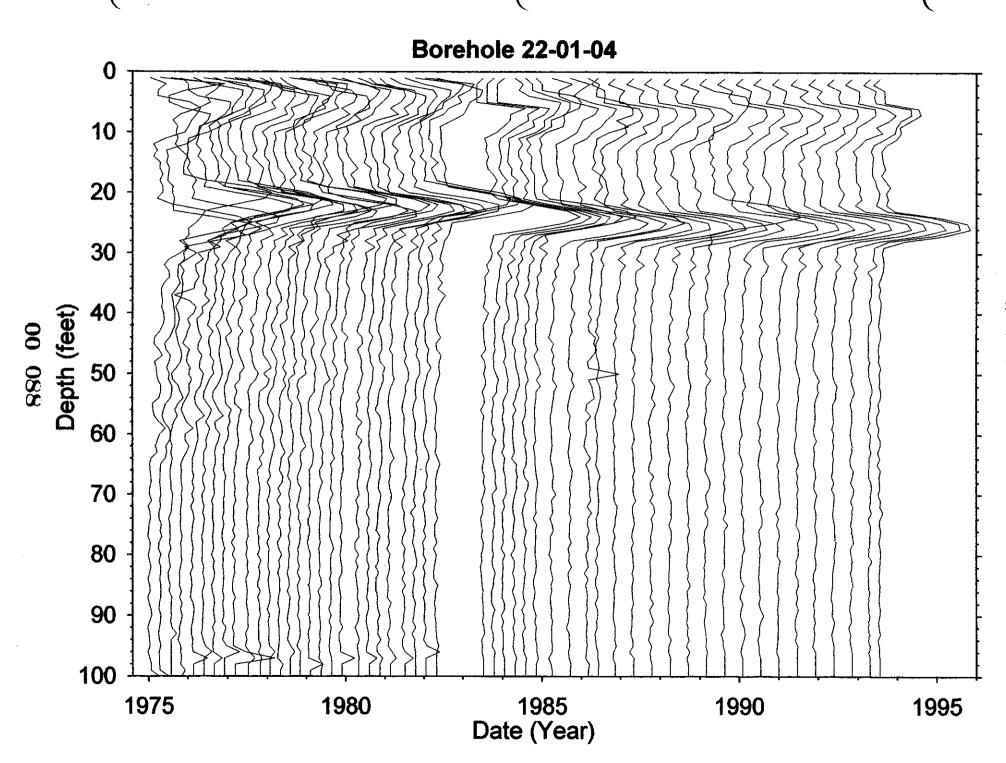


HNE=3225 -BEAO



HNE=3235 -BEA0





Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-6 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 6-15 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 40-55 feet is Stable

Grade thickness product from 0 to 6 feet is intermittently changing from 1975 to 1987 which is indicative of tank farm activities such as a transfer line activity. The grade thickness product for this interval is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1987 to 1993.

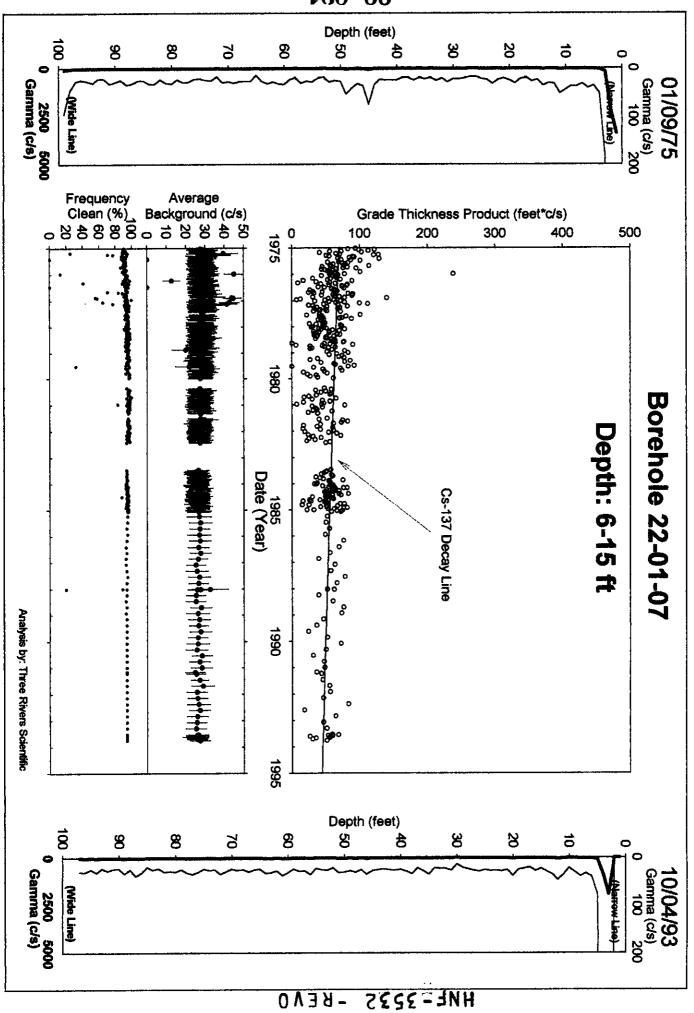
Grade thickness product from 6 to 15 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993. The levels are near threshold.

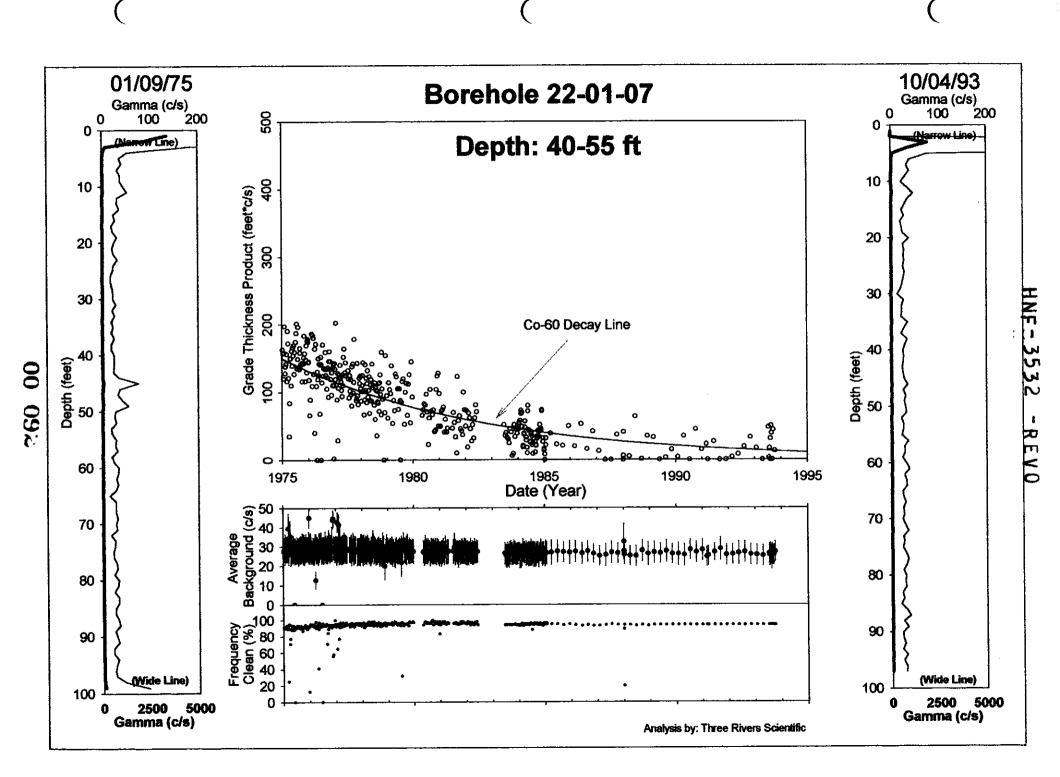
Grade thickness product from 40 to 55 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1985.

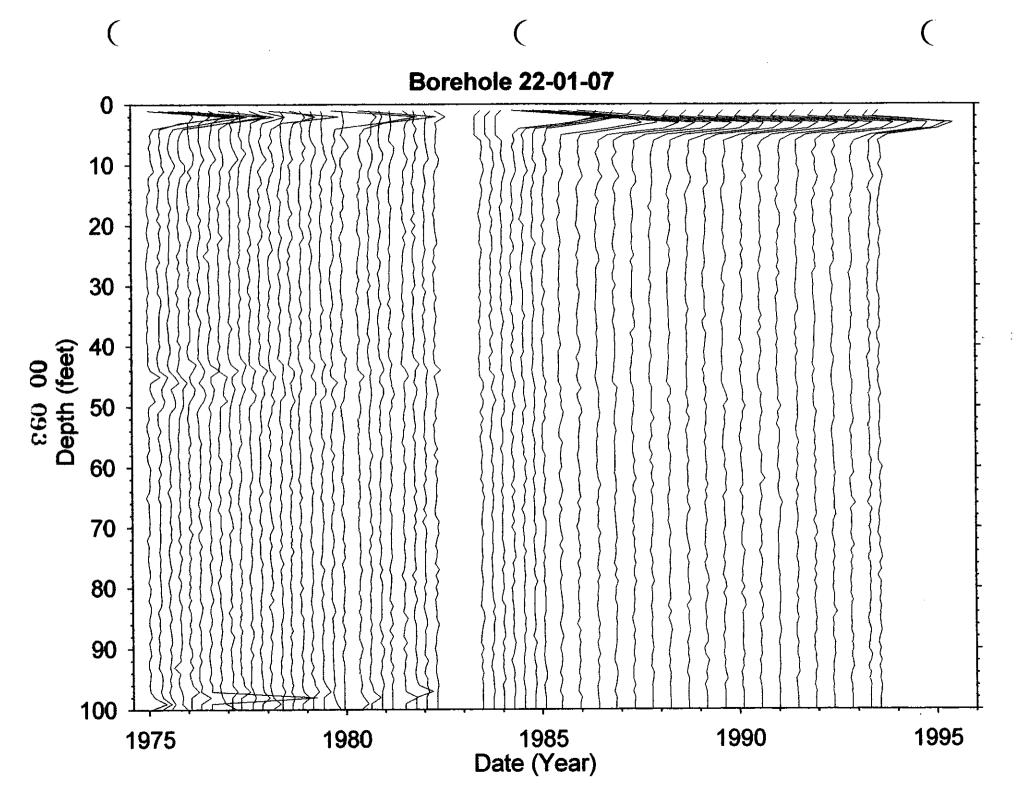
Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/9/1975
Last Survey Date:	10/4/1993
Number Surveys :	394

Allatysi	is Notes
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified	0-6 Tank farm activity
in Gross Gamma Surveys:	6-15 & 40-55 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randali
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific







Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 15-25 feet is Stable Contamination (Cs-137 & Co-60) from 25-44 feet is Stable

Grade thickness product from 0 to 10 feet is intermittently changing from 1975 to 1987 which is indicative of tank farm activities such as a transfer line activity. The grade thickness product for this interval is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1987 to 1993.

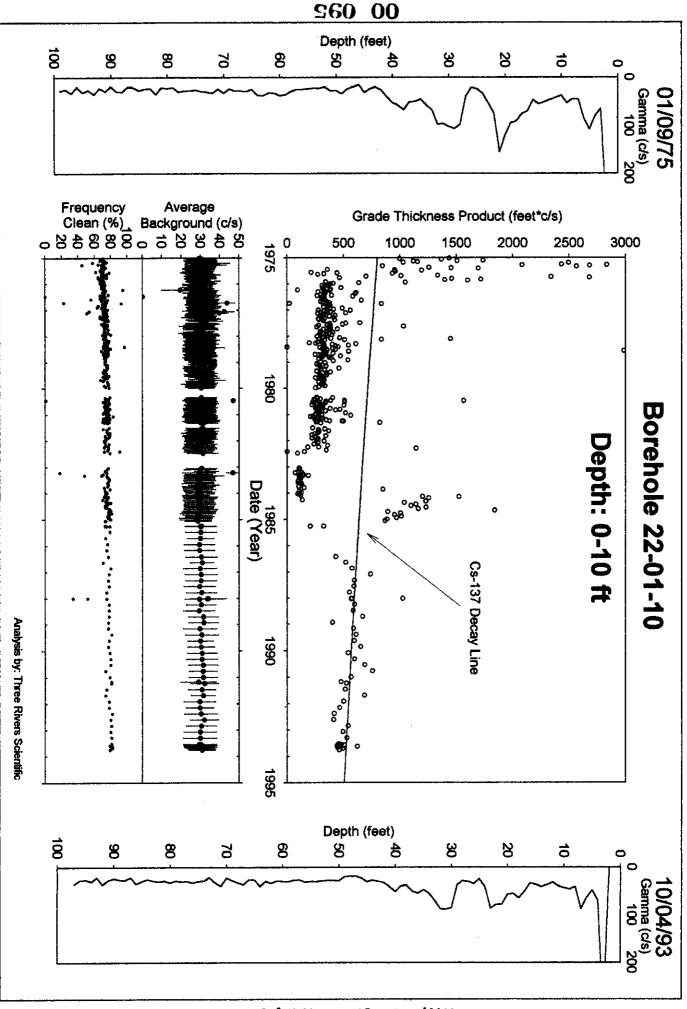
Grade thickness product from 15 to 25 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993.

Grade thickness product from 25 to 44 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) & Co-60 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Co-60 to Cs-137 of 0.03 as of Oct 1993. The very low level of Co-60 is only required to have the grade thickness product follow a consistent trend.

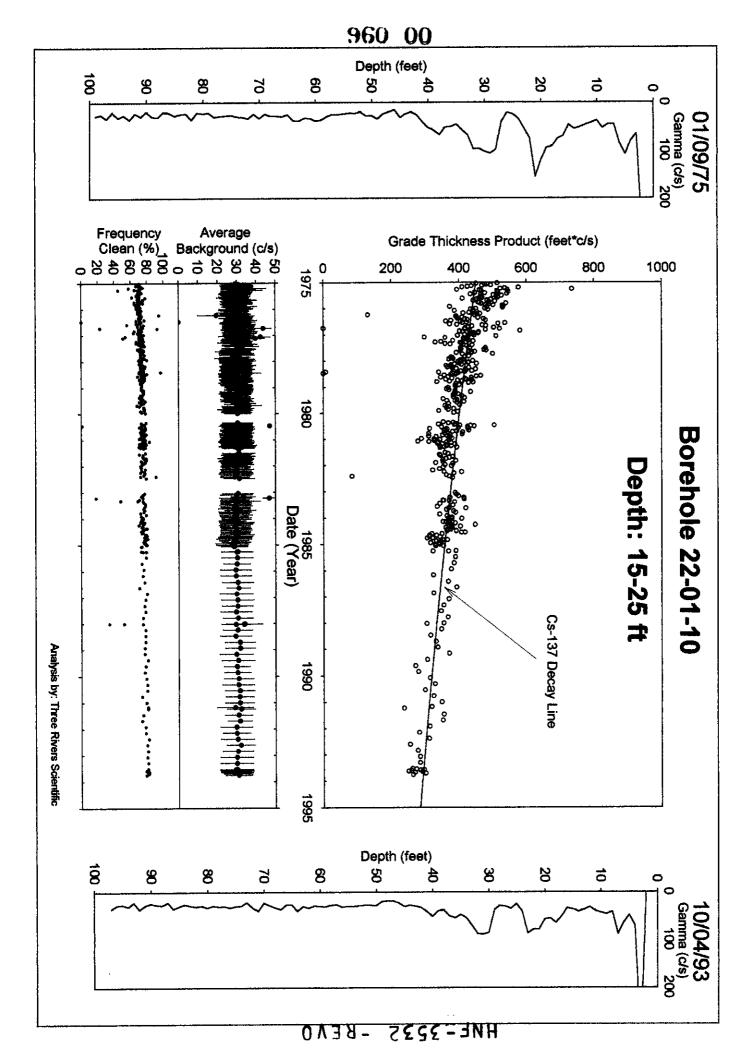
Gross Gamma Survey Information

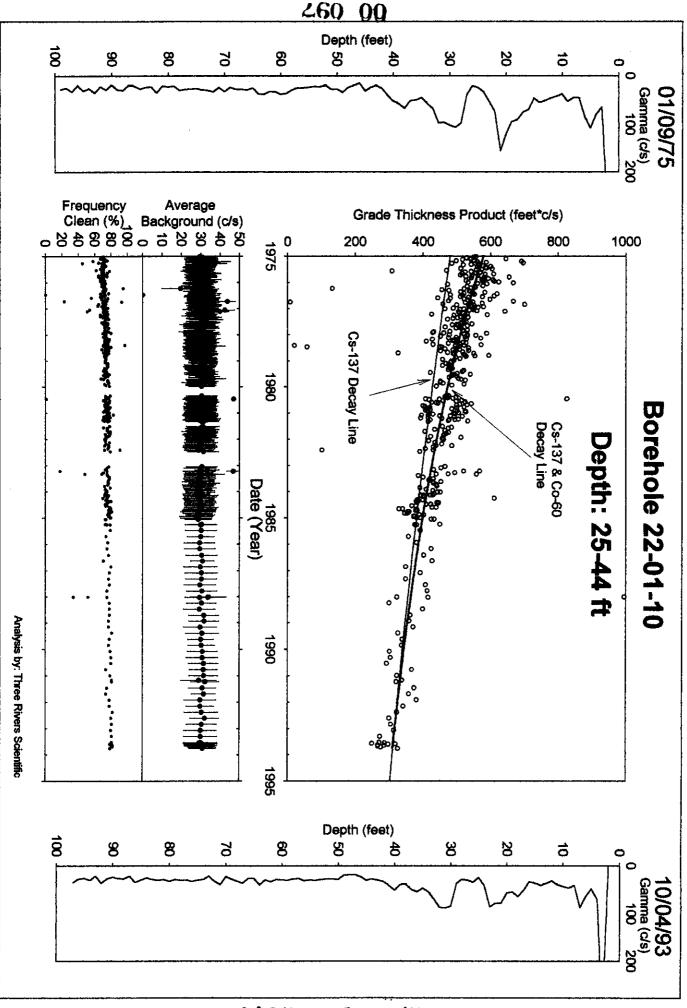
Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/9/1975
Last Survey Date:	10/4/1993
Number Surveys :	419

z kitaly S	19 140162
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys :	0-10 Tank Farm Activity, 15-25 & 25-44 Stable,
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



HNE-3225 - BEAO





HNE=3225 -BEAO

	3%	Dry	/ Well Su	rvey Anal	ysis - Notes
	22-01-		Total # Sur	veys 408	Probe Type <u>04</u> # GR Surveys <u>Hol</u>
Log Date:	1-16-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	10-4-93	urveys _ 2 Last	Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1 & Last)
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# Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole _	22-01-	03	Total # Surve			
Log Date:	1-11-76	1 st	# neutron sur		# GR Surveys 325 Presentation Plot Dates	
Log Date: 1-1/-79 1st  Contamination Zone Depth(s): 0-  Isotope from Spectral Survey: 6						
Contamina	tion Zone De	pth(s):	-10		/ D. A. 100	
Isotope tro	m Spectral Su	irvey: <u>(6</u>	LOW RACIO	Ala sing	Max Survey Depth 100	
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			3	0-60	Co from Hi Zones
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				·	
				BackGnd.Tx	t
irvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples		BackGnd.Tx Avg.Bkg	t Comment
urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			في التعرب المستقد التعرب المساكن الإنسان المسرا في التعرب المساول المساول المستقد المستقد المساكر
urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			في التعرب المستقد التعرب المساكن الإنسان المسرا في التعرب المساول المساول المستقد المستقد المساكر
urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			فكالمناب كالمتاب والتناب والمساكن والمسرز مسيانتهم منصير المسينة بسامه والمستحددة والمسام
irvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			في التحريب المستقد التحريب المساكن والمسرا مسيالة بم منهير النسرة بمساكم والمستقدمة والمساكم والمساكم
rvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			في التحريب المستقد التحريب المساكن والمسرا مسيالة بم منهير النسرة بمساكم والمستقدمة والمساكم والمساكم
irvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples			فكالمناب كالمتاب والتناب والمساكن والمسرز مسيانتهم منصير المسينة بسامه والمستحددة والمسام
urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean		Comment
			Feq.Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
			Feq.Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
			Feq.Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
			Feq.Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment
			Feq.Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment

filein := "two30-60.txt" Well 21-01-04

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1}$$

$$yr := A^{<1}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6}$  max :=  $A^{<4}$ 

N := last(yr) N = 391 i := 0...N k := 0...300 j := 0...299

τeu := 2.77

Cs variables are Co-60

τco := 5.27 τcs := 5.27 aco := 00

Eu variables are

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$$

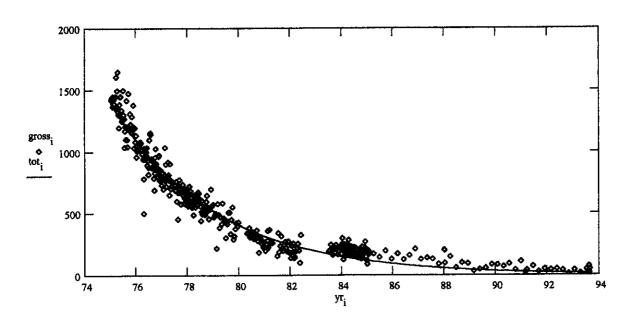
$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{m(2)}{tco}$$

$$(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\text{teu}}$$
Eu. := aeu·e

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tos}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tou}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} = Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$\alpha eu = 1.384 \cdot 10^3$$

$$Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tes}}$$

$$Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu}}$$

$$tot_{i} := Cs_{i} + Eu_{i}$$

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 0.017$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_M} = 6.287$$

# Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

	22-01-C 1-9-75		Total # Surv # neutron su \(\(\sigma\) - \(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{9}{2}\)	veys <u>396</u> urveys <u>2</u> Last	Probe Type <u>04</u> # GR Surveys <u>294</u> Presentation Plot Dates
Contaminat	ion Zone De	enth(s):	Row Butter	suf co	(If different from 1" & Last)  Yesin . [ax 45-50 Max Survey Depth 160
				GAPS.Txt	,
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
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L	11		<del></del>	<del></del>	
				HI-ZONES.7	C×t
Survey Date	Reason Selecti	ed num. Sample		III-ZONES, I	· Xt
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		<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	
				D. 10. 10	
Survey Date R	asson Salacted	num, Samples		BackGnd, Tx Avg. Bkg	Comment
Survey Date 1	ceson Sciected	num, Samples	req.Clean	AVS.OKS	Colument
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		<del></del>			
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4.7 ***			A	nalysis Note	§
<i>70-6</i>	O on gar	132		<del></del>	
	m alac	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4/-50
	Red at	711-20	340-6	O DA	have linear drap?
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<del></del>		<del></del>		· <del></del>	
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	BY	Dry	Well Su	rvey Anal	ysis - Notes
	1-9-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	Total # Sur # neutron si 10-4-93	veys <u>42 /</u> urveys <u>2</u> Last	Probe Type <u>04</u> # GR Surveys <u>419</u> Presentation Plot Dates
Contamin	ation Zone De	pth(s):			(If different from 1" & Last)
Isotope fro	om Spectral St	ırvey:	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	Max Survey Depth 100
Survey Date	num Gane	num. Samples	Comment	GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	Hairi, Caps	num. Samples	Comment		
				HI-ZONES.	Tvt
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	s Comment		
	<del>                                     </del>		Look	s like.	no depth ships required
<del></del>	<del></del>			<del></del>	
			<del> </del>		
				David Carl To	
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num, Samples	Feq.Clean	BackGnd,Tx	Comment
·					
				<u> </u>	
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			<del>                                     </del>		
}			<u></u>	<u> </u>	
	·			Analysis Note	S
0-	-10	15-25	<u>25</u>	44	non knowd on digeth? or real?
					nger knowd on dyplo in real-
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inaliyet Name	. Kuna	Mindel		9/W v	er TF681155 2 2-

## HNF-3532 - REVO

filein := "two.txt"

### Well 21-01-10

A := READPRN(filein)

$$net := A^{<7}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr) N = 407 i := 0...N k := 0...300 j := 0...299

$$N = 407$$

 $\tau eu := 5.27$ 

$$\tau_{co} := 5.27$$
  $\tau_{cs} := 30.17$ 

Eu variables are Co-60 aeu := 116

Cs variables are U238

$$-(yr_i - 75) \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$

$$Cs_i := acs \cdot e$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$

$$Eu_i := aeu \cdot e$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \frac{\ln(2)}{\cot} \cdot 1$$

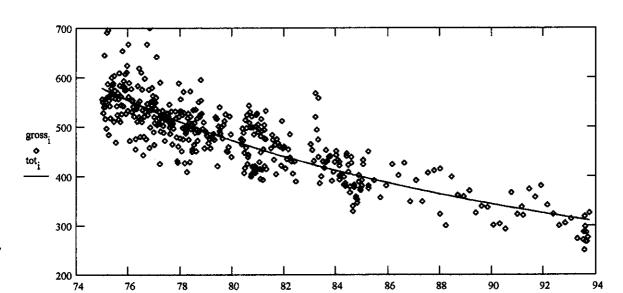
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\text{teu}}$$
Eu. := aeu·e

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

$$gross_i := net_i$$

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau_{CS}}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau_{CU}}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$\alpha cs = 463$$
 Cs-137

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{cs}}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75)$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$$

$$\frac{acs}{a} \approx 3.991$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 0.033$$

#### **Borehole 22-02-01**

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 10-20 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 40-53 feet is Stable Contamination (Ru-106) from 55-75 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60 & Ru-106) from 80-96 feet is Stable

Grade thickness product, Cs-137 (HPGe identified), from 0 to 10 and 10 to 20 feet is erratic, indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations. The grade thickness product appears stable from 1986 to 1993 for 0-10 feet and stable from 1984 to 1993 for 10-20 feet. Grade thickness product from 40 to 53 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993. (Special note the possibility of Co-60 at very low levels may account for the very slight deviation from 1975 to 1983.

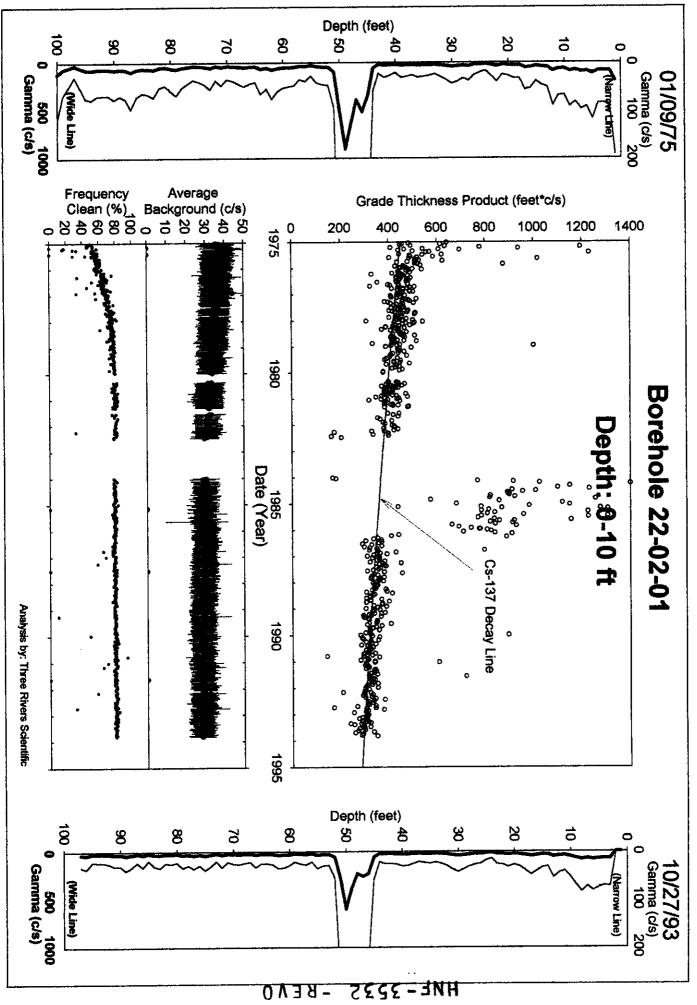
Grade thickness product from 55 to 75 feet is decreasing consistent with Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993, but at very low levels.

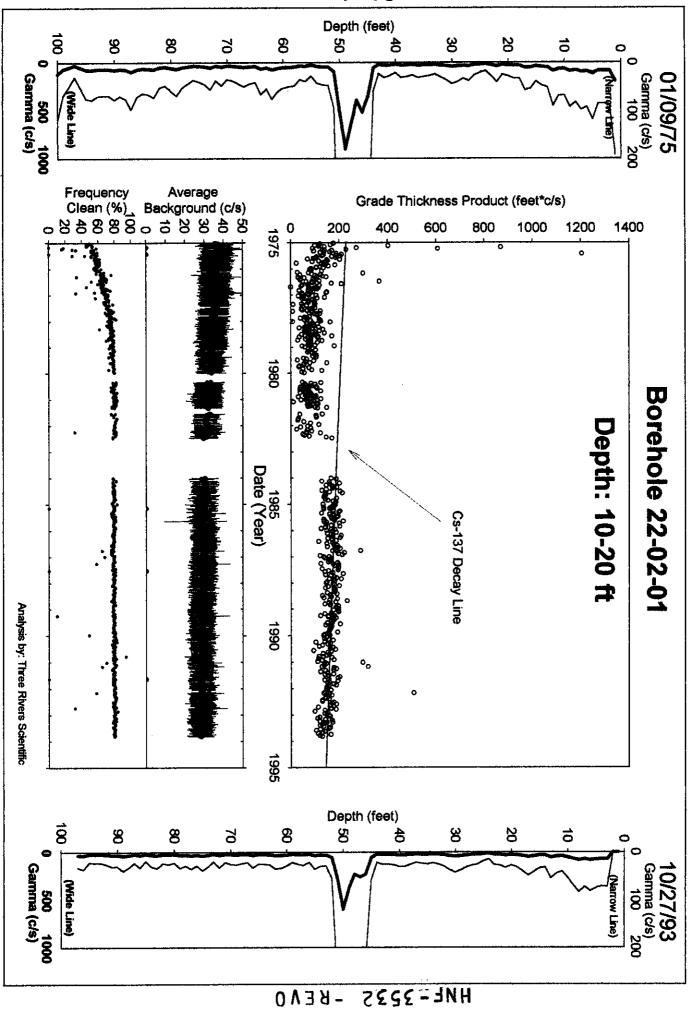
Grade thickness product from 80 to 96 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Co-60 (HPGe identified) and Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Ru-106 to Co-60 of 2.18 as of Jan 1975.

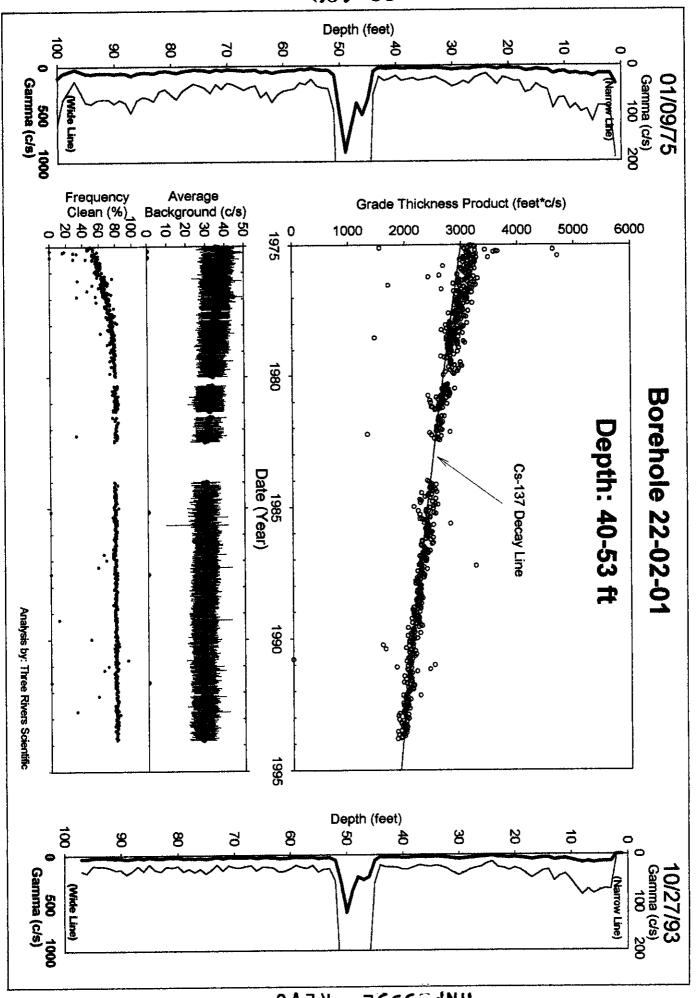
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/9/1975
Last Survey Date :	10/27/1993
Number Surveys :	593

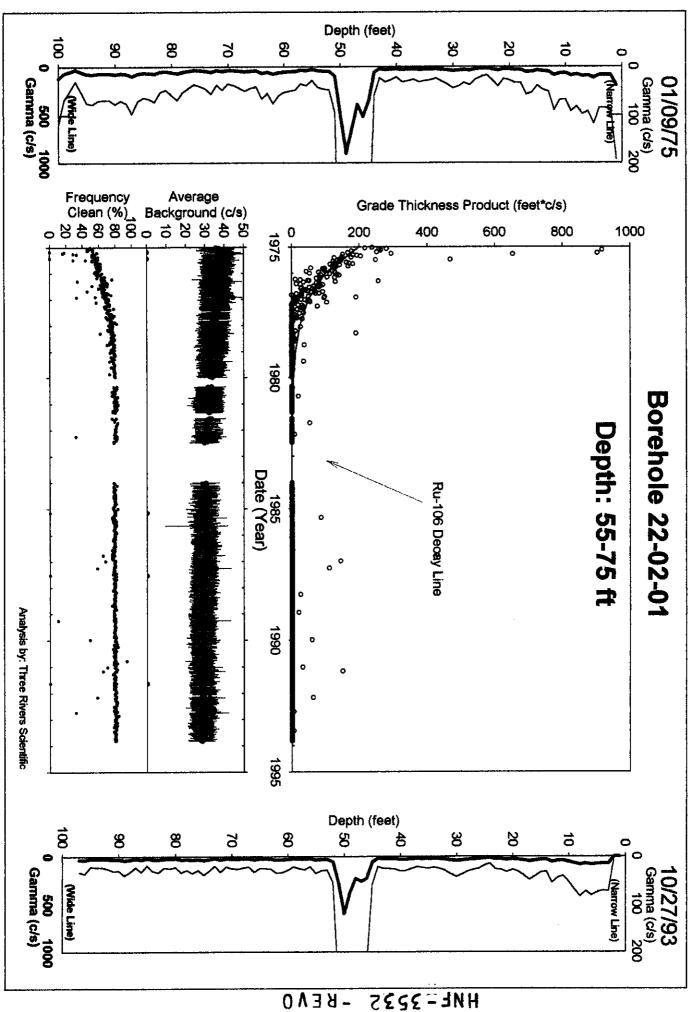
	21, 22, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 & 10-20 Tank Farm Activity 40-53, 55-75, & 80-96 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific

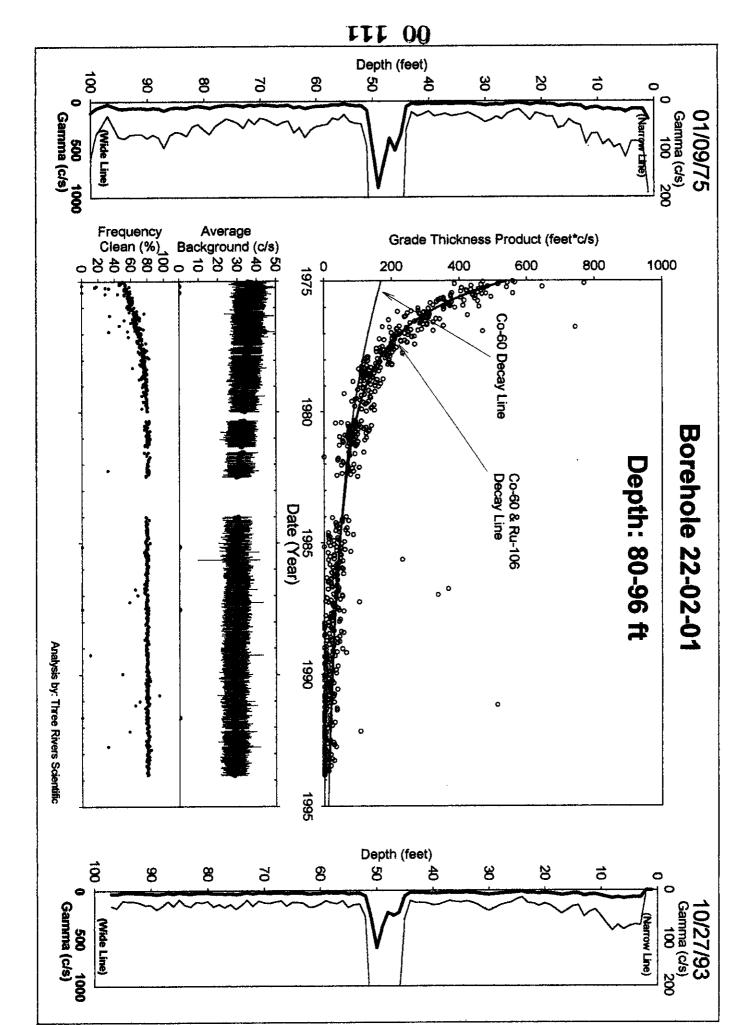




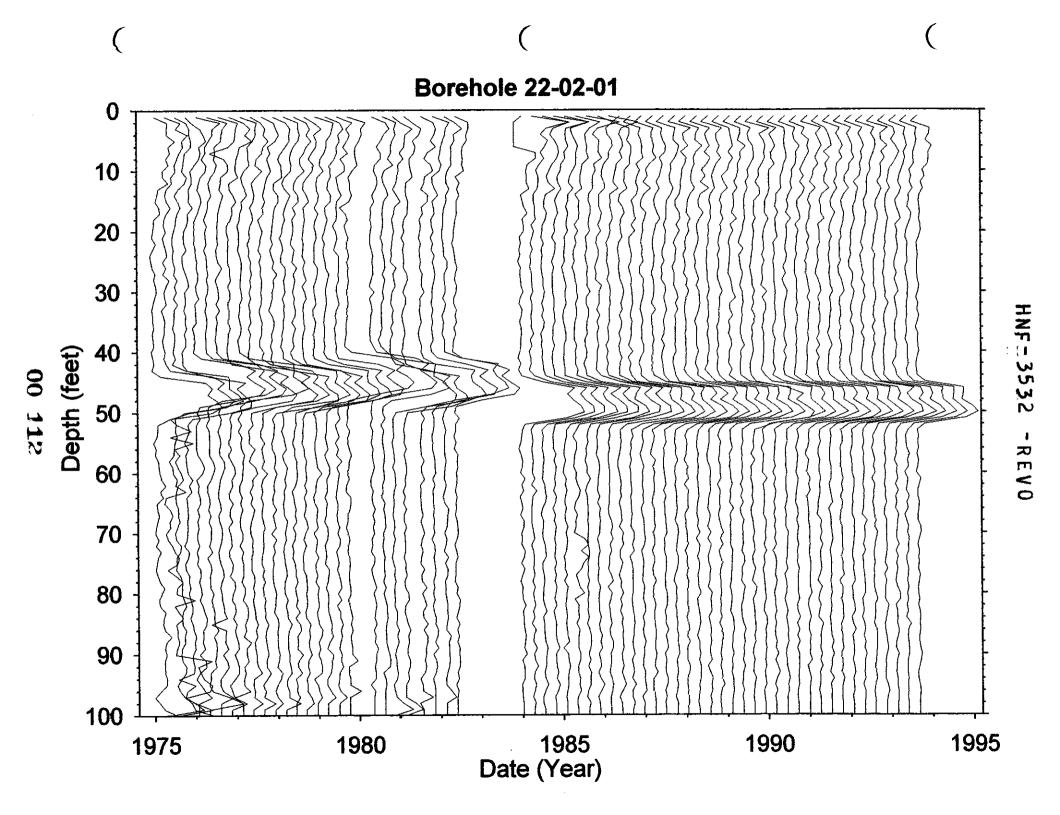


HNE=3235 -BEAO





HNE-3225 - BEAO



# Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-6 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 6-18 feet is Stable

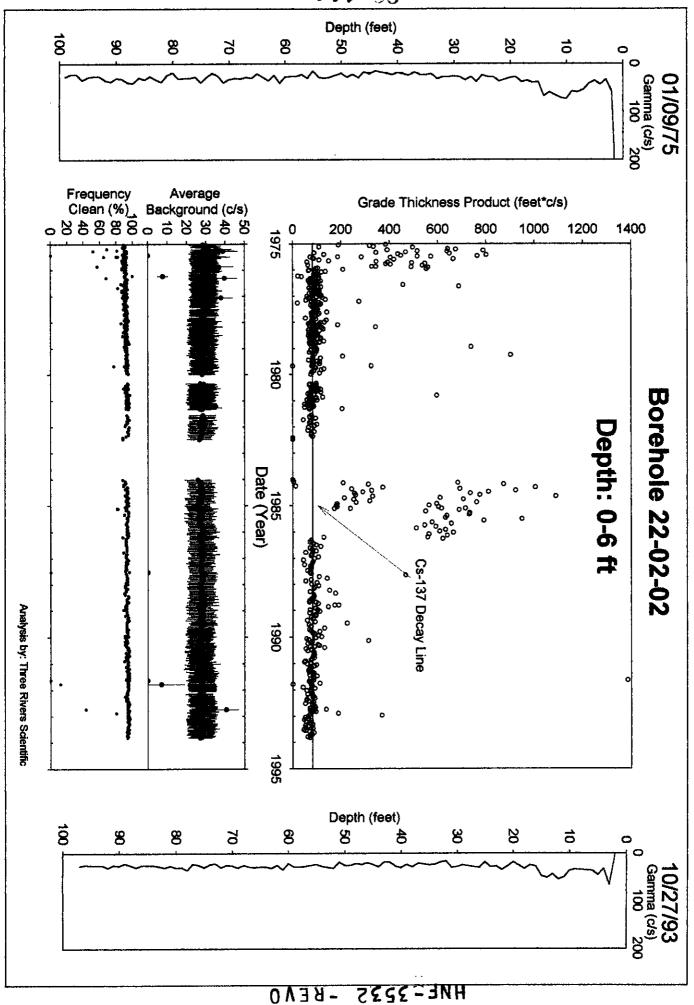
Grade thickness product from 0 to 6 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

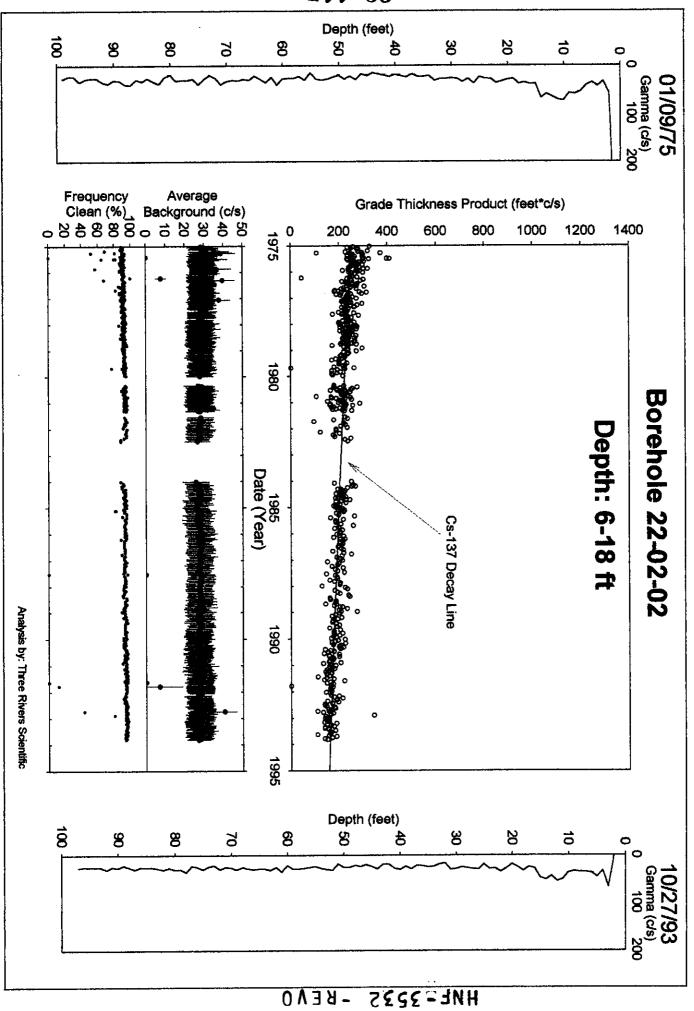
Grade thickness product from 6 to 18 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

iivey intermation
04: NaI
03: Neutron
100 ft
100 ft
1/9/1975
10/27/1993
540

Zilalysi	3 110163
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-6 Tank Farm Activity 6-18 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific





### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity

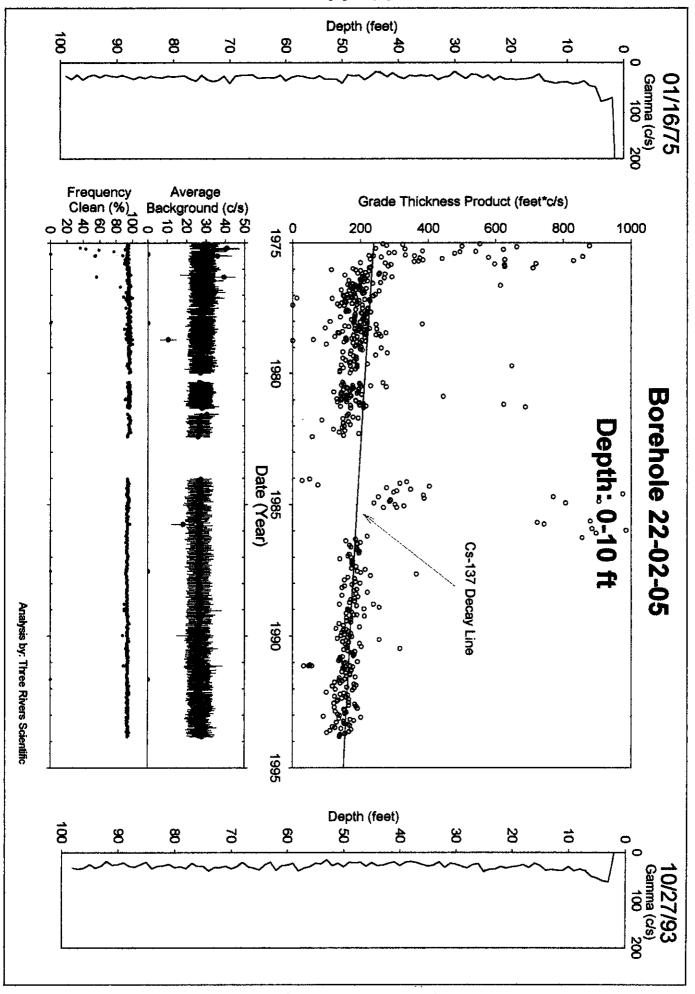
Grade thickness product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

Grade thickness product from 0 to 10 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1986 to 1993.

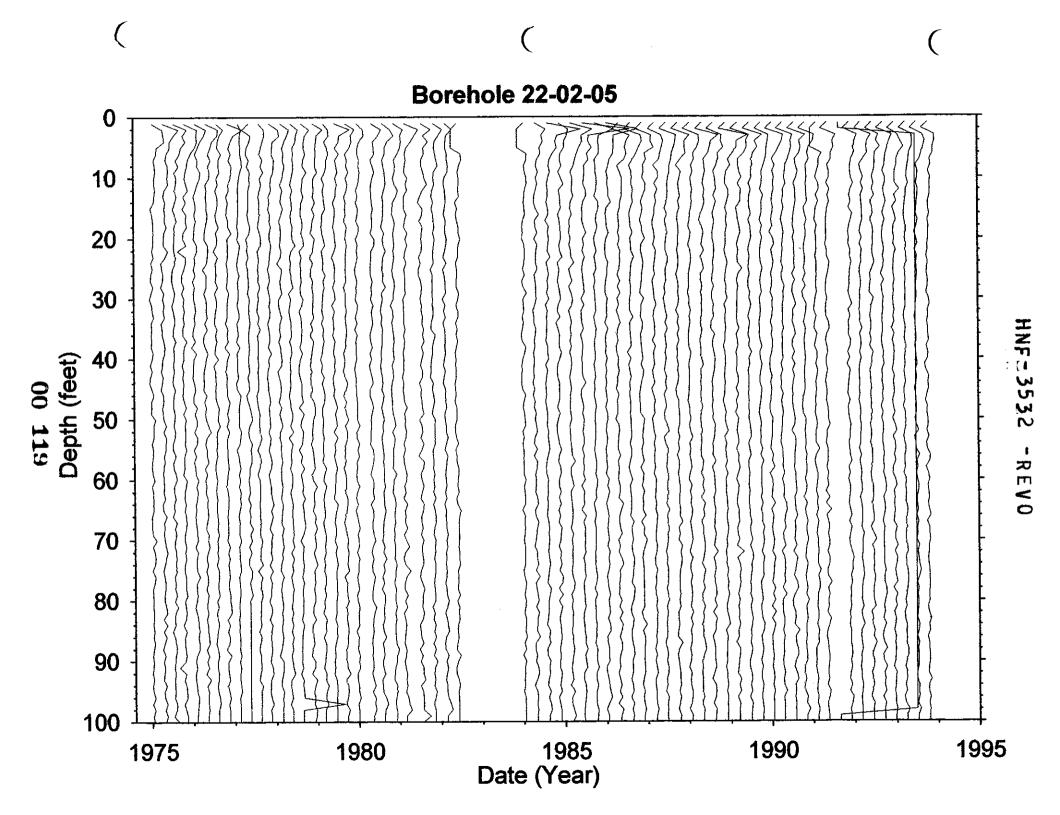
Gross Gamma Survey Information

Oldo Callina Call ( ) Illustration						
04: NaI						
02: Red GM, 03: Neutron						
100 ft						
100 ft						
1/16/1975						
10/27/1993						
545						

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 Tank Farm Activity
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



HNE=3235 -BEAO



### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity

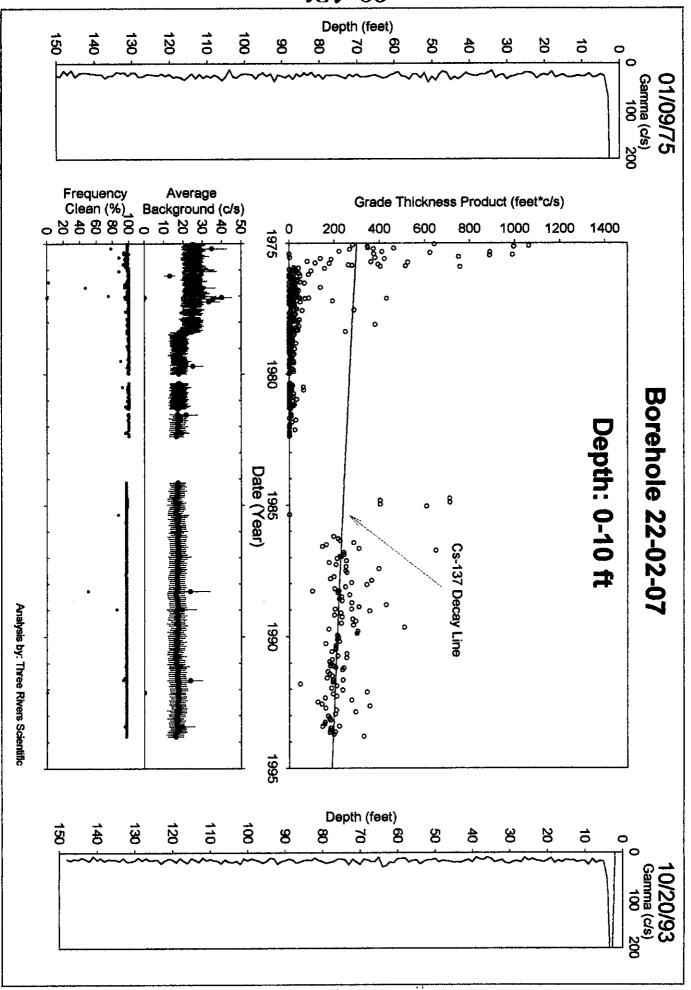
Grade thickness product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

Grade thickness product from 0 to 10 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (hypothesis, no HPGe data) from 1986 to 1993. Special note, the average background changed consistently after May 25, 1978.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

01003 Califfic Dai VO Information					
04: NaI					
03: Neutron					
150 ft					
150 ft					
1/9/1975					
10/20/1993					
452					

2 1101 / 51	3 Notes
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<=0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 Tank Farm Activity
Analyst Name :  Company Name :	R.R. Randall Three Rivers Scientific



HNE=3225 -BEAO

Page 1 of 2

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity
Contamination (Sb-125) from 20-26 feet is Stable
Contamination (Sb-125 & Ru-106) from 26-34 feet is Stable
Contamination (Sb-125 & Ru-106) from 34-44 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60 & Cs-137 & Ru-106) from 44-52 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60) from 55-65 feet is Undetermined

Grade thickness product, Cs-137 (HPGe identified), from 0 to 10 feet is erratic, indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations. The grade thickness product appears stable from 1986 to 1993 for 0-10 feet.

Grade thickness product from 20 to 26 feet is decreasing consistent with Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993.

Grade thickness product from 26 to 34 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Ru-106 to Sb-125 of 5.34 as of Jan 1975. Note, Cs-137 HPGe identified, but at low enough levels to not register above threshold.

Grade thickness product from 34 to 44 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Ru-106 to Sb-125 of 0.19 as of Jan 1975. Note, Cs-137 HPGe identified, but at low enough levels to not register above threshold.

Grade thickness product from 44 to 52 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Ru-106 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (HPGe identified) and Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Ru-106:Co-60:Cs-137 of 1780:613:106 as of Jan 1975.

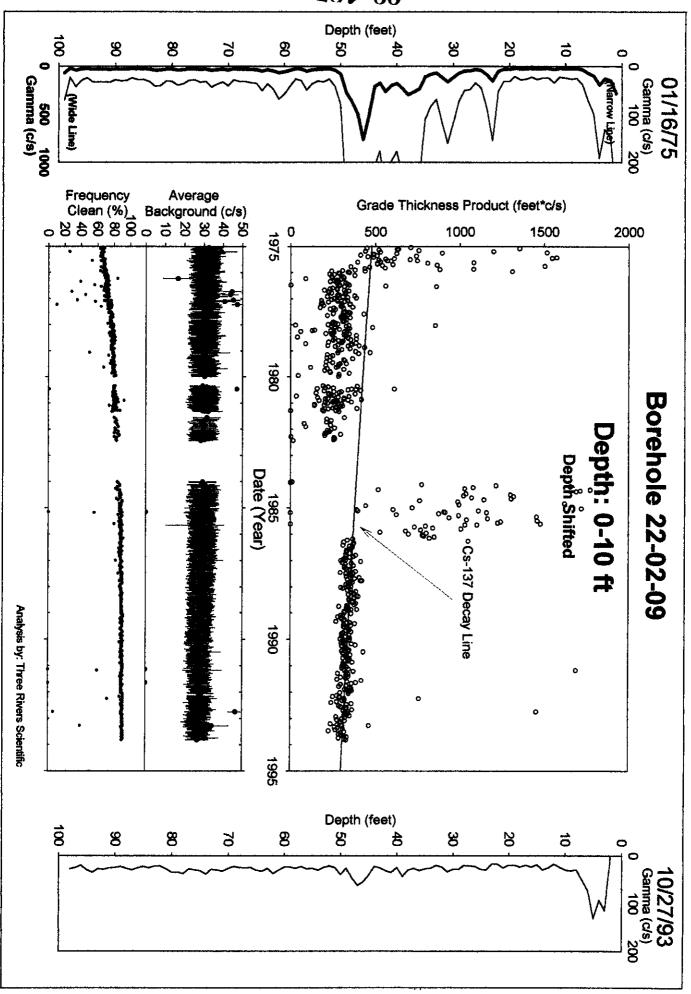
Grade thickness product from 55 to 65 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993, but at very low levels. There may be some indication of Ru-106 at low levels very early (1975-1976), but such a short time cannot be used to differentiate stable from a hypothesis fit.

Page 2 of 2

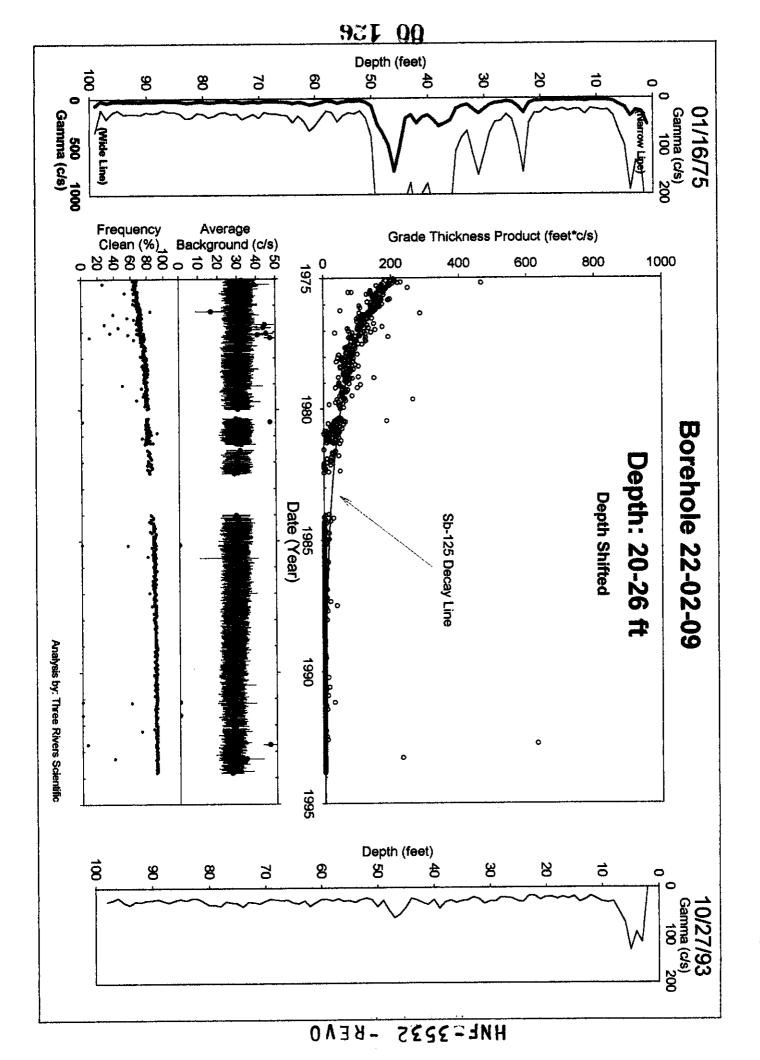
Gross Gamma Survey Information

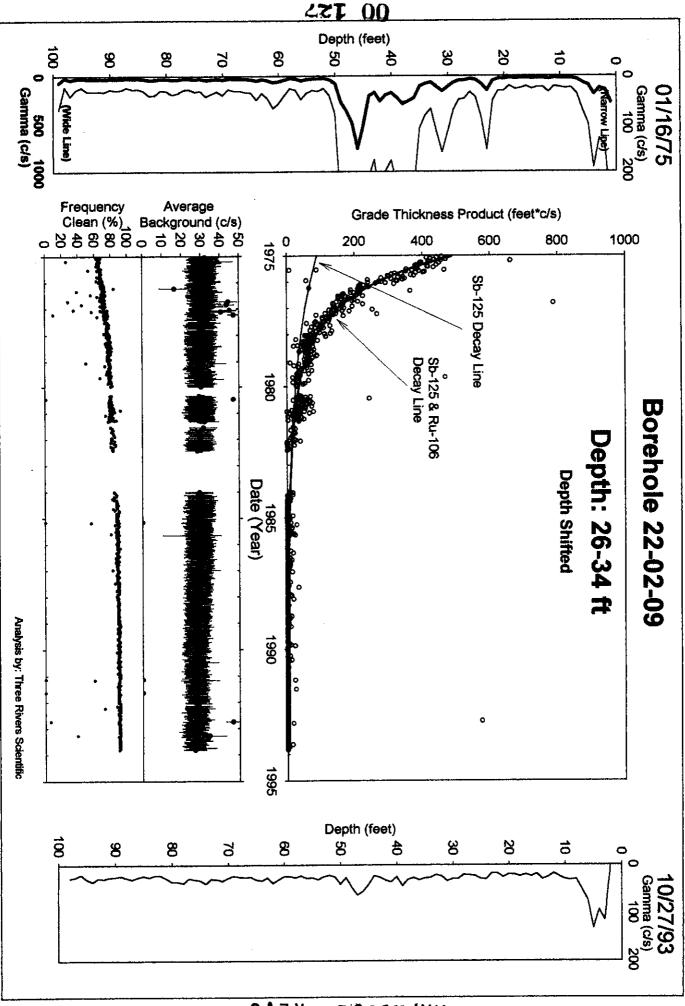
04: NaI
03: Neutron
100 ft
100 ft
1/16/1975
10/27/1993
607

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 Tank Farm Activity, 20-26, 26-34, 34-44, & 44-52 Stable, 55-65 Undetermined
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific

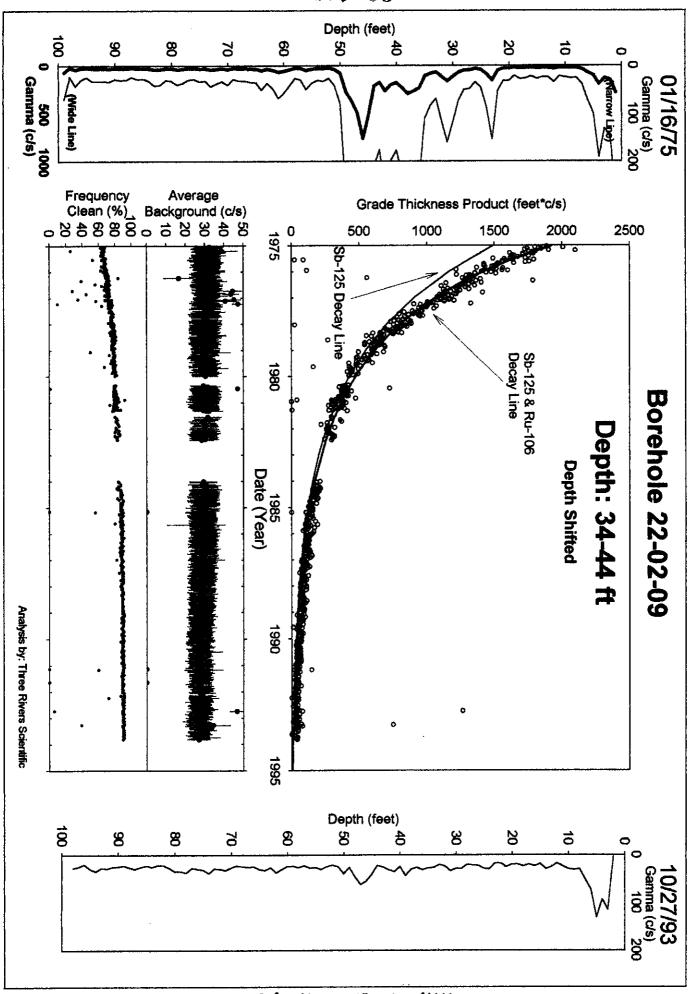


HNE=3225 - BEAO

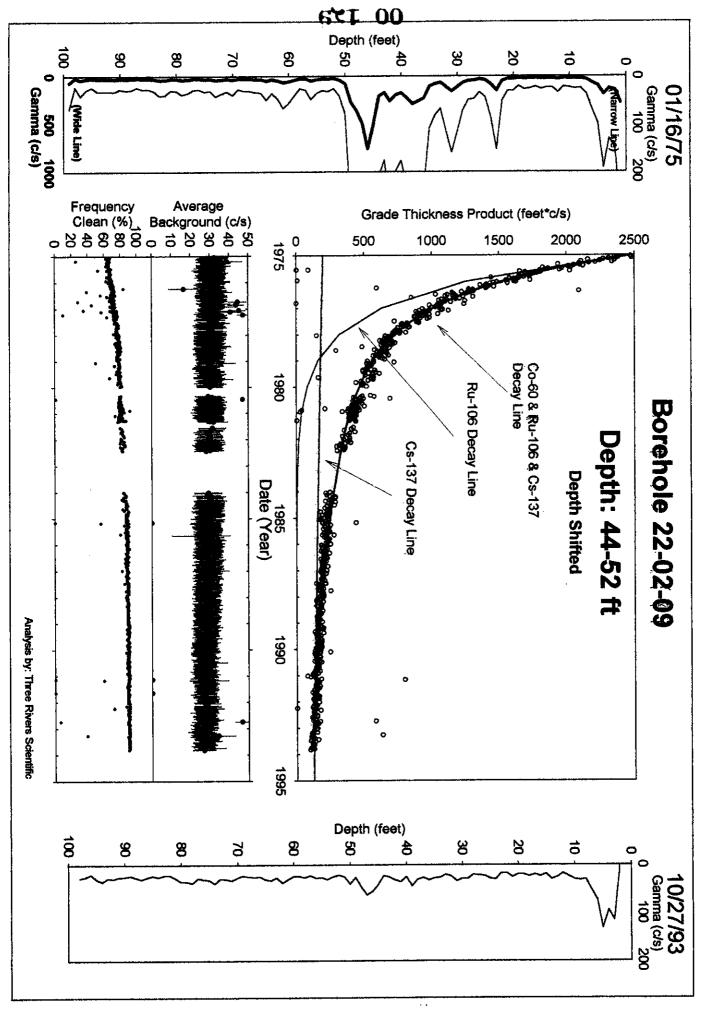




HNE-3235 -BEAO

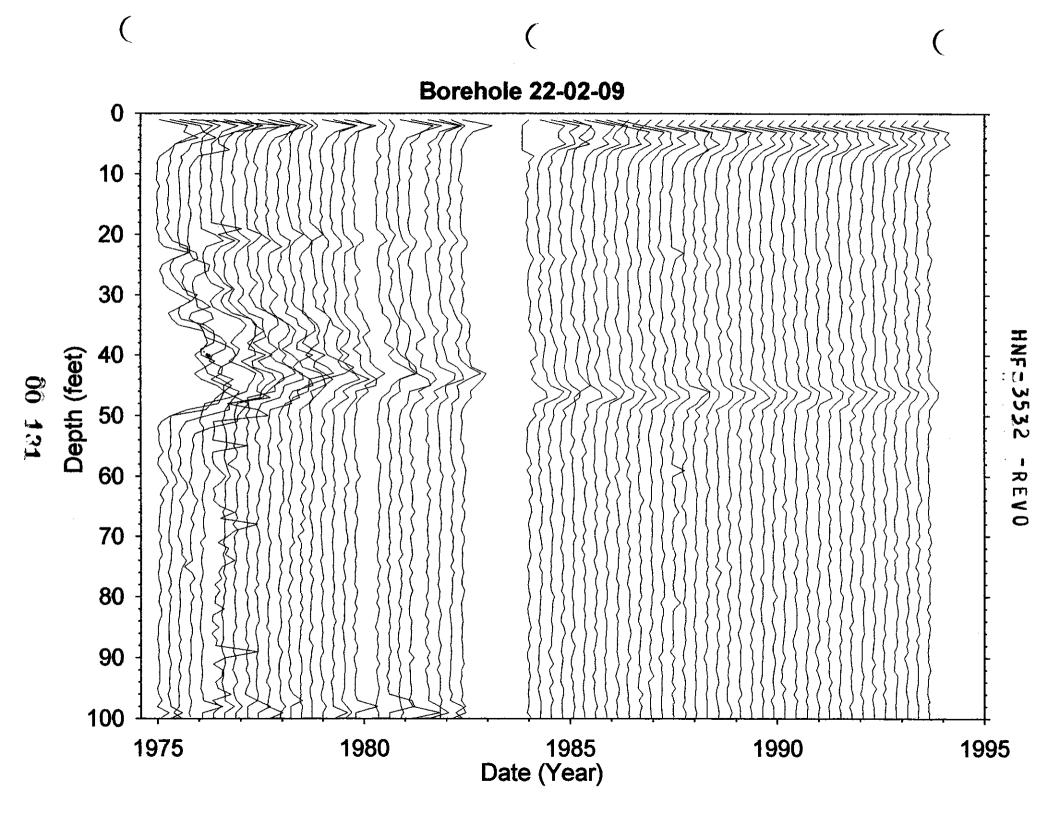


HNE=3225 -BEAO



HNF-3532 -REVO

HNE-3235 -BEAO



	BY	Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	vsis - Notes
	22-02. 1-9-75	- <u>b/</u>	Total # Surv # neutron su \[ \langle \frac{17-9}{27-9} \]	veys <u>602</u> irveys <u>9</u> 13 Last	Probe Type 04 # GR Surveys 593 Presentation Plot Dates
Contamina	tion Zone De	enth(s):			(If different from 1" & Last)
Isotope from	m Spectral Si	urvey:	* coday	of low	Max Survey Depth 10
				GAPS.Txt	·
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
			······································		
		<u>-</u>		HI-ZONES.T	`xt
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	es Comment	<u> </u>	
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				D1-C1 T	
urvey Date	Reason Selecte	d num. Sample:	Feg.Clean	BackGnd, Tx Avg.Bkg	Comment
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			<del> </del>		
			A	Analysis Note	s
0	-10 1	0-20	40-		80-96
			<u></u>		Co + Ru
_ <del></del>		<u></u>			35-75 3K11
	·				
······					
		··	* **		
		Rend	1	<del>,                                    </del>	ver TF6805 2:2

filein := "two.txt"

#### Well 21-02-01

A := READPRN(filein) 80-96 feet

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$N = 515$$

$$N := last(yr)$$
  $N = 515$   $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

$$\tau eu := 1$$

 $\tau co := 5.27$ 

$$\tau_{\rm CS} := 5.27$$

$$\tau cs := 5.27$$

$$acs := 172$$

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tcs}$$

$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tco}$$

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{CO}}$$

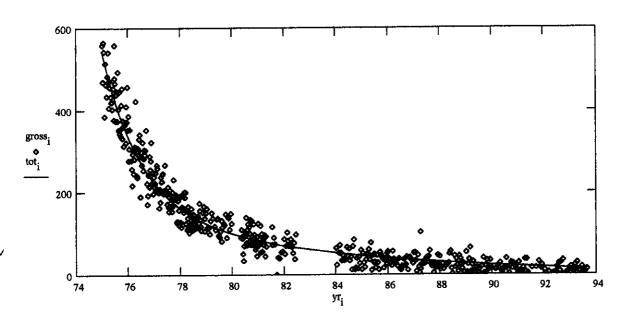
$$-\left(y_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\text{teu}}$$
Eu: = aeu·e

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$$

Cs variables are Co-60

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tos}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$\alpha cs = 172.836$$

Co-60

$$\mathbf{Cs_i} := \alpha \mathbf{cs \cdot e} - (\mathbf{yr_i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau \mathbf{cs}}$$

$$\mathbf{Eu_i} := \alpha \mathbf{eu \cdot e} - (\mathbf{yr_i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau \mathbf{eu}}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \frac{m}{v}$$
Eq. :=  $\alpha eu \cdot e$ 

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$$

$$\frac{\alpha \cos}{\alpha e u} = 0.46$$

$$out^{<0>} := vr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 6.068 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

	BY	Dry	Well Su	rvey Anal	ysis - Notes
Borehole _	22-02-	02	Total # Sur	veys <u>545</u> urveys <u>5</u>	Probe Type D4
Log Date:	1-9-79	1 <sup>st</sup>	# neutron si	urveys <u>5</u> Last	# GR Surveys 540 Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1 & Last)
Contamina Isotope fro	ntion Zone De m Spectral Si	epth(s):	W. surl	sec	
			7	GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
<u> </u>	<u></u>	<del></del>			
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	Comment	HI-ZONES.	Txt
Survey Suic	reason select	ed hum. Sample		ha & R	shallow Cg 7-18 Lt
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	BY	Dry	Well Surv	vey Analy	/sis - Notes
Borehole _	22-02-	05	Total # Surve	ys 549	Probe Type 04 02 # GR Surveys 549
	1-16-75		# neutron sur	veys 3_	# GR Surveys 545
	-		10-27-93		Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1st & Last)
Contamina	tion Zone De	pth(s): $\frac{\hat{\mathcal{L}}}{\mathcal{O}}$	-10 most O		Non Survey Dooth 1 00
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*136* 

# Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

	: <u>1-9-75</u>		Total # Sur # neutron su 10-20 -93	veys <u>454</u> irveys <u>2</u> Last	Probe Type D4  # GR Surveys 452  Presentation Plot Dates  (If different from 1° & Last)		
Contamir Isotope fr	nation Zone De om Spectral S	epth(s):	-10 to 2009		Max Survey Depth 150		
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# Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

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nalyst Name	Rus	Randa		S/W v	er T FGROSS 2.2			

# HNF = 3532 - REVO Well 21-02-09

filein := "two26-34.txt"

 $yr := A^{<1>}$  net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr)

N = 577 i := 0... N

k := 0..300 j := 0..299

 $\tau eu := 1$ 

τco := 5.27

A := READPRN(filein)

 $\tau_{CS} := 2.77$ 

aco := 00

acs := 82

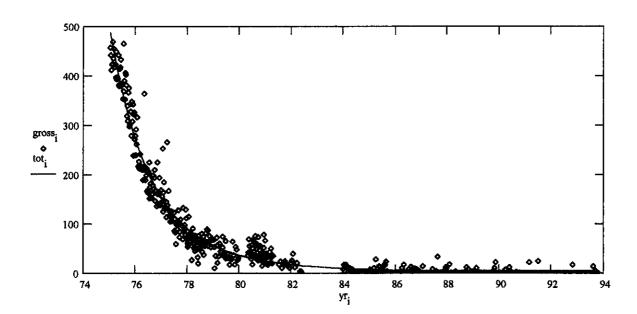
Eu variables are Ru-106 aeu := 419

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

Cs variables are Sb-125

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ aI \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau es}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau eu}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

1=1

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

 $\alpha cs = 79.253$ Sb-125

 $\alpha eu = 423.444$ 

Ru-106

 $Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{rcs}$   $Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{reu}$ 

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{m(2)}{\text{teu}}$$

 $\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 0.187$ 

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop26-34.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 1.279 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

filein := "two34-44.txt" Well 21-02-09

$$net := A^{<7}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 586$$

$$N = 586$$
 i = 0.. N k = 0..3

$$k := 0..300$$
 j := 0..299

$$\tau eu := 1$$

$$\tau co := 5.27$$

$$\tau_{CS} := 2.77$$

$$tco := 5.27$$

$$\tau_{CS} := 2.77$$

$$aco := 00$$

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \frac{\ln(2)}{tes}$$

$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \frac{\ln(2)}{teo}$$

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \frac{\ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{m(2)}{\tau_{co}}$$
Co. := aco:e

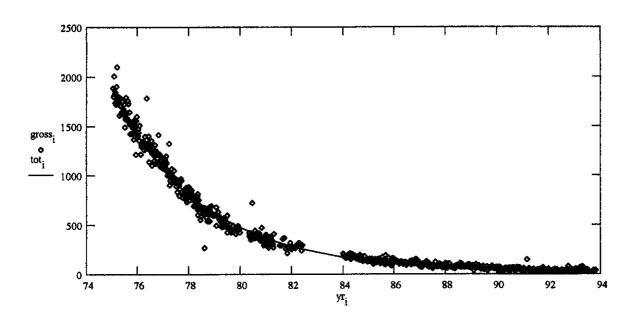
$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu}}$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$$

Cs variables are Sb-125

$$\operatorname{gross}_i := \operatorname{net}_i$$

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tos}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tou}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$\alpha cs = 1.637 \cdot 10^3$$

$$\alpha eu = 311.536$$

Sb-125

$$Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{rcs}} \qquad Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{reu}}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(a)}{\tan a}$$

tot. := 
$$Cs. + En$$
.

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 5.255$$

$$\frac{\text{Eu}_{\text{N}}}{\text{Cs}_{\text{N}}} = 4.556 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

filein := "two44-52.txt" Well 21-02-09

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr)

$$N = 589$$

$$N = 589$$
  $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

$$i = 0..299$$

τeu := 1

 $\tau co := 5.27$   $\tau cs := 30.17$ 

$$tes := 30.17$$

Eu variables are

$$\mathbf{Cs}_{i} := \mathbf{acs \cdot e} \xrightarrow{-\left(y\mathbf{r}_{i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{tcs}}} \qquad \mathbf{Co}_{i} := \mathbf{aco \cdot e} \xrightarrow{-\left(y\mathbf{r}_{i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{tco}}} \qquad \mathbf{Eu}_{i} := \mathbf{aeu \cdot e} \xrightarrow{-\left(y\mathbf{r}_{i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{teu}}} \cdot 1$$

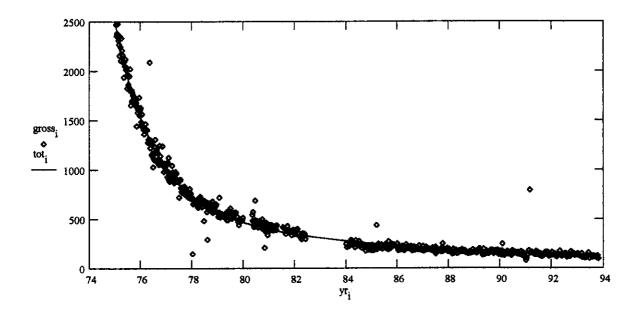
$$Co := aco:e^{-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{in(2)}{tco}}$$

$$= \frac{-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{m(2)}{\text{teu}}}{\text{teu}}$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i + Ct$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1, a3, a2) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tes}} + \left[ a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} + a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teo}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(acs, aeu, aco)=0$$
 1=1

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \\ \alpha co \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu, aco) \\ \alpha cs = 106 \\ Cs-137 \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha eu = 1.78 \cdot 10^3$$

aco = 613

$$Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tes}}$$

$$Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu}}$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teo}}$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teo}}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\text{teu}}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\text{Teo}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 0.06$$

 $\mathsf{tot}_i \coloneqq \mathsf{Cs}_i + \mathsf{Eu}_i + \mathsf{Co}_i$ 

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 5.576 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

Two comp decay44-52.mcd

8/28/98

Page 1

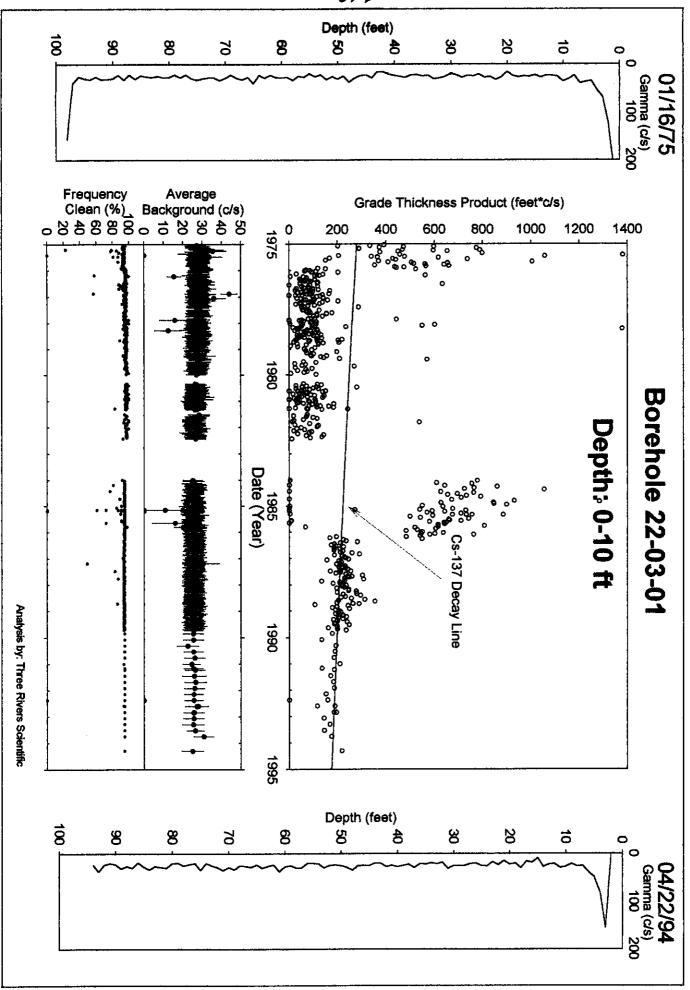
# Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity

Grade thickness product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

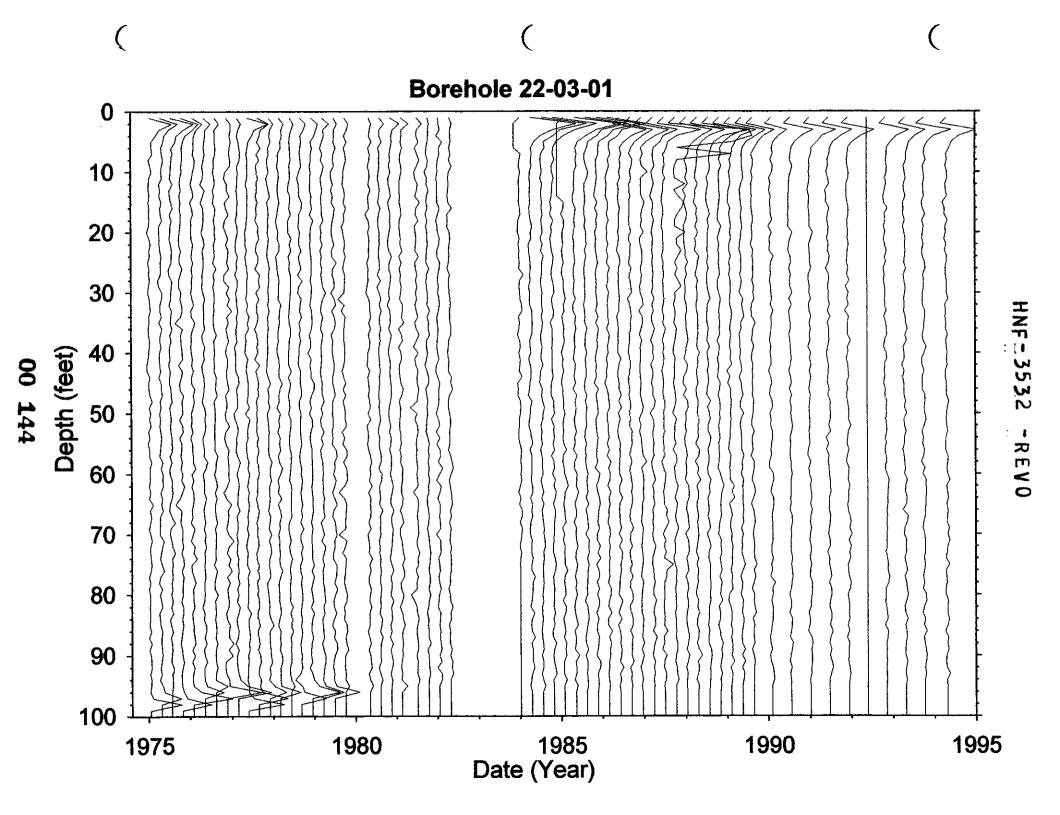
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	02: Red GM, 03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	95 ft
Survey Depth:	95 ft
First Survey Date :	1/16/1975
Last Survey Date:	4/22/1994
Number Surveys :	538

Analysis Notes				
Number Surveys Rejected:	0			
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0			
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>			
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 Tank Farm Activity			
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall			
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific			



HNE-3225 -BEAO



### HNF=3532 -REVO

#### **Borehole 22-03-04**

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 10-30 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Sb-125) from 40-55 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 55-85 feet is Stable

Grade thickness products from 0 to 10 and 10 to 30 feet are erratic, indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

Grade thickness product from 40 to 55 feet is decreasing consistent with Sb-125 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1994. Note that Co-60 is HPGe identified, but at low levels for this interval.

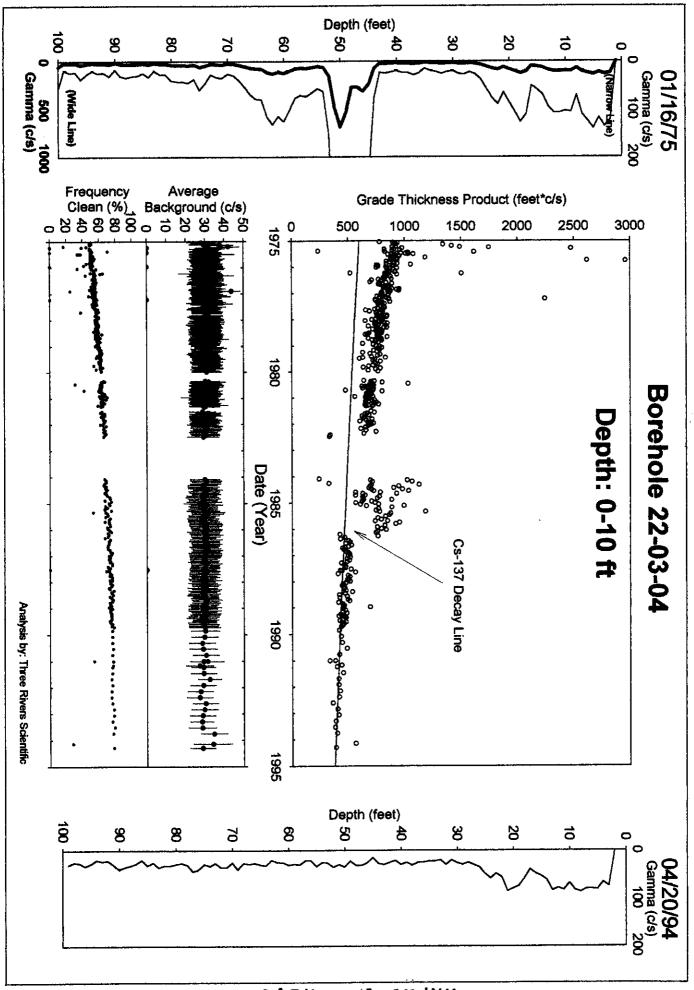
Grade thickness product from 55 to 85 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Co-60 (HPGe identified) and Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1994.

The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Co-60 to Sb-125 of 0.36 as of Jan 1975. Special note, the HPGe did identify Sb-125 at shallower depths than 55-85, but the Sb-125 in 55-85 feet decayed to a level below detection.

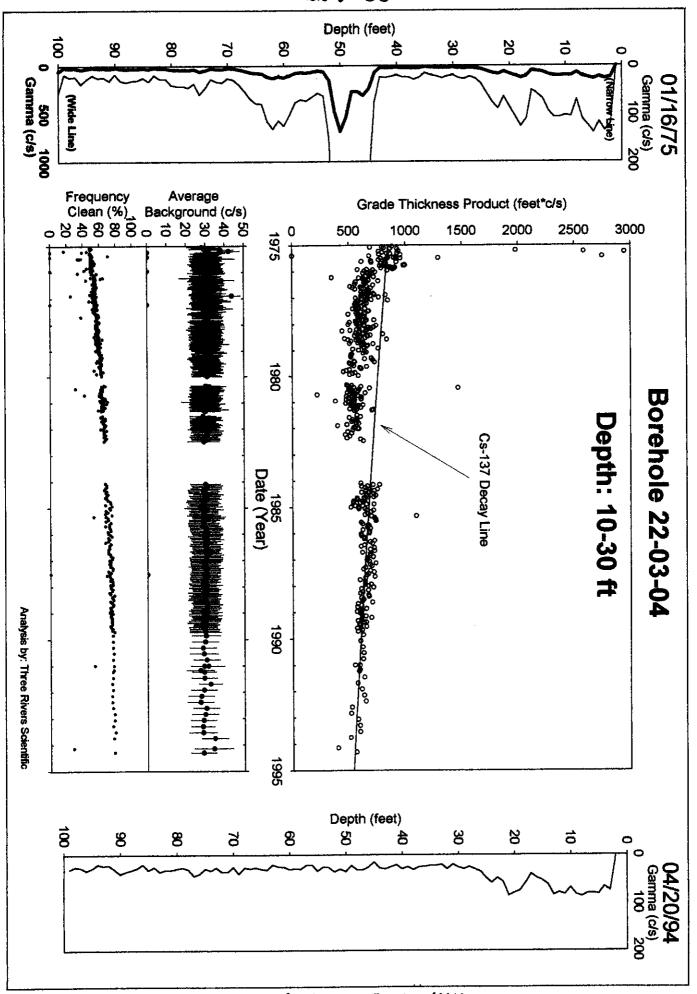
Gross Gamma Survey Information

04: NaI
03: Neutron
100 ft
100 ft
1/16/1975
4/20/1994
457

Allai	ASIS MOTES
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 & 10-30 Tank Farm Activity 40-55 & 55-85 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific

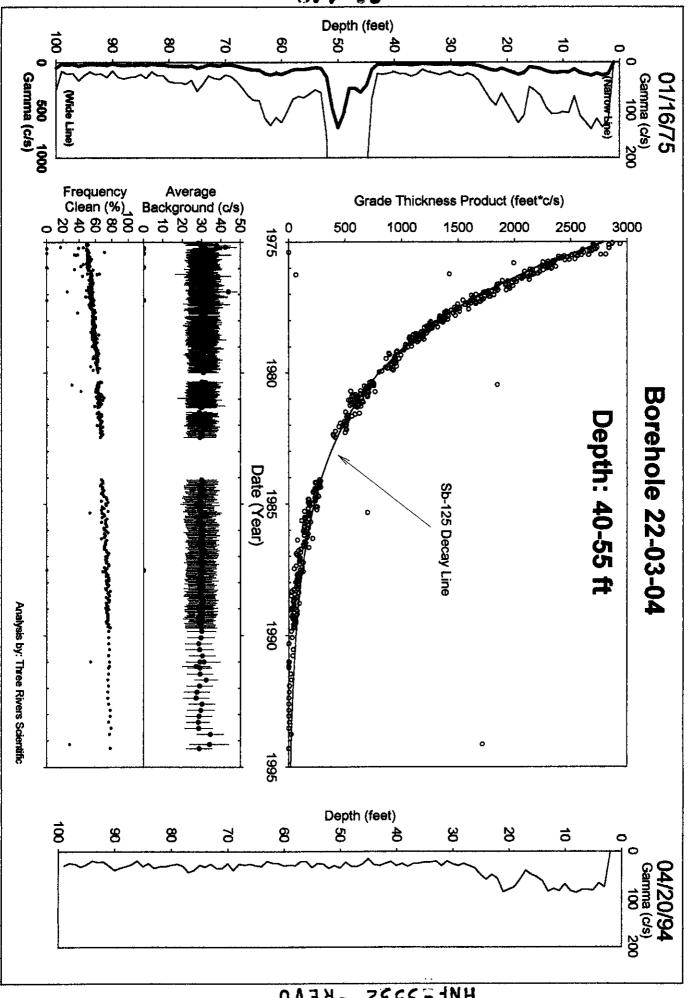


HNE-3235 -BEAO

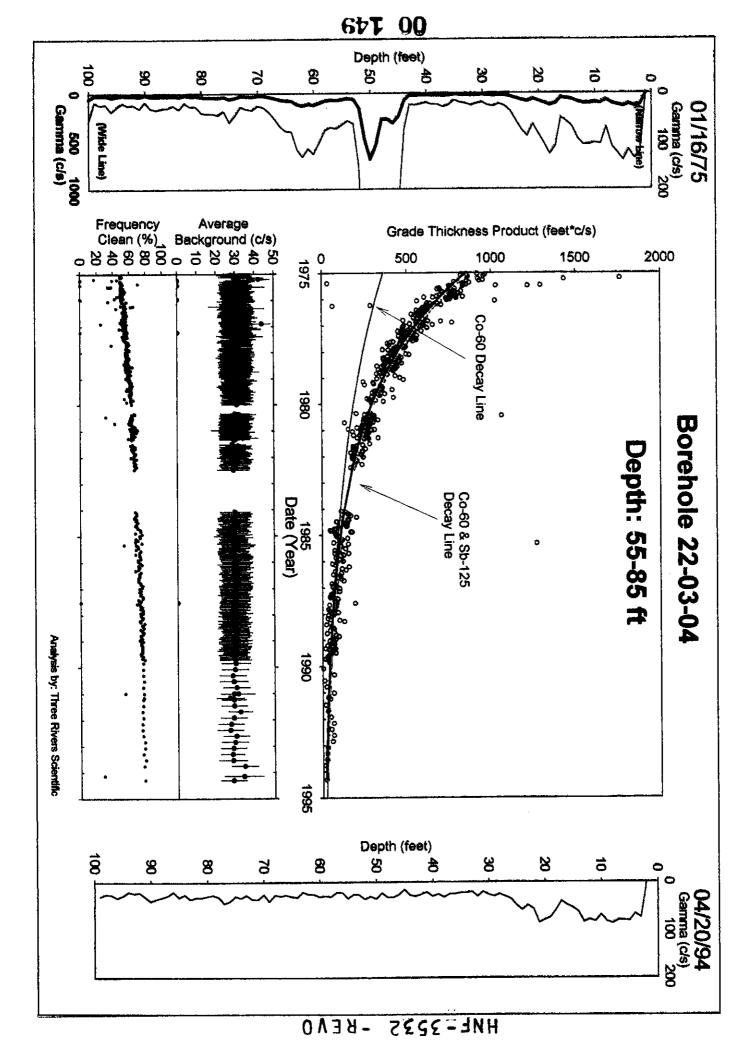


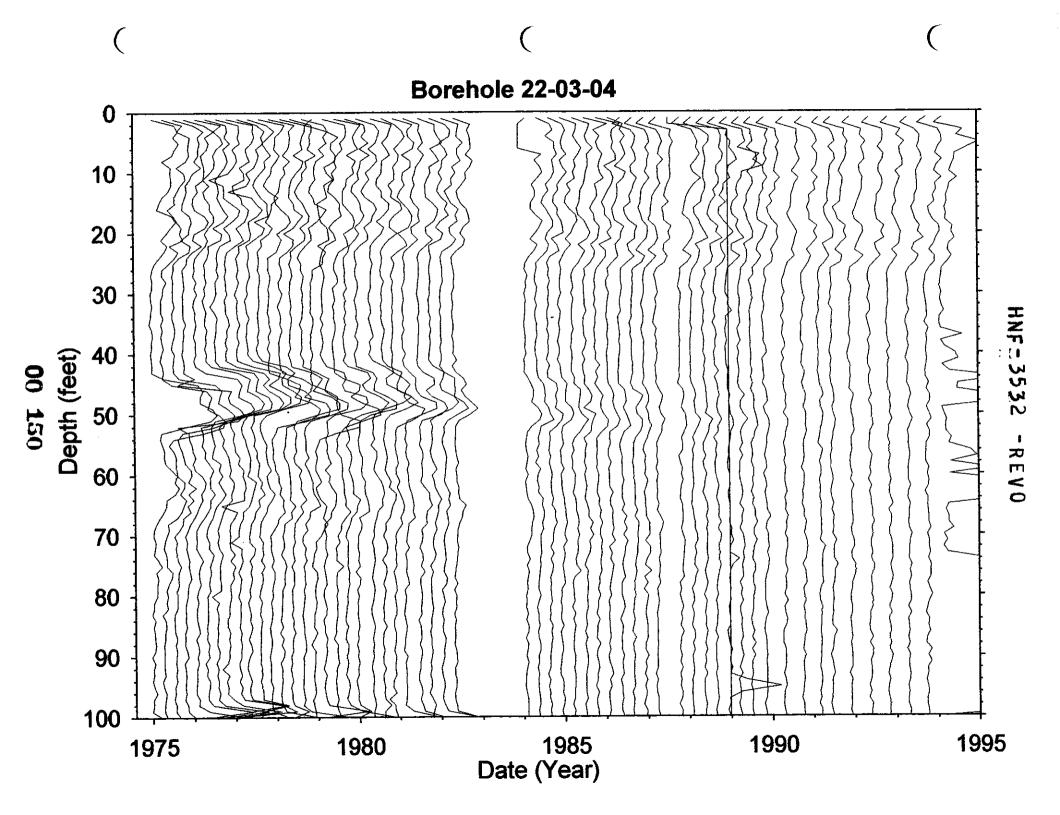
HNE-3225 - BEAO





HNE-3225 - BEAO





# HNF=3532 -REVO

### **Borehole 22-03-05**

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-5 feet is Undetermined Contamination (Cs-137) from 5-15 feet appears Stable Contamination (Cs-137) from 15-60 feet appears Stable Contamination (Cs-137) from 60-85 feet appears Stable

Grade thickness product from 0 to 5 feet is undetermined due to lack of depth control near the surface and the short time span of the data.

Grade thickness product from 5 to 15 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1980 to 1990.

Grade thickness product from 15 to 60 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe saturated, but observed above and below) as determined by the red GM, since the green GM count rate limits were exceeded.

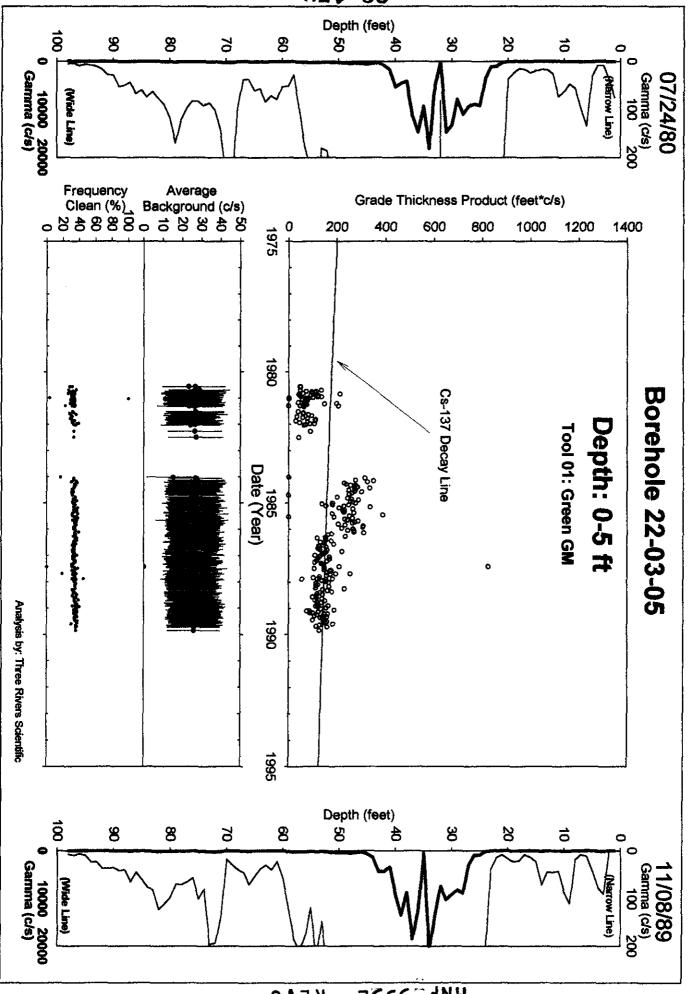
Grade thickness product from 60 to 85 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified). The very slight deviation from Cs-137 early cannot be claimed as deviation given the short duration of the data collection. Special note, the HPGe did identify Co-60 in this interval, but the levels are low and dominated by the very high Cs-137 concentration.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

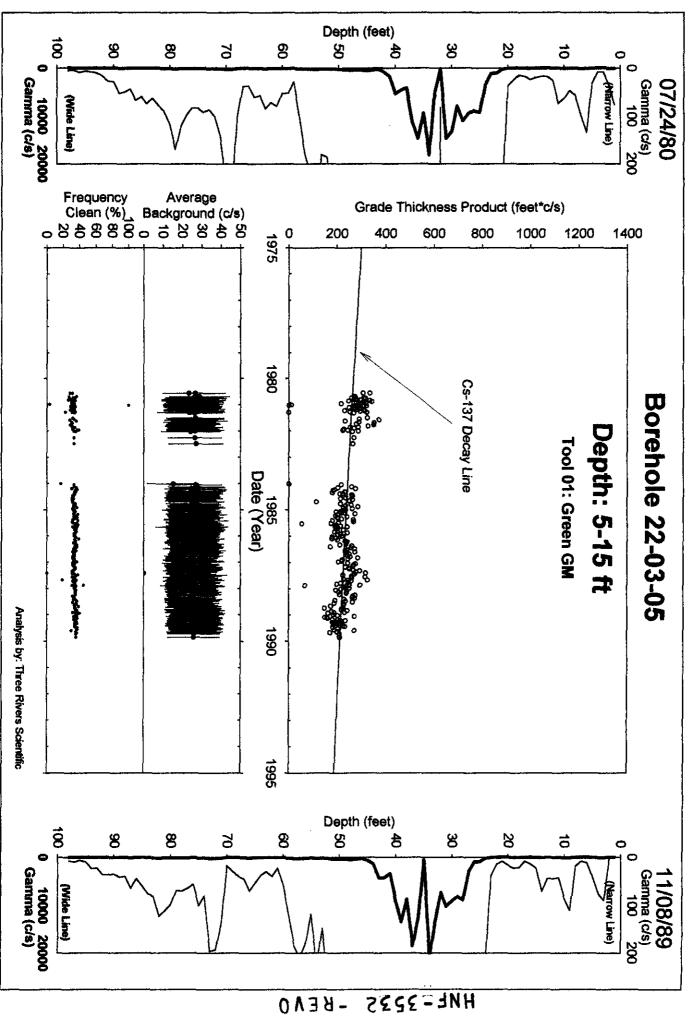
Probe Type :	01: Green GM, & 02: Red GM
Other Probe Types:	14: Shielded NaI, 03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	7/24/1980 tool 01 & 5/5/80 tool 02
Last Survey Date:	11/8/1989 tool 01 & 11/8/89 tool 02
Number Surveys:	235 tool 01 & 255 tool 02

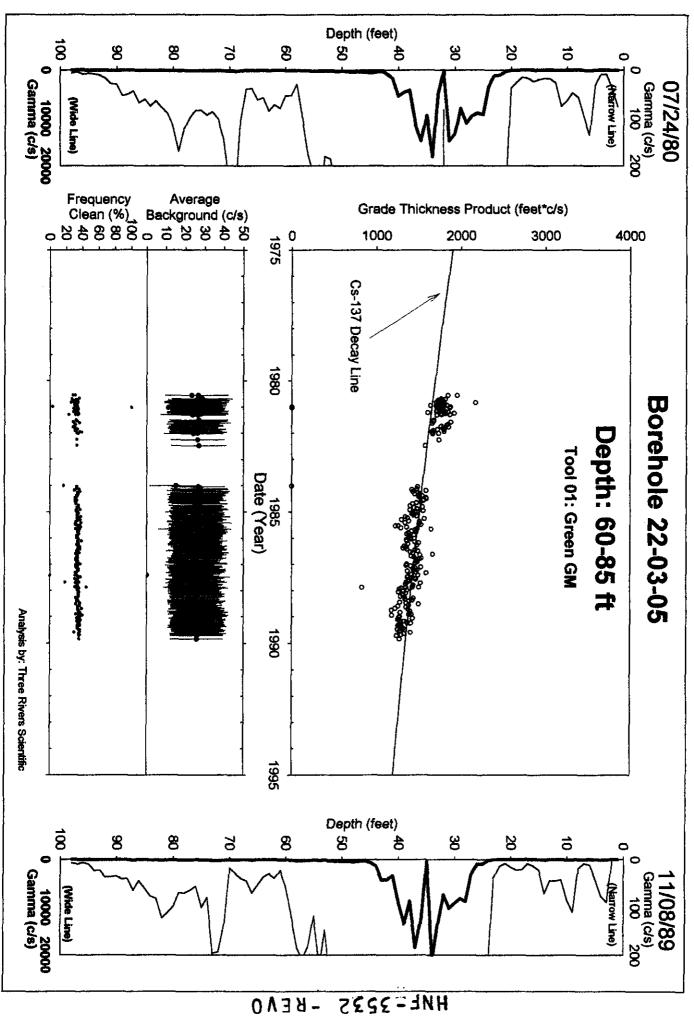
	y SIS TYOLOG
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50 01<="" 02="" 0<val<20="" td="" threshold="" tool=""></val<50>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-5 Undetermined 5-15, 15-60, & 60-85 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific

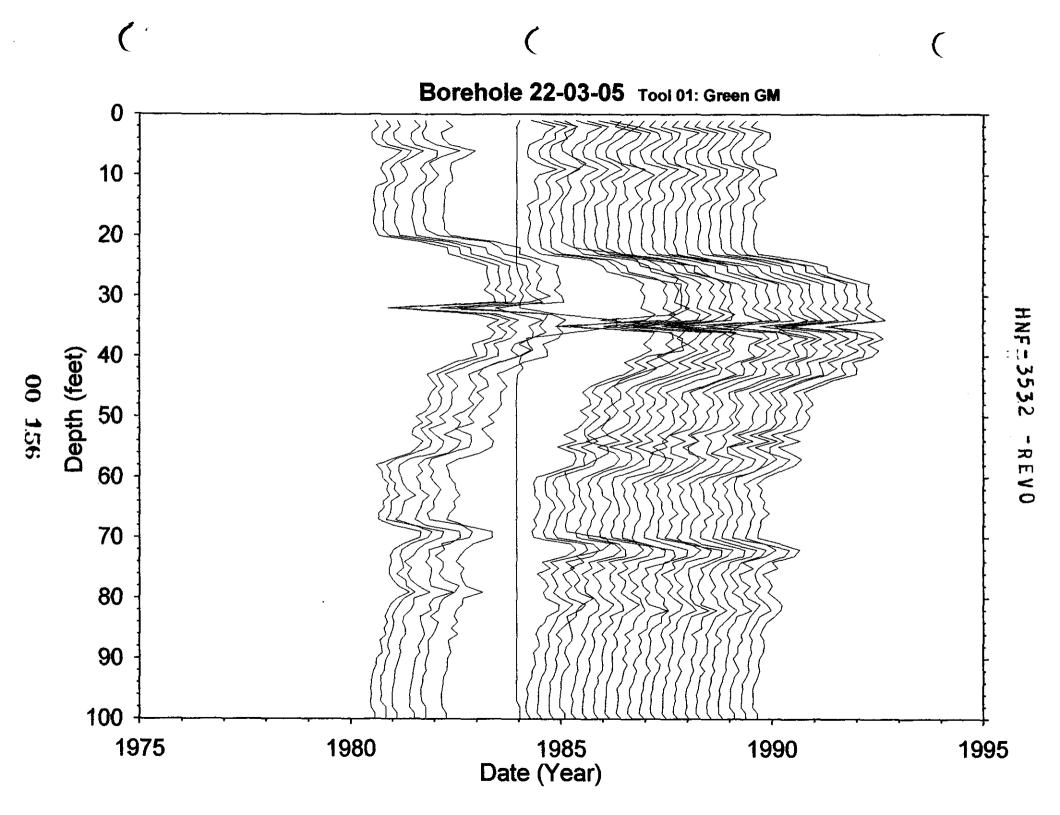


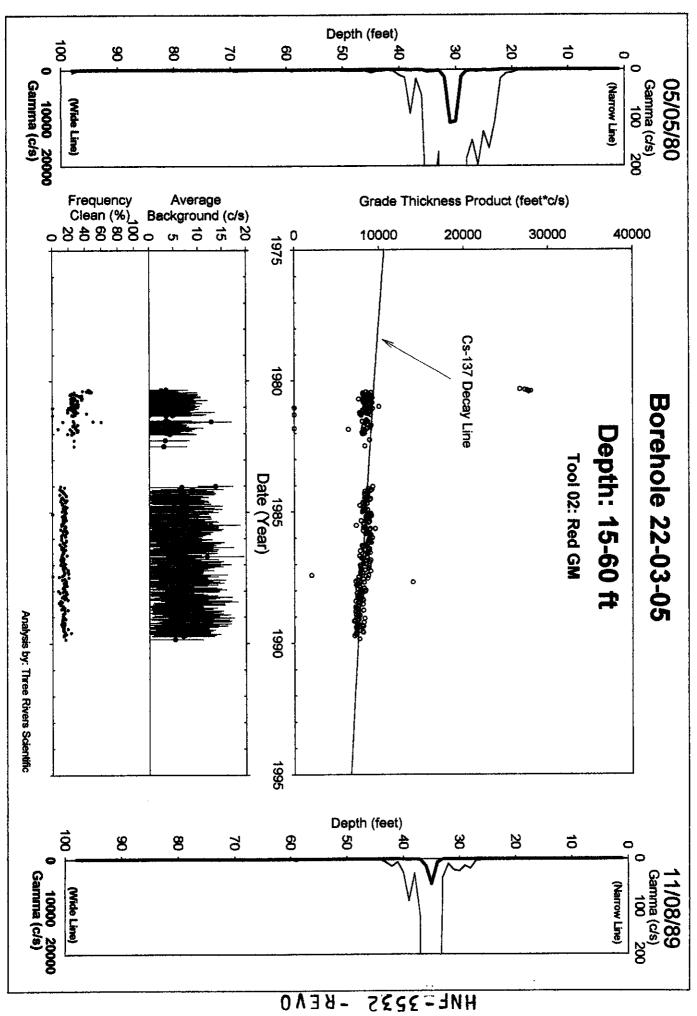


HNE-3235 -BEAO









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Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity
Contamination (Cs-137) from 20-28 feet appears Stable
Contamination (Cs-137, Co-60, & Sb-125) from 37-48 feet is Stable
Contamination (Ru-106, & Sb-125) from 48-60 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60, Ru-106, & Sb-125) from 60-94 feet is Stable
Contamination (Sb-125) from 94-105 feet is Stable (when logged)

Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 10 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

Grade thickness product from 20 to 28 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993. Note that background subtraction may account for the small deviations observed.

Grade thickness product from 37 to 48 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Cs-137 (HPGe identified), Co-60 (HPGe identified), and Sb-125 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratios of Cs-137:Sb-125:Co-60 of 690:80:1265 as of Jan 1975. The stack plots shows this interval to change profile over 1975 to 1993, which indicates the slower decay components are located in the upper section.

Grade thickness product from 48 to 60 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Ru-106 (hypothesis), and Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratios of Ru-106 to Sb-125 of 0.25 as of Jan 1975. Note, Co-60 was marginally identified in this interval, but not visible in gross gamma due to large Sb-125 contribution. Sb-125 present; but not at detection levels when HPGe data collected.

Grade thickness product from 60 to 94 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Ru-106 (hypothesis), Co-60 (HPGe identified), and Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratios of Ru-106:Sb-125:Co-60 of 581:3440:299 as of Jan 1975.

Grade thickness product from 94 to 105 feet is decreasing consistent with Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 1975 to mid 1983, when logging of this interval ceased.

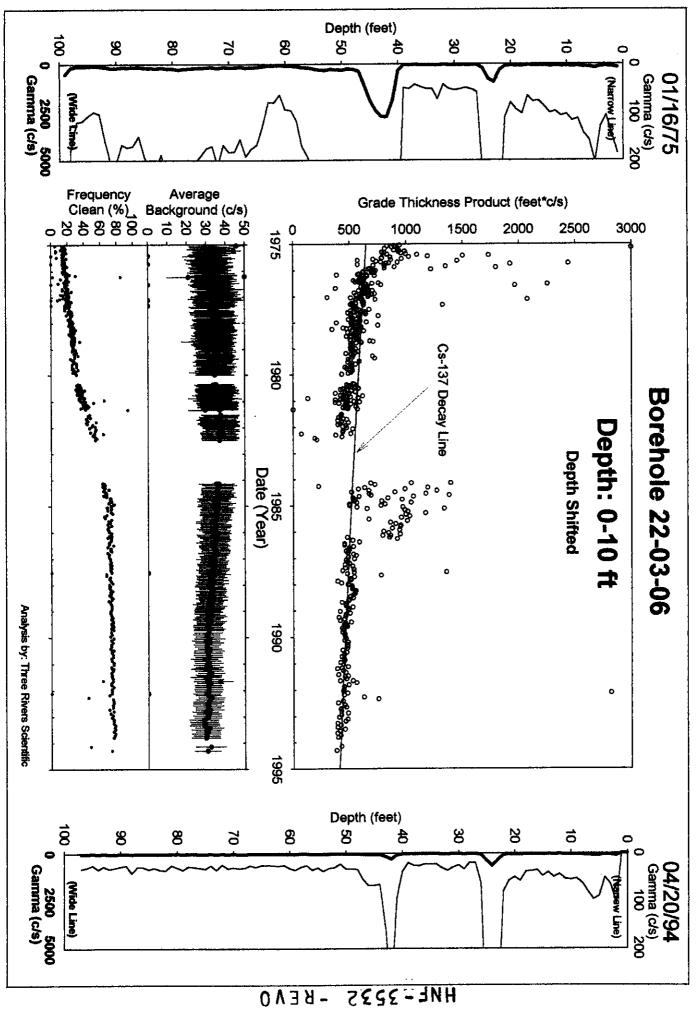
Due to the complex nature of the intervals in this borehole, a depth shifting was required for all zones analyzed.

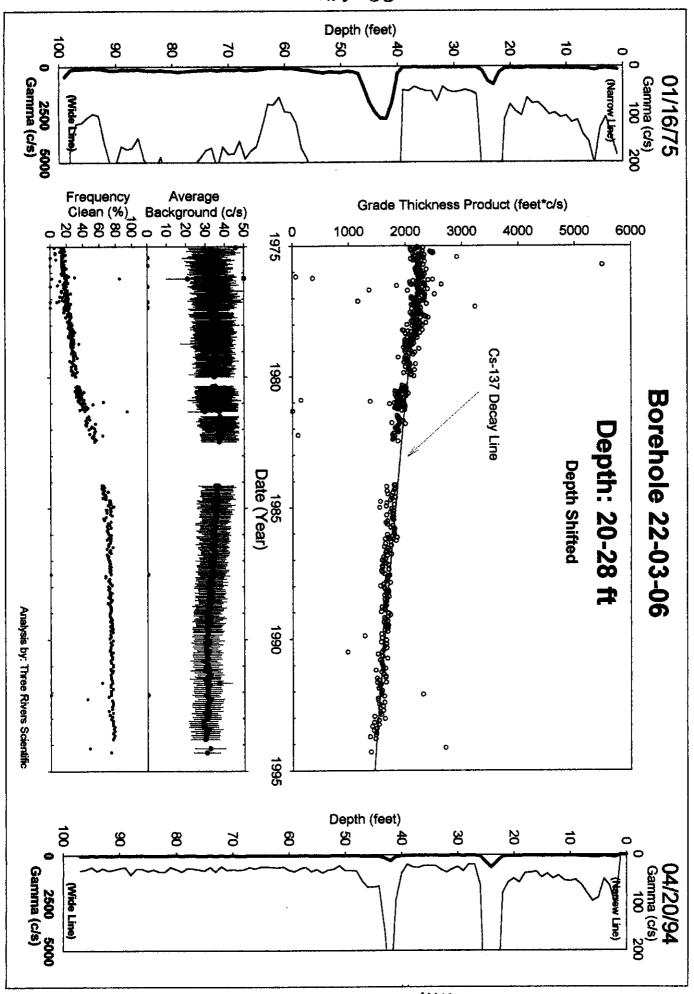
Page 2 of 2

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type:	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975
Last Survey Date:	4/20/1994
Number Surveys :	490

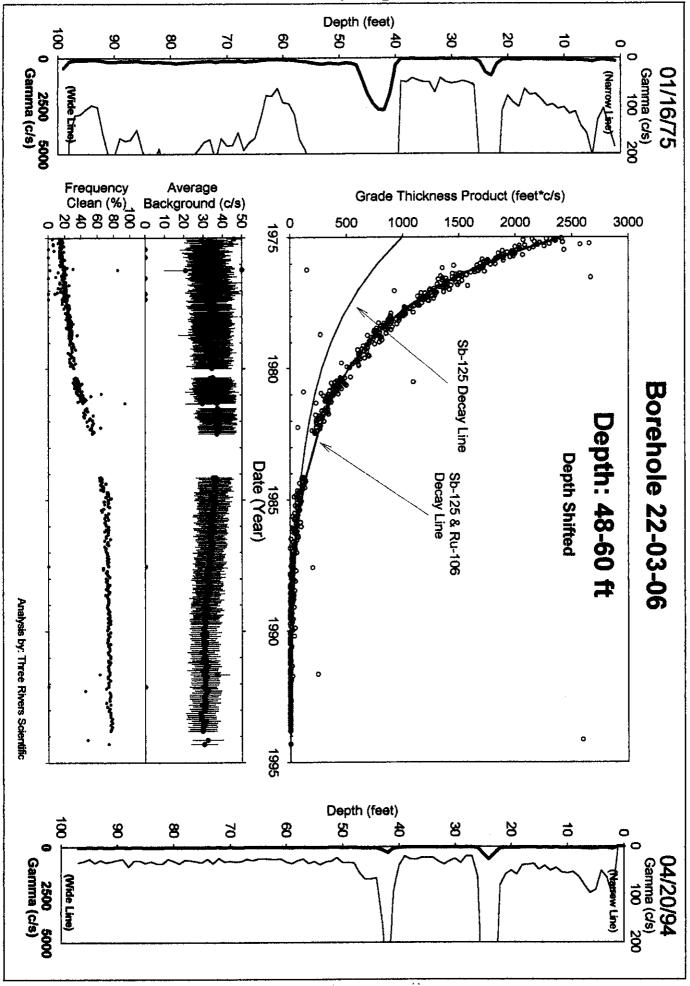
Alla	lysis indies
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50 60-94="" all="" background<="" but="" fit="" least="" squares="" td="" zones=""></val<50>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 Tank Farm Activity 20-28, 37-48, 48-60, & 60-94 Stable 94-105 Stable (when logged)
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randali
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



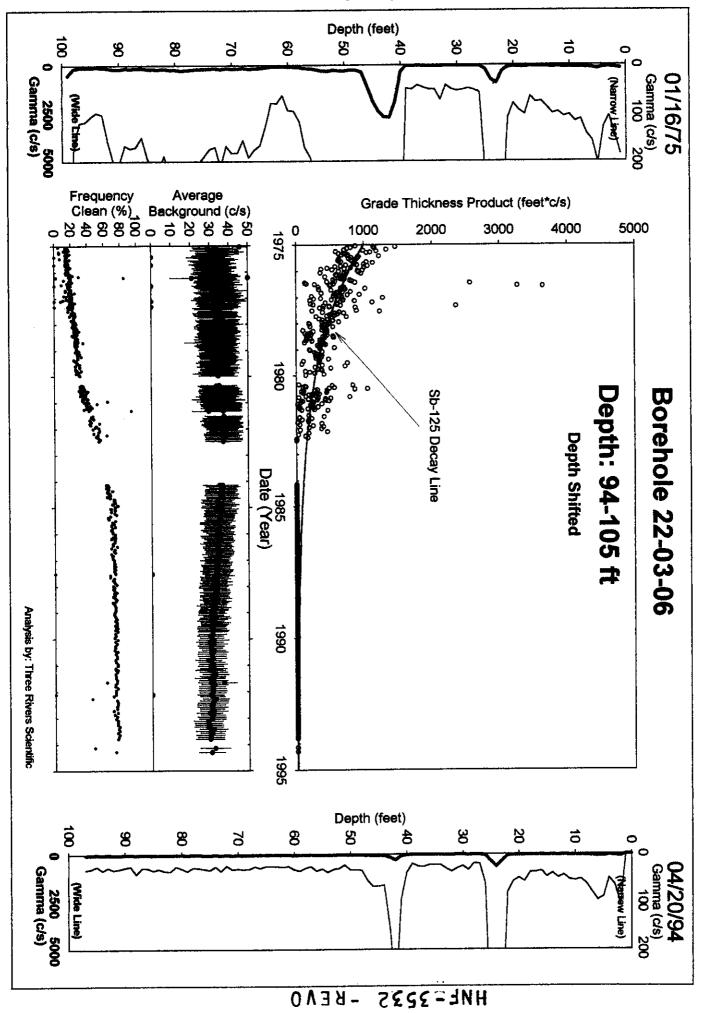


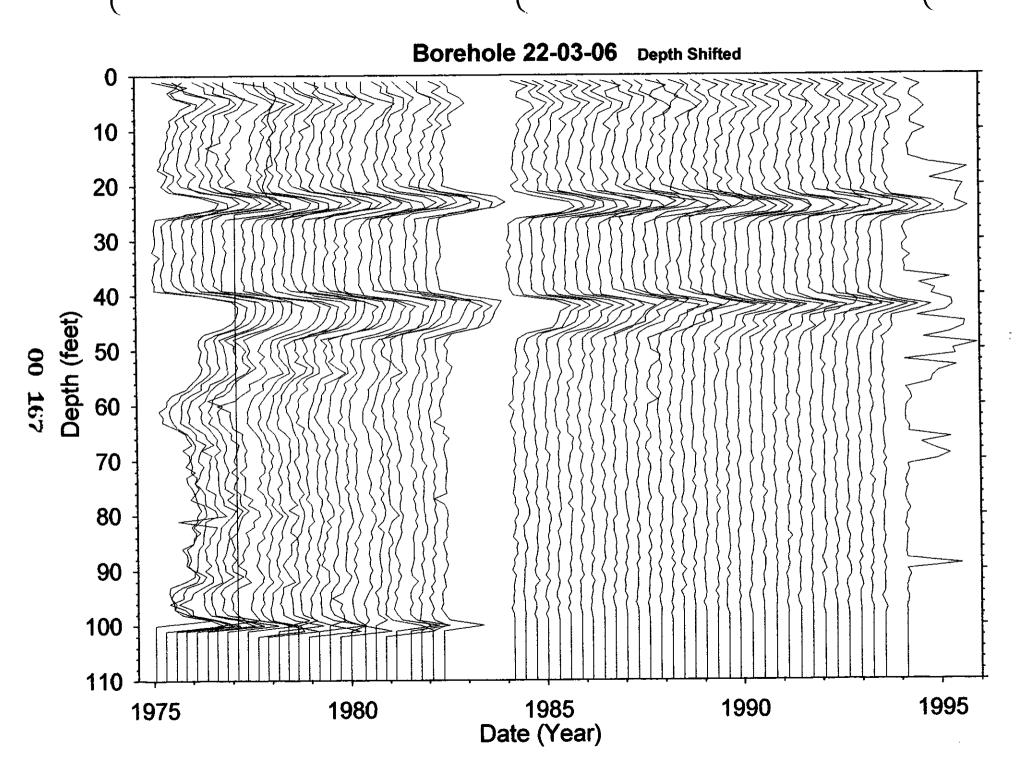
HNE-3225 - BEAO





HNE=3225 - BEAO





Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-8 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 47-62 feet is Stable Contamination (Ru-106, & Co-60) from 62-90 feet is Stable

Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 8 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

Grade thickness product from 47 to 62 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Co-60 (HPGe identified) and Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Co-60 of 2.10 as of Jan 1975.

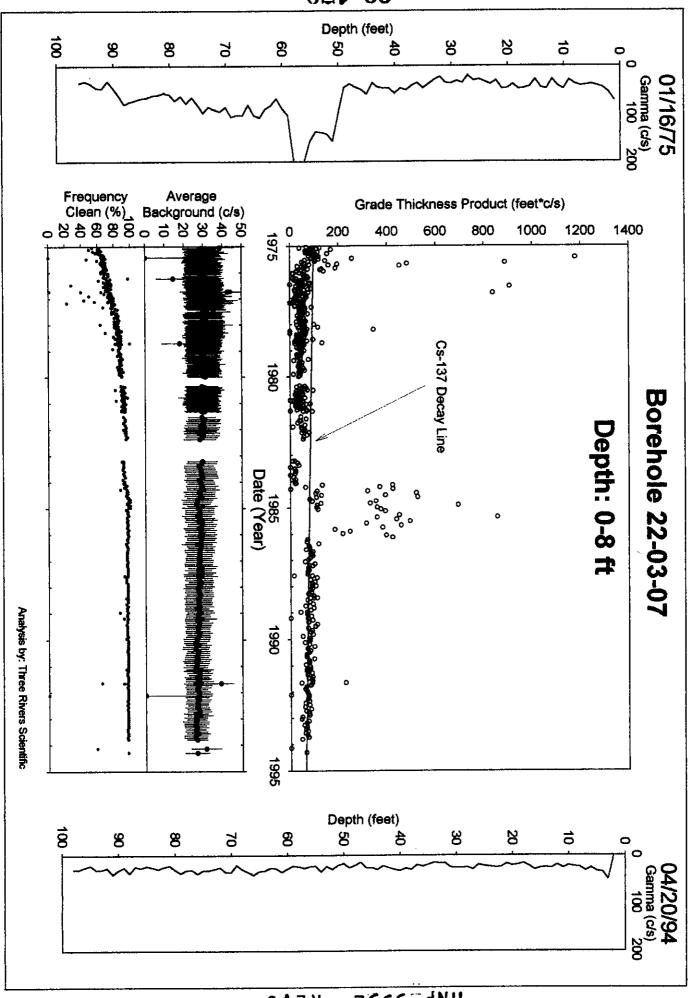
Grade thickness product from 62 to 90 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Ru-106 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Ru-106 to Co-60 of 1.0 as of Jan 1975. Note, the background was least squares fit and subsequently subtracted for this interval grade thickness product.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

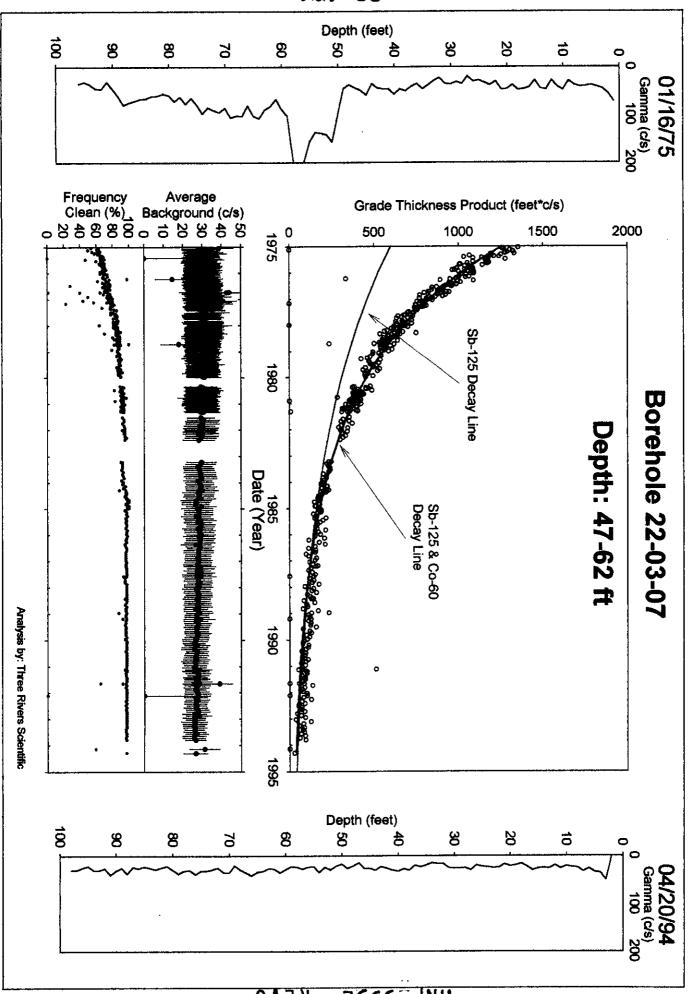
Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	02: Red GM, 03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975
Last Survey Date:	4/20/1994
Number Surveys :	475

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50 62-90="" all="" background<="" but="" fit="" least="" squares="" td="" with="" zones=""></val<50>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 Tank Farm Activity 47-62 & 62-90 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific

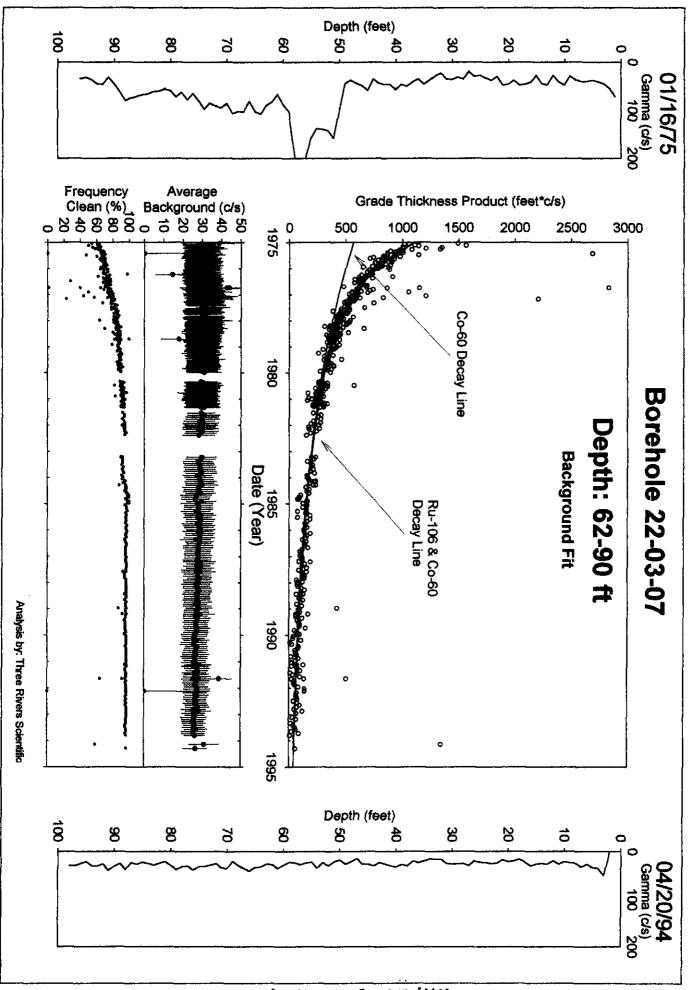
00 TLO



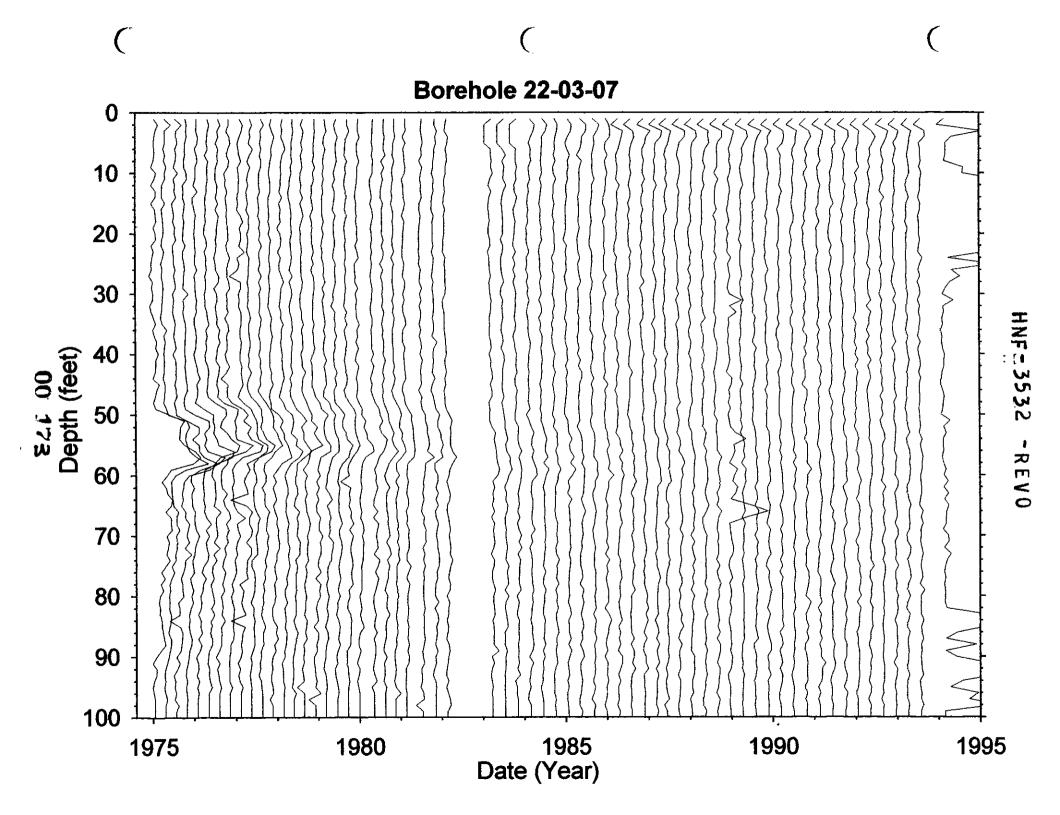
HNE-3235 - BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAO



HNE-3235 - BEAO



Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-8 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Co-60 & Ru-106) from 40-60 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 80-98 feet appears Stable

Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 8 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

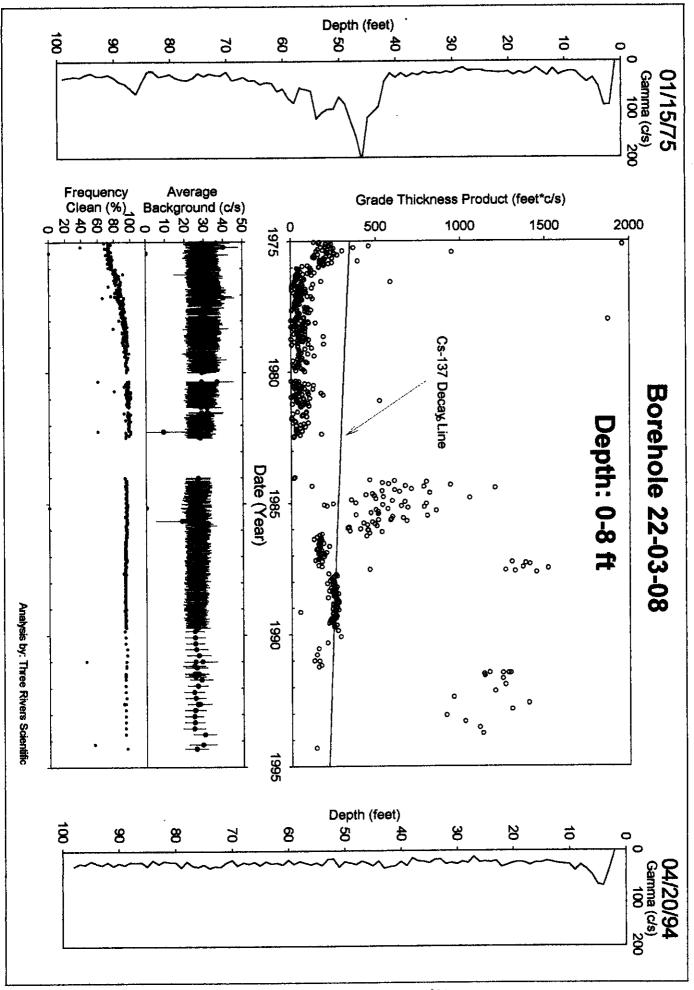
Grade thickness product from 40 to 60 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit for Co-60 (HPGe identified) and Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1993. The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Ru-106 to Co-60 of 5.92 as of Jan 1975. Grade thickness product (Co-60) from 80 to 98 feet is decreasing consistent Co-60 (HPGe

identified) from 1975 to 1993. The levels are near threshold for gross gamma.

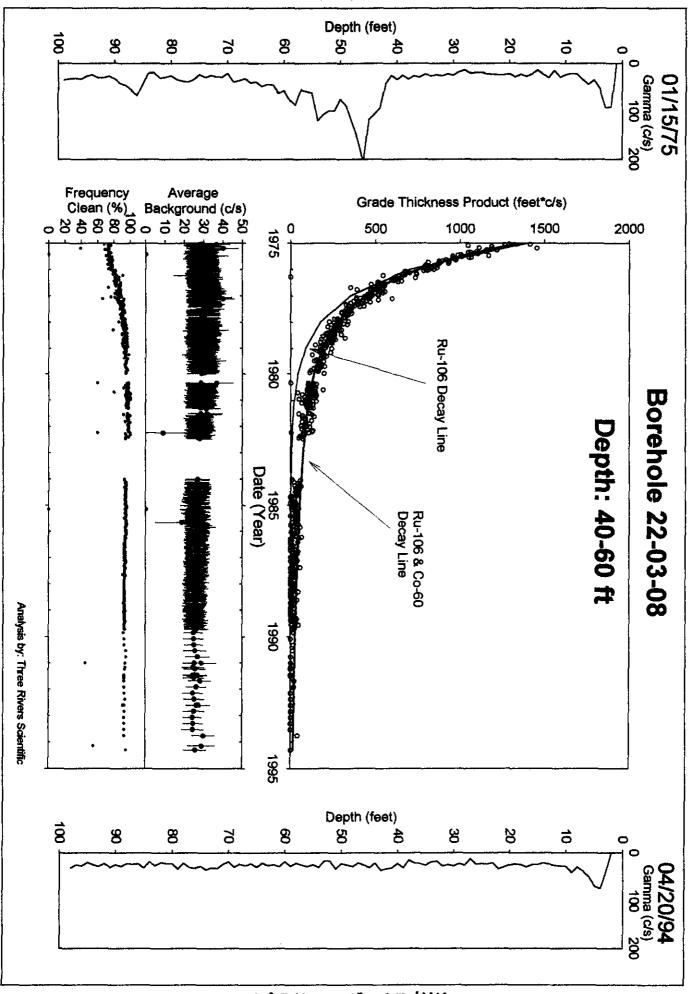
Gross Gamma Survey Information

G1055 Guilling	a Bui vey hiterination
Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date :	1/15/1975
Last Survey Date :	4/20/1994
Number Surveys :	504

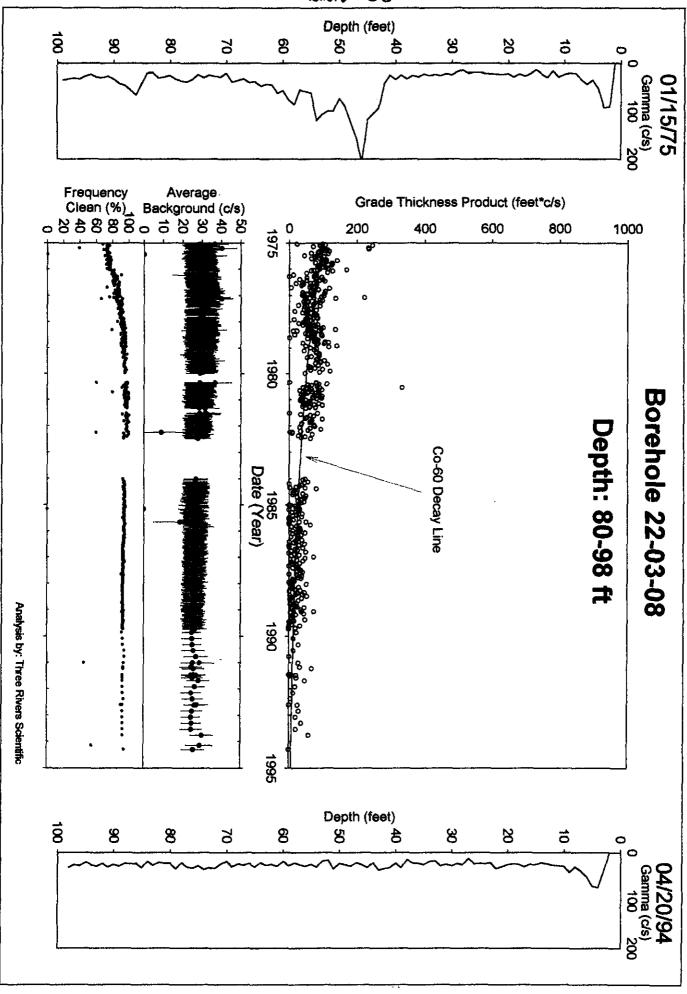
2 1110	17818 110108
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 Tank Farm Activity 40-60 & 80-98 Stable
Analyst Name:	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



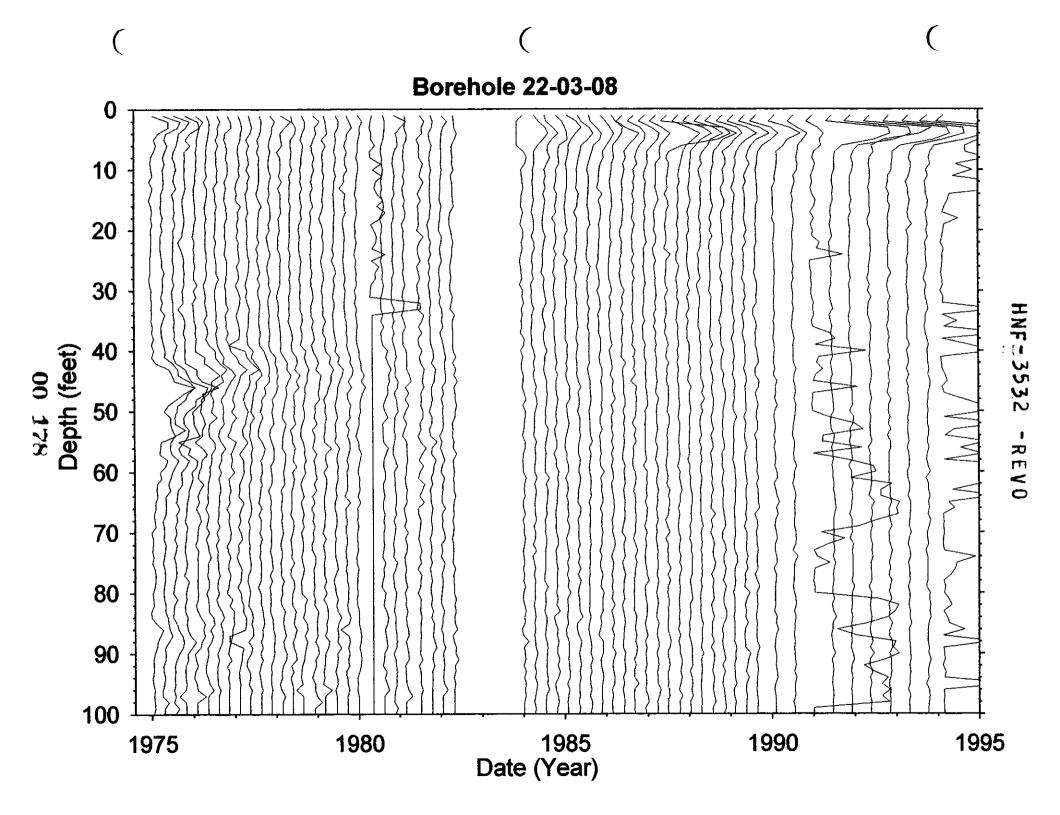
HNE-3235 - BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAO



#### Borehole 22-03-09 Page 1 of 2

Contamination (Cs-137 & Eu-154) from 0-11 feet is Tank Farm Activity
Contamination (Ru-106) from 11-24 feet is Undetermined
Contamination (Ru-106 & Sb-125) from 24-52 feet is Unstable Early
Contamination (Ru-106) from 44-52 feet is Unstable Early
Contamination (Co-60) from 78-82 feet is Unstable Early
Contamination (Co-60) from 48-95 feet has downward Movement\*
\*During downward movement could be any radionuclide

Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 11 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations, but also contains Eu-154 (HPGe identified) that shows stable from 1986 to 1994. Note Co-60 HPGe identified) levels are too low to be seen.

The interval from 11 to 52 feet has possible downward movement, refer to stack plot. Thus this interval is broken into several sections, 11-24, 24-52, 44-52, and 11-52 feet. Co-60 and Cs-137 were both identified by HPGe logging system; however, Sb-125 & Ru-106 are hypothesized for some of the intervals. Grade thickness product from 11 to 24 feet is decreasing nearly consistent with Ru-106 (hypothesis) and the HPGe identified Cs-137 is to low to register. Depth errors may cause the small deviation observed, but due to possible downward movement depth correction is not computed. Grade thickness product from 24-52 feet follows a least squares fit for Sb-125 & Ru-106 (both hypothesized) after initial increase and fixing from 1975 through 1977. Given these radionuclides, the gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Ru-106 is 0.23 in Jan 1975. If the upper zone from 11-24 is Ru-106, then the increase from 1975 to 1977 for 24-52 feet is lateral. Grade thickness product from 44 to 52 feet is observed for the structure from 1984 to 1994. Before 1984, there is possible downward movement into this zone, but after 1984 the possibility of fixing in this bed exists. Given the isotope is Ru-106, then the interval is stable after 1984. May be a case for downward movement to a fixing zone. The entire zone from 11-52 feet has the dominant character of 24-52 feet, and stable after 1977 for Sb-125 and Ru-106. Therefore, the total conserved radionuclides are stable within this encompassing zone and any downward movement is confined to this total depth interval. The least squares fit results for the gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Ru-106 is 0.20 in Jan 1975.

The interval from 48 to 95 feet is chosen in order to view the clearly downward moving front and avoid depth control problems. An attempt to process a grade thickness product over this interval to cover all the downward movement range is not possible since the movement is below the borehole depth. However, the interval from 48 to 95 feet should cover all downward movement from 1975 to mid 1985, and over this time there is no stability. This indicates lateral influx as well as the downward migration. An Sb-125 decay curve (hypothesis) is shown over a possible early (and thus stable) time from 1976 to 1978. The Sb-125 may have been stable and still not register on the HPGe due to detection thresholds, but could have also been remobilized and flushed from the zone. Final note, from 1991 to 1994 the interval appears to be stable Co-60

#### Borehole 22-03-09 Page 2 of 2

(HPGe identified), which indicates a residual left behind. Likewise, the interval from 78-82 feet may be a lense that retained Co-60 after the front moved down. Thus the grade thickness plot

for 78-82 feet should be viewed from about 1987 to 1994. Over this time, the interval does match the Co-60 (HPGe identified) suggesting fixed Co-60 after passage of the front. Note that in 1975 the front covered this thin zone, therefore, it is possible this fixed Co-60 was in place before the front moved through. The front in this entire interval is moving at a rate near 2 ft/year downward. Given this rate is maintained, then the present leading ledge of the front is now (Aug 1998) at a depth of 122 feet.

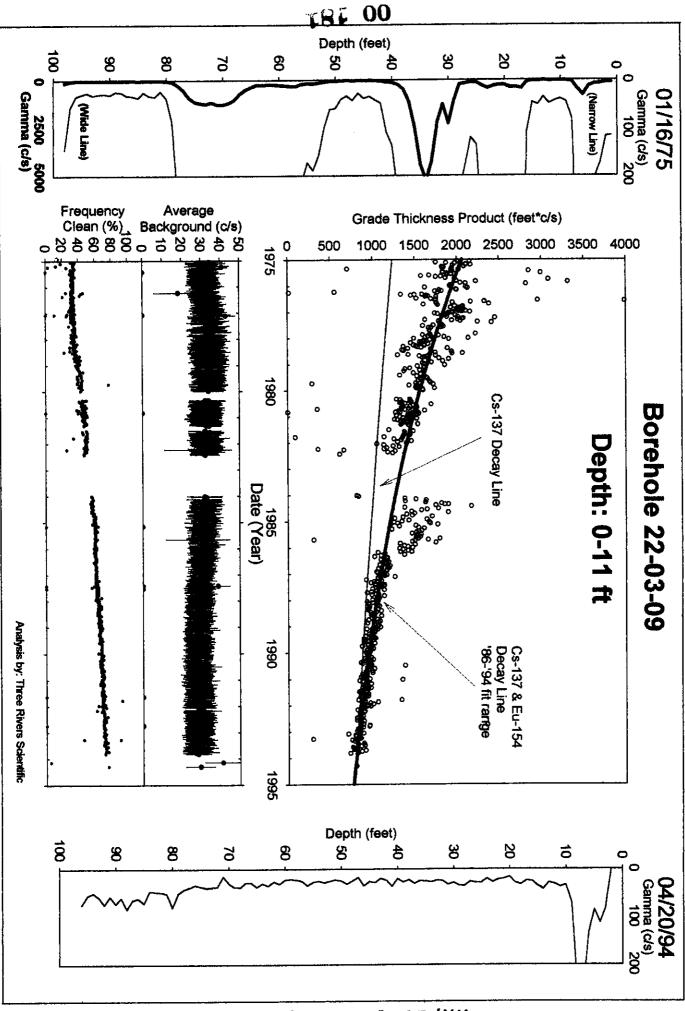
During instability, no identification of isotopes is possible, and any one or combination may in fact be the mobile species.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

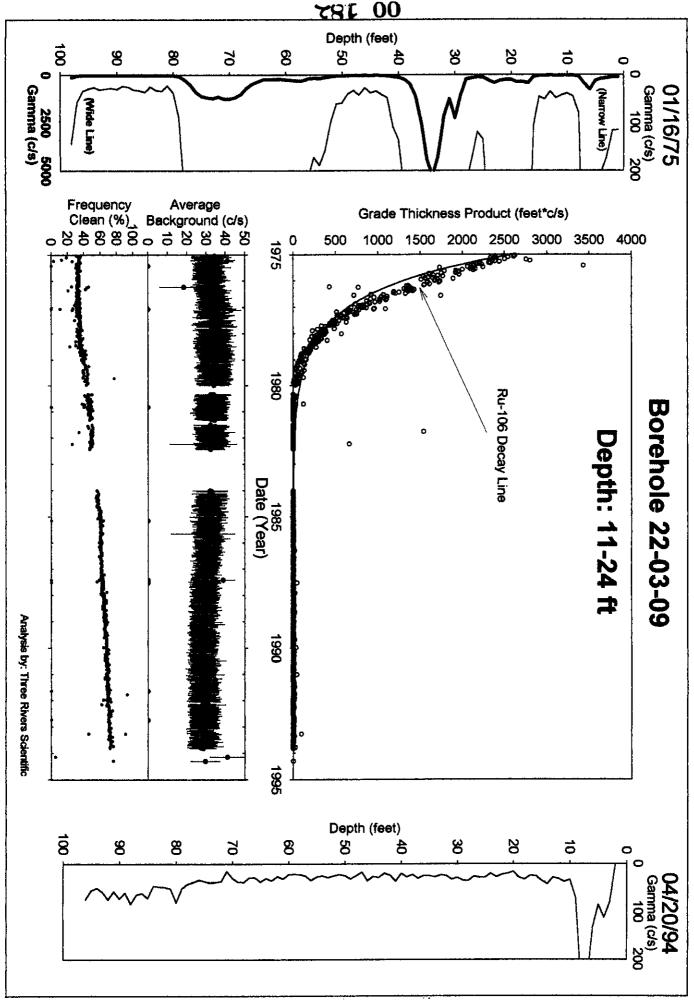
Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975
Last Survey Date:	4/20/1994
Number Surveys :	618

**Analysis Notes** 

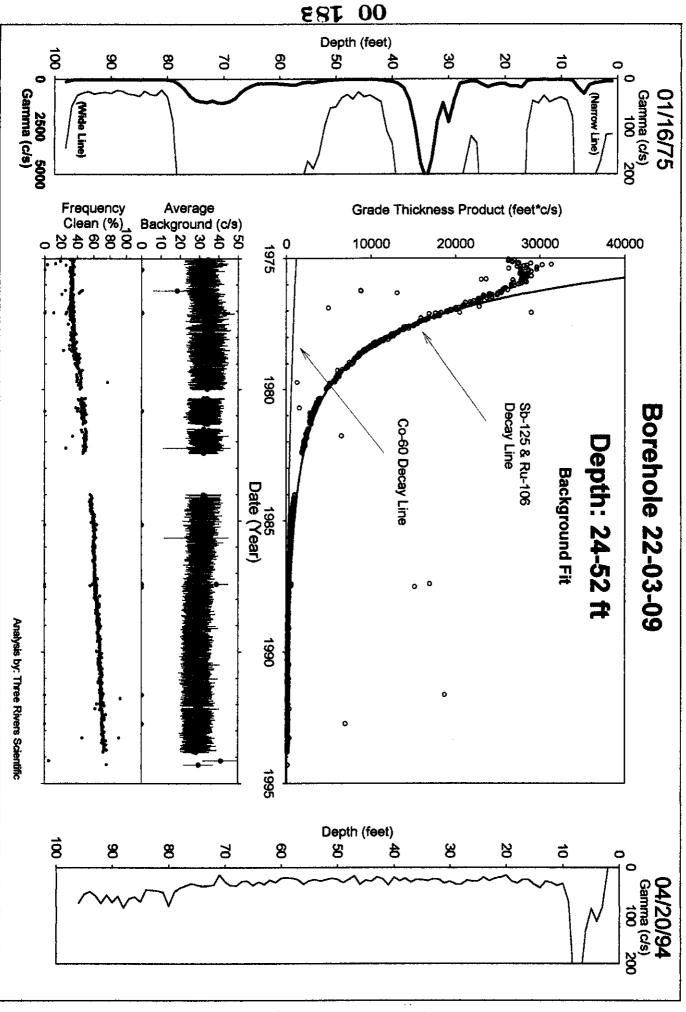
	21 y 313 1 4 0 1 0 3
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<=0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50 24-52="" all="" background<="" but="" fit="" least="" squares="" td="" with="" zones=""></val<50>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-11 Tank Farm Activity 11-24 Undetermined 24-52 & 44-52 & 78-82 Unstable Early 48-95+ Downward Movement
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



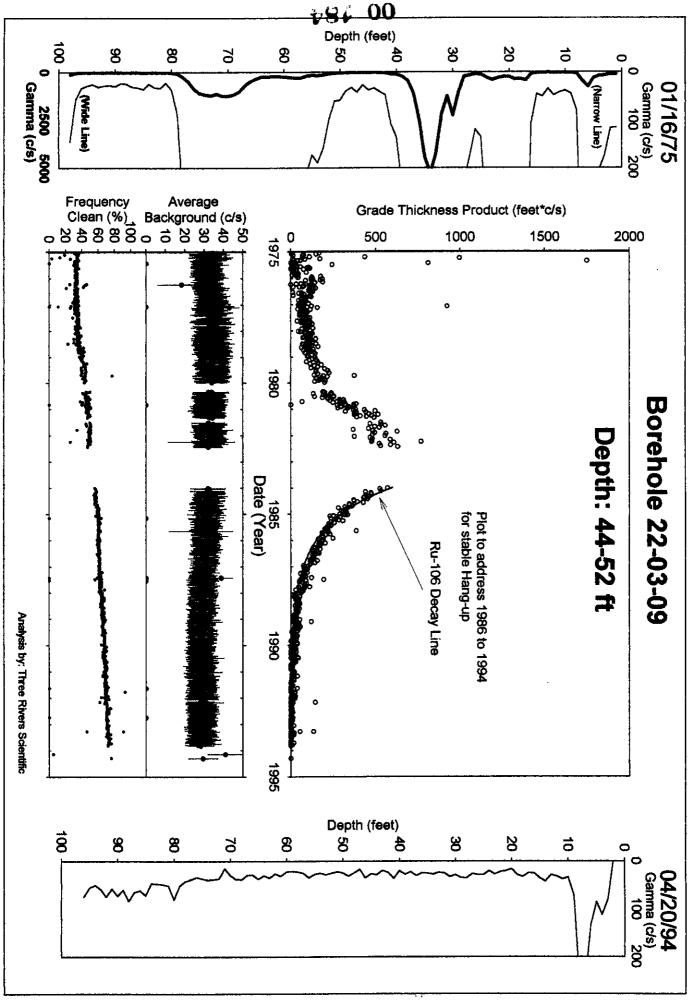
HNE-3225 - BEAO



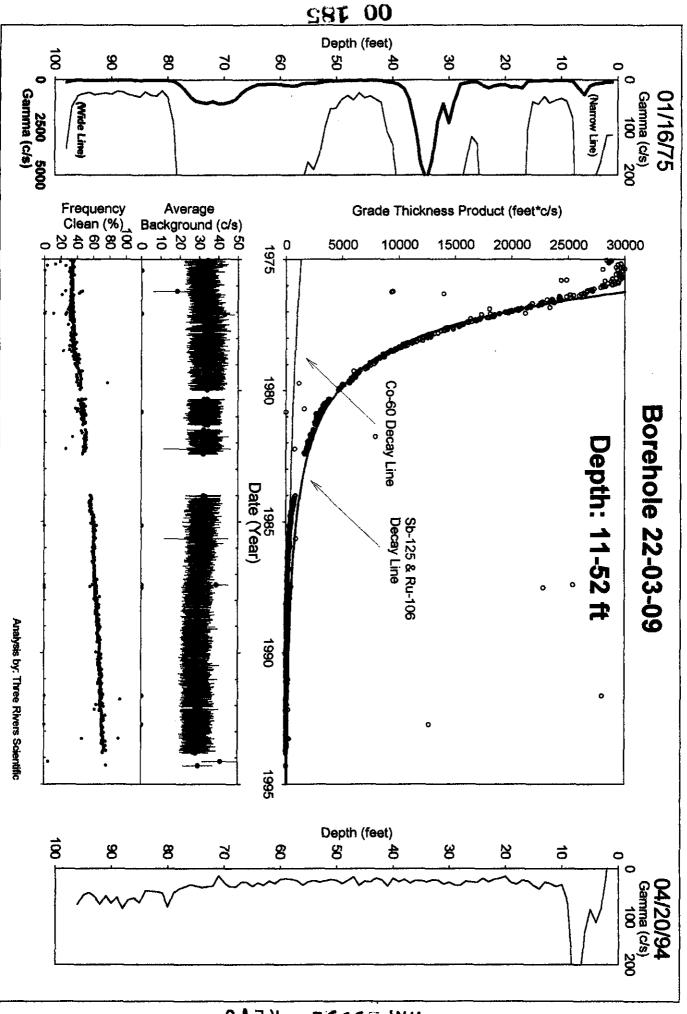
HNE=3225 -BEA0



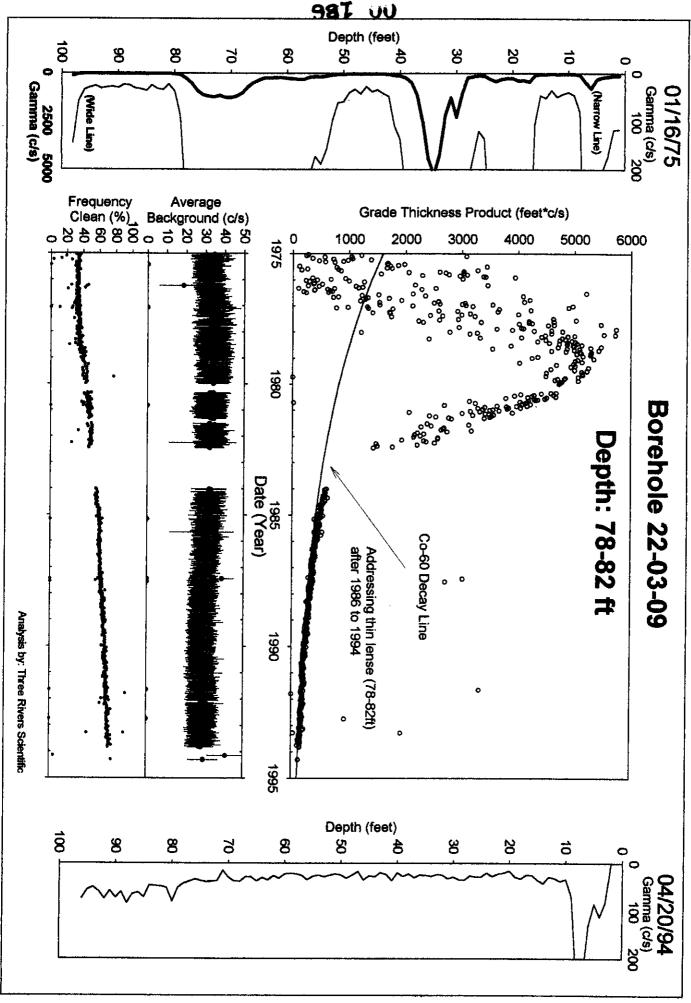
HNE-3235 - BEAO



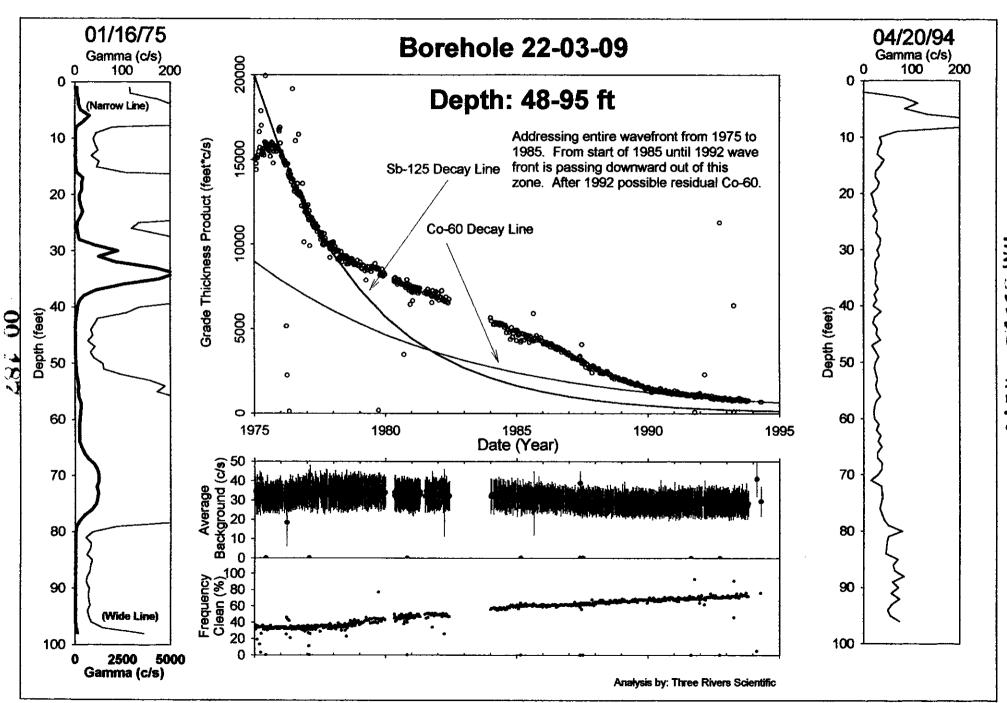
HNE-3235 - BEAO

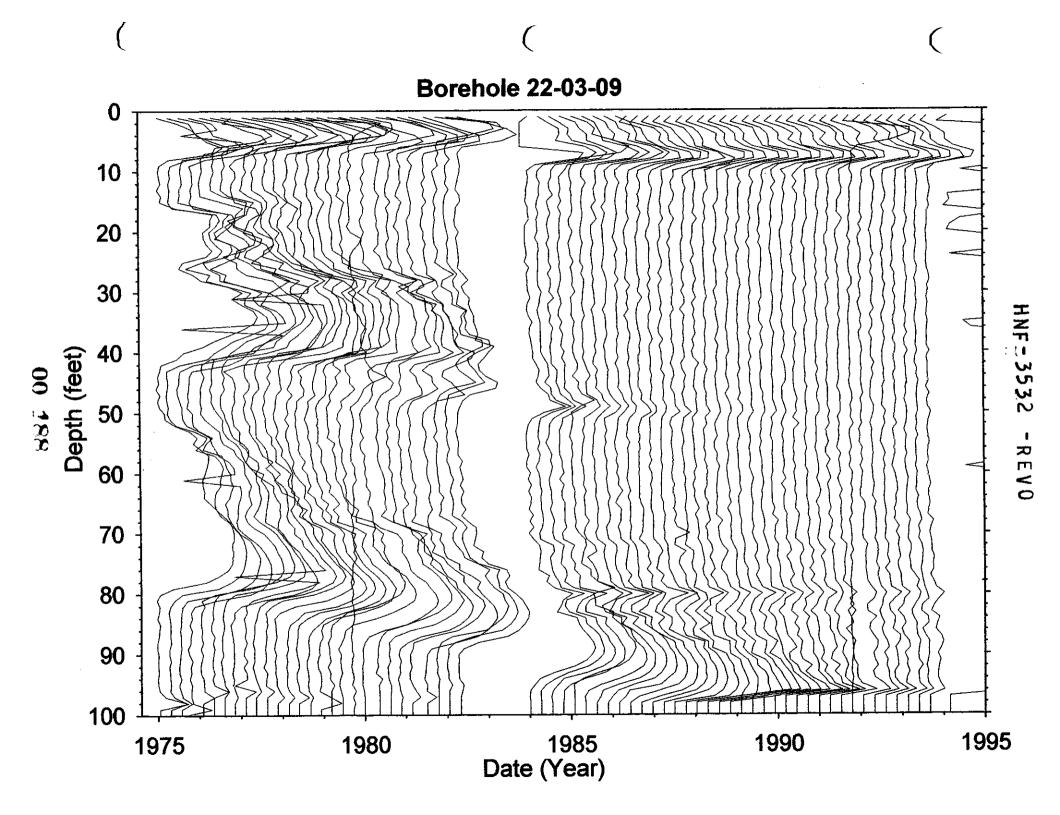


HNE-3225 - BEAO



HNE=3225 -BEAO





#### **Borehole 22-03-10**

## Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-8 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 8-30 feet is Stable

Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 8 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

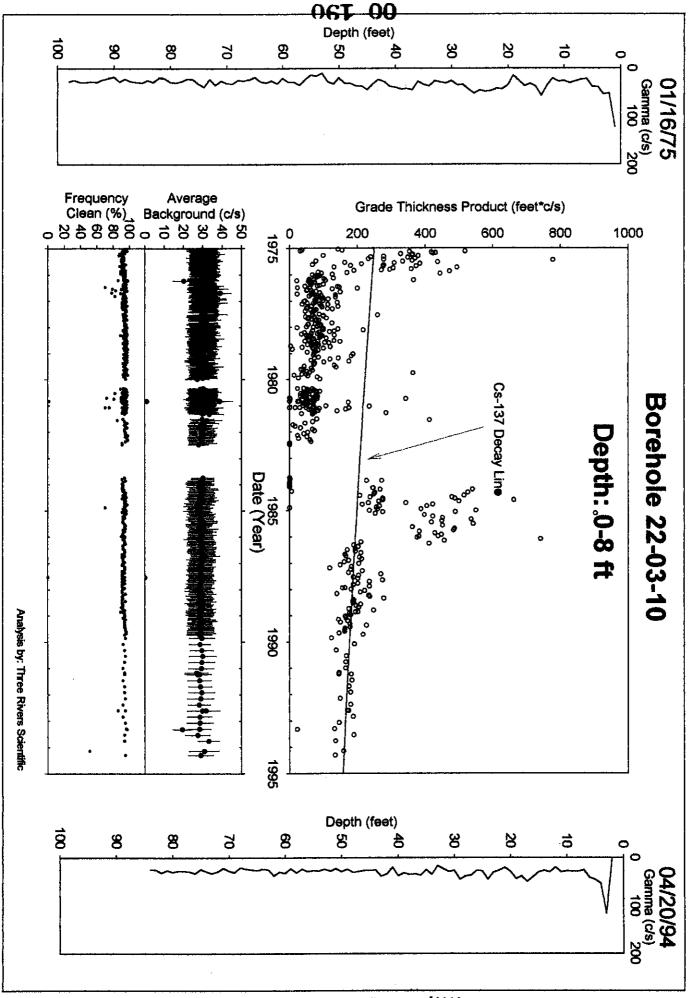
Grade thickness product from 8 to 30 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) 1975 to 1994. The activity levels are near threshold for the gross gamma logging system.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

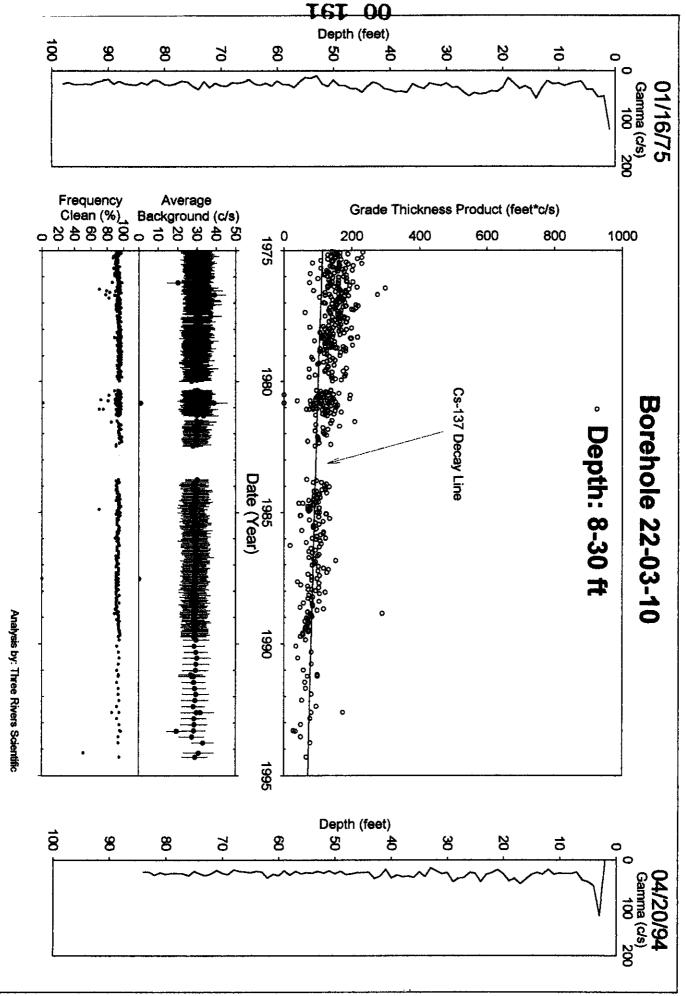
04: NaI
03: Neutron
100 ft 1975 85 ft from 1980-1994
100 ft 1975 85 ft from 1980-1994
1/16/1975
4/20/1994
472

Analysis Notes

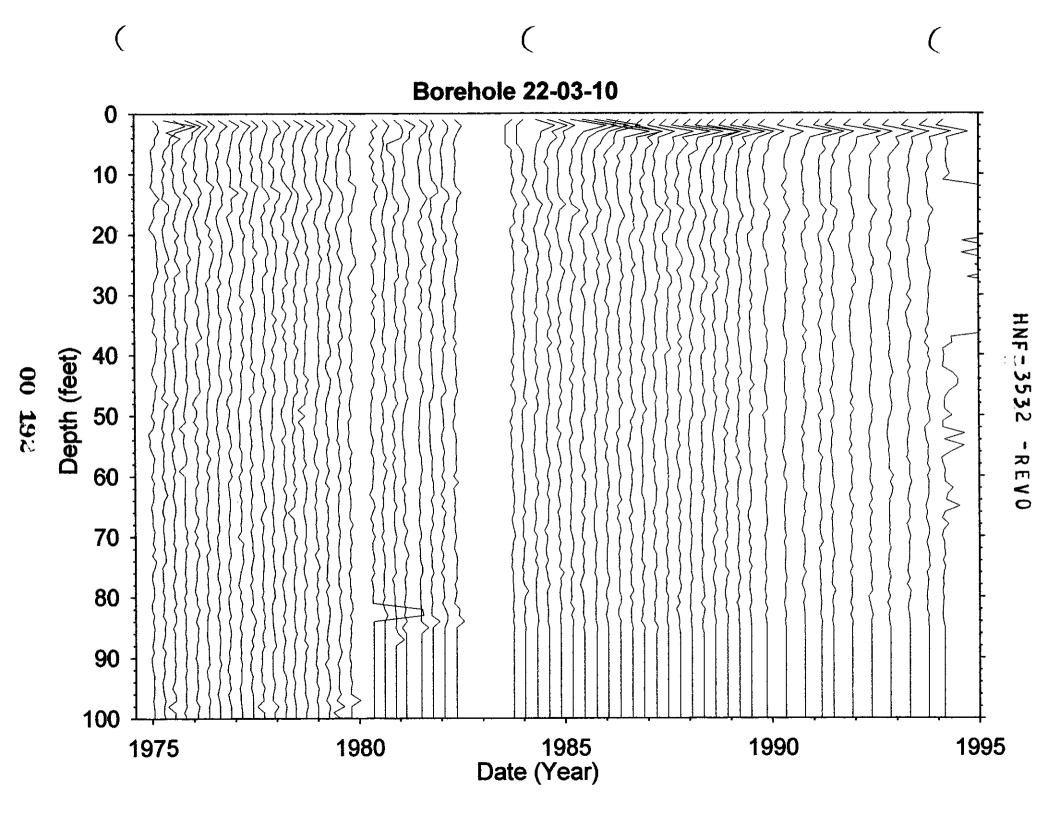
Ana	lysis Notes
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 Tank Farm Activity 8-30 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



HNE=3235 -BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAO



# Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

$\mathcal{L}$		•		•	2
Borehole	27-03-	01	Total # Sur	vevs 547	Probe Type D4 02
Dolollolo	231	<del></del>	# neutron s	urvevs	# GR Surveys 538
Log Date:	1-16-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	4-22-9	veys <u>547</u> urveys <u>7</u> <u>4</u> Last	Presentation Plot Dates
			<del></del>	<del></del>	(If different from 1" & Last)
Contamin	ation Zone De om Spectral S	epth(s): urvev: _C#	Dow & P	ambel	Max Survey Depth 95
				•	
Survey Date	num Gans	num. Samples	Comment	GAPS.Txt	
Suivey Date	ituiti. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment	·	
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				HI-ZONES.	Txt
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	s Comment		
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				BackGnd.Tx	Kt
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comment
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alvst Name	home	Kanla		S/W ve	er TFGROSS 2-2

filein := "two.txt" 15-95 feet A := READPRN(filein)

Well 21-03-01

Special study in low grade Cs over all well depths and sensitivity to background.

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$

net :=  $A^{<7>}$ 

bkg := A<sup><6></sup> max := A<4>

N := last(yr)

N = 515

i := 0.. N

j := 0..299

τeu := 30.17

 $\tau co := 5.27$ 

aco := 00

acs := 1600

k := 0..300

Eu variables are

 $\tau cs := 3 \cdot 10^9$ 

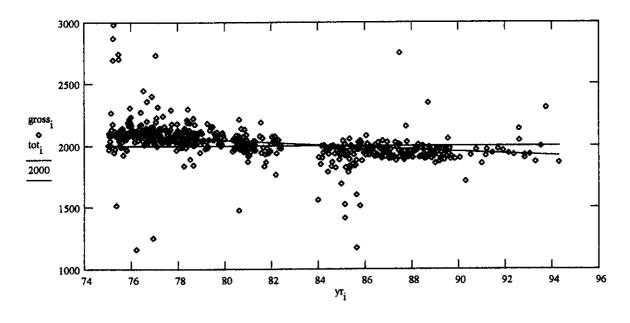
 $Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$ 

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

gross. := net.

This data edited for spurious points

Cs variables are U238



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tes}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(acs, aeu)=0$$

1=1

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

 $\alpha cs = 1.562 \cdot 10^3$ U-238

 $\alpha eu = 532.09$ 

Sb-125

$$-(yr_i - 75) \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{in}{r}$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr out^{<1>} := tot$$

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 0.219$$

	BY	Dry	Well Su	rvey Ana	lysis - Notes
Borehole	22-03- 1-16-75	-04	Total # Sur	veys/LL	Probe Type 04 # GR Surveys 457
Log Date	1-16-75	l <sup>st</sup>	4-20-9	4 Last	Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1" & Last)
Contamin	ation Zone De	epth(s):	<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean	BackGnd.Tx Avg.Bkg	Comment
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Analyst Name	Rose	Kands	<u>ul</u>	S/W ve	er <u>TFGROSS Z</u> Z

filein := "two55-85.txt" Well 21-03-04

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr) N = 435 i := 0...N k := 0...300 j := 0...299

$$N = 435$$

$$k := 0..300$$

teu := 2.77

Cs variables are U238

 $\tau co := 5.27$   $\tau cs := 5.27$  aco := 00

Eu variables are

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(7)}{r_{c}}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{co}}$$

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tes}$$

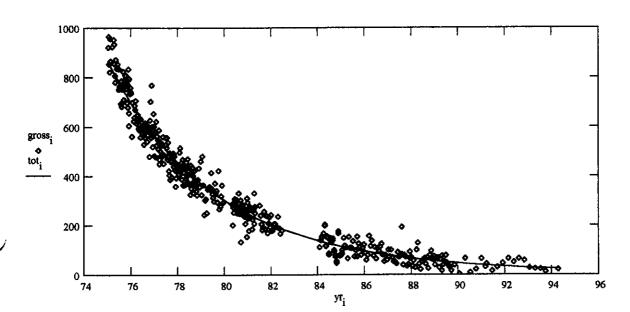
$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teo}$$

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-(yT_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tes}} + a3 \cdot e^{-(yT_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix}$$
 := Minerr(acs, aeu)

$$\alpha_{CS} = 229.704$$

$$\alpha eu = 638.998$$

Sb-125

$$Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e^{-\left(y\tau_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau cs}} \qquad Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e^{-\left(y\tau_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau eu}} \qquad tot_{i} := Cs_{i} + Eu_{i}$$

$$-(y_{i}-75)\frac{m}{t_{0}}$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 0.281$$

			HNF=3	<b>553</b> 2 -	REVO		80-88
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Borehole _	22-03-	05	Total # Sur	veys <u>53/</u>	2 Probe Type	01 02	04 14
Log Date:	7-24-80	131 (21)	# neutron su	ırveys <u>4</u> Last	# GR Surve Presentation	ysn Plot Dates	
	ion Zone De					(If different fro	om ("& Last)
Isotope from	n Spectral S	urvey: Cs	right Gat	) Co		Max Survey D	epth <u>  100</u>
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				<u> </u>			
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		Ne Russin	ya m	02	are reavy	V/	
Analyst Name_	Kagaa	Kauli		S/W	ver T <i>F6K0S</i>	52.2	

	BY	Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	ysis - Notes
	B7 22-03-		Total # Surv	reys 496 rveys 6	Probe Type OH  # GR Surveys H 490  Presentation Plot Dates
Log Date:	1-16-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	4-20-9	4 Last	Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1" & Last)
Contamin Isotope fro	ation Zone De om Spectral S Es	epth(s): uryey:(_&_	Ca Sb		Max Survey Depth 100
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Survey Date	num, Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
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filein := "two37-48.txt"

Well 21-03-06

A := READPRN(filein)

$$net := A^{<7}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$N = 472$$

$$N := last(yr)$$
  $N = 472$   $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

 $\tau co := 5.27$ 

$$\tau_{CS} := 30.17$$
 aco := 80

Eu variables are

$$tcs := 30.17$$

Cs variables are U238

$$\mathbf{Cs_i} := \mathbf{acs \cdot e} - \left(\mathbf{yr_i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{tes}}$$

$$\mathbf{Co_i} := \mathbf{aco \cdot e} - \left(\mathbf{yr_i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{teo}}$$

$$\mathbf{Eu_i} := \mathbf{aeu \cdot e} - \left(\mathbf{yr_i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{teu}} \cdot 1$$

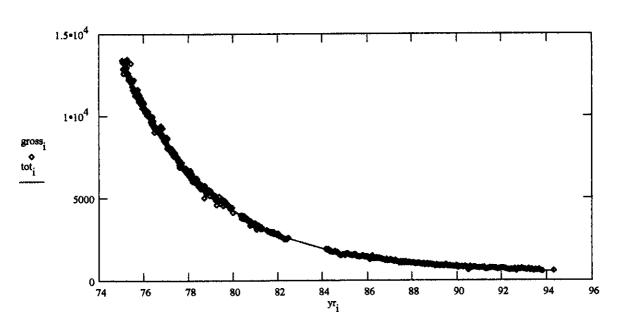
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\text{too}}$$
Co. := aco:e

$$Eu := aeu \cdot e \frac{-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau eu}}{}$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i + C_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1, a3, a2) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tcs}} + \left[ a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} + a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tco}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \\ \alpha co \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu, aco)$$

$$acs = 689.623$$
 U-238

$$\alpha eu = 1.265 \cdot 10^4$$
  $\alpha co = 79.7$ 

$$aco = 79.7$$

$$Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e$$

$$Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e$$

$$Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e$$

$$Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)$$

$$-\left(y_{\tau_i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{co}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 0.055$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i + Co_i$$

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_{rr}} = 0.228$$

Two comp decay37-48.mcd

8/18/98

filein := "two48-60.txt" Well 21-03-06

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$N = 473$$

$$N := last(yr)$$
  $N = 473$   $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

Cs variables are U238

 $\tau co := 1$ 

$$\tau_{CS} := 30.17 \cdot 10^9$$
 aco := 500

$$-(y_{i}-75)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{m(2)}{\tau co}$$

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tcs}$$

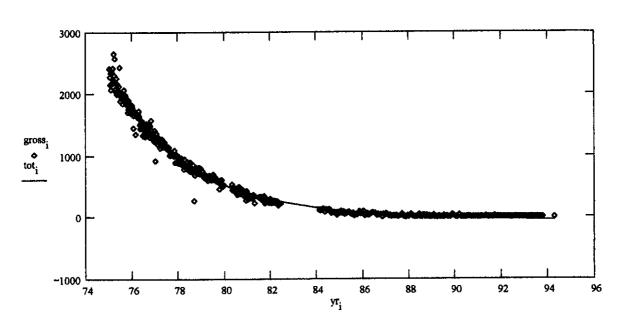
$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tco}$$

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e \cdot e \cdot (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i + Co$$

gross, := net

This data edited for spurious points



bkg := -50

$$ssq(a1,a3,bkg) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + \left[ a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau cu}} + bkg \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\alpha eu = 1.998 \cdot 10^3$$

$$\alpha_{CO} = 501.47$$

$$Eu_i := \alpha eu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_i - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} \qquad Co_i := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_i - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teo}}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{m(2)}{tco}$$

$$\frac{Eu_N}{C} = -0.266$$

$$tot_i := Bkg + Eu_i + Co_i$$

Negative background from overstripping

filein := "two60-94b.txt" Well 21-03-06

Includes bkg, i.e. no background subtraction

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$ 

$$bkgrkp := A^{<6>}$$
 max :=  $A^{<4>}$  b :=  $34.28.1$ 

N := last(yr)

$$N = 470$$
  $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

τco := 5.27

$$\tau cs := 1$$

Eu variables are

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$
Cs. := acs \cdot e

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{m(2)}{\tau_{co}}$$

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$$

3 = 3

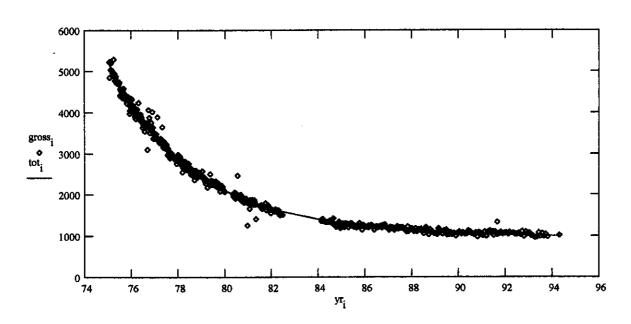
 $\alpha eu = 3.44 \cdot 10^3$ 

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i + Co_i +$$

Cs variables are Ru-106

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3,a2,b) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tco}} + \left[ a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} + a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tcs}} + b \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

ssq(aco, aeu, acs, b)=0 l=1 2=2
$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha eu \\ \alpha cs \\ bkg \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, aeu, acs, b)$$

$$\alpha cs = 581$$
Ru-106

$$Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tcs}}$$

$$Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}}$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tco}}$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tco}}$$

$$\frac{eu}{Cs_{i}} = 0.087$$

$$\frac{bkg = 955.4}{Fit \ background}$$

$$\frac{Eu_{N}}{Cs_{N}} = 3.056 \cdot 10^{4} \quad \frac{955.4}{35 \ er} - 27.3c$$

$$6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6$$

 $\alpha co = 299$ Co-60

Three comp decay60-94Bkg.mcd

WRITEPRN("twop60-94Bkg.txt") := out

8/20/98

7		Dr	y Well Su	IVEY Allai	ysis - Notes
Log Date:	1-16-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	# neutron su	veys <u>483</u> urveys <u>7</u> Last	# GR Surveys <u>425</u>
Contaminat Isotope fron	rion Zone De n Spectral S	epth(s): urvey: _ ( <i>g</i>	Co		Max Survey Depth 1
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rvey Date R	Asson Salasta	num, Samples	Feq.Clean	BackGnd.Tx Avg.Bkg	Comment
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filein := "two47-62.txt" Well 21-03-07

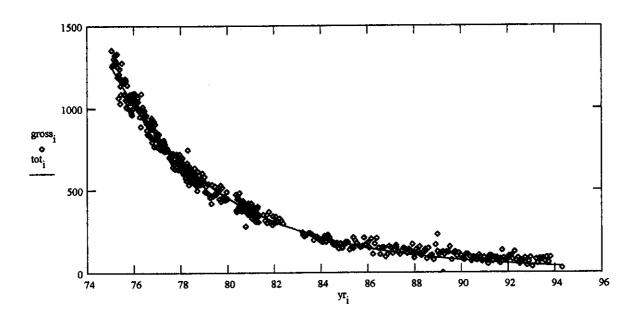
 $vr := A^{<1>}$  net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ A := READPRN(filein) τeu := 2.77 N := last(yr) N = 460 i := 0...N k := 0...300 j := 0...299Eu variables are  $\tau_{\text{CO}} := 5.27$   $\tau_{\text{CS}} := 3 \cdot 10^9$  aco := 408 acs := 00

 $Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$ 

 $tot_i := Co_i + Eu_i$ 

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$\operatorname{ssq}(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ \operatorname{gross}_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yT_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\text{teo}}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yT_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\text{teu}}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

ssq(aco,aeu)=0 1=1

αco := Minerr(aco, aeu)  $\alpha eu = 856.208$ aco = 407.175Co-60 Sb-125

 $\frac{Eu_N}{Co_N} = 0.213$  $out^{<0>} := yr$   $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop47-62.txt") := out

filein := "two62-90B.txt" Well 21-03-07

 $yr := A^{<1>}$  net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$  B := 28.28 A := READPRN(filein) τeu := 1 N = 455 i := 0...N k := 0...300 j := 0...299N := last(yr)Eu variables are aco := 558  $\tau co := 5.27$   $\tau cs := 3.10^9$ acs := 00

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tcs}$$

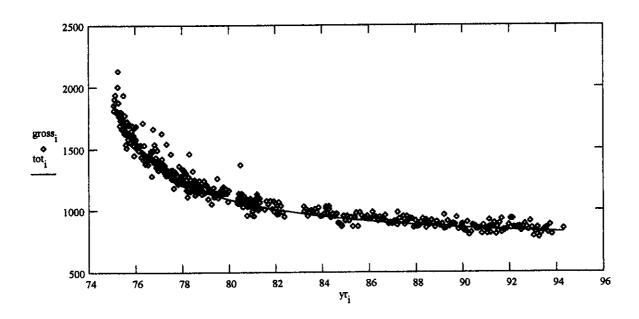
$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tco}$$

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

 $tot_i := Co_i + Eu_i + B$ 

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3,B) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau cu}} + B \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(aco, aeu, B)=0$$
 1=1 2=2

$$Bkg = 798.926$$

$$\frac{\alpha co}{\alpha eu} = 1.043$$

$$\frac{Bkg}{28} = 28.533$$

$$\mathbf{Co_i} \coloneqq \alpha \mathbf{co} \cdot \mathbf{e} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{Eu_i} \coloneqq \alpha \mathbf{eu} \cdot \mathbf{e} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{tot_i} \coloneqq \mathbf{Co_i} + \mathbf{Eu_i} + \mathbf{Bkg}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + Eu_i + Bkg$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop62-90.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Co_N} = 1.878 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$tot_{N} - 799 = 45.129$$

$$Co_N = 45.202$$

	BY	•	Well Sur	vey Analy	sis - Notes
Borehole _	12-03-0 1-15-75	5/2	Total # Surv	reys <u>5/0</u> rveys <u>4</u>	Probe Type <u>04</u> # GR Surveys <u>504</u>
Log Date:	1-15-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	4-20-94	Last	Presentation Plot Dates (If different from )* & Last)
Contamina	tion Zone Der	oth(s)·		<i></i>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Isotope from	m Spectral Su	rvey: Co	roug c	0 450	4 90-100 Max Survey Depth 100
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Survey Date	Reason Selecte	ed num. Sample		HI-ZONES. T	
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Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean	BackGnd.Tx Avg.Bkg	Comment
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	or atack	<i>A</i>	- 8	Analysis Note	80-98
	or aspell			7()-1	
<u></u>	<del></del>		<u></u>		
	Rose	R.		CAV	ver TFERASS 2-2

filein := "two40-60.txt" Well 21-03-08

A := READPRN(filein)

$$v_r := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr) N = 496 i := 0...N k := 0...300 j := 0...299

$$N = 496$$

$$i := 0..299$$

 $\tau_{co} := 5.27$   $\tau_{cs} := 3.10^9$  aco := 198

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln r_i}{r_i}$$
Cs. := acs·e

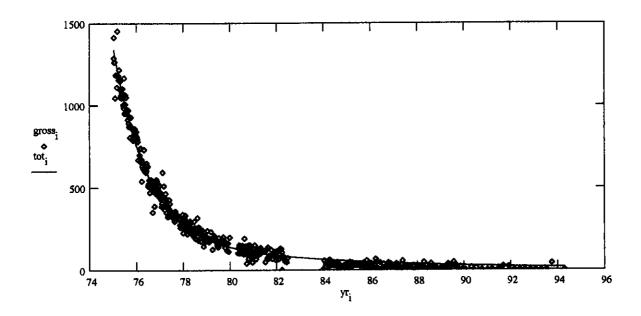
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{m(2)}{tco}$$
Co. := acc.e

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + Eu_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$\operatorname{ssq}(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ \operatorname{gross}_{i} - \left[ \operatorname{al} \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\operatorname{teo}}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\operatorname{teu}}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$aco = 198$$

$$\alpha eu = 1.174 \cdot 10^3$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teo}$$

$$Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e - (yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu}$$

$$tot_{i} := Co_{i} + Eu_{i}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{mc_{i}}{r_{0}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha co}{\alpha eu} = 0.169$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop40-60.txt") := out

$$\frac{\text{Eu}_{\text{N}}}{\text{Co}_{\text{N}}} = 1.162 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole Log Date:	22-03-0 1-16-75	9 1 <sup>st</sup>	Total # Surv # neutron su <u> </u> <u> </u> <u> </u>	veys <u>627</u> urveys <u>9</u> Last	Probe Type 04 # GR Surveys 6/8/ Presentation Plot Dates
Contamin	ation Zone De om Spectral St	pth(s):	Co E	n 154	(If different from 1" & Last)  Max Survey Depth 100
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment	GAPS.Txt	
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Survey Date	Reason Selecte	ed num. Sample	s Comment	HI-ZONES.	
			Stade	for 6	TP intervale
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				BackGnd.Tx	:t
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples		Avg.Bkg	Comment
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	lad	Like )-	48 4	T esm	Com Hu Thin sale
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nalyst Name	Rosa	Randd		S/W v	er TF-6-80882-2

filein := "two00-11.txt" Well 21-03-09

A := READPRN(filein)

$$net := A^{<7>}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr) N = 227 i := 0...N k := 0...300 j := 0...299

$$N = 227$$

$$k = 0..300$$

τeu := 8.5

$$\tau co := 5.27$$
  $\tau cs := 30.17$   $aco := 00$ 

Eu variables are

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(yr_i - 75)}{\pi}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{co}}$$

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e$$

$$- (yr_{i} - 75) \frac{ln(2)}{tcs}$$

$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e$$

$$- (yr_{i} - 75) \frac{ln(2)}{tco}$$

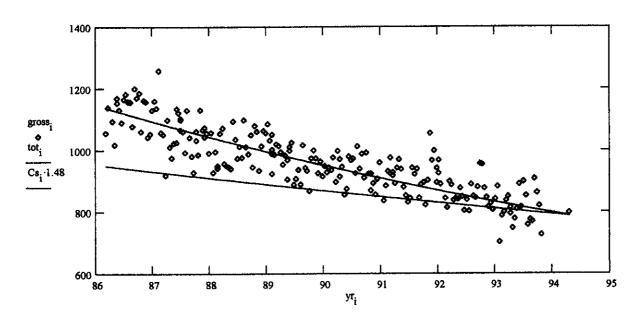
$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e$$

$$- (yr_{i} - 75) \frac{ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$\operatorname{ssq}(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ \operatorname{gross}_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\operatorname{tcs}}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\operatorname{teu}}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$\alpha cs = 830.143$$
 Cs-137

$$\alpha eu = 1.237 \cdot 10^3$$

 $Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tes}}$   $Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu}}$   $tot_{i} := Cs_{i} + Eu_{i}$ 

$$\frac{203}{100} = 0.671$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop00-11.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 0.481$$

filein := "two11-52.txt" Well 21-03-09

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1>}$$

$$net := A^{<7>}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$  B := 0

$$\mathbf{B} \coloneqq \mathbf{0}$$

N := last(yr) N = 528 i := 0...N k := 0...300 j := 0...299

$$N = 528$$

$$k := 0..300$$

 $\tau co := 5.27 \cdot 10^9$   $\tau cs := 2.77$  aco := 0

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(3)}{tc}$$
Cs. := acs :e

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\sin(2)}{\cos}$$
Co. := aco:e

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{tcs}$$

$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{tco}$$

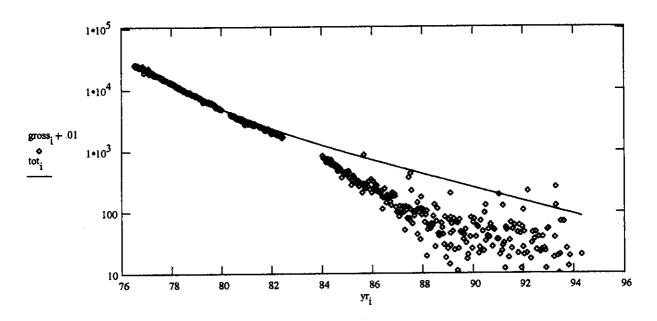
$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

$$tot_{i} := Cs_{i} + Eu_{i} + Co_{i} + B$$

$$\cot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i + Co_i + B$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-(yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tos}} + a3 \cdot e^{-(yr_{i} - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} + 0 \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

αcs := Minerr(acs, aeu)  $yrf_i := 75 + 20 \cdot \frac{i}{N}$ 

$$\alpha_{\rm CS} = 1.057 \cdot 10^4$$

$$\operatorname{rrf}_{i} := 75 + 20 \cdot \frac{1}{N}$$

$$-\left(\operatorname{yrf}_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\operatorname{tes}}$$

$$Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e^{-\left(yrf_{i} - 75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau cs}}$$

$$Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e^{-\left(yrf_{i} - 75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau eu}}$$

$$\frac{Bkg}{28} = \frac{1}{28}$$

$$\frac{Bkg}{28} =$$

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 0.199$$

 $\alpha eu = 5.316 \cdot 10^4$ 

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$$

$$\frac{\text{Eu}_{\text{N}}}{\text{Cs}_{\text{N}}} = 7.152 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$out^{<1>} := tot$$
 WRITEPRN("twop11-52.txt") := out

filein := "two24-52B.txt" Well 21-03-09

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$  B := 432

net := 
$$A^{<7>}$$

$$N := last(yr)$$
  $N = 513$   $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

$$N = 513$$

$$tco := 5.27 \cdot 10^9$$
  $tcs := 2.77$   $aco := 0$   $acs := 11670$ 

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$$

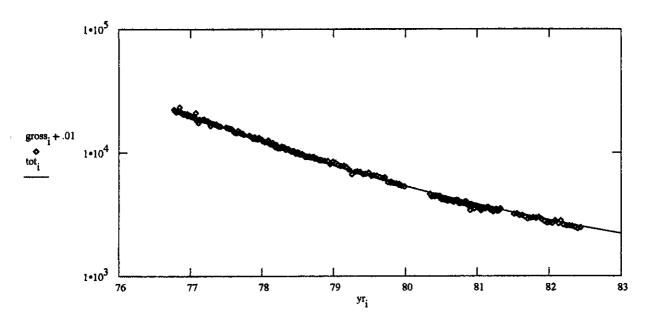
$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{co}}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\text{teu}}.$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i + Co_i + B$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3,B) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tcs}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} + B \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(acs, aeu, B) = 0$$

$$\alpha_{CS} = 1.167 \cdot 10^{\circ}$$

$$-\frac{G8 - 137}{Gb/25}$$

$$Bkg = 432$$

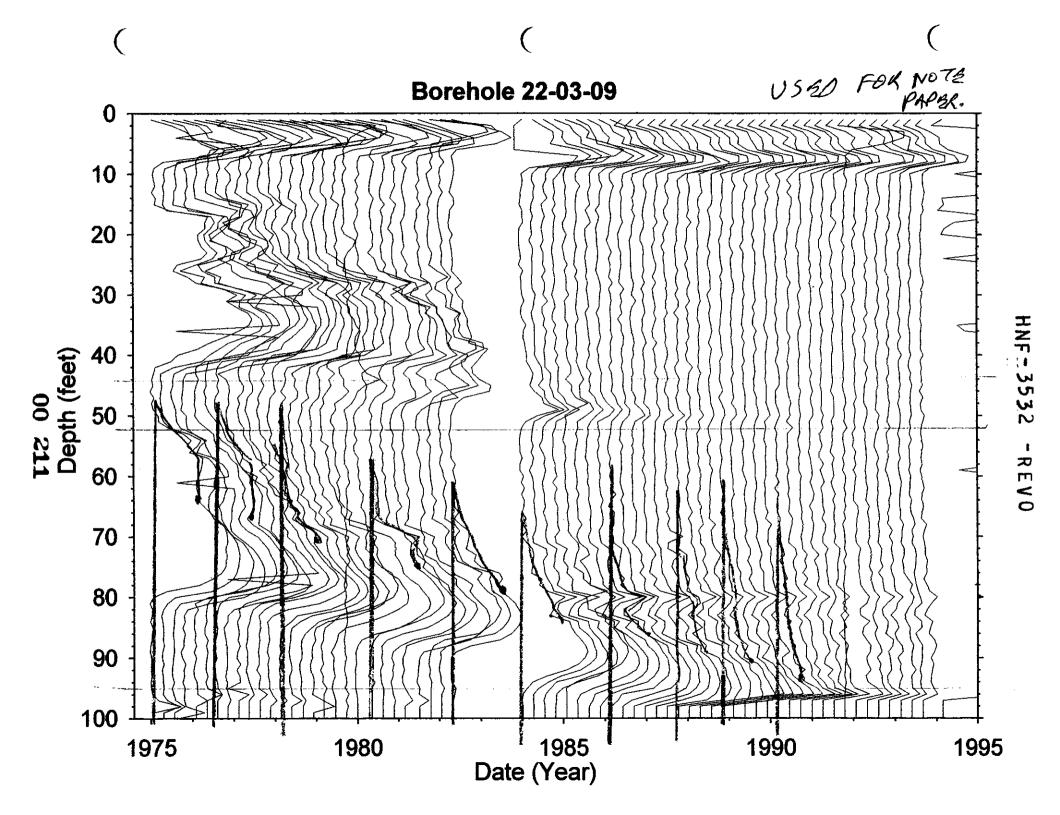
$$-\left(\operatorname{yrf}_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\operatorname{ter}}$$
  
Eu, :=  $\alpha$ eu·e

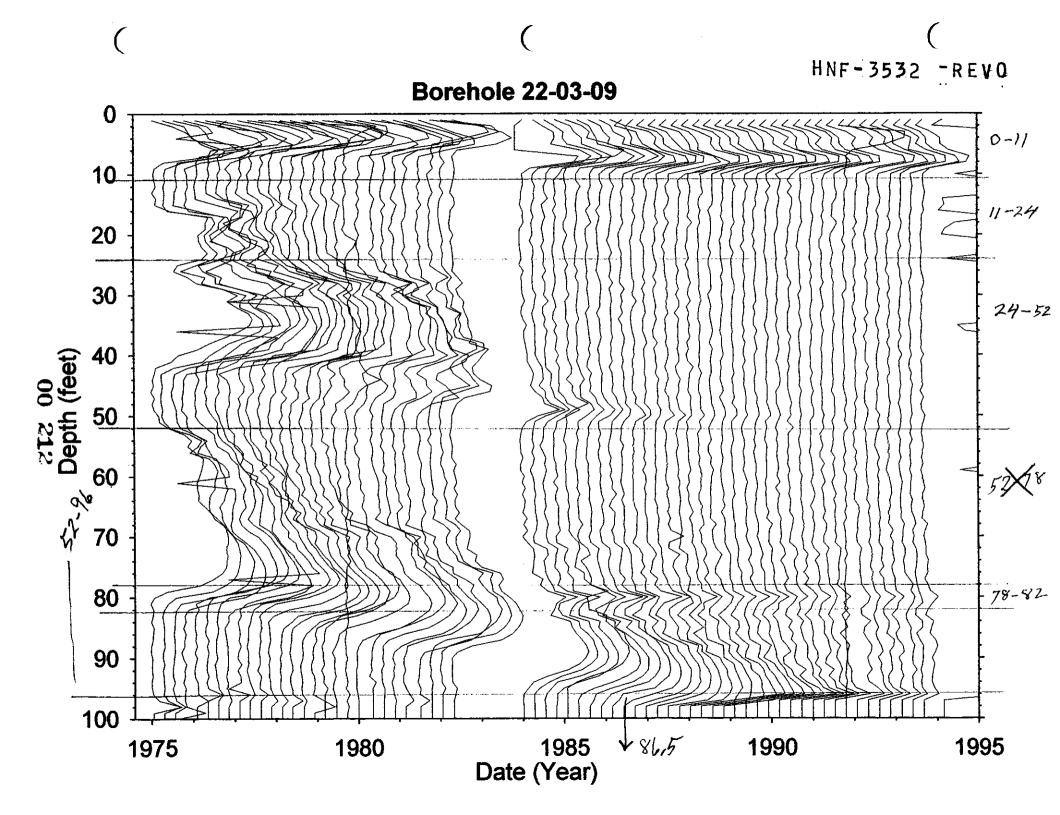
$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 0.229$$
  $\alpha co =$ 

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i + Bkg$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{Eu_N}}{\mathrm{Cs_N}} = 6.201 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$out^{<0>} := yrf out^{<1>} := tot$$





	BY	Dry	Well Su	rvey Anai	ysis - inoles	
Log Date:	72-03- 1-16-75 ation Zone De		Total # Surv # neutron su W-20-2	veys <u>479</u> rveys <u>7</u> Last	Probe Type 6 # GR Surveys Presentation I	472
Isotope fro	om Spectral Su	rvey: Cs	low			Max Survey Depth/90
Survey Date	num Cone	num. Samples	Comment	GAPS.Txt		<u> </u>
Survey Date	num. Caps	num. Samples		time aff	2 '80 10	0-> 85
				HI-ZONES.1	`xt	
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	ed num. Samples	Comment	/ 1/2	10-30+	In his
	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
				BackGnd.Tx		
urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean	BackGnd.Tx Avg.Bkg	t Comment	
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urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean			
urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean			
urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean			
urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean			
urvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples		Avg.Bkg	Comment	
urvey Date		num. Samples			Comment	
				Avg.Bkg	Comment	
				Avg.Bkg	Comment	
				Avg.Bkg	Comment	
				Avg.Bkg	Comment	
				Avg.Bkg	Comment	

#### **Borehole 22-04-01**

Contamination (Ru-106) from 20-35 feet is Stable Contamination (Ru-106) from 35-45 feet is Stable

Grade thickness product over 20 to 35 feet is decreasing consistent with Ru-106 (hypothesis) decay. There may be some indication of non-stability from 1981 through 1987, but the levels are near threshold and no definite conclusion can be reached.

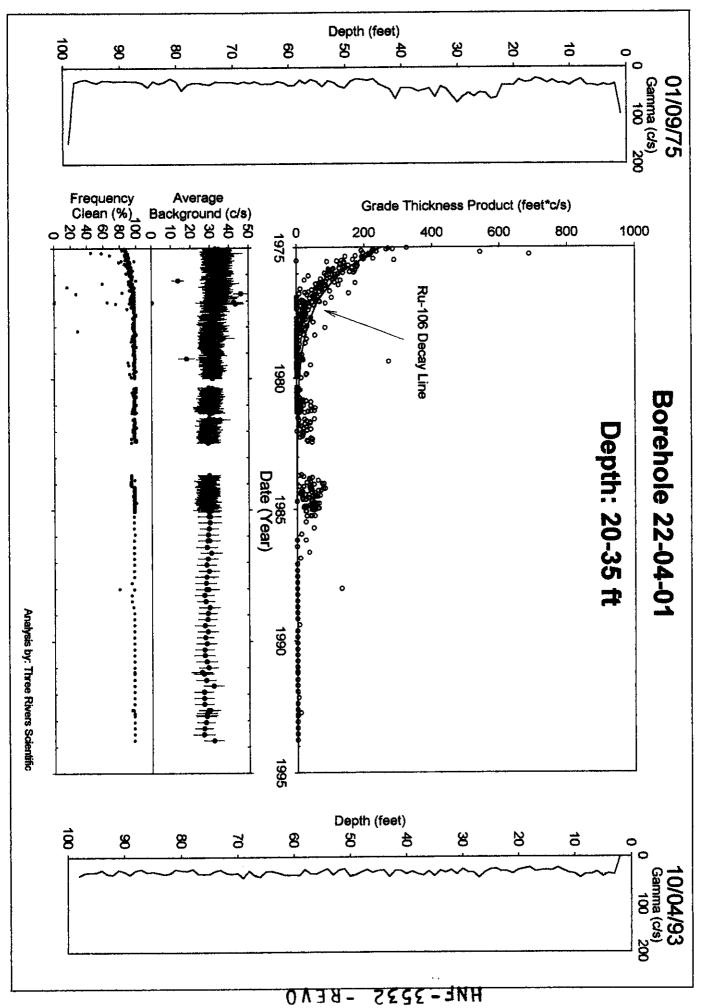
Grade thickness product over 35 to 45 feet is decreasing consistent with Ru-106 (hypothesis) decay.

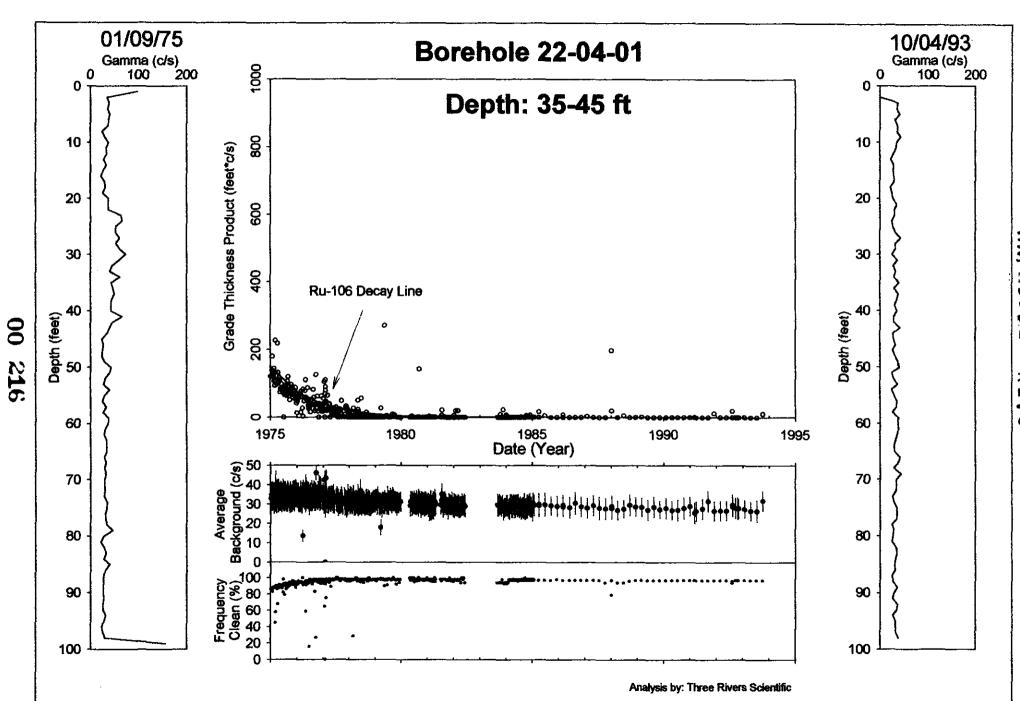
Gross Gamma Survey Information

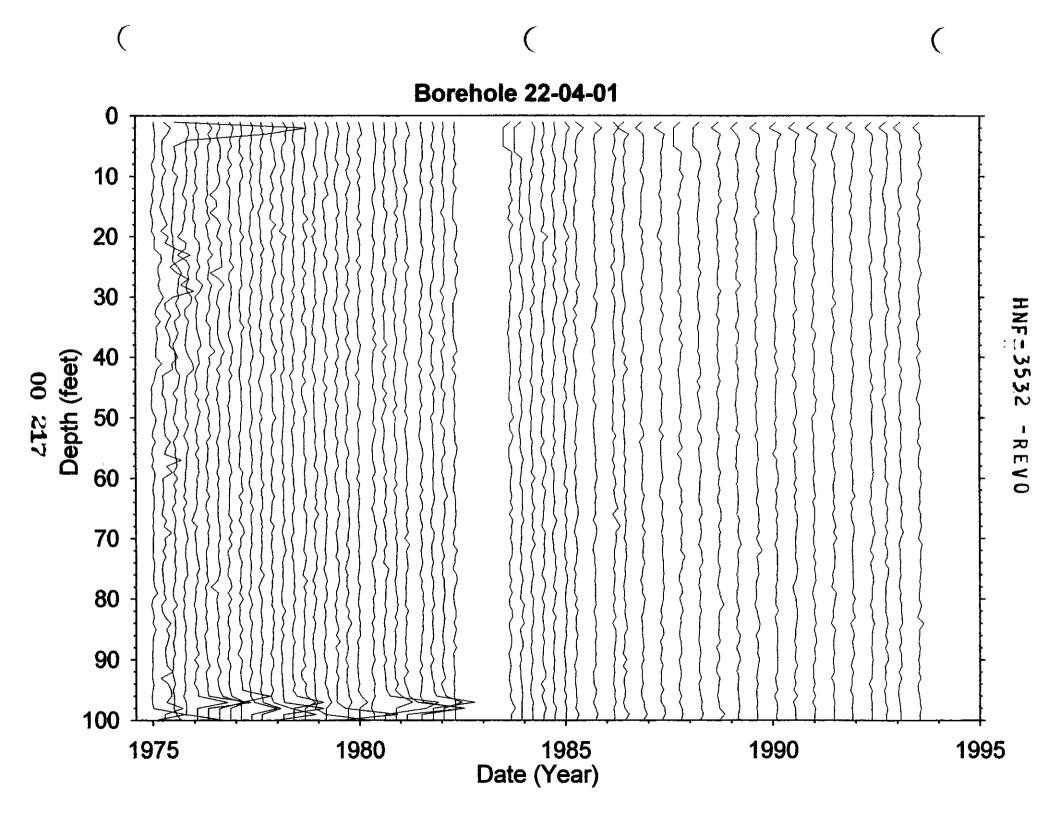
Gross Gamma Survey Information			
Probe Type :	04: NaI		
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron		
Borehole Depth:	100 ft		
Survey Depth:	100 ft		
First Survey Date :	1/9/1975		
Last Survey Date :	10/4/1993		
Number Surveys :	439		

Analysis Notes

Analysis nows				
Number Surveys Rejected:	0			
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0			
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50 &="" 20-35="" 35-45<br="" for="">Threshold 0<val<40 20-45<="" for="" td=""></val<40></val<50>			
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	20-35 & 35-45 Stable			
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall			
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific			







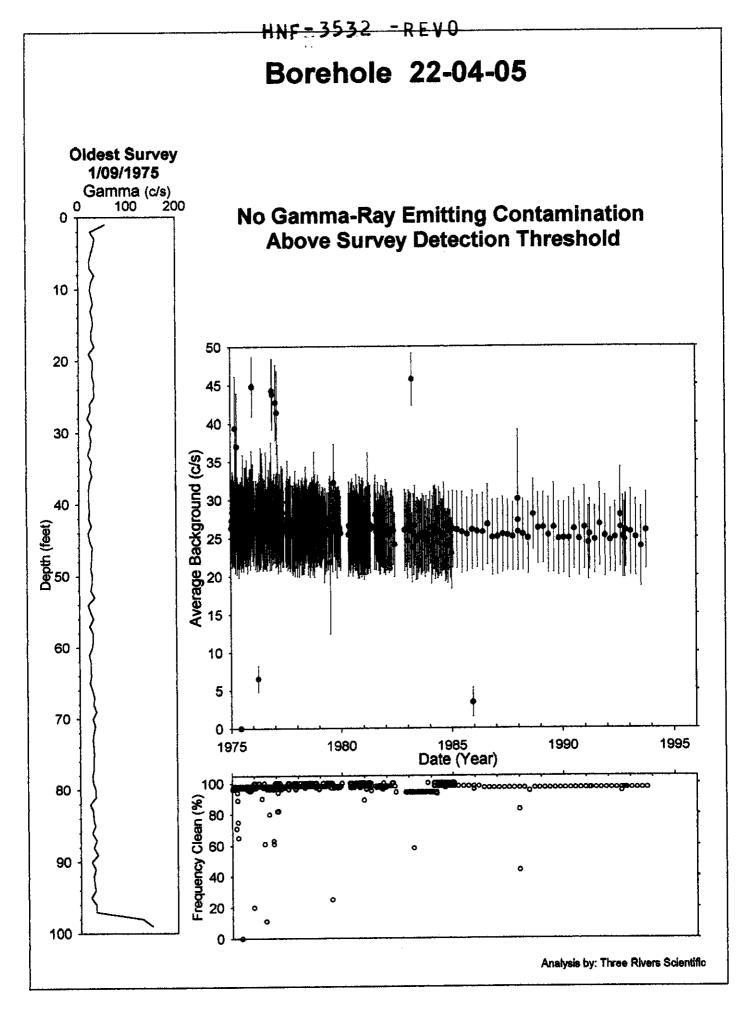
## Borehole 22-04-05

# No Gamma Ray Emitting Contamination was identified.

No significant levels of gamma ray contamination are present above the survey probe detection threshold between 1975 and 1993 in the vadose zone from 2 to 100 feet.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

	3 110103
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	NONE
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific



## Borehole 22-04-07

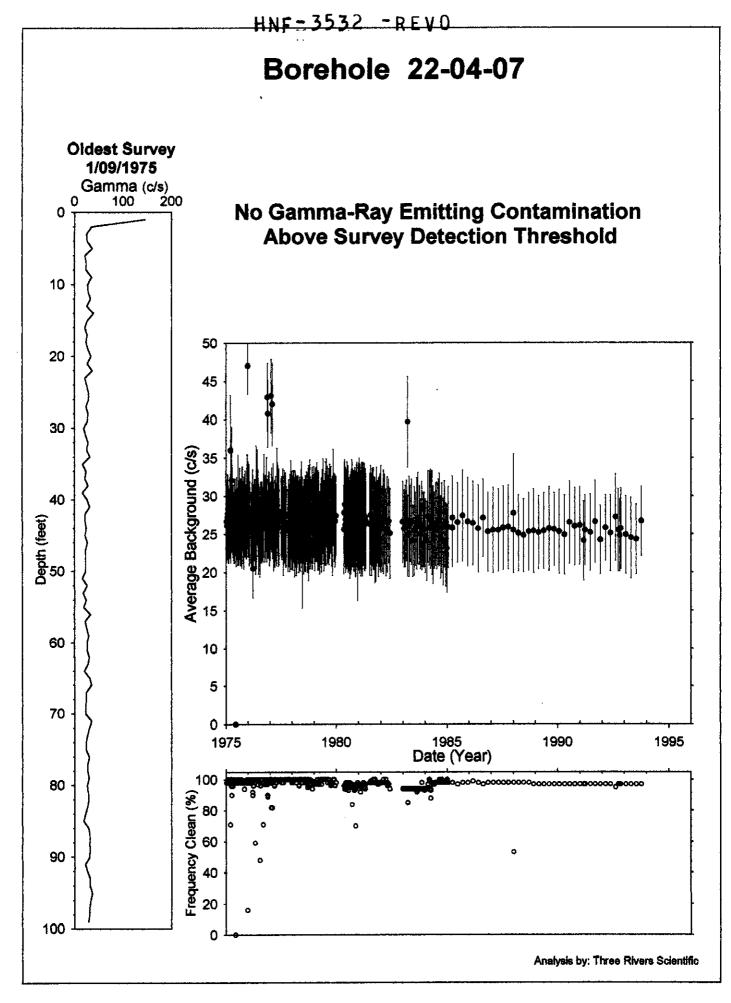
## No Gamma Ray Emitting Contamination was identified.

No significant levels of gamma ray contamination are present above the survey probe detection threshold between 1975 and 1993 in the vadose zone from 2 to 100 feet.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

GIODO GAILLINA DALLY OF THE CONTROL					
04: NaI					
03: Neutron					
100 ft					
100 ft					
1/9/1975					
10/4/1993					
409					

1 2201 0	13 140103
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	NONE
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific



#### **Borehole 22-04-09**

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-8 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Co-60) from 75-95 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> Early Contamination (Co-60) from 105-120 feet Stable (when logged)

Grade thickness product, Cs-137 (HPGe identified), from 0 to 8 feet is erratic, indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations. The grade thickness product for this interval appears stable from 1986 to 1993.

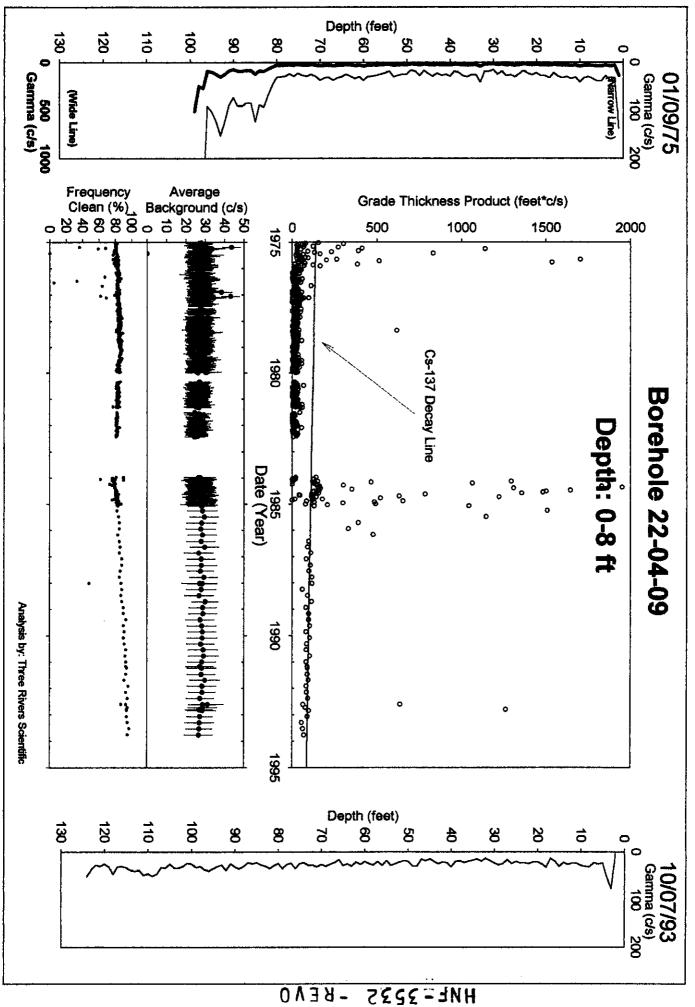
Grade thickness product over 75 to 95 feet is increasing starting mid 1979. After the rapid increase stops in mid 1980 until1982 the grade thickness product is not changing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) from mid 1979 to 1982. A rapid decrease indicated by four surveys in early 1982 ends with a data gap, and when logging data resumes, the decay appears consistent with Co-60, but at low levels.

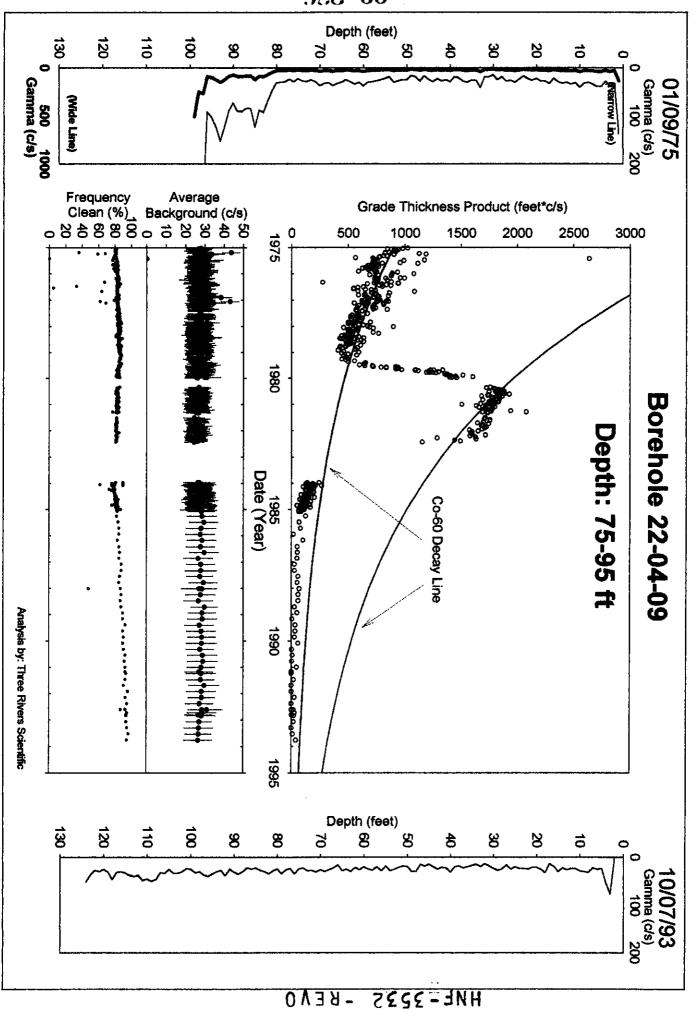
Grade thickness product, Co-60 (HPGe identified) from 105 to 120 feet first appears 12-22-83 due to apparent well deepening and from this time to 1993 is stable. Special note that there are no data to indicate downward movement if it occurred; however, the contaminant could be in this interval (105-120 feet) as a result of the drilling process.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

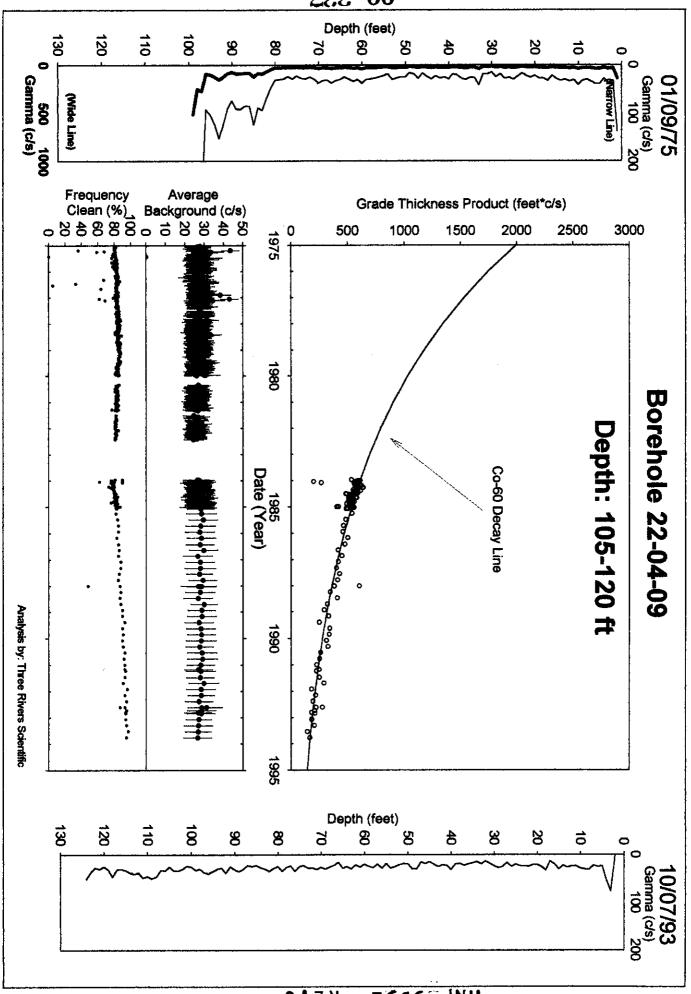
G1035 Gaillia	Dai voy mioritation
Probe Type:	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	125 ft present
Survey Depth:	100 ft at start and 125 ft after 12-22-83
First Survey Date :	1/9/1975
Last Survey Date :	10/7/1993
Number Surveys :	451

Anai	ysis Notes
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 Tank Farm Activity, 75-95 UNSTABLE, 105-120 Stable (when logged)
Analyst Name:	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific









HNE-3235 - BEAO

#### **Borehole 22-04-11**

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-8 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 10-25 feet is Stable Contamination (Ru-106) from 25-50 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 90-100 feet is Undetermined

Grade thickness product, Cs-137 (HPGe identified), from 0 to 8 feet is erratic, indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations. The grade thickness product appears stable from 1986 to 1994.

Grade thickness product from 10 to 25 feet is decreasing consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 1975 to 1994.

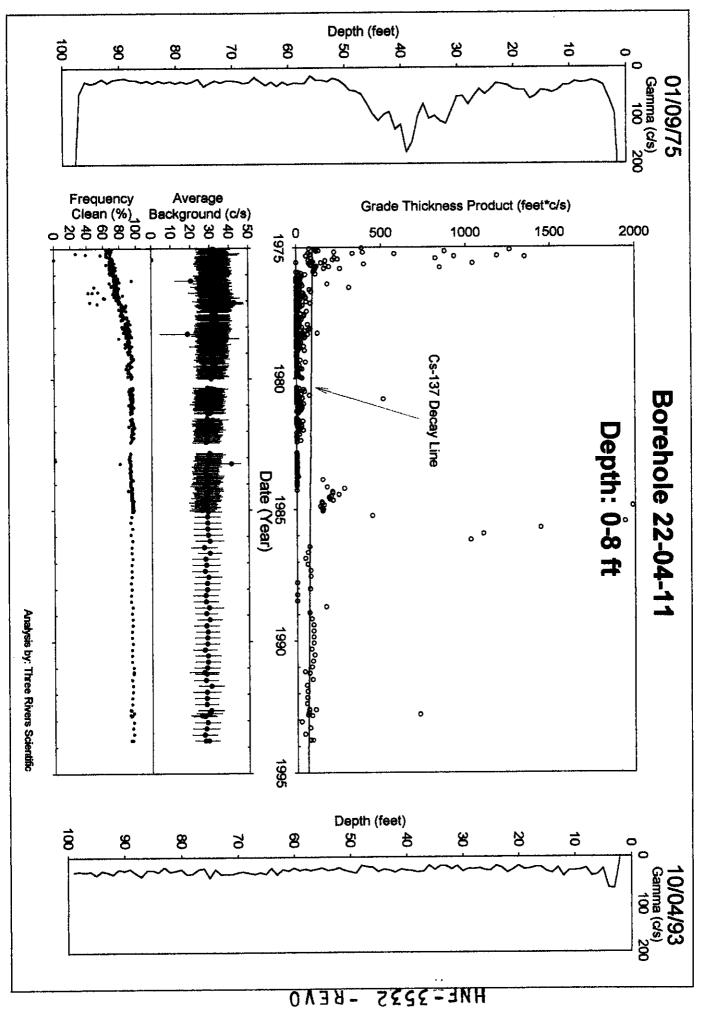
Grade thickness product from 25 to 50 feet is decreasing nearly consistent with Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1994. Special note, there is a very slight deviation early from a single Ru-106 decay. The addition of a longer lived component cannot be computed since the levels of confidence do not allow such a procedure and a definitive statement.

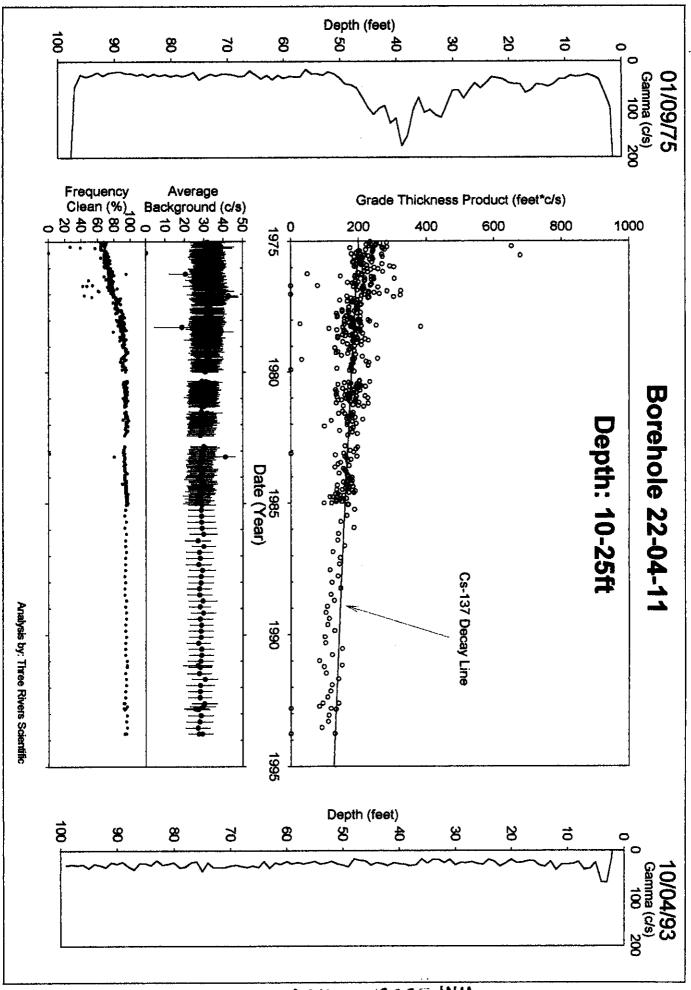
Grade thickness product from 90 to 100 feet is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified), between 1976 and mid 1982, but gross gamma logging was not designed to accurately measure near the surface or bottom of the borehole. Also, some presence of a rapid decay is indicated from 1975 to 1976, but system limitations do no allow a conclusion.

**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

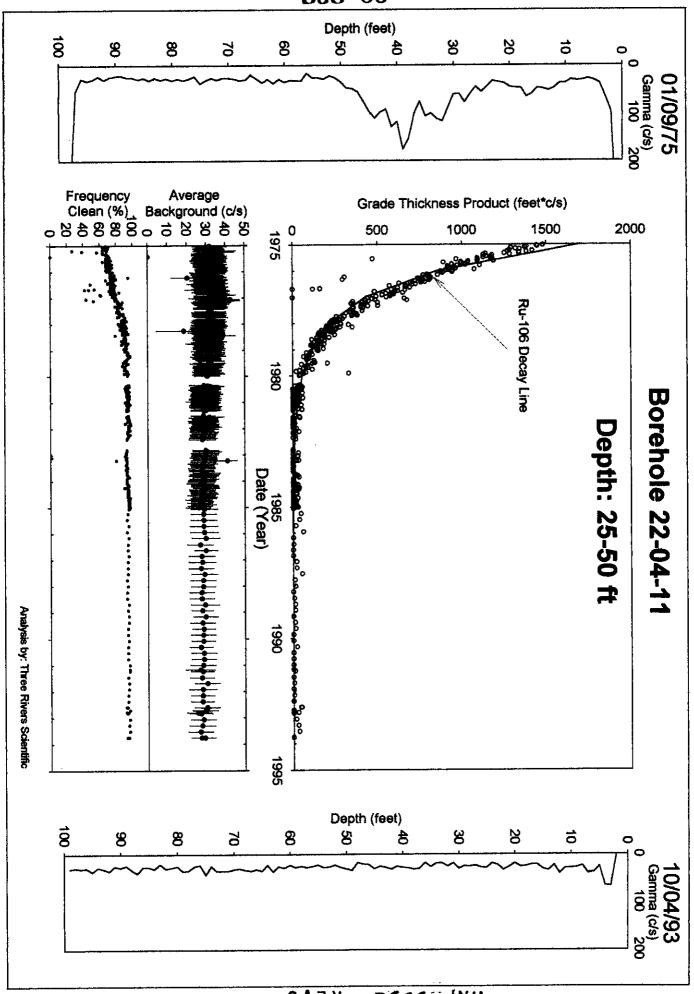
Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	14: Shielded NaI, 02: Red GM, 03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/15/1975
Last Survey Date:	10/4/1993
Number Surveys:	405

2 - 2.3.	21/313 110103
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys :	0-8 Tank Farm Activity 10-25 & 25-50 Stable 90-100 Undetermined
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific

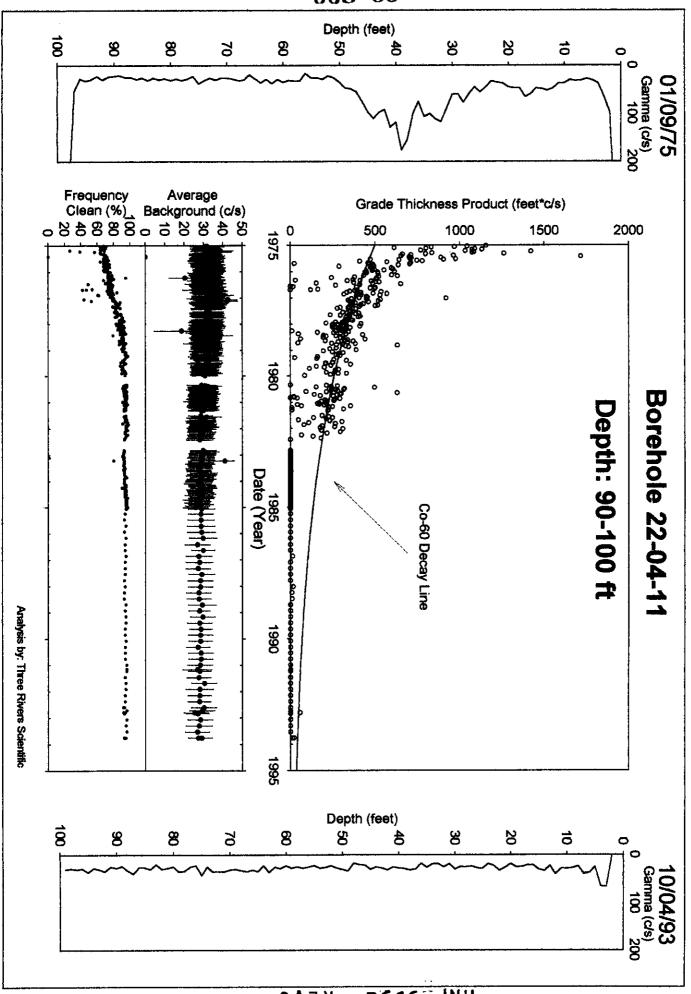




HNE-3225 - BEAO



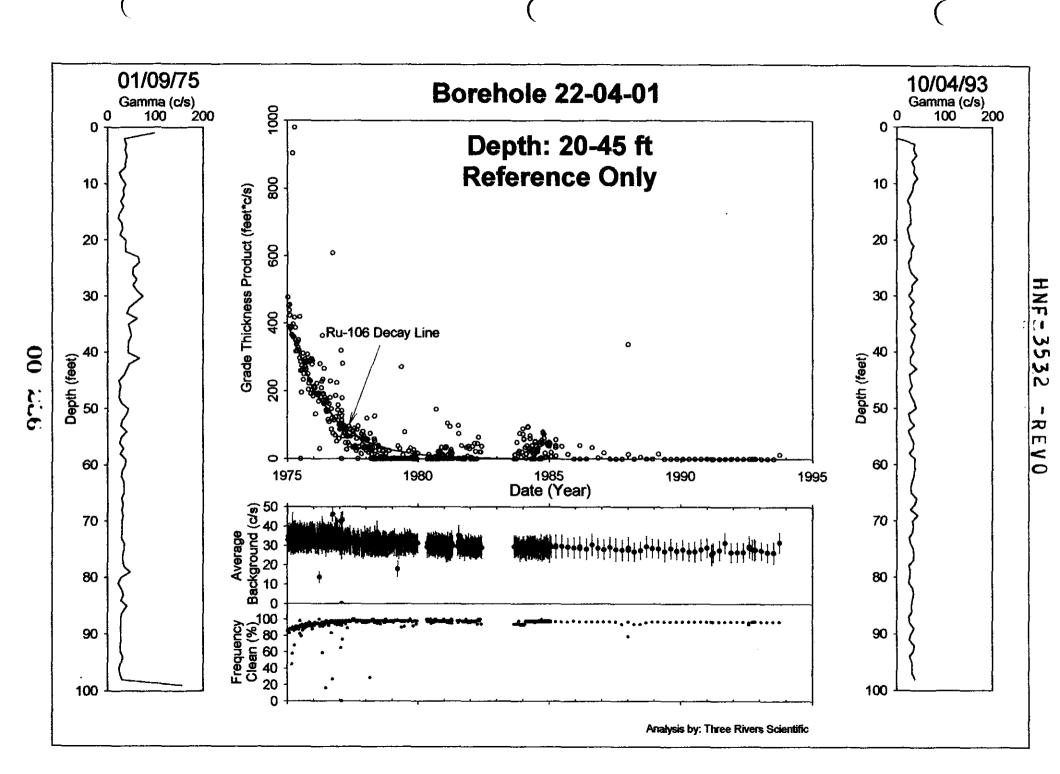
HNE-3235 -BEAO

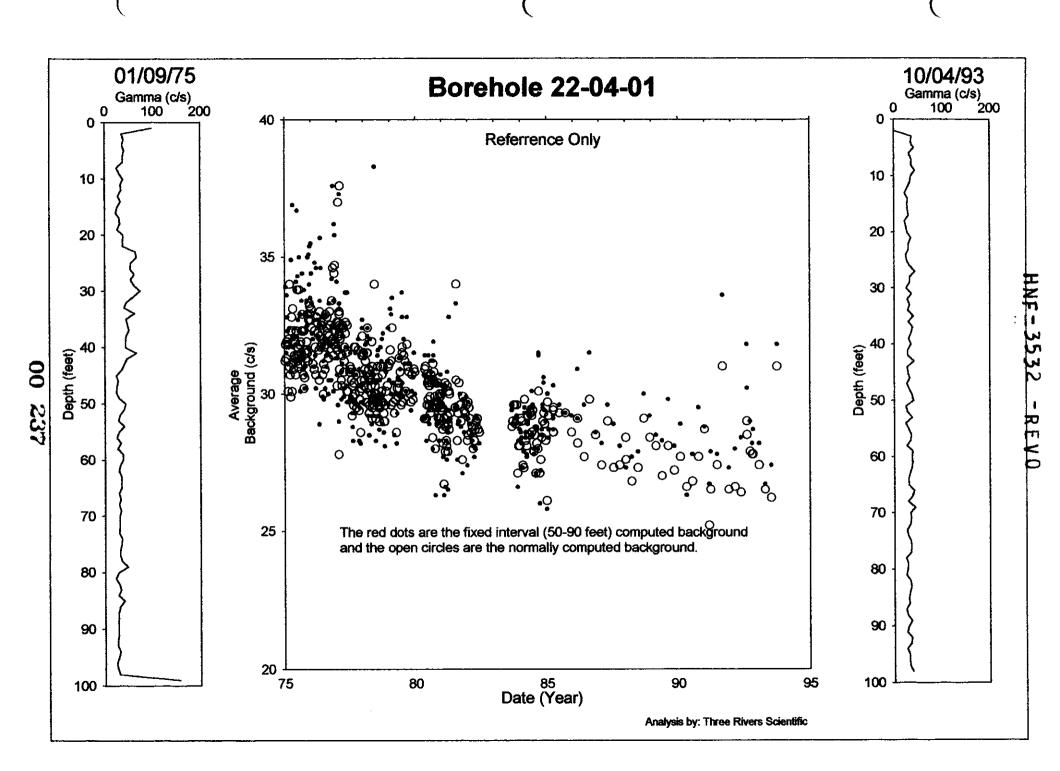


HNE-3235 - BEAO

<b>.</b>	BY	Dry	Well Su	rvey Anal	ysis - Notes
Borehole	22-04-	01	Total # Sur	veys <u>441</u> urveys <u>2</u>	Probe Type <u>OH</u> # GR Surveys <u>439</u>
Log Date:	1-9-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	10-4-9	3 Last	Presentation Plot Dates
Contamin	ation Zone De	pth(s):		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(If different from 1 & Last)
Isotope fro	om Spectral Su	ırvey:	lone	ende oll	Max Survey Depth 100
				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
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Survey Date	Reason Selecti	ed num. Sample	S Comment	HI-ZONES.	<u>Txt</u>
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				BackGnd.Tr	ct
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comment
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	interface	use A	ed org	find ush	e plati
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	BY	Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	ysis - Notes
	22-04-0	75	Total # Surve	eys <u>405</u> rveys <u>2</u>	Probe Type
-	1-9-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	10-4-93	Last	Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1 * & Last)
Contamina Isotope fro	ation Zone De om Spectral S	epth(s):	lean shallow	o & low	
				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
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Survey Date	Resson Cales	ed num. Sample		HI-ZONES.	1 xt
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				BackGnd.Tx	kt
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	d num. Sample	s Feq.Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comment
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Analyst Nam	e Borne	Kaula		_ S/W \	ver <u>TFGROSS 2</u> 2

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## Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

_	1-9-75 tion Zone De		10-4-43	Last	Probe Type <u>04</u> # GR Surveys <u>409</u> Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1* & L
sotope fro	m Spectral S	urvey: Cz	ma sunf	Co deg	Of low lace Max Survey Depth 1
				GAPS.Txt	
urvey Date	num, Gaps	num. Samples	Comment	<u> </u>	
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				HI-ZONES.T	Txt
rvey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	s Comment	-/	1 1 2
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				BackGnd.Tx	*
rvey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples		Avg.Bkg	Comment
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	54	Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	ysis - Notes
•	22-04-0 1-9-75	·	Total # Surv # neutron su 10-7-93	veys <u>456</u> nrveys <u>5</u> Last	Probe Type <u>04</u> # GR Surveys <u>H51</u> Presentation Plot Dates  (If different from 1" & Last)
Contamina Isotope fro	ation Zone De om Spectral Su	pth(s): urvey: <u>(</u>	one & Ruf	G day A GAPS.Txt	128
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
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Survey Date	Reason Selecte	d num. Sample	S Comment	1 1 1	
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				BackGnd.Tx	·
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comment
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	图》	Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	ysis -	Notes	
Borehole	22-04-11	<u>/</u>	Total # Surv	reys <u>407</u> rveys <u>2</u>	_ Pr	obe Type <u>04</u> GR Surveys <u>405</u>	
Log Date:	1-9-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	10-4-99	Last		esentation Plot Dates	
Contamina Isotope fro	ation Zone De om Spectral S	epth(s):	low sh		very .	low tag Max Su	rvey Depth 100
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment	GAPS.Txt			
				HI-ZONES.T	Γxt		
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	s Comment			7.	
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				7			
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		•		BackGnd.Tx	ct		
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	d num. Sample:	s Feq.Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comm	ent	
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	67			Analysis Note			4
	on Star		0-8	16-7	35	25-50	40-100
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Analyst Nam	e Race	Kando	ul	S/W v	ver T	-GR05522	

#### **Borehole 22-05-01**

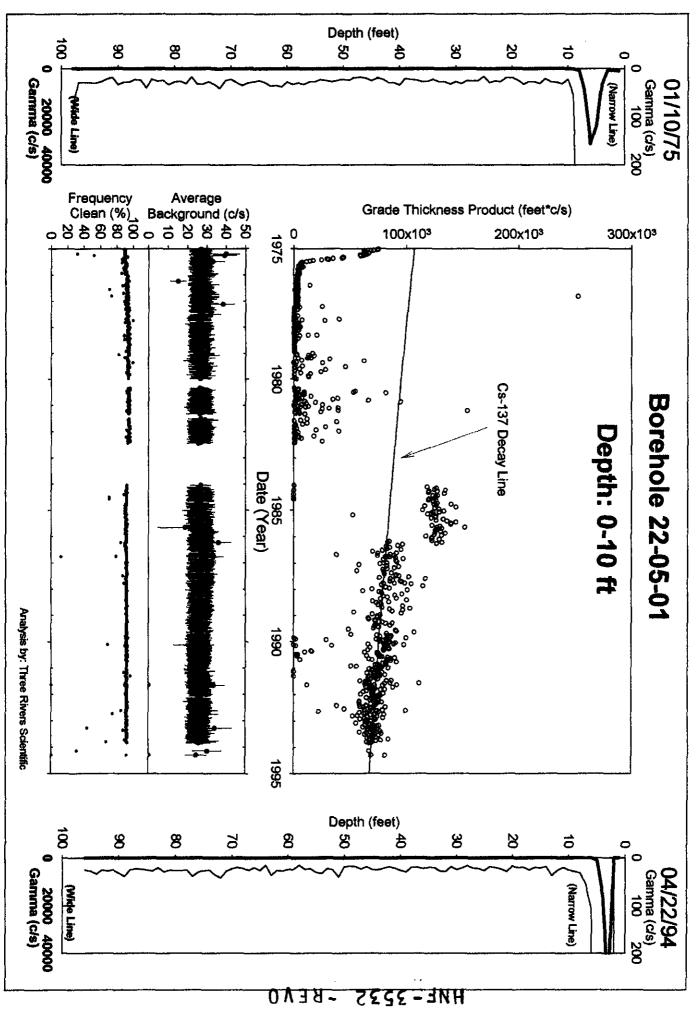
## Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity

Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 10 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations. However, some of the surveys are near the limits of count rate at 20,000 to 40,000 c/s. Also, the consistent steady decline from Jan 10, 1975 to Jul 11, 1975 is not usual for such "Tank Farm Activity".

Gross Gamma Survey Information

t Dan vey information
04: NaI
03: Neutron
100 ft
100 ft
1/10/1975
4/22/1994
737

Number Surveys Rejected:	0		
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0		
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>		
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 Tank Farm Activity		
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall		
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific		



#### **Borehole 22-05-05**

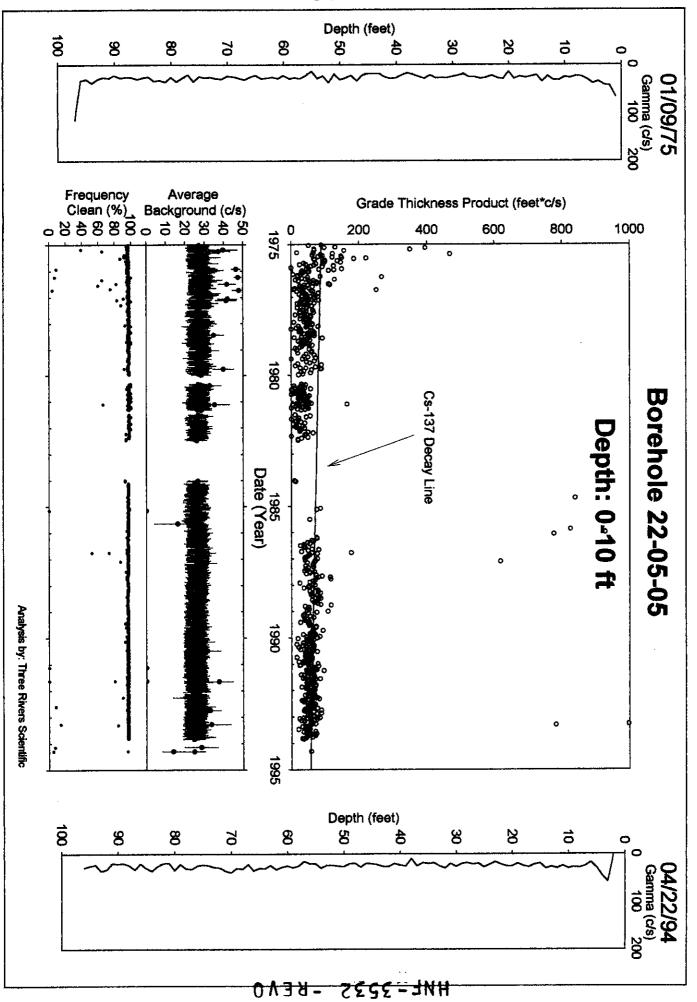
# Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity

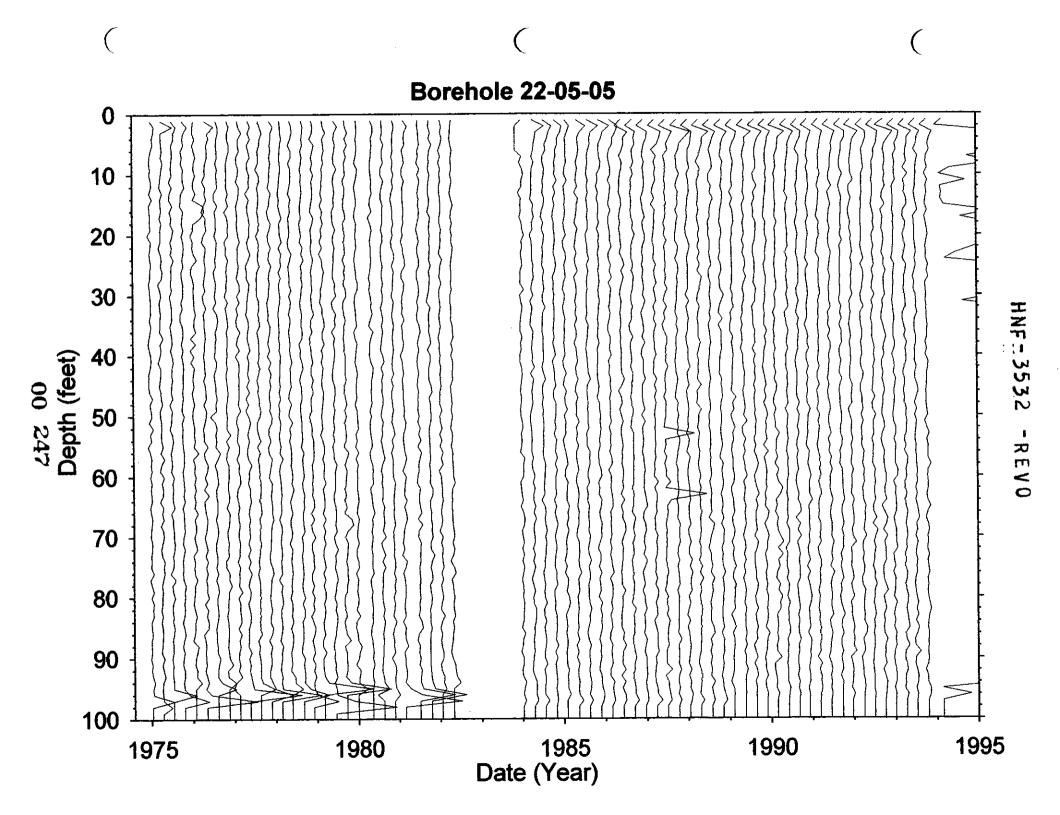
Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 10 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations. There is also some indication of problems associated with depth control near the surface.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

04: NaI					
03: Neutron					
100 ft					
100 ft					
1/9/1975					
4/22/1994					
704					

Aliq	19313 140163	
Number Surveys Rejected:	0	
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0	
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>	
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 Tank Farm Activity	
Analyst Name:	R.R. Randall	
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific	





#### **Borehole 22-05-09**

# Contamination (Co-60) from 55-66 feet is Unstable Early Contamination (Co-60) from 55-90 feet is Unstable Early, Undetermined Late

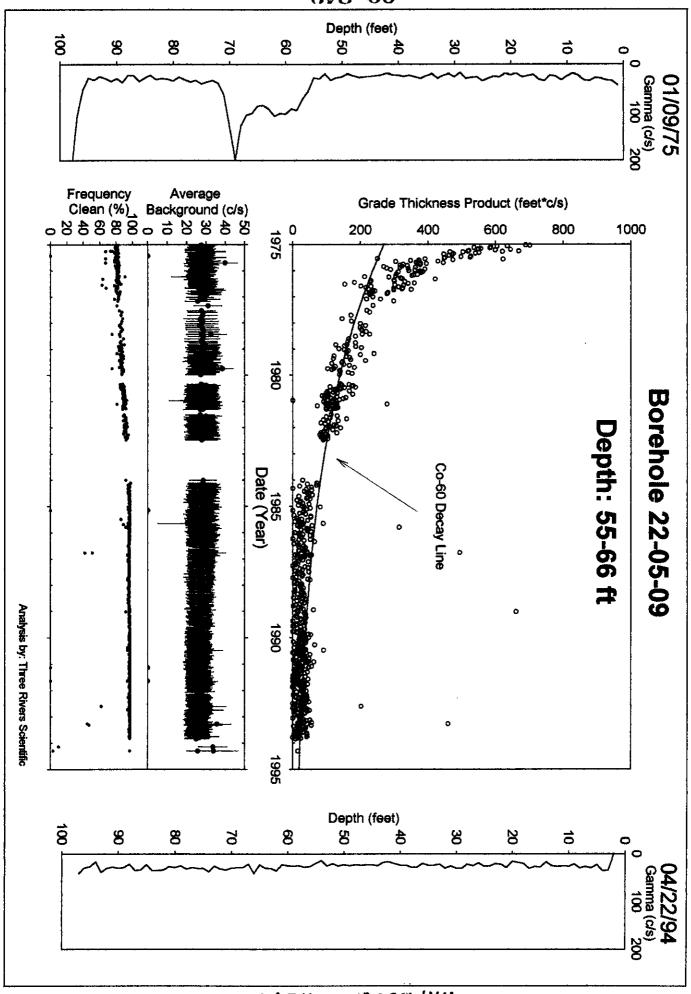
Grade thickness product Co-60 (HPGe identified) from 55 to 66 feet appears stable from 1977 to 1994, and the rapid change before 1977 could be movement or a rapid decay component. The stack plot clearly displays downward movement from a peak at 70 feet down, and after 1985 there is not enough signal to determine if the movement down continues. The grade thickness product is processed for 55 to 66 feet in order to view stability after possible movement down clears out of the region.

The stack plot clearly shows downward movement of the peak at 70 feet. After 1984, the levels are too low to make a determination of continued movement from the stack plot. Therefore, a grade thickness product is computed for the entire interval of 55 to 90 feet to quantitatively assess the dynamics after 1984. The trend does not clearly match the Co-60 decay from 1984 to 1994, but the deviation is near threshold at the end and a definitive classification is not possible.

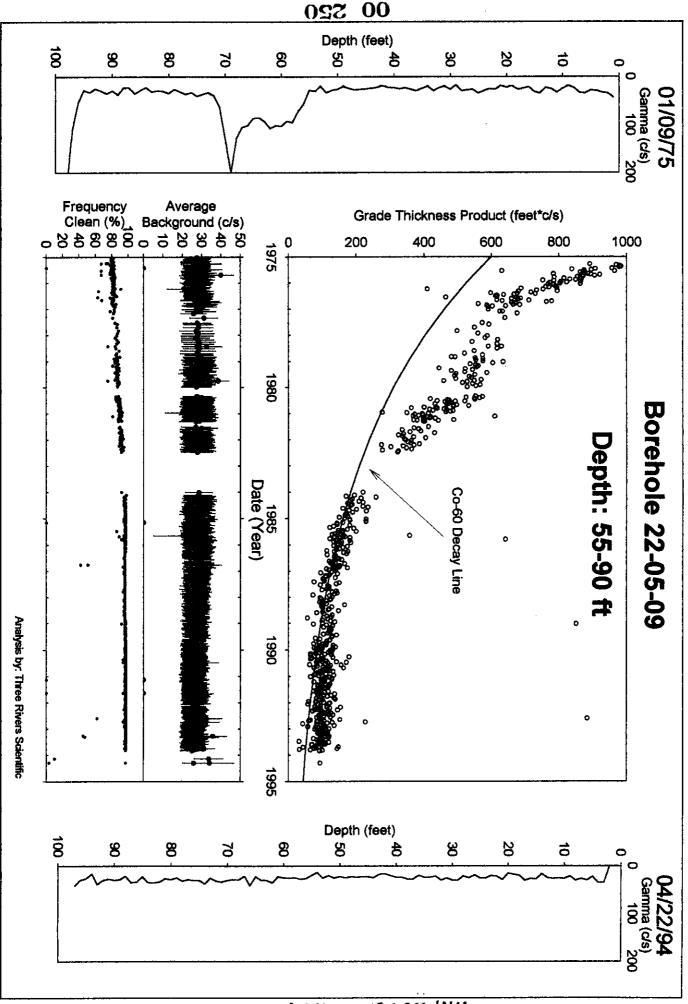
Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	02: Red GM & 03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth :	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/9/1975
Last Survey Date :	4/22/1994
Number Surveys :	643

	1417515 110105
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	55-66 & 55-90 UNSTABE EARLY & Downward Movement (Undetermined late)
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific



HNE-3235 - BEAO



HNE-3235 - BEAO

	BY	Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	ysis - Notes	
3orehole _	1-10-75	<i>b</i> /	Total # Surve # neutron sur	eys 744	Probe Type # GR Survey	04
Log Date:	1-10-79	1 <sup>st</sup>	4-22-94	Last	Presentation	Plot Dates (If different from 1 & Last)
Contamina	ation Zone De om Spectral Su	pth(s):	D	Coabo	<i>FT</i>	Max Survey Depth 100
isotope ire	m specual st	11 vey. <u>7 25 </u>			um_	Max Survey Depth 100
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment	GAPS.Txt		
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Survey Date	Resson Selecte	ed num. Samples		HI-ZONES.	Γxt	
Survey Date	Reason Selecti	eu num. Sample:	Stack	70-10	<i>/</i>	
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Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples		Avg.Bkg	Comment	
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			A	nalysis Note	s	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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Analyst Nam	ie Price	Randel	'/	S/W ·	ver <i>TFGRA</i>	122

	BY	Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	ysis - Notes	
rehole _	22-05	-05	Total # Surve	eys <u>708</u>	Probe Type _ # GR Survey Presentation	04 s 704
Log Date:	1-9-79	1 <sup>st</sup>	4-22-94	Last	Presentation	Plot Dates
Contamina	tion Zone De	pth(s):		<del></del>		(If different from 1 * & Last)
Isotope fro	m Spectral Si	urvey:	5 Jung	4 -low	all slept &	Max Survey Depth 100
				GAPS.Txt		
Survey Date	num, Gaps	num. Samples	Comment			
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Survey Date	Reason Selected	d num. Sample	s Feq.Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment	
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Analyst Name		HAMA	MILI	_ S/W <b>'</b>	ver TFGROSS	<u></u>

		Dry	Well Sur	vey Anal	ysis - Notes
_orehole_	22-05-0 1-9-75	7 <sup>C</sup> j	Total # Surv # neutron su 4-22-94	reys <u>648</u>	Probe Type <u>D4</u> D2 # GR Surveys <u>1943</u>
Log Date:	1-1-17	1	4-66-14	Last	Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1" & Last)
Contamina	tion Zone De	epth(s):			154
Isotope fro	m Spectral S	urvey: _ (s_	4 Co ≥	60	Max Survey Depth 100
				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		
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Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	cs Comment	7 T V. 1	17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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- 				BackGnd.Tx	Kt
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	d num. Sample	s Feq.Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comment
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		1			
Analyst Name	- Max	Kandi	ul_	_ S/W \	ver <u>TT-GROSS</u> 2, 2

00 254

filein := "two55-90.txt" Well 21-05-09

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$max := A^{<4}$$

N := last(yr)

$$N = 394$$

$$N = 394$$
  $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

$$\tau co := 5.27$$
  $\tau cs := 3 \cdot 10^9$ 

Eu variables are Ru-106 aeu := 427

Cs variables are Bkg

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{rcs}$$

$$Cs_i := acs \cdot e$$

$$Co_i := aco \cdot e$$

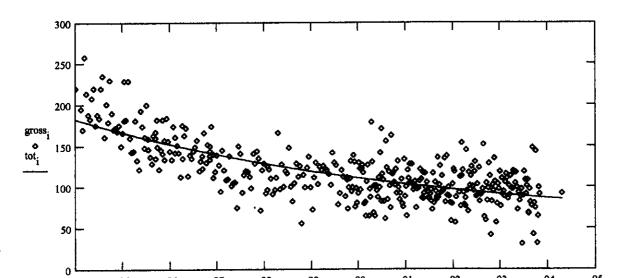
$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tco}}$$

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu}} \cdot 1$$

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(al,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ al \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tos}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tou}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu)$$

$$\alpha cs = 51.942$$
 U-238

$$\alpha eu = 425.811$$
  
Sb-125

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 0.122$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop55-90.txt") := out

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 0.647$$

#### Borehole 22-06-01

## Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-8 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Sb-125) from 42-52 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60 & Ru-106) from 52-65 feet is Stable

Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 8 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

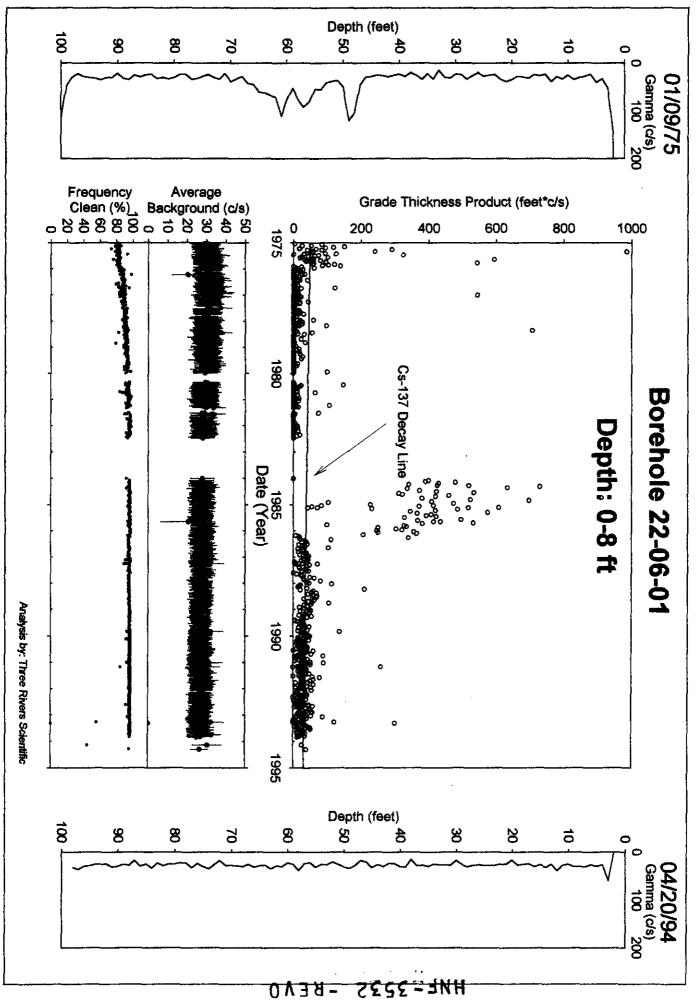
Grade thickness product Sb-125 (hypothesis) from 42 to 52 feet is stable from 1975 to 1994. The levels are near threshold early, and at background late. Co-60 is HPGe identified, but at levels too low to register with gross gamma.

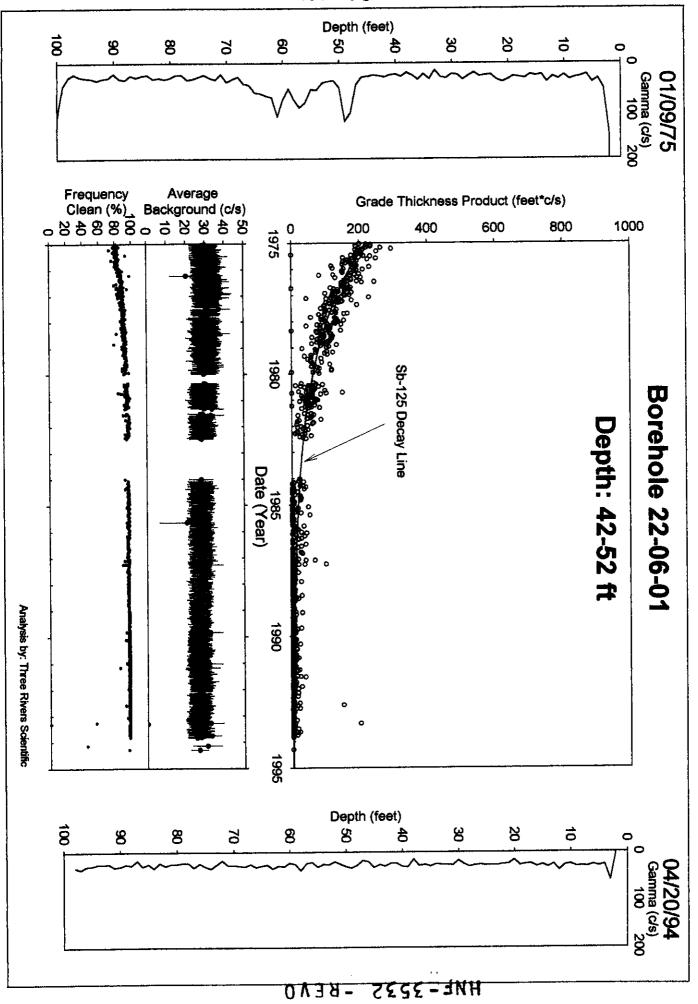
Grade thickness product is consistent with a least squares fit for Co-60 (HPGe identified) and Ru-106 (hypothesis). The least squares fit results in gross gamma contribution ratio of Co-60 to Ru-106 of 1.07 as of Jan 1975.

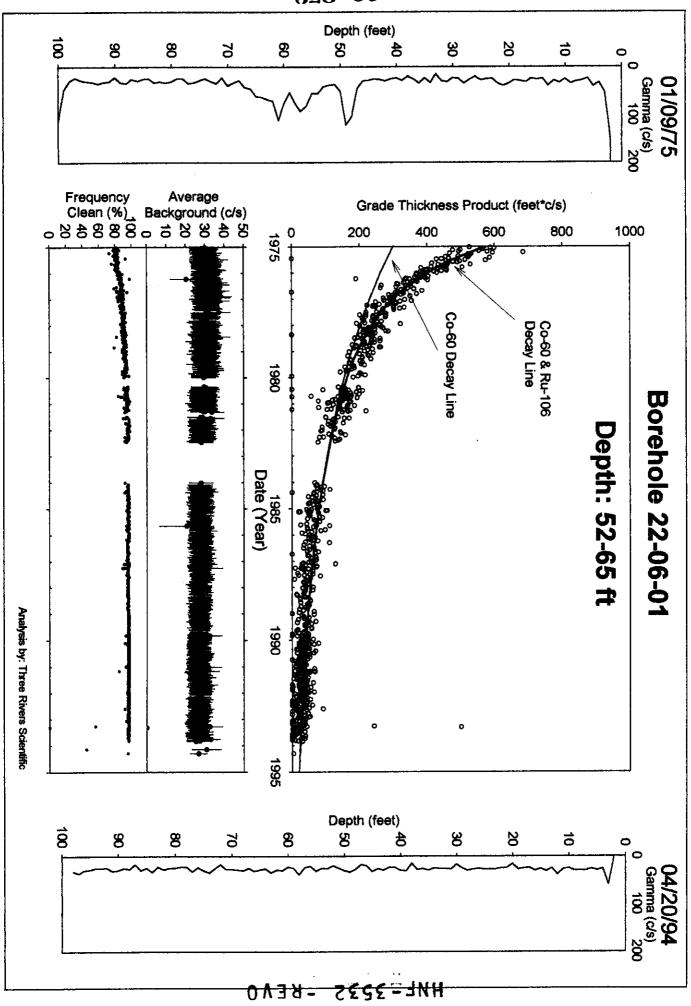
Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	02: Red GM & 03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date :	
Last Survey Date :	
Number Surveys :	

Atla	lysis notes
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 Tank Farm Activity 42-52 & 52-65 Stable
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name:	Three Rivers Scientific







#### Borehole 22-06-05 Page 1 of 2

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-8 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Sb-125 & Co-60) from 28-36 feet is Stable Contamination (Sb-125 & Co-60) from 36-50 feet is Unstable Early (Down Movement)

Contamination (Co-60) from 62-84 feet is Unstable (Down Movement)
Contamination (Co-60) from 28-84 feet is Unstable (Down Movement)\*

\*Zone used to assess downward migration

Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 8 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations. However, the majority of history is low level.

Grade thickness product from 28 to 36 feet is consistent with a least squares fit of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (HPGe identified) decay from 1975 to 1994. The gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Co-60 is 0.54 on 4/20/94.

The stack plot clearly shows downward contaminant movement from 40 to 84 feet. Grade thickness product from 36 to 50 feet is computed and displayed on expanded scale in order to assess the later years for stability after the front may have passed through. After 1981 through 1993, the grade thickness product is consistent with least squares fit of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (HPGe identified) from 36 to 50 feet. Given the presence of Sb-125, the conclusion is that after the contaminant front moved through this zone a stable residual of Sb-125 and Co-60 remain. The gross gamma contribution ratio of Sb-125 to Co-60 is 6.5 as of 4/20/94.

As the contaminant front moves below 62 feet, there is clear indication of possible hang-up at 62 feet. Therefore, a grade thickness product was computed for 62 to 84 feet in order to assess the later years for stability after the front moved into the zone. This interval covers the deepest depth for the front advancement, as of the data collection. A match to Co-60 (HPGe identified) is not clear, and at most only for the last 2 years. This indicates that from 1987 to 1992 there may be lateral influx into this interval as well as downward movement.

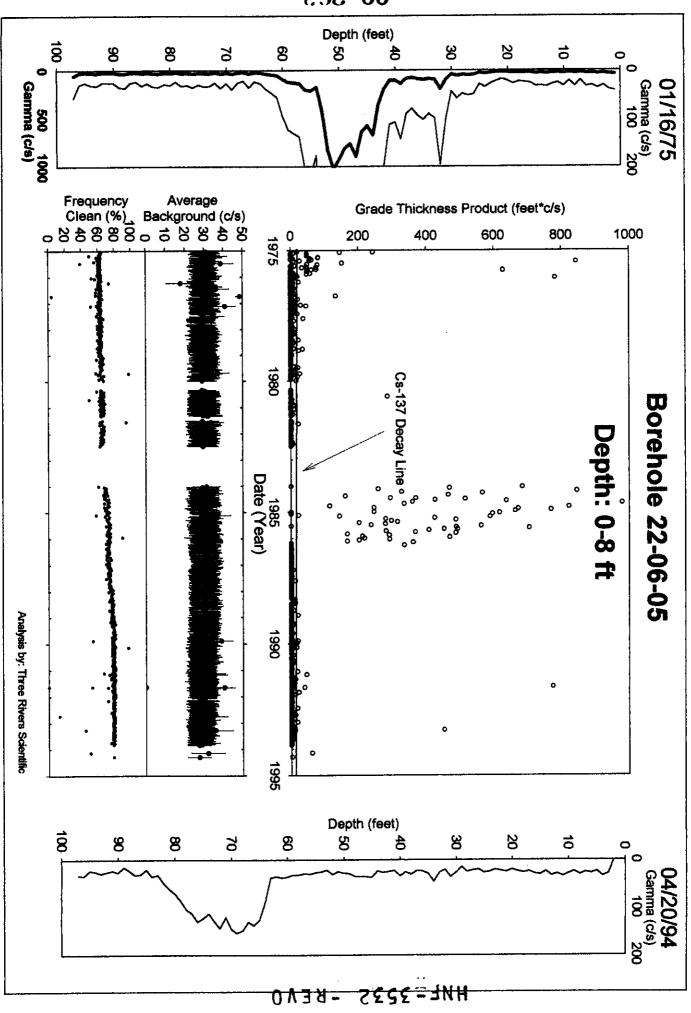
Grade thickness product from 28 to 84 feet is computed that covers all downward movement span (refer to stack plot). Thus all contaminant intervals is conserved, but the trend does not match an exponential decay except for possibly 1977 to 1980 for a Co-60 decay. Note also some indication of very early increase.

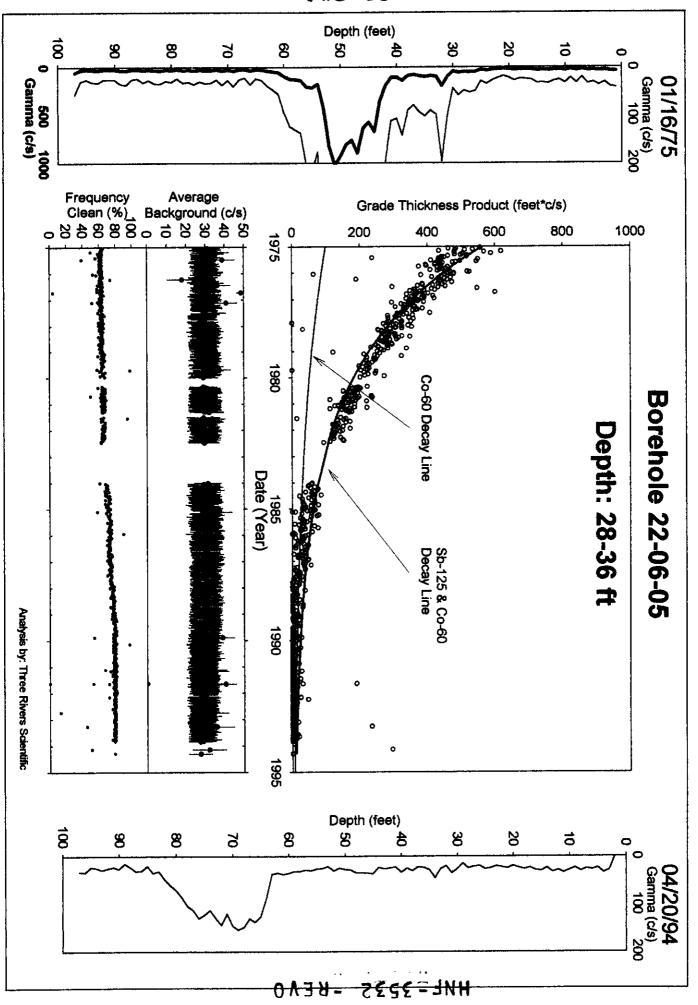
#### Borehole 22-06-05 Page 2 of 2

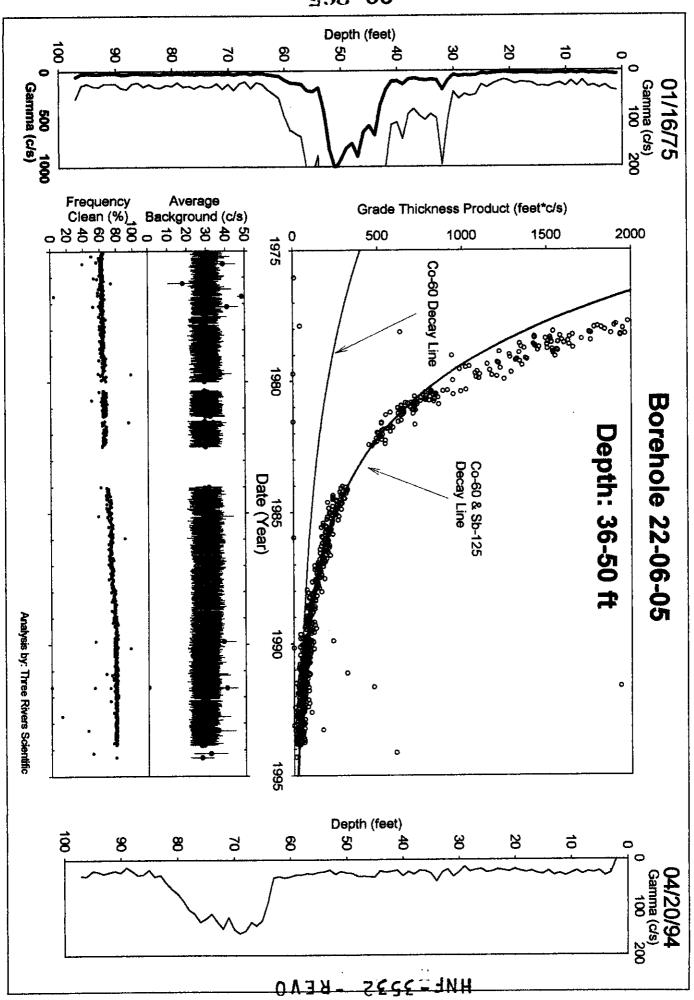
Gross Gamma Survey Information

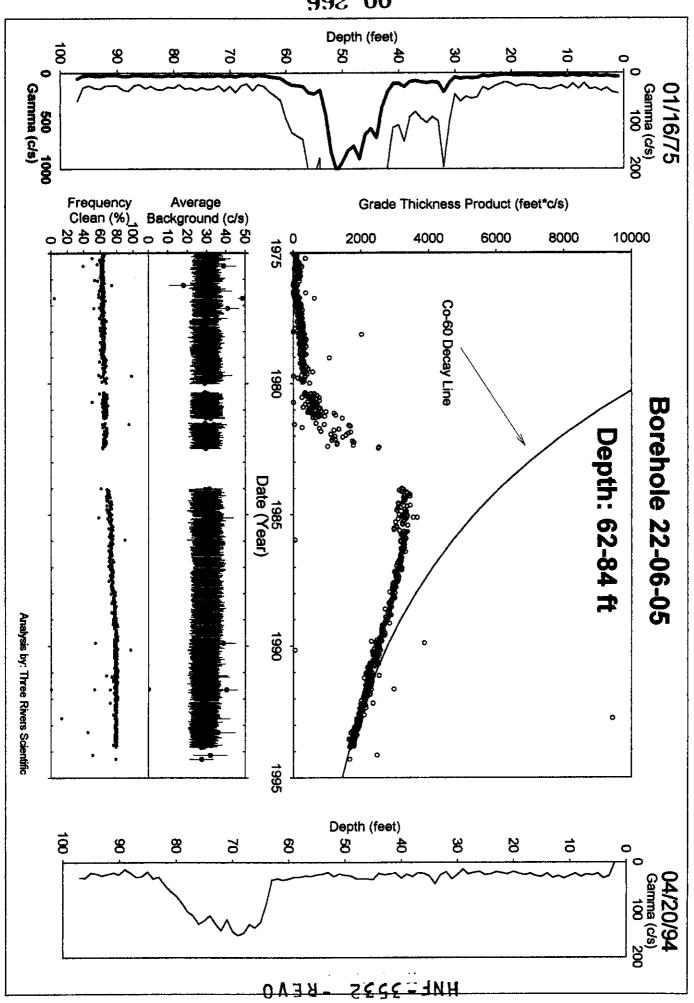
Probe Type :	04: NaI
Other Probe Types:	02: Red GM & 03: Neutron
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date :	1/16/1975
Last Survey Date:	4/20/1994
Number Surveys :	718

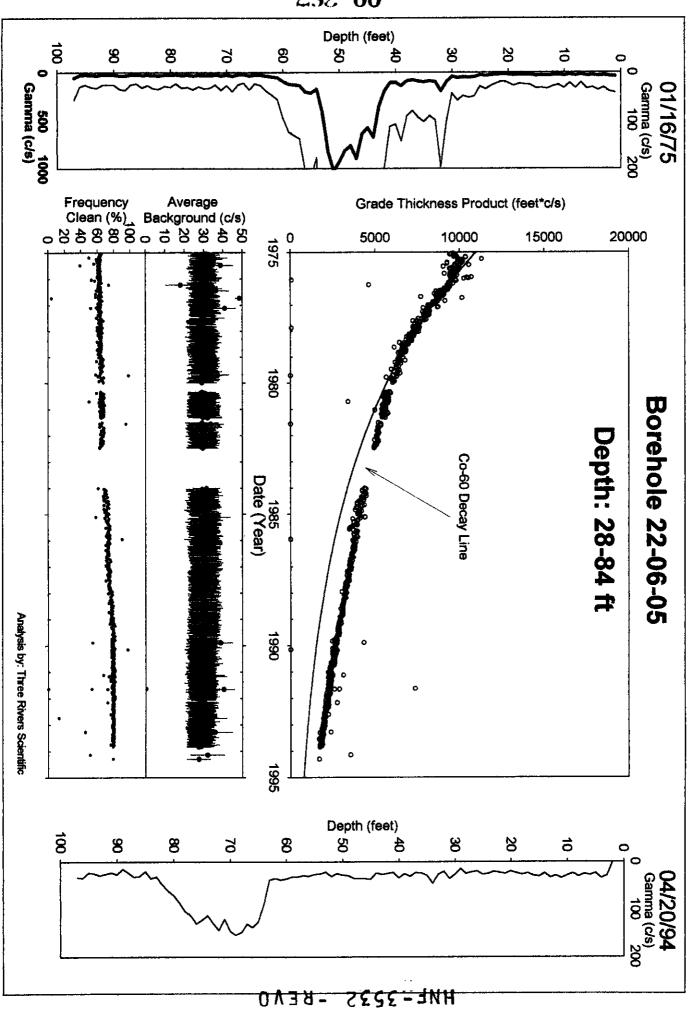
	ary bio 110 tob
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 Tank Farm Activity 28-36 Stable 36-50 & 62-84 Unstable early (Downward Movement) 28-84 Downward movement not conserved
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific

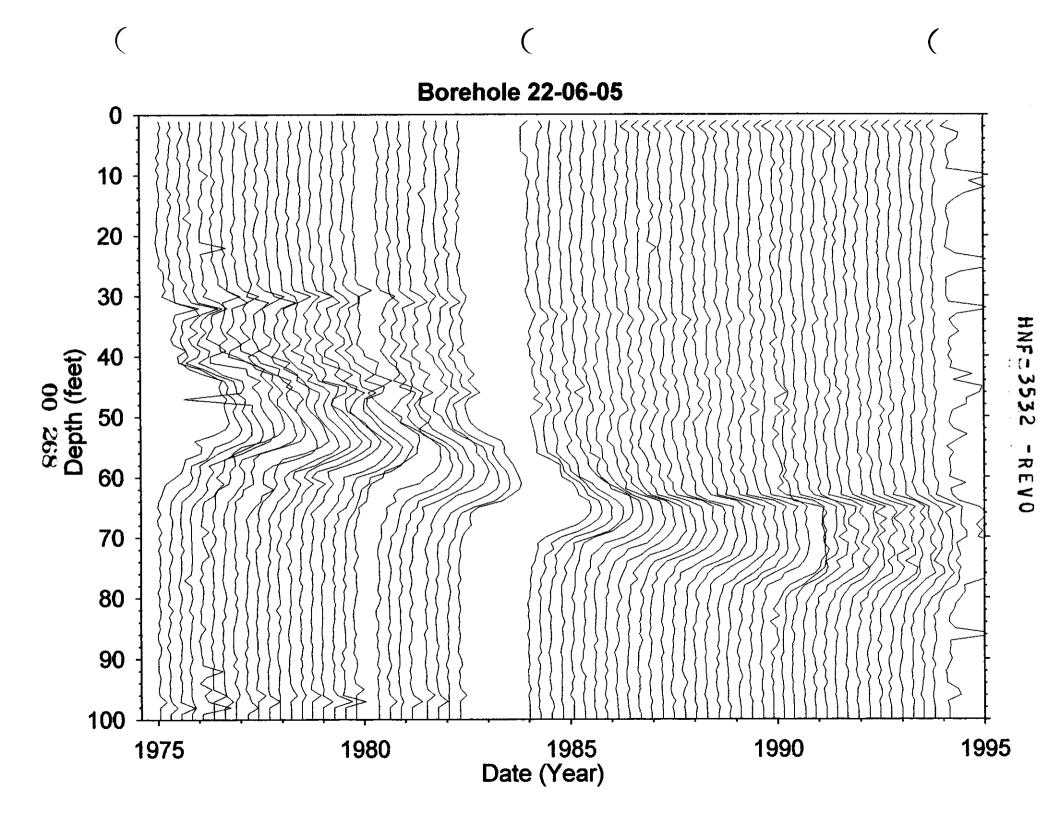












# Borehole 22-06-07

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-8 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 40-52 feet is Unstable Early Contamination (Co-60) from 52-64 feet is Unstable Early Contamination (Co-60) from 64-80 feet is Unstable Early Contamination (Co-60) from 52-80 feet is Unstable Early\*

\*Zone computed to assess downward movement

Grade thickness product Cs-137 (HPGe identified) from 0 to 8 feet is erratic indicative of tank farm activities such as transfer line operations.

Grade thickness product from 40 to 52 feet is not consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe identified) decay from 1975 to 1985. Since 1985 there is no gross gamma indication of contaminant.

Grade thickness product from 52-64 feet is increasing from 1975 until 1980, refer to stack plot. Since 1985 this interval is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) until 1994. The rapid increase is followed by a faster decrease than Co-60 decay until onset of stability near 1985. Note Cs-137 is also HPGe identified, but at too low a level to register on the gross gamma.

Grade thickness product from 64-80 feet is increasing from 1975 until 1980, refer to stack plot. Since 1984 this interval is decreasing consistent with Co-60 (HPGe identified) until 1994. Unlike the upper zone, this zone increases asymptotically to stability near 1984. Note Cs-137 is also HPGe identified, but at too low a level to register on the gross gamma.

The grade thickness product for the entire interval from 52 to 80 feet is processed to assess the possibility of downward contaminant movement. Since this complete zone shows an increase from 1995 to 1980, and stability from 1980 to 1994 there is lateral influx into this total interval. Also, the onset of stability is sooner than either sub zone indicates some downward transfer of contaminant between the sub zones.

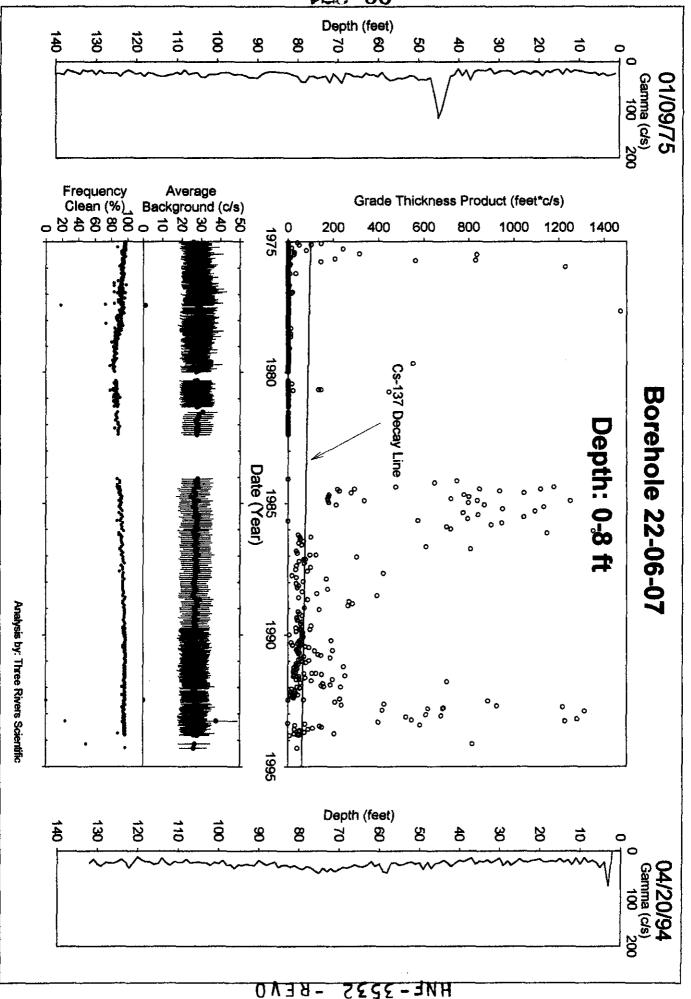
#### Borehole 22-06-07 Page 2 of 2

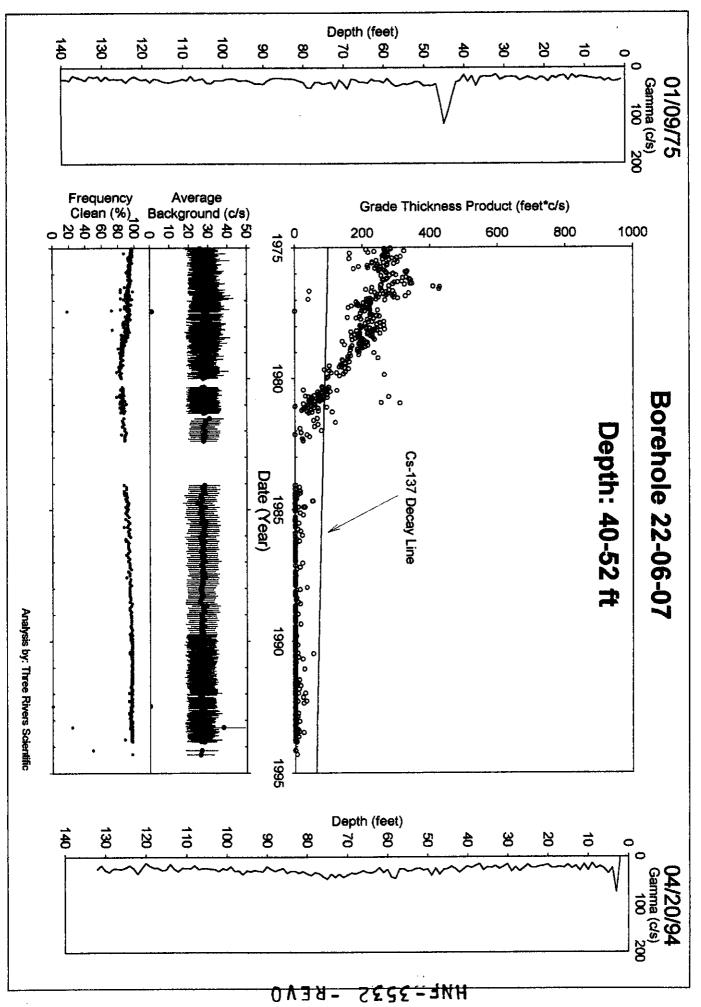
Gross Gamma Survey Information

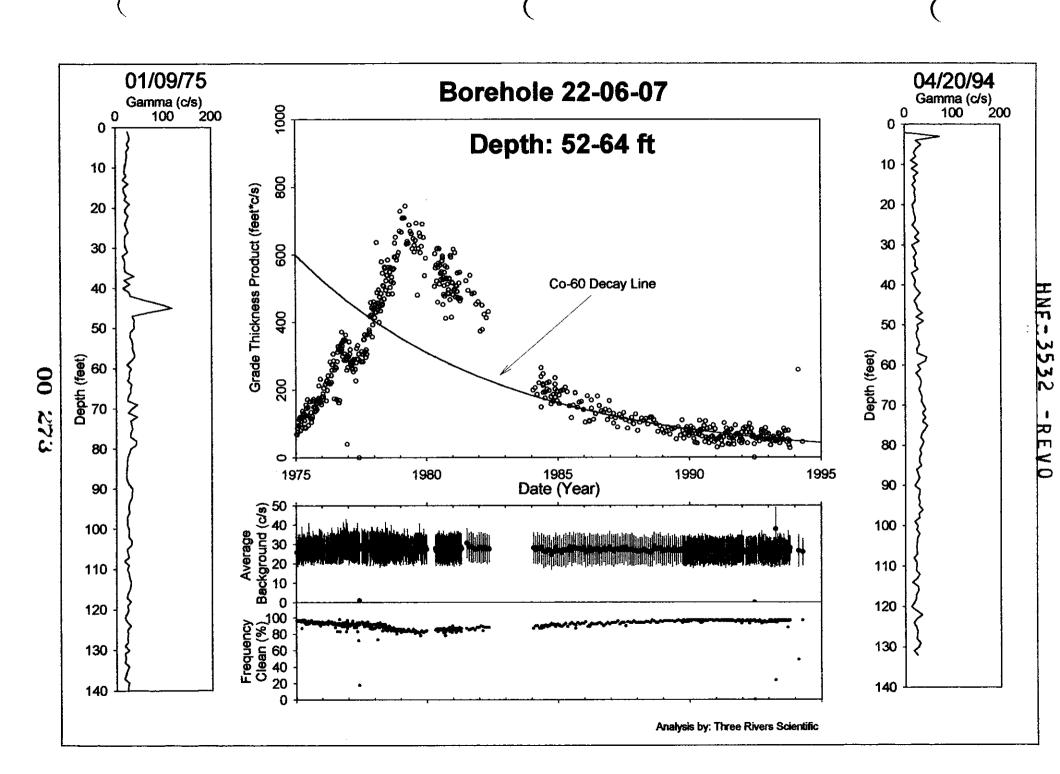
04: NaI
02: Red GM & 03: Neutron
140 ft
140 ft
1/9/1975
4/20/1994
535

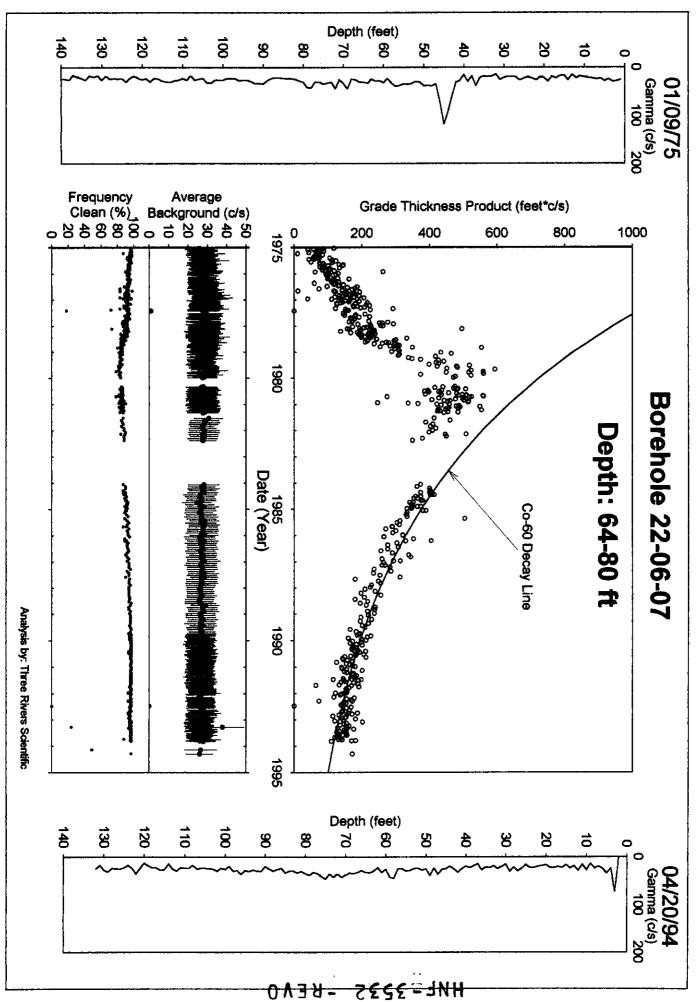
1 2344	17515 110105
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50< td=""></val<50<>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 Tank Farm Activity 40-52 & 52-64 & 64-80 UNSTABLE Early 52-80 Unstable early (some downward movement)
Analyst Name :	R.R. Randall
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific

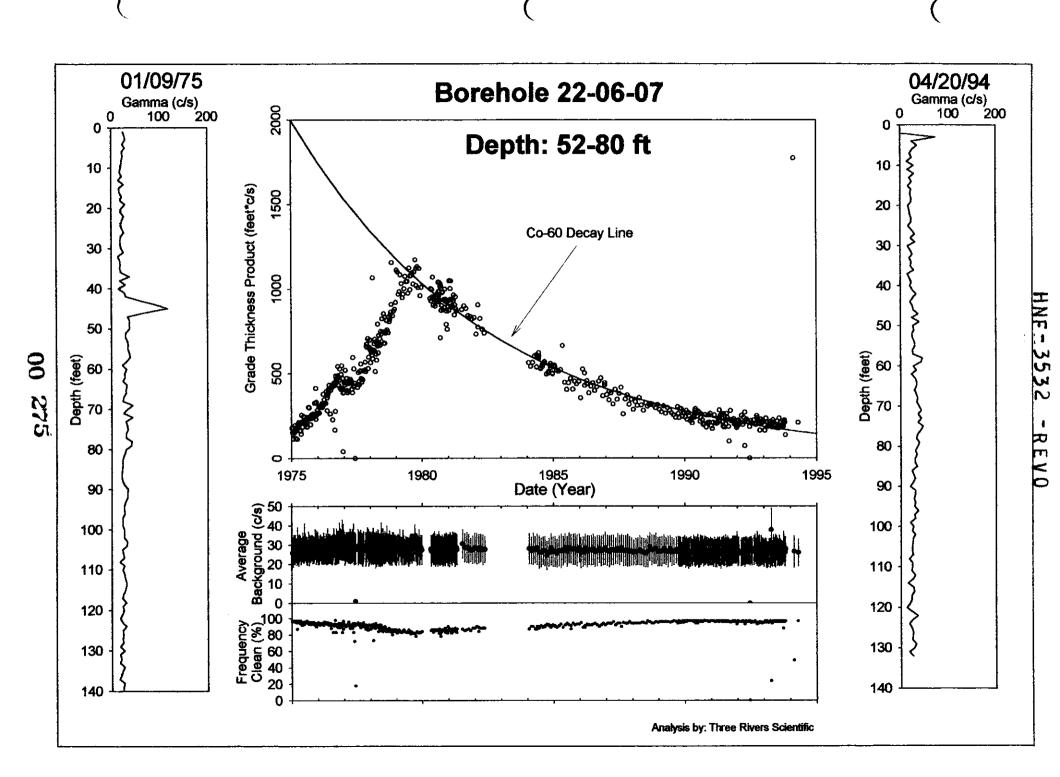












#### Borehole 22-06-09

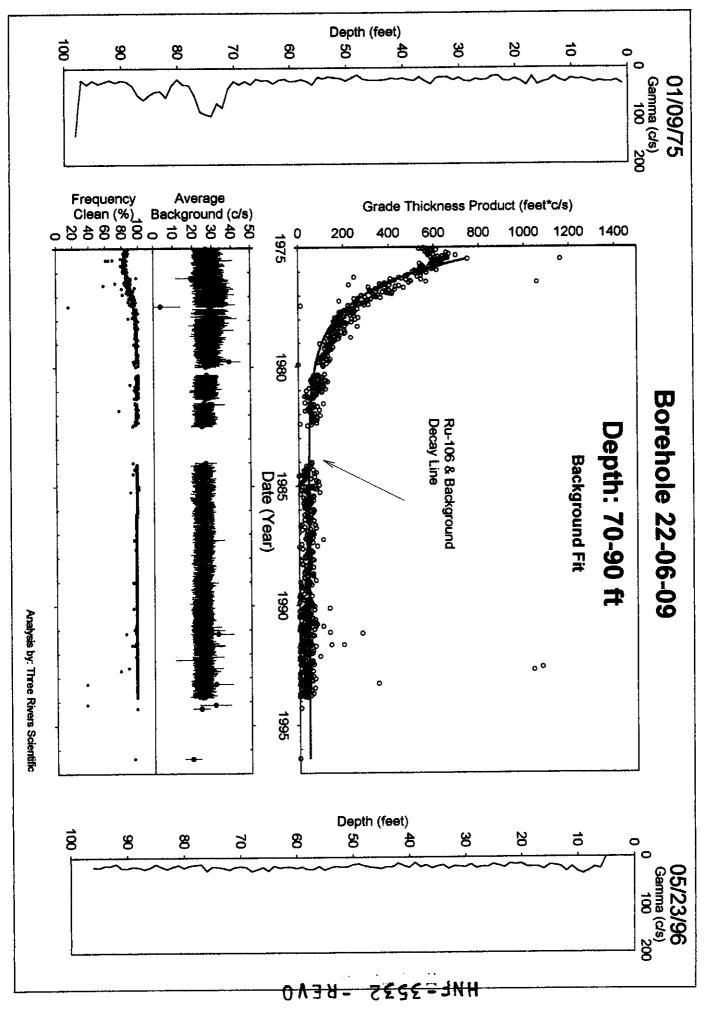
## Contamination (Ru-106) from 70-90 feet is Unstable Early

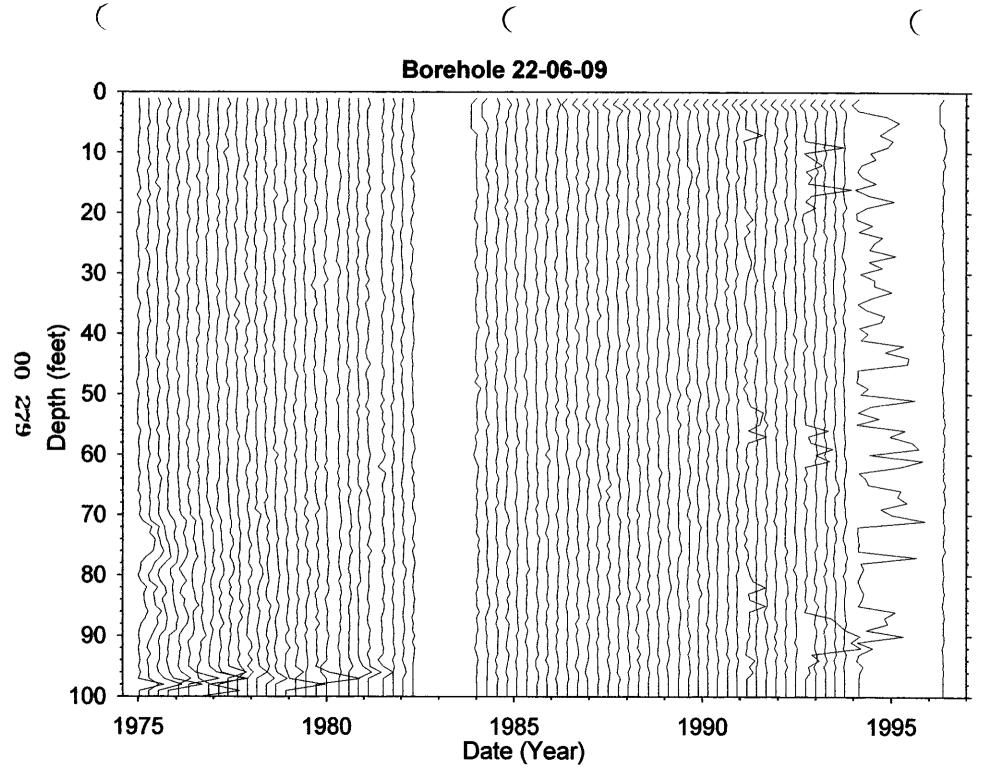
Grade thickness product Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 70 to 90 feet is decreasing consistent with a least squares fit to Ru-106 and a constant background after the initial very short time of increase from 1975 to 1976.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

04: NaI
02: Red GM & 03: Neutron
100 €
100 ft
1/9/1975
5/23/1996
709

1 LIG.	19313 140103
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold 0 <val<50, fit<="" least="" rest="" squares="" td=""></val<50,>
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	70-90 UNSTABLE Early
Analyst Name:	R.R. Randall
Company Name :	Three Rivers Scientific





#### **Borehole 22-06-11**

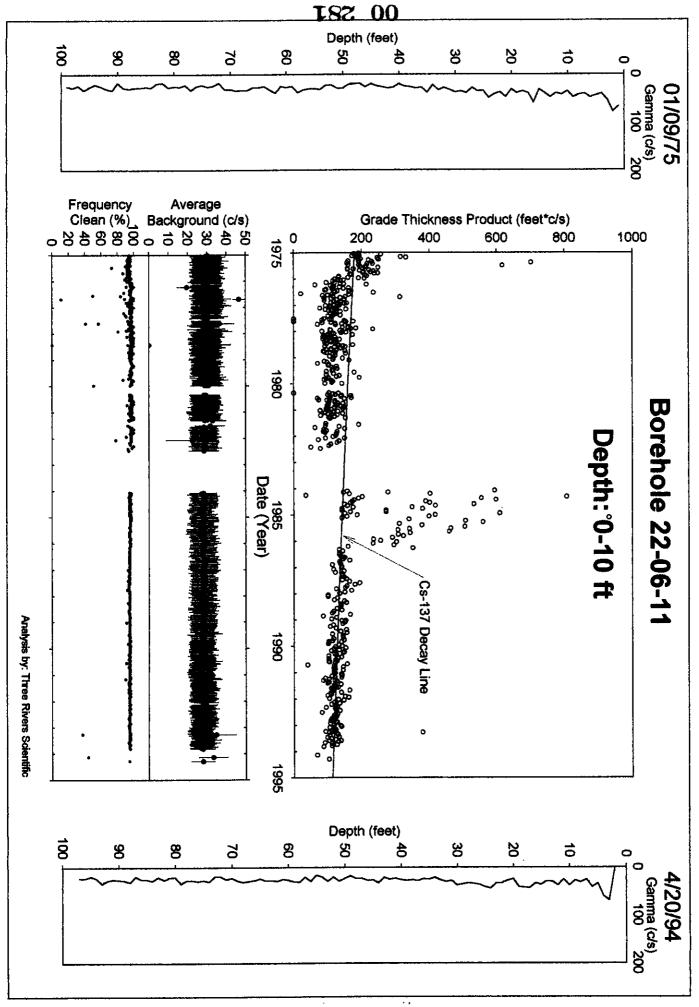
## Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic from 1975 through 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1994 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

Gross Gamma Survey Information

G1050 Gamma Darvey International				
Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator			
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (4 surveys)			
Borehole Depth:	100 ft			
Survey Depth:	100 ft			
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975			
Last Survey Date :	4/20/1994			
Number Surveys :	543			

Alialysis Notes						
Number Surveys Rejected:	0					
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0					
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold (0< val < 50)					
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys :	0-10 feet is TF Activity					
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price					
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific					



HNE=3225 - BEAO

REVO

	BY	Dr	y Well Su	rvey Ana	lysis - Notes
 Borehole	22-04-01		Total # Surv	vevs 733	Probe Type <u>04</u> 02
			# neutron su	irveys 6	# GR Surveys 726
Log Date	: 1-9-75	I <sup>si</sup> ·	4-20-94	∠ Last	Presentation Plot Dates
	nation Zone De				(If different from 1 & Last)
Isotope fr	om Spectral Si	urvey: <u>Cs</u> (	(m) (n	low	Max Survey Depth 102
				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment	OAL D. TAL	
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				HI-ZONES.	Txt
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	ed num. Sample			. //
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		•		BackGnd.T	
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num, Samples		Avg.Bkg	Comment
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			Δ.	nalysis Note	e
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ilyst Name	KNAL P	andall!	<i>'</i>	S/W v	er <u>TFGR199</u> 2.2

filein := "two52-65.txt" Well 21-06-01

A := READPRN(filein)

$$net := A^{<7>}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$\max := A^{<4>}$$

N := last(yr)

$$N = 698$$

$$k = 0..300$$
  $j = 0..299$ 

τeu := 1

Cs variables are U238

 $\tau co := 5.27$   $\tau cs := 3 \cdot 10^9$ 

Eu variables are Ru-106

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$
Cs. := acs·e

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\pi co}$$

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tcs}$$

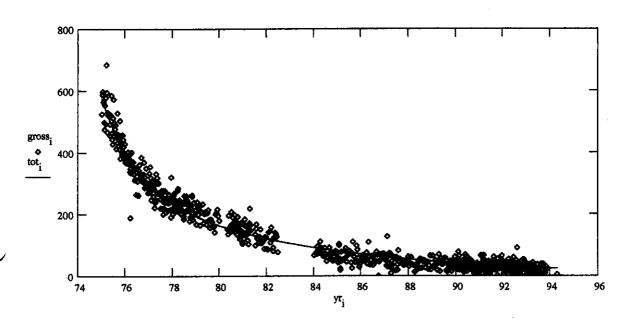
$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tco}$$

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{teu} \cdot 1$$

 $tot_i := Co_i + Eu_i$ 

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tco}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{teu}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \cos \\ \alpha e u \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, aeu)$$

$$aco = 300.405$$

$$\alpha eu = 281.326$$
  
Ru-106

Co-60

$$\mathbf{Cs_i} := \alpha \mathbf{co \cdot e} - \left( \mathbf{yr_i} - 75 \right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$

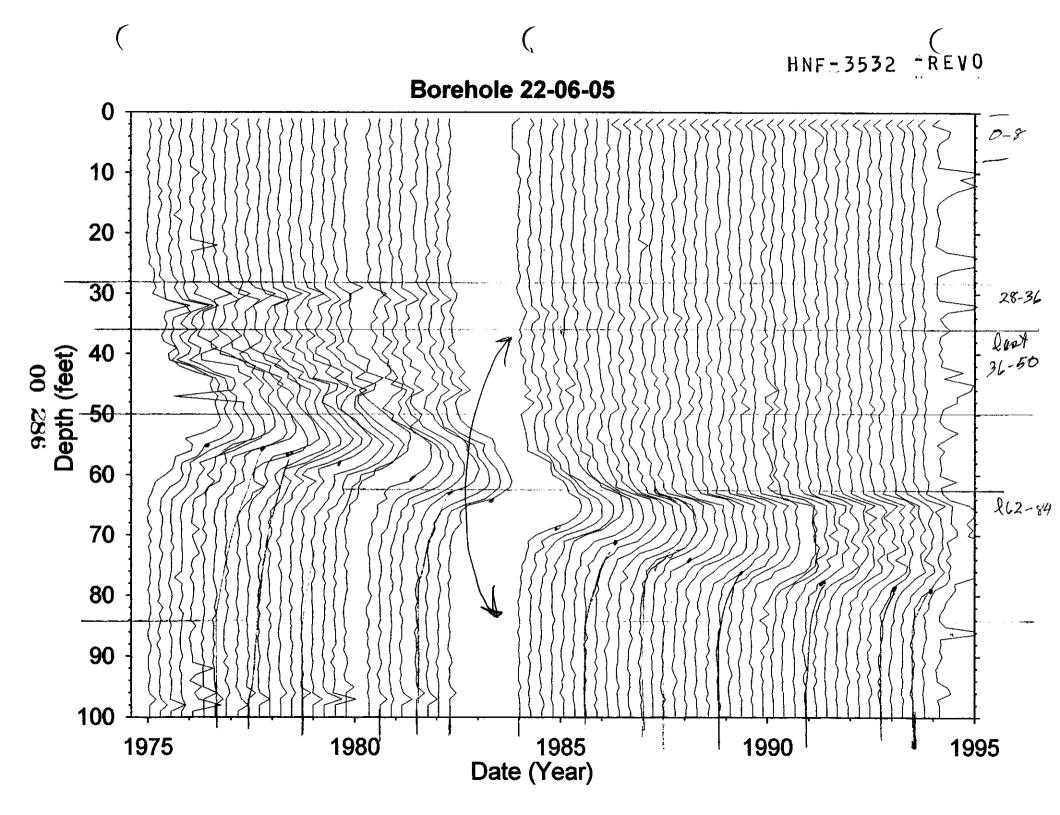
$$\mathbf{Eu_i} := \alpha \mathbf{eu \cdot e} - \left( \mathbf{yr_i} - 75 \right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\cot}$$

$$-(y_{i}-75)$$
Fig. := \(\alpha\)

$$\frac{acc}{acc} = 1.068$$

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Co_N} = 1.837 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

	BY	Dr	y Well Su	rvey Anal	lysis - Notes
Borehole <u>22-04-04</u> Log Date: <u>1-14-74</u> 1 <sup>st</sup>			Total # Sur # neutron si H-20-9	veys 724 urveys 5 Last	Probe Type 04 02  # GR Surveys 7/8  Presentation Plot Dates  (If different from 1 & Last)
Contamin Isotope fro	ation Zone De om Spectral S	epth(s): urvey:	A Colhy	ah)	Max Survey Depth 100
		<del>,</del>	·	GAPS, Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment	<u> </u>	
				HI-ZONES.	Γxt
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	s Comment	A diamena di	station surfer errolis
			INTE	VVVVVI 4	stating & surface erreter
	<del></del>		<del> </del>		
·					
				BackGnd.Tx	rt
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comment
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	0	1/	//		
nalyst Name	KAIRR 1	Handall		S/W v	er TF6R1155 2.2



# HNF=3532 -REV0 Well 21-06-05

filein := "two36-50.txt"

A := READPRN(filein)

net := 
$$A^{<7>}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$  B := 0

$$\mathbf{R} = 0$$

N := last(yr)

$$N = 442$$

$$N = 442$$
 i := 0.. N

$$k = 0..300$$
  $i = 0..299$ 

$$\tau eu := 2.77$$

 $\tau co := 5.27$   $\tau cs := 30.17$ 

$$\tau cs := 30.17$$

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tcs}}$$

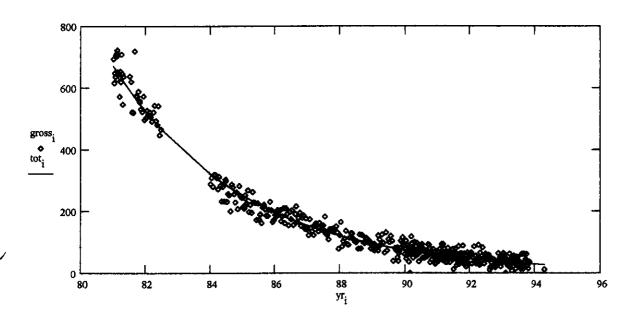
$$-(yr_i - 75) \frac{m(2)}{tco}$$
Co. := aco:e

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + Eu_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \frac{ln(2)}{\tau cu}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, aeu)$$

$$\alpha eu = 2.94 \cdot 10^3$$

$$yr_i := 75 + \frac{i}{N} \cdot 20$$

$$\mathbf{Co_i} := \alpha \mathbf{co \cdot e} - \left(\mathbf{yr_i - 75}\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{tco}}$$

$$\mathbf{Eu_i} := \alpha \mathbf{eu \cdot e} - \left(\mathbf{yr_i - 75}\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{\mathsf{teu}}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln t}{r}$$

$$\frac{\alpha\omega}{\alpha\omega} = 0.014$$

$$\frac{Eu_N}{Co.} = 6.517$$

Two comp decay36-50.mcd

9/3/98

Page 1

filein := "two28-36.txt"

Well 21-06-05

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1} >$$

$$v_{\Gamma} := A^{<1}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6}$  max :=  $A^{<4}$  B := 0

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 704$$

$$N = 704$$
 i := 0.. N

$$k = 0..300$$
  $j = 0..299$ 

τeu := 2.77

$$\tau co := 5.27$$
  $\tau cs := 30.17$ 

$$\tau cs := 30.17$$

$$acs := 0$$

$$C_{s} := acc.e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau cs}}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}$$

$$Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau cs}$$

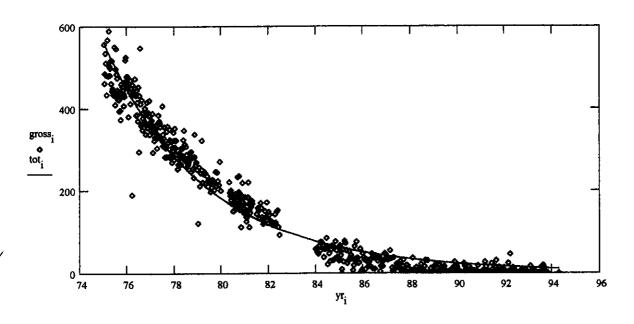
$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}$$

$$Eu_{i} := aeu \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau eu} \cdot 1$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + Eu_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tco}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tcu}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, aeu)$$

$$\alpha eu = 477$$

Sb-125

$$C_{s} := \alpha \cos e^{-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + Eu_i$$

$$\frac{Eu_{N}}{Co_{N}} = 0.542$$

	BY	Dr	y Well Su	rvey Anal	ysis - Notes
Borehole	22-06-0	7	Total # Sur	veys <u>540</u>	Probe Type <u>04</u> 02 # GR Surveys <u>535</u>
Log Date:	1-9-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	4-20-91	Last	Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1" & Last)
Contamina	ation Zone De om Spectral Si	epth(s):	. (	<u>. – . – . –</u>	
isotope ire	om opectrat of	urvey: <u> </u>	7.15		Max Survey Depth 140
Survey Date	January Come I	num. Samples	Comment	GAPS.Txt	<del></del>
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment	<del></del>	<del></del>
<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	HI-ZONES.T	`v†
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	s Comment	111-201423, 1	<u> </u>
			0-8		<del></del>
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 	<del></del>		<u> </u>		
<del></del>		<del></del> -		<del></del>	<del></del>
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	·	
				BackGnd.Tx	t
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq.Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comment
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			<del> </del>		
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			<del>اد</del>	nalvais Notes	·
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nalyst Name	Kneed	Kinda	//	S/W v	erTF6ROSS 2.3

Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes					
	22-06-1		Total # Surv # neutron su	ryeys _ 5	Probe Type <u>04</u> <u>02</u> # GR Surveys <u>709</u>
Log Date:	1-9-75	1 <sup>st</sup>	5-23(96	<u> </u>	Presentation Plot Dates
Contamina	ation Zone De	enth(s)·			(If different from )" & Last)
	m Spectral Si		low Co	· low	Max Survey Depth
•	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			100
		,		GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps	num. Samples	Comment		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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	<del></del>	<del>,</del>			
				HI-ZONES.	Γxt
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed num. Sample	S Comment		
ļ 			An a	and let	@ 80' ragail dray
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<del></del>	<del></del>		27111015		
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_ <del></del> /	<del></del>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
,				BackGnd.Tx	ct
Survey Date	Reason Selected	d num. Sample	Feq.Clean	Avg.Bkg	Comment
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•			1	Analysis Note	<b>-</b> ¢
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				<del></del>	
	<del></del>			<del></del>	
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Analyst Nam	e Muse	Kand	all_	_ s/w	ver TFGROSS 2-2

00 290

filein := "two70-90.txt"

Well 21-06-09

A := READPRN(filein)  $y_T := A^{<1}$  net :=  $A^{<7}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6}$  max :=  $A^{<4}$  

N := last(y\_T) N = 649 i := 0.. N k := 0.. 300 j := 0.. 299 teu := 1 teu := 1 teu := 1  $teu := 3 \cdot 10^9$  aco := 00 acs := 43 

Eu variables are Ru-106 aeu := 986

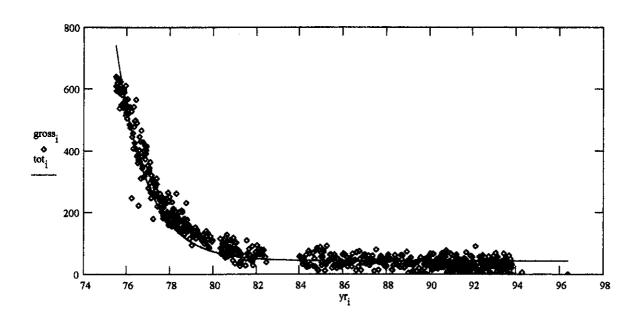
 $Cs_{i} := acs \cdot e \qquad Co_{i} := aco \cdot e \qquad Co_{$ 

 $tot_i := Cs_i + Eu_i$ 

Cs variables are U238

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$\operatorname{ssq}(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ \operatorname{gross}_{i} - \left[ \operatorname{al} \cdot e^{-\left(y_{\tau_{i}} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{CS}}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(y_{\tau_{i}} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{CU}}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

ssq(acs, aeu)=0 1=1

 $\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \end{bmatrix} \coloneqq \text{Minerr}(acs, aeu)$   $\alpha cs = 43.037 \qquad \alpha eu = 982.617$ Background Ru-106

 $-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{\cos} \qquad -\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{\cot} \qquad \frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha eu} = 0.044$   $Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e \qquad Eu_{i} := \alpha eu \cdot e \qquad tot_{i} := Cs_{i} + Eu_{i}$ 

out<sup><0></sup> := yr out<sup><1></sup> := tot WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out  $\frac{Eu_N}{Cs_N} = 8.28 \cdot 10^{-6}$ 

### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

	34/22-06-	#	otal # Surve	eys <u>5</u> 48 veys <u>4</u>	Probe Type 0 4 # GR Surveys 543
Log Date:	15-01-09 1	st -		Last	Presentation Plot Dates
Isotope from Contaminat	n Spectral Sur ion Zone Dep	rvey: <u>Cs-/</u> th(s): <u>D-/0</u> =	7 10-37	FT) \$10	(If different from 1" & Last)  Page Max Survey Depth 100
				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps a	pprox #Sampl's (		OM D. IAL	
76-07-21	44	85	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	
76-07-29	<u> </u>	90			
77-08-12		70			
79-12-27	46	95			
82-01-27	21	95			
				HI-ZONES.1	<u> [xt</u>
Survey Date	<del></del>	d approx #Samp'	S Comment		
75-06-26	HI BKL		<del> </del>		
11-09-09	HI BKG	95	-		
	TOOL FAIL		<del> </del>		
93-04-13	7		<del> </del>		
94-02-23	TOOLFAI	661	<del> </del>		
		<u></u>			
				BackGnd.Tx	ct
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment
76-07-21	º/o CLAN	88	50%	28,9	
	"TO CLEAN	97	11%	465	
77-08-12	/71 J	75	57%	366	
77-12-01	AUG BKG	98	81%	36.6	
78-06-08	AUG BKG	97	93%	35.4	
79-10-03	AUG BKG	98	87%	35.7	
93-04-13	76CLEAN	97	37%	34.8	
94-02-23	% Cism	97	44%	33.Z	
<u> </u>	-1	7 - 4-	A	Analysis Note	
num surveys	rejected: (0)	ZERO		background	l = (0 < val < 50)
		<del></del>			
	<u></u>	<u></u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
<del></del>				<del></del>	
Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED					
Carogory. (Di	7				
Analyst Nam	a Kand	all Pri		C/W	ver (TFGROSS) V2-20

#### **Borehole 22-07-01**

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 10 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 40-52 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> Contamination (Co-60) from 52-70 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 70-92 feet is Stable

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic from 1975 to 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Then from 1986 to 1995 the Grade Thickness Product is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

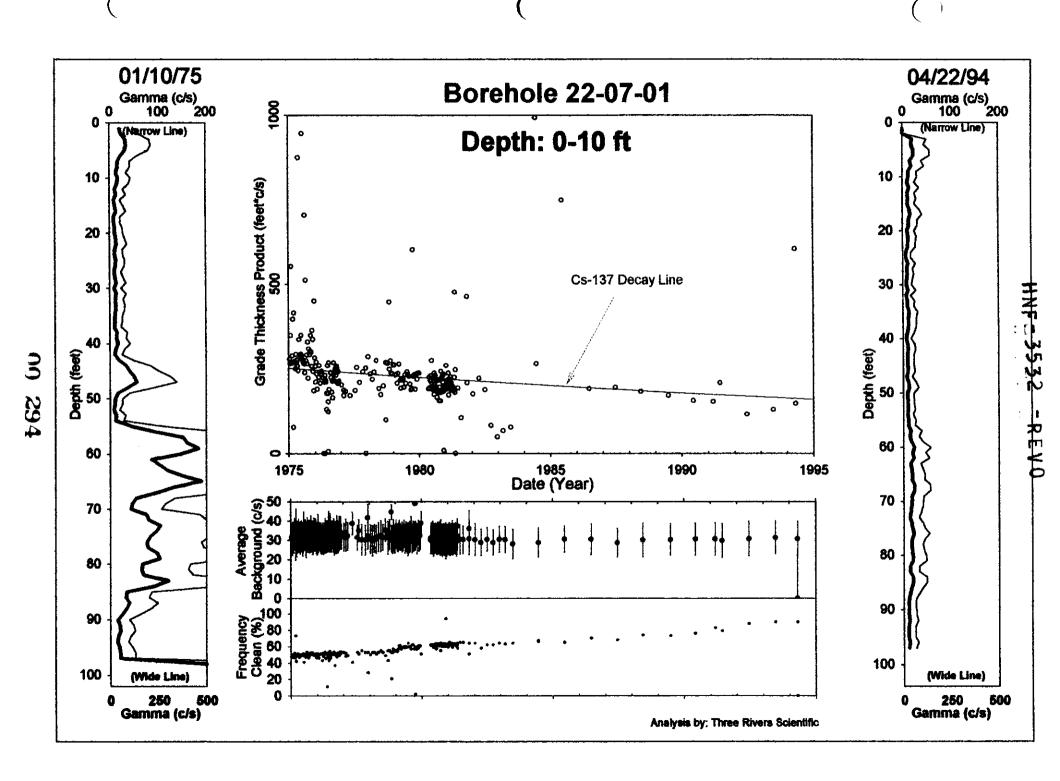
Grade Thickness Product for radioactive zone (40-52 feet) shows a consistent INCREASE from 1975 to mid-year 1976, then from 1976 to 1979 a decrease is shown that is not consistent with the decay rate of Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector). The contaminant responsible for much of the gross gamma may be other than Cs-137, but moved out laterally, since the lower zones are stable. After 1986 the Grade Thickness Product is essentially at background activity.

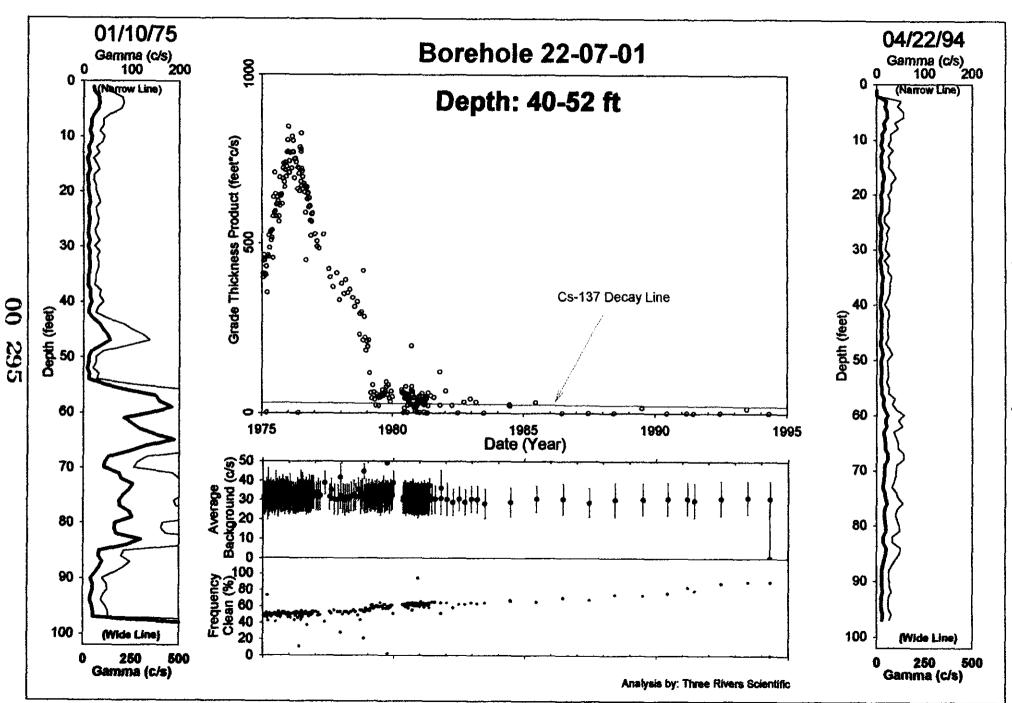
Grade Thickness Product for the two radioactive zones (52-70 and 70-92 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) between 1975 and 1994.

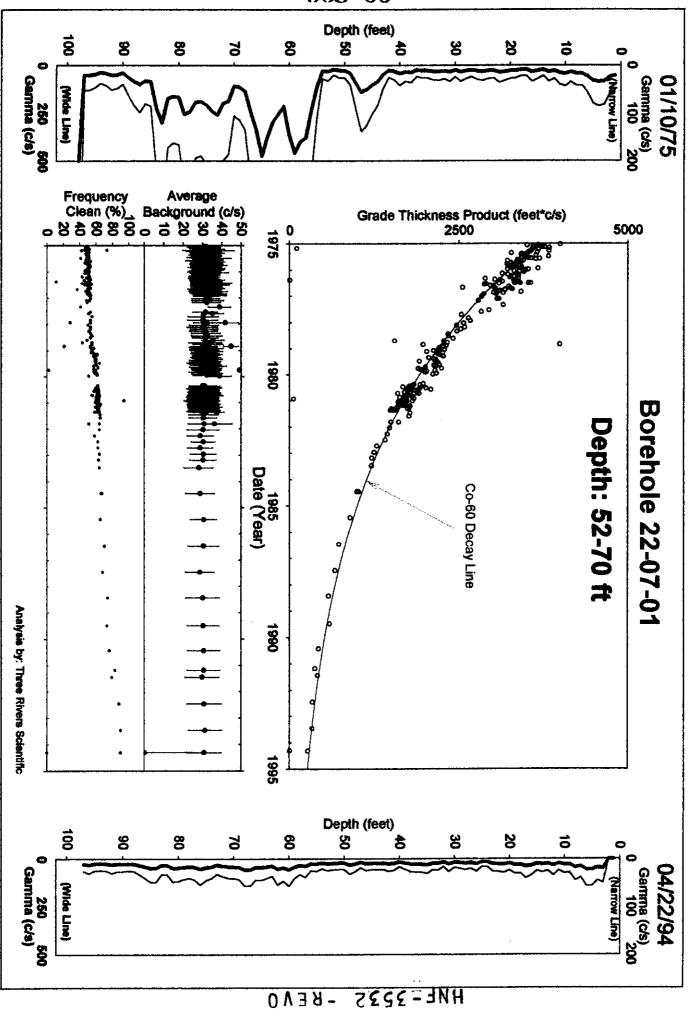
Gross Gamma Survey Information

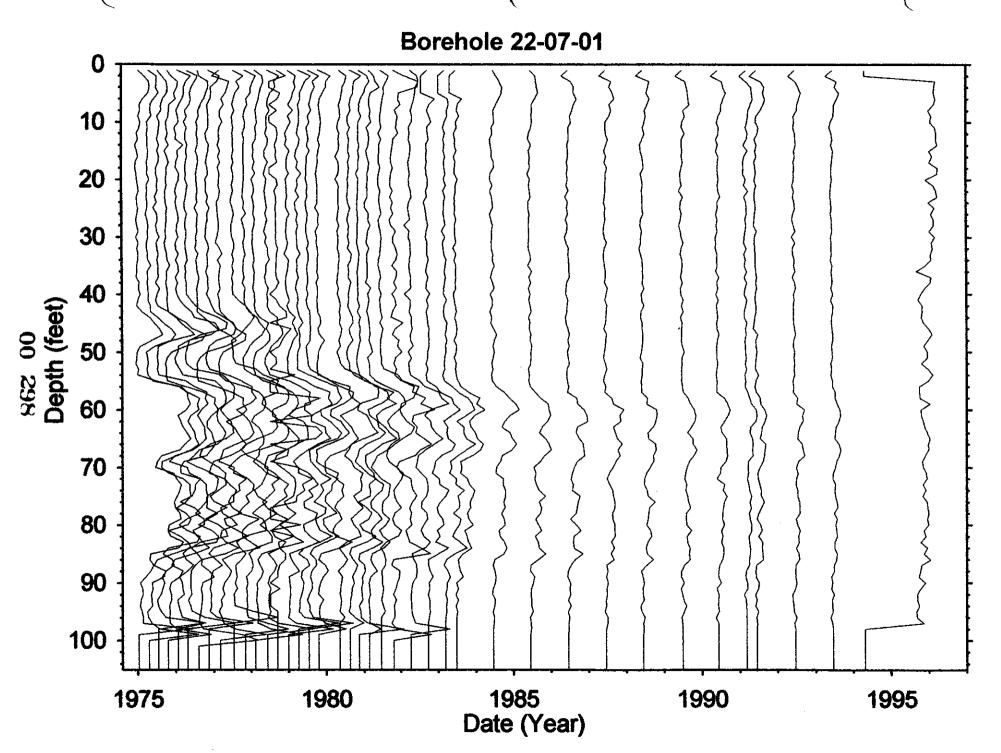
Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (7 surveys)
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975
Last Survey Date :	4/22/1994
Number Surveys:	242

Allalysi	13 140tes
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= ()
Method Used to Compute Background:	10 to 40 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 feet is TF Activity 40-51 feet was <u>UNSTABLE</u> 52-70, 70-92 feet is Stable
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific









## Borehole 22-07-02 page 1 of 2

Contamination (Cs-137) from 6 to 20 feet is Appears Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 42-53 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> Contamination (Co-60) from 53-70 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> Contamination (Co-60) from 70-82 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> Contamination (Co-60) from 82-95 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>

Grade Thickness Product for the low level radioactive zone from 6 to 20 feet appears to be decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector), except for 1976 when the Grade Thickness Product was below the decay line.

Grade Thickness Product for radioactive zone (42-53 feet) has a significant INCREASE in 1975, then from mid year 1975 to 1980 the rate of decrease is significantly greater than the decay rate of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector). In 1980 a large step change in the Grade Thickness Product occurs. The Co-60 decay line is plotted to show the activity in the radioactive zone does not match the decay rate.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (53-70 feet) is slowly INCREASING from 1975 to 1979, then in 1979 a large and rapid increase occurs, followed by a rapid decrease to 1983. The stack plot shows the rapid occurrence of a radioactive zone that coincides with the depletion of the radioactive zone from 42-53 feet. The decay line for Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) is plotted but does not match the Grade Thickness Product.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (70-82 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector), except from 1980 to 1987. In 1980 an INCREASE in the Grade Thickness Product occurs, then from 1981 to 1987 the rate of decrease is much greater than the decay rate of Co-60.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (82-95 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) during two time intervals (1978-1982 and 1987-1995). During the other times (1975-1978 and 1982-1987) an INCREASE followed by an extended period of accelerated decrease was recorded.

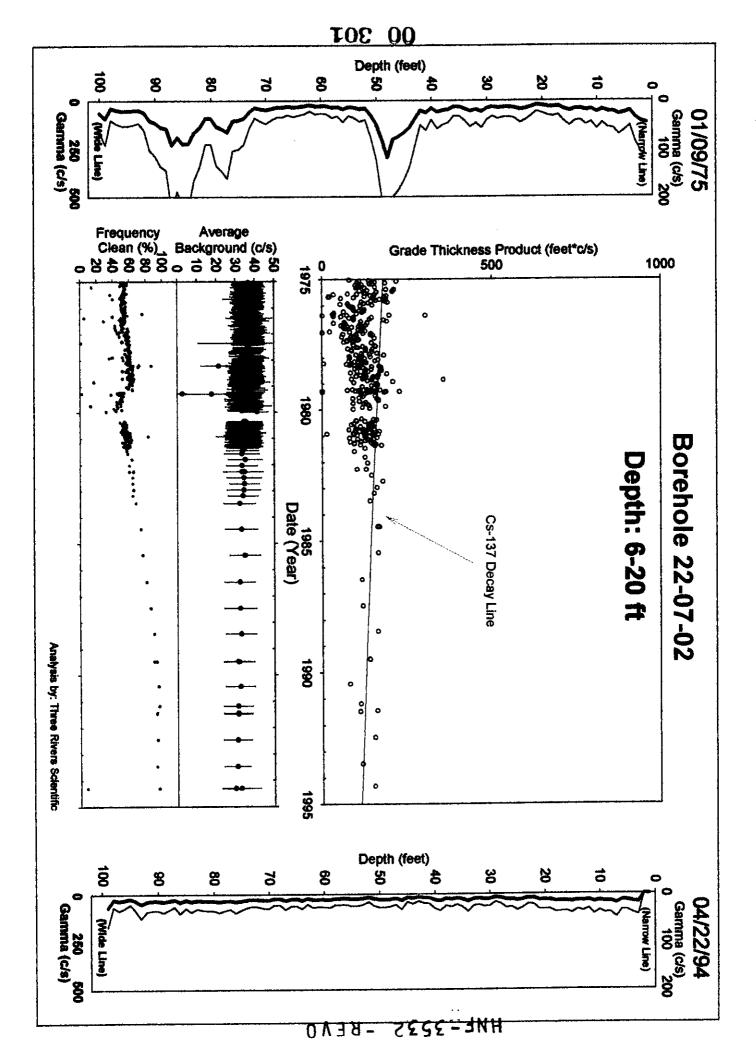
## Borehole 22-07-02 page 2 of 2

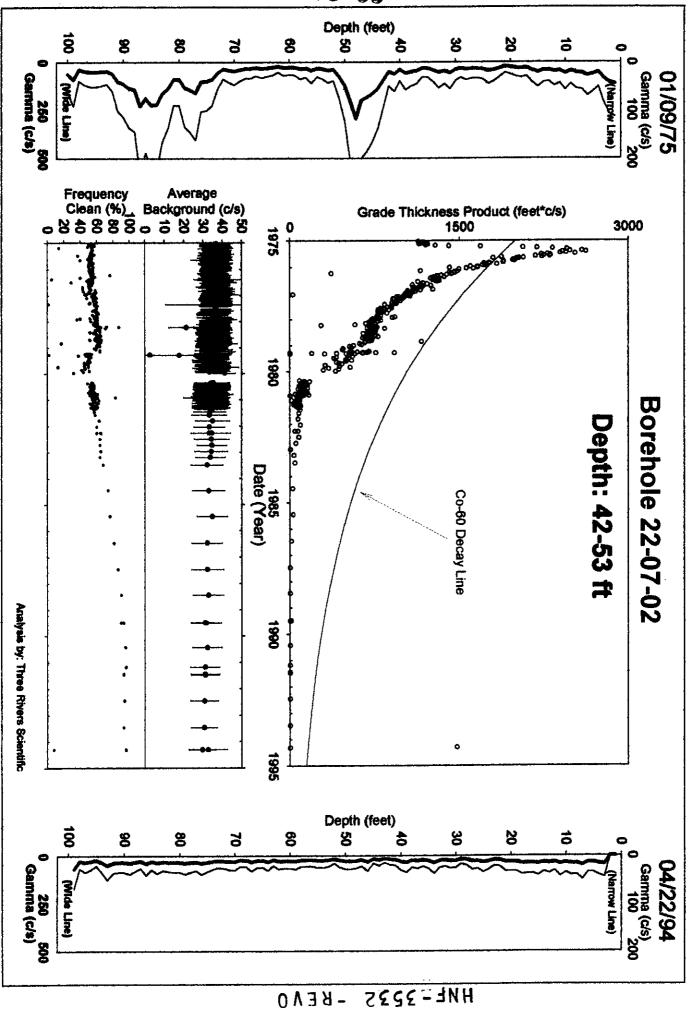
Grade Thickness Product for the combined radioactive zone (42-95 feet) has two periods of rapid INCREASE (1975 and 1979) followed by two periods of accelerated decrease (1976-1979 and 1980-1987), indicating that two releases of radioactive materials occurred.

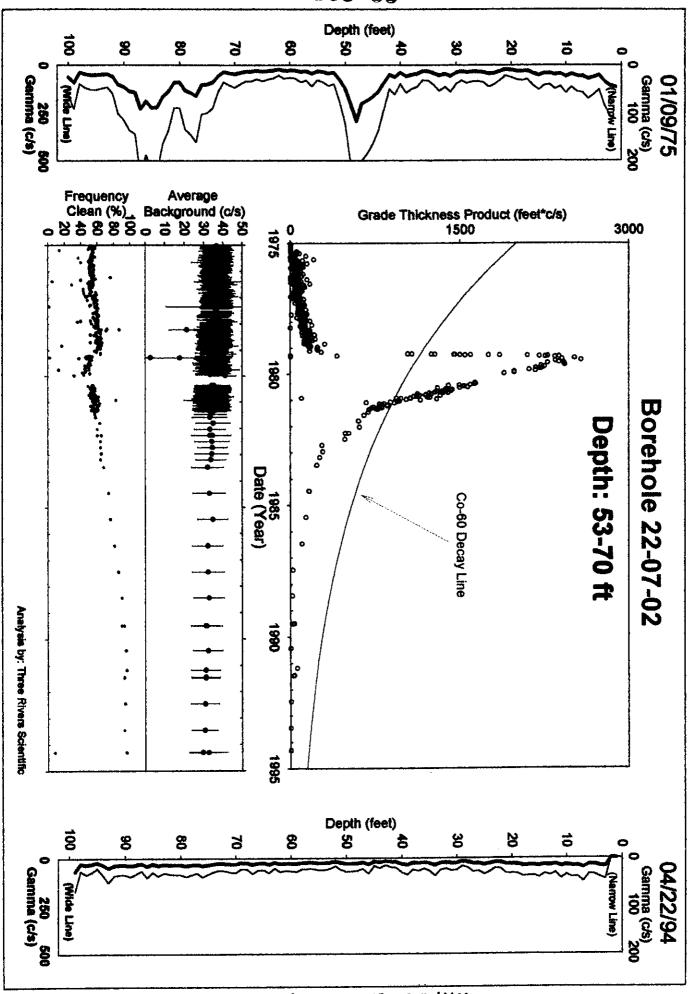
Gross Gamma Survey Information

Oross Gariana Burvey Internation			
Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator		
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (6 surveys)		
Borehole Depth:	97 ft		
Survey Depth :	97 ft		
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975		
Last Survey Date:	4/22/1994		
Number Surveys :	336		

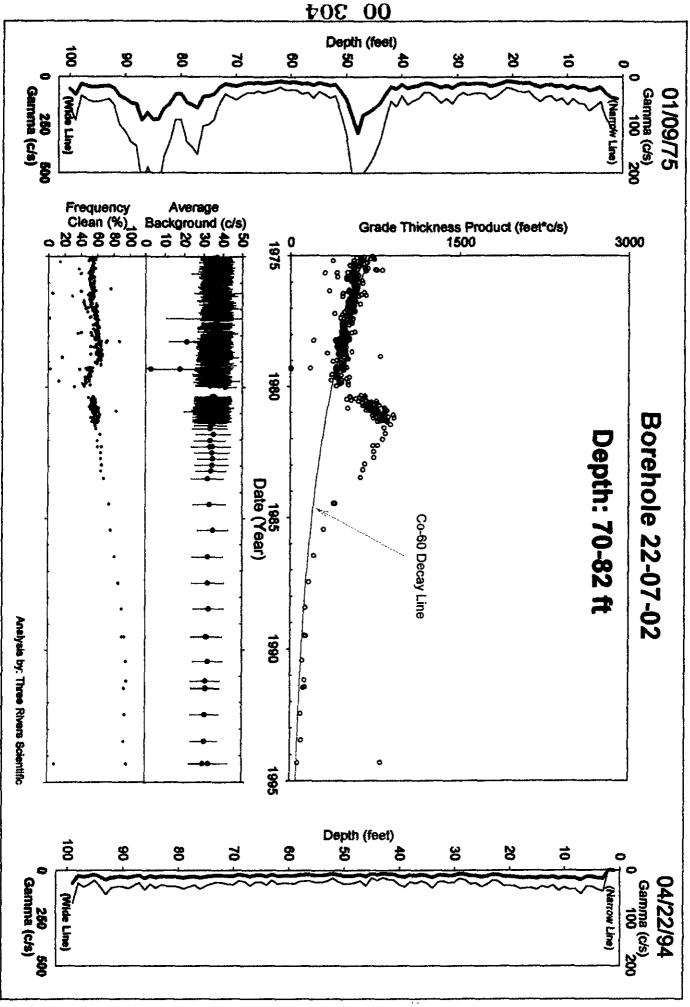
Audiysis 110tes			
Number Surveys Rejected:	0		
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0		
Method Used to Compute Background:	20 to 40 feet		
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	6-20 feet is appears Stable 42-53, 53-70, 70-82, 82-95 feet is UNSTABLE		
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price		
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific		



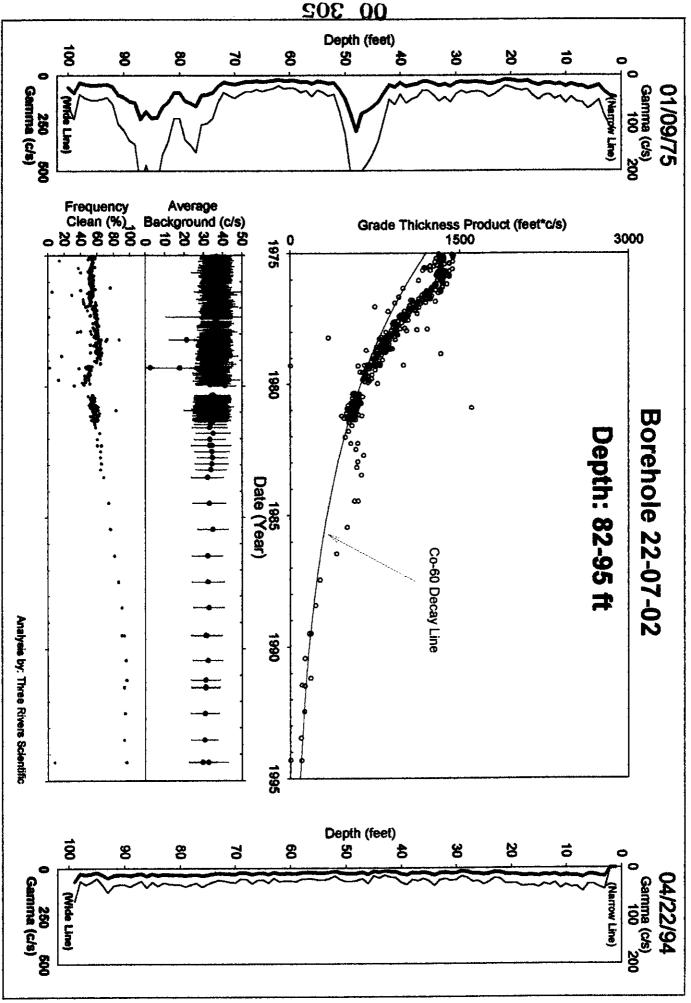




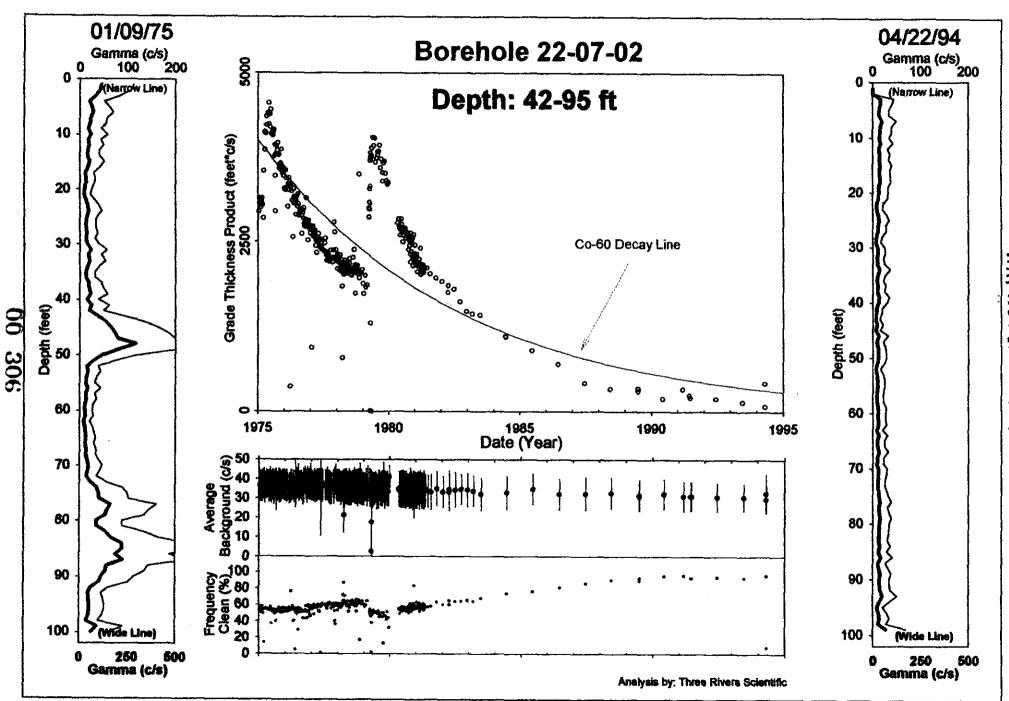
HNE-3235 - BEAO

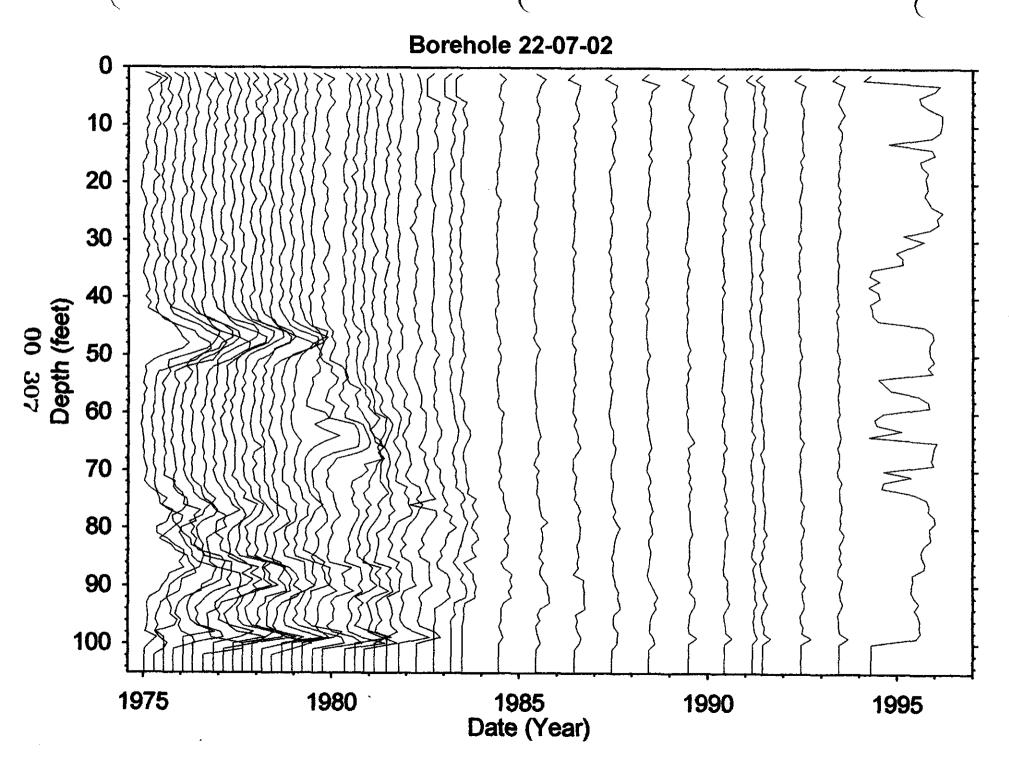


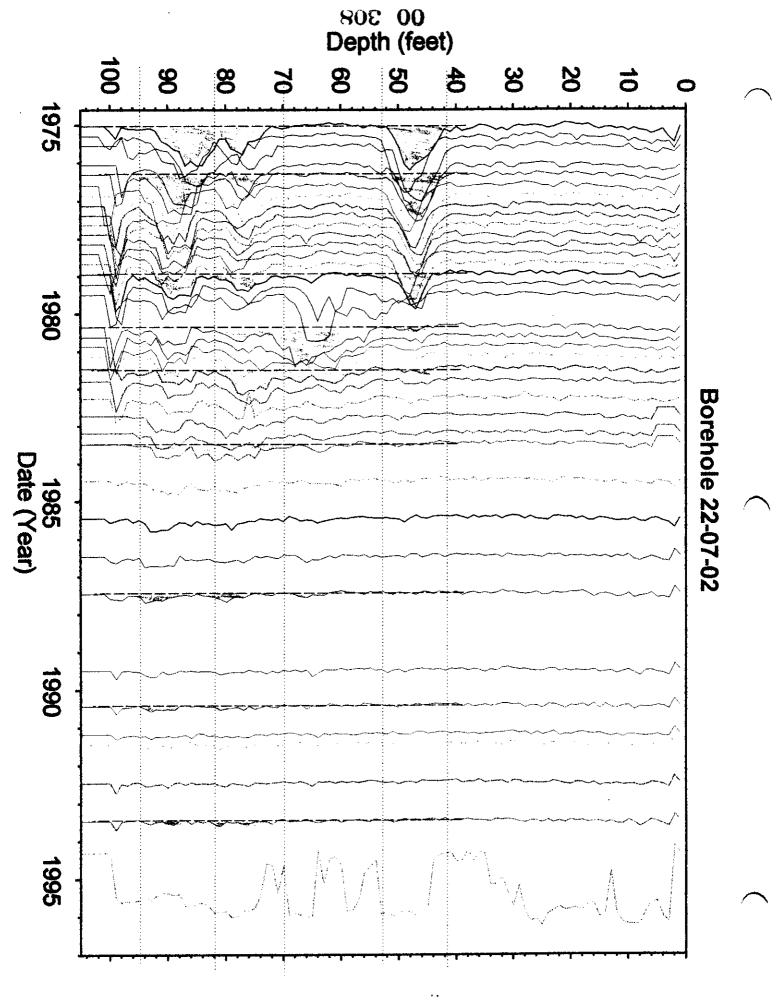
HNE-3235 - BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAO







HNEESSS -BEAD

## Borehole 22-07-05 page 1 of 2

Contamination (Co-60) from 40-57 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> Contamination (Co-60) from 57-65 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> Contamination (Co-60) from 65-78 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> Contamination (Co-60) from 90-100 feet is <u>Undetermined</u>

Grade Thickness Product for radioactive zone (40-57 feet) is decreasing at a rate that is much greater than the decay rate of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 to 1983. The Co-60 decay line is plotted to show the activity in the radioactive zone does not match the decay rate.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (57-65 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) during two time intervals (1975-1979 and 1986-1995). However, from 1979 to 1986 an INCREASE followed by an elevated decrease in the Grade Thickness Product occurred. The stack plot shows the migration of contamination down through this zone.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (65-78 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) during two time intervals (1975-1982 and 1988-1995). However, from 1982 to 1988 an INCREASE in the Grade Thickness Product occurred.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (90-100 feet) is erratic from 1975 to 1985. Surveillance logging activities were not designed to monitor low contamination levels near the surface or bottom of the borehole. Grade Thickness Product from 1985 through 1994 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

Grade Thickness Product for the combined radioactive zone (40-78 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) between 1975 and 1994, indicating that no additions to the radioactive materials occurred while the contaminants were migrating through the vadose zone.

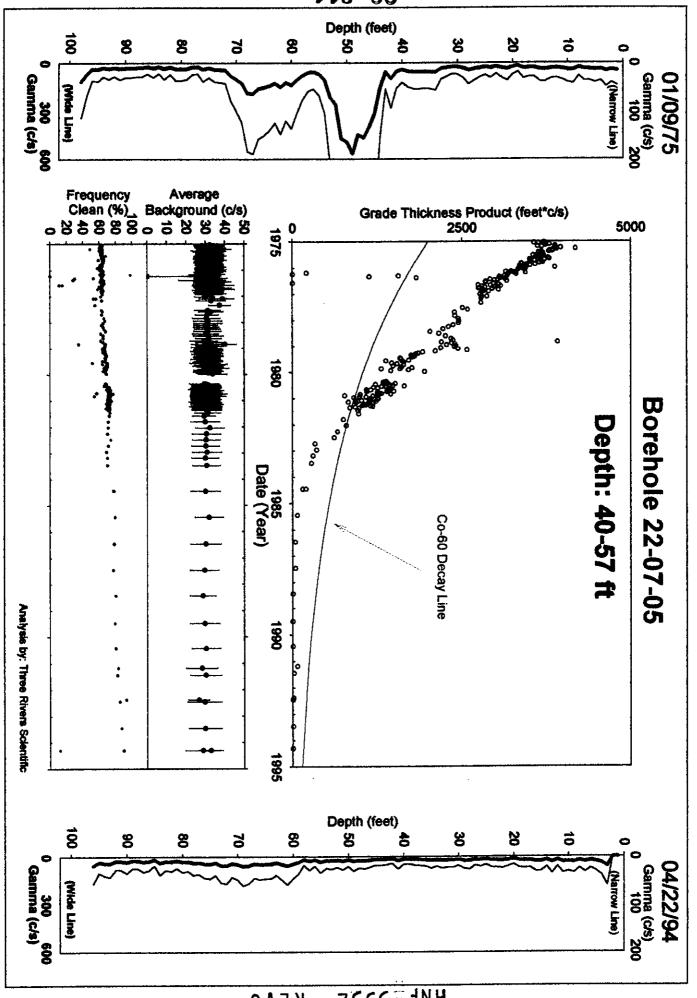
## Borehole 22-07-05 page 2 of 2

Gross Gamma Survey Information

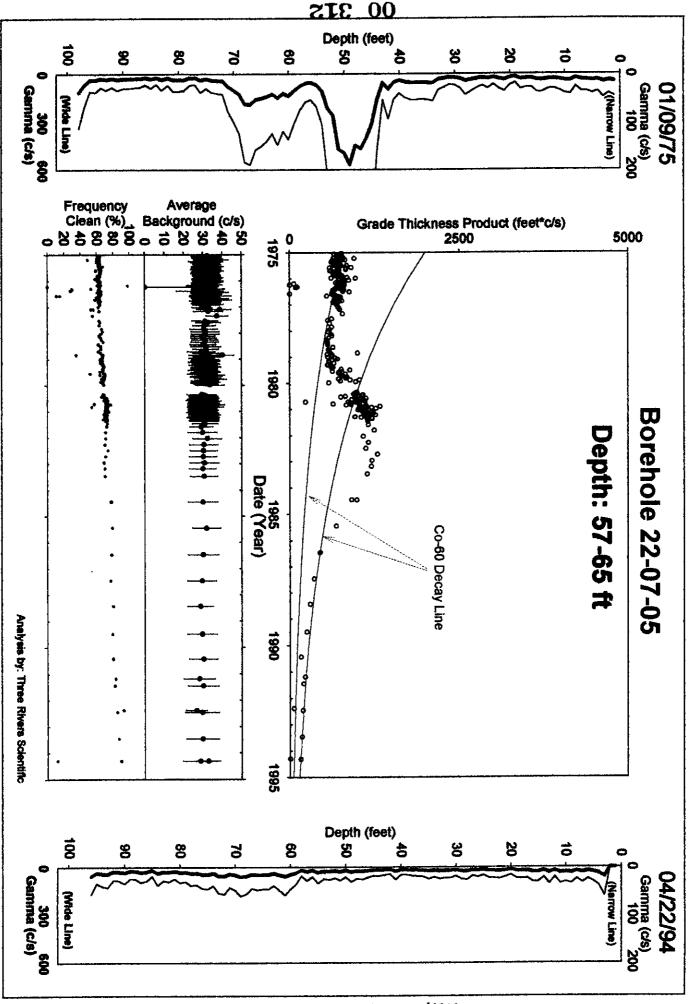
Oross Garitim Survey Information			
Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator		
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (5 surveys)		
Borehole Depth:	97 ft		
Survey Depth:	97 ft		
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975		
Last Survey Date :			
Number Surveys :	238		

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	10 to 35 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	40-57, 57-65, 65-78 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> 90-100 feet is Undetermined
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific

311 00

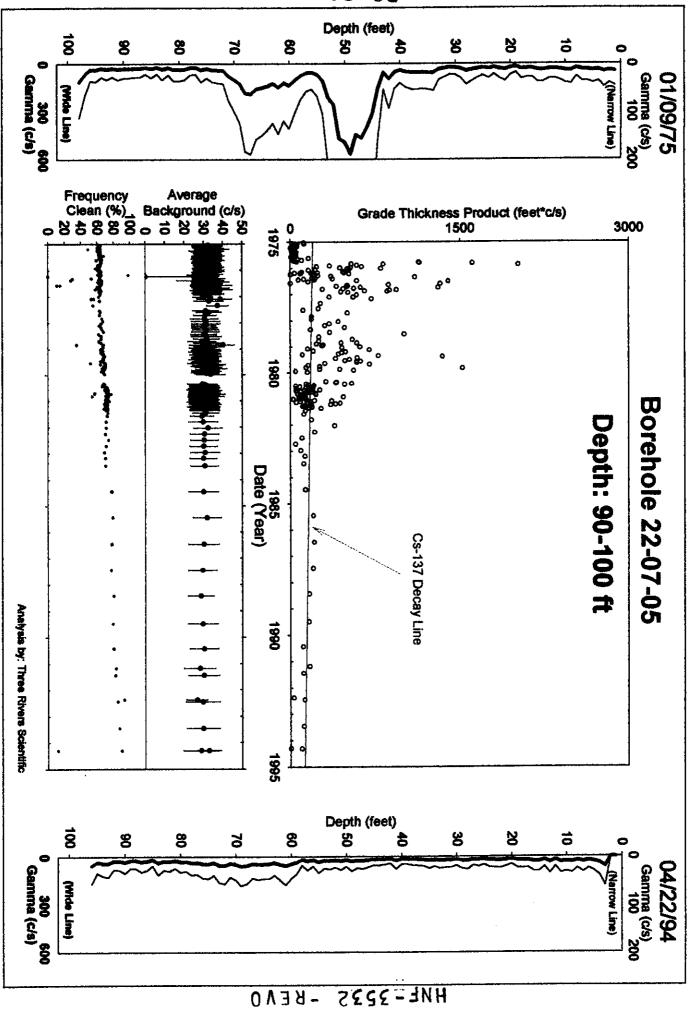


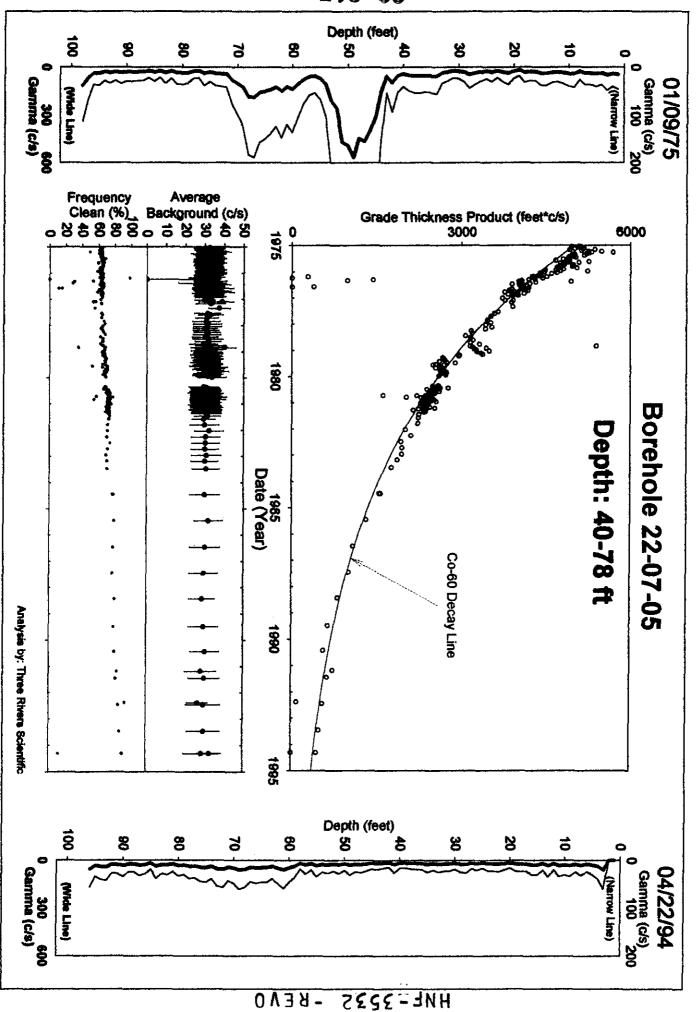
HNF-3532 - K E A O

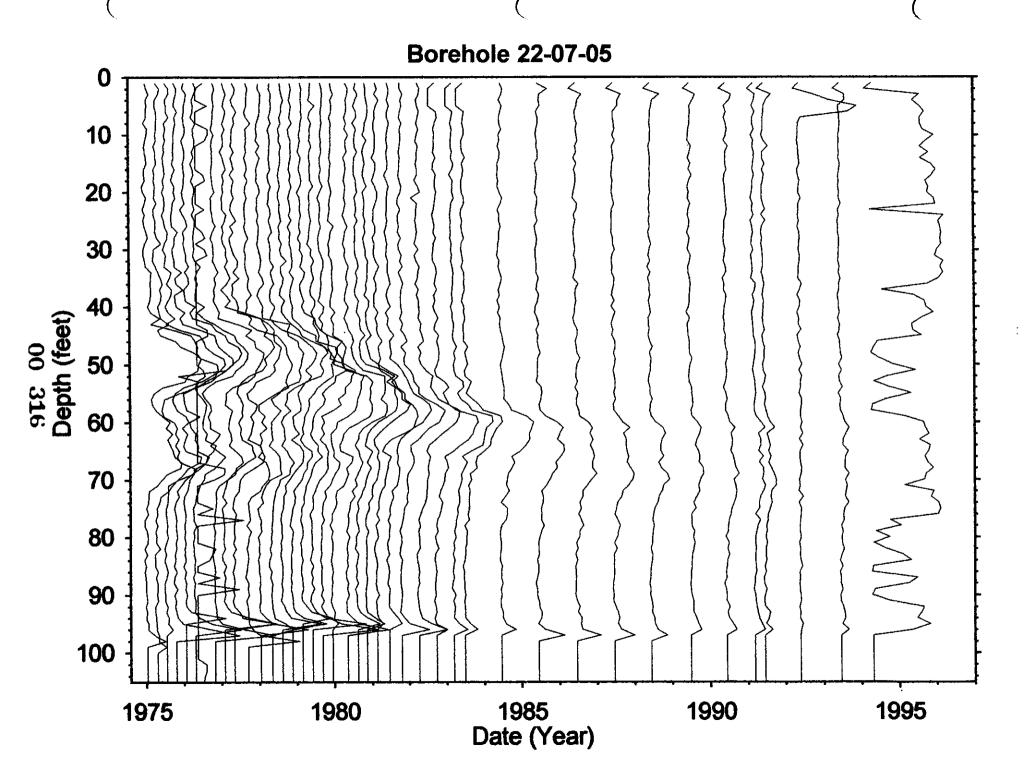


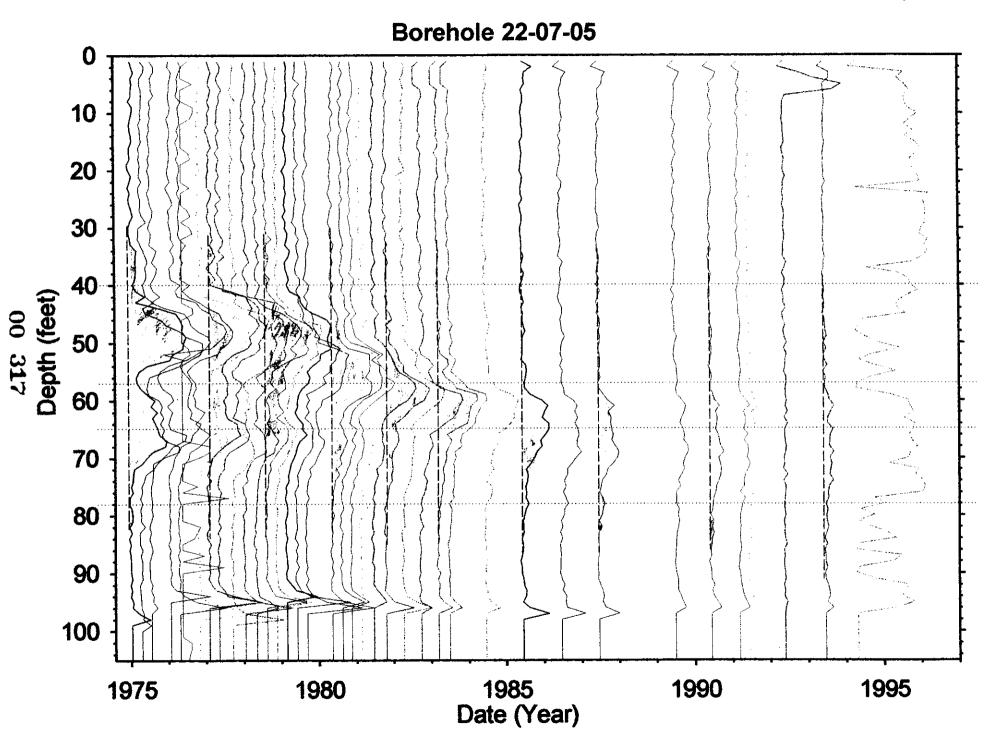
HNE-3225 - BEAO

HNE=3225 - BEAO









#### **Borehole 22-07-07**

# Contamination (Cs-137 & Ru-106 & Sb-125) from 30-54 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>

Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 80-98 feet is UNSTABLE

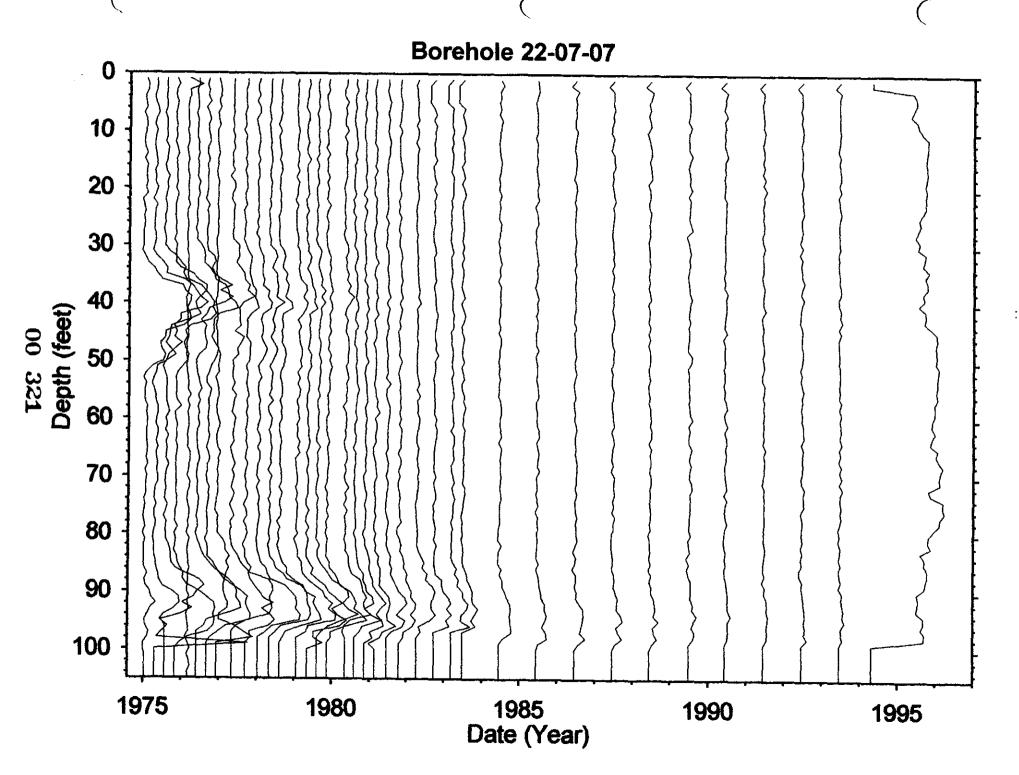
Grade Thickness Product for radioactive zone (30-54 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with the decay of Ru-106 and Sb-125 (both hypotheses) and Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 to 1980, then in 1981 the Grade Thickness Product decreases rapidly in a few months to background levels.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (80-98 feet) is INCREASING in 1975 then from 1976 to 1983 has an erratic rate or decrease. The rate of decrease (since 1983) does not clearly identify the radionuclides that may have been present, other than Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector). The presence of Sb-125 (hypothesis) is considered because of its probable presence in the shallower zone and other boreholes in this Tank Farm. Two decay lines are presented. The decay line for Co-60 shows stability since about 1990. The decay line for Sb-125 and Co-60 shows stability since 1983.

**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator			
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (2 surveys)			
Borehole Depth:	100 ft			
Survey Depth :	100 ft			
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975			
Last Survey Date :	4/22/1994			
Number Surveys:	225			

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	55 to 80 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	30-54 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> 80-98 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific



## Borehole 22-07-09 page 1 of 2

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-9 feet is Tank Farm Activity
Contamination (Cs-137) from 9-17 feet is Stable
Contamination (Cs-137) from 17-36 feet is Appears Stable
Contamination (Cs-137) from 62-74 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Contamination (Co-60) from 74-84 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Contamination (Co-60) from 84-94 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Contamination (Co-60) from 94-100 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 9 feet is erratic in 1975 and from 1982 to 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product is decreasing within counting statistics in two time intervals (1976-1982 and 1986-1994) at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (9-17 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with the decay of Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) between 1975 and 1994.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (17-36 feet) appears to be decreasing sensitivity at a rate consistent with the decay of Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) except prior to 1981. The gross gamma activity is at the 30,000 counts per second rate which may be beyond the linear region of the counting system.

Grade Thickness Product for radioactive zone (62-74 feet) is INCREASING from 1975 to mid-year 1976 then is decreasing at a rate that would appear to be stable contamination. However, the stack plot shows the migration of contamination out of this zone (i.e. vertical movement to lower depths), therefore, fitting the decrease in grade thickness product to a radionuclide decay would be incorrect since movement is apparent. The grade thickness product fits the decay of Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1987 to 1995.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (74-84 feet) has two time intervals of INCREASING radioactivity (1975-1978 and 1980-1982) followed by decreases. The decrease would appear to be stable contamination, however, the stack plot shows migration down from this zone to the lower zones. Therefore, fitting the decrease in grade thickness product to radioactive decay would be incorrect even though the decrease is consistent with the decay of Antimony-125 (hypothesis) and Cobalt-60 (identified from HPGe detector). The grade thickness product does not fit the decay of Co-60 (HPGe identified) until very recently from 1990 to 1995.

# Borehole 22-07-09 page 2 of 2

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (84-94 feet) shows background activity from 1975 to 1982, then INCREASING radioactivity from 1982 to 1985. The Grade Thickness Product has been decreasing from 1989 to 1995 at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) within observed systematic limitations.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (94-100 feet) shows background activity from 1975 to 1984, then INCREASING radioactivity from 1984 to 1986. The Grade Thickness Product has been decreasing from 1990 to 1995 at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) within observed systematic limitations.

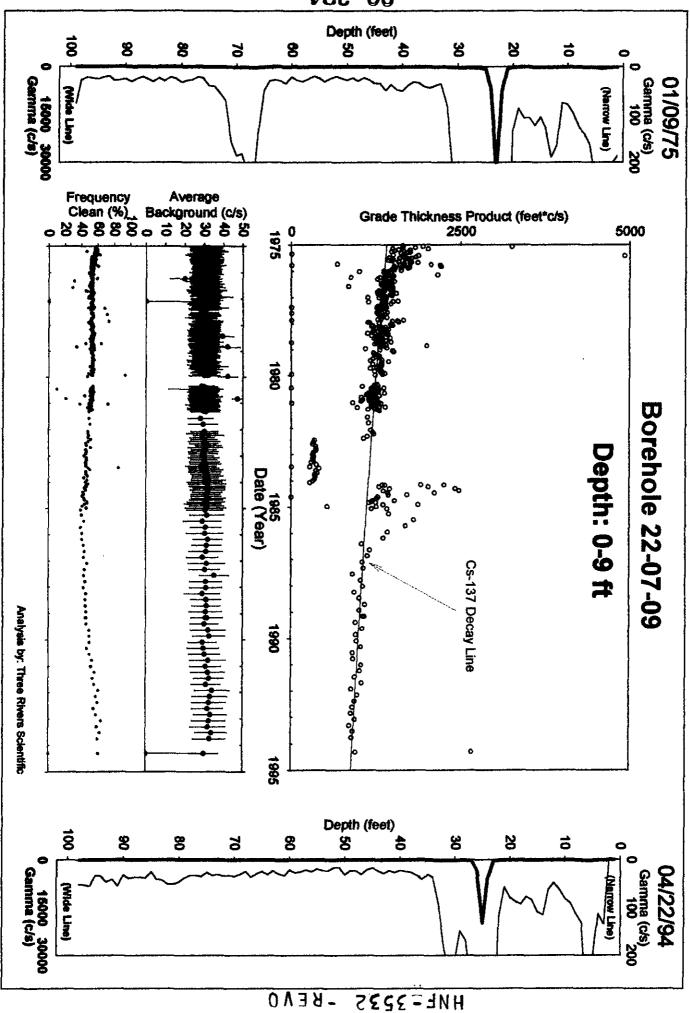
Grade Thickness Product for the combined radioactive zone (62-100 feet) shows three time intervals of INCREASED radioactivity (1975, 1980, 1984). The Grade Thickness Product has been decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1990 to 1995.

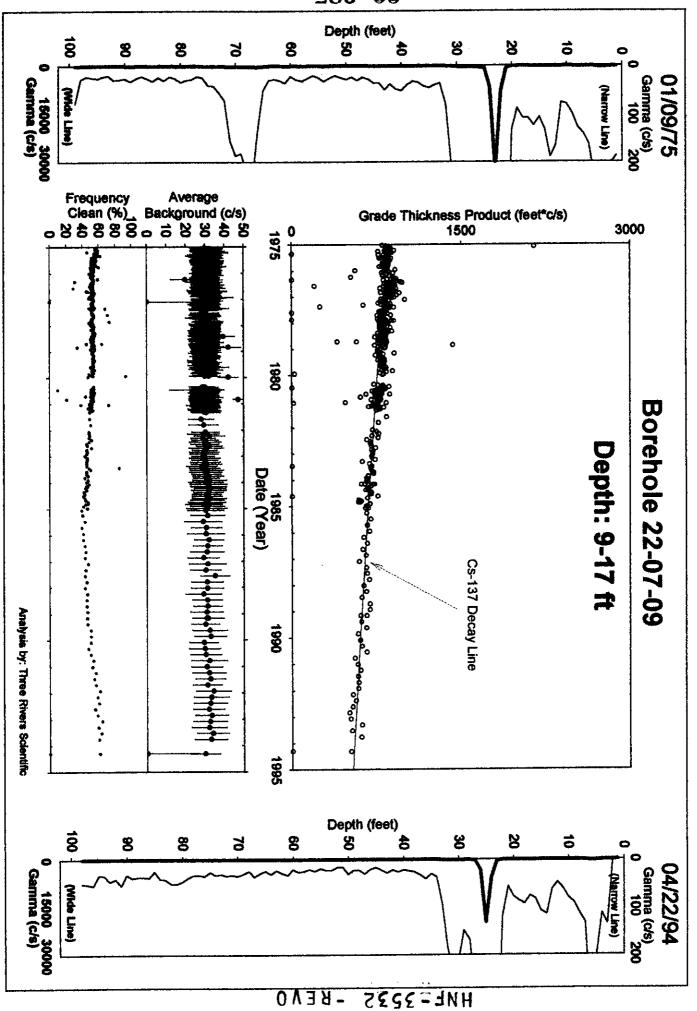
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

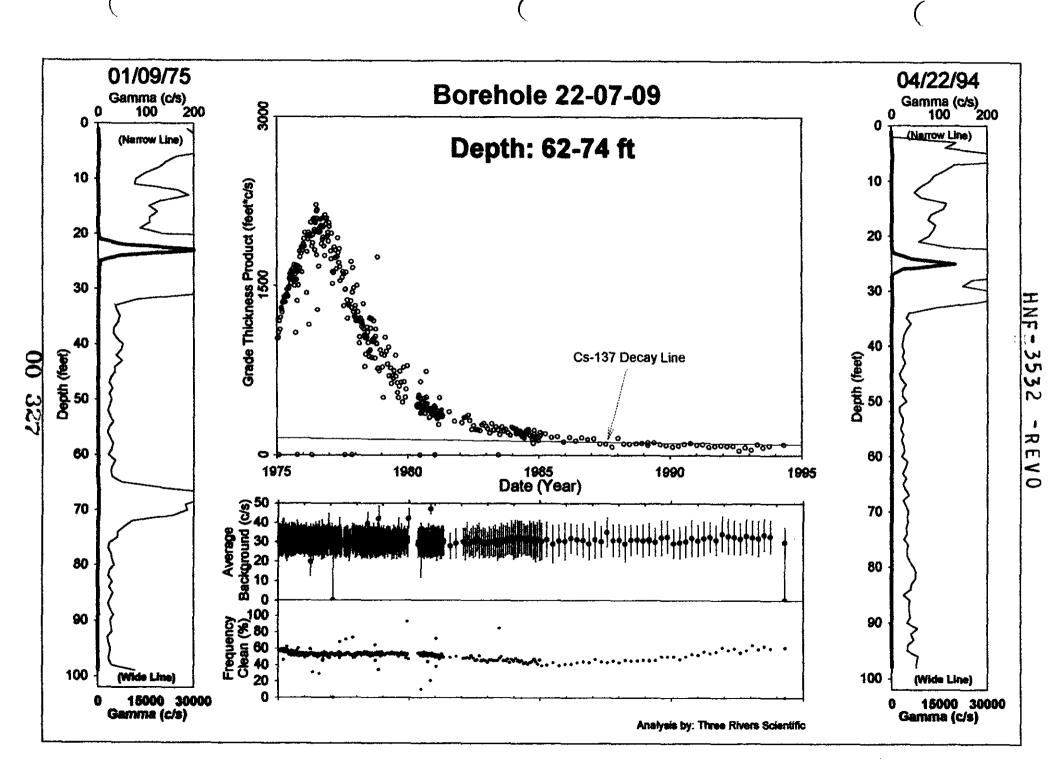
Gross Camino Dar voy Encommunia						
Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator					
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (4 surveys)					
Borehole Depth:	100 ft					
Survey Depth :	100 ft					
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975					
Last Survey Date :	4/22/1994					
Number Surveys :	393					

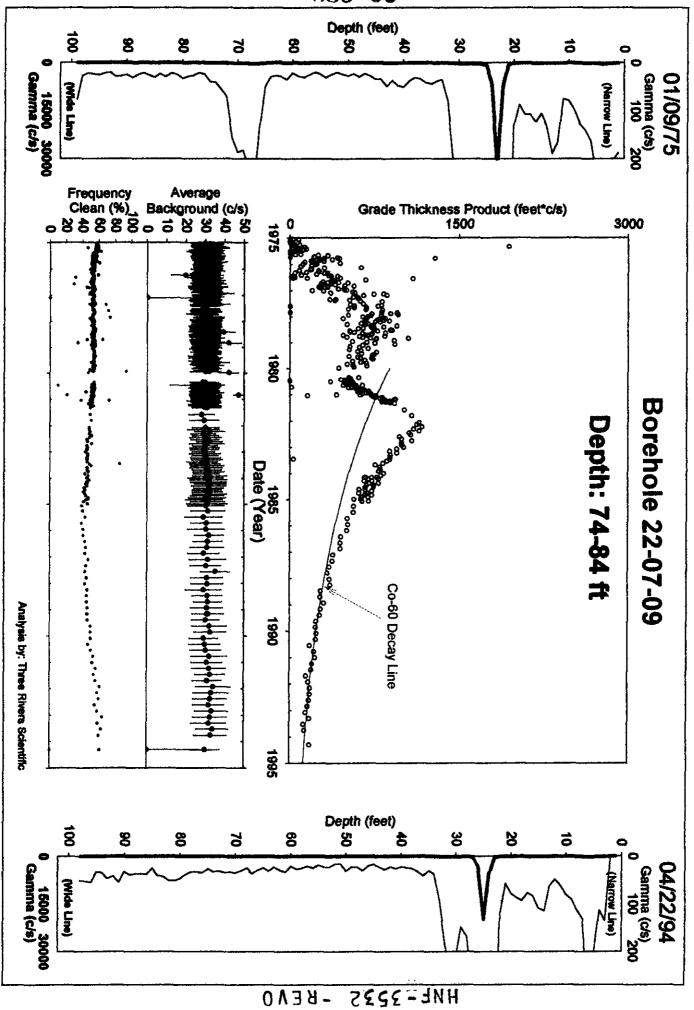
**Analysis Notes** 

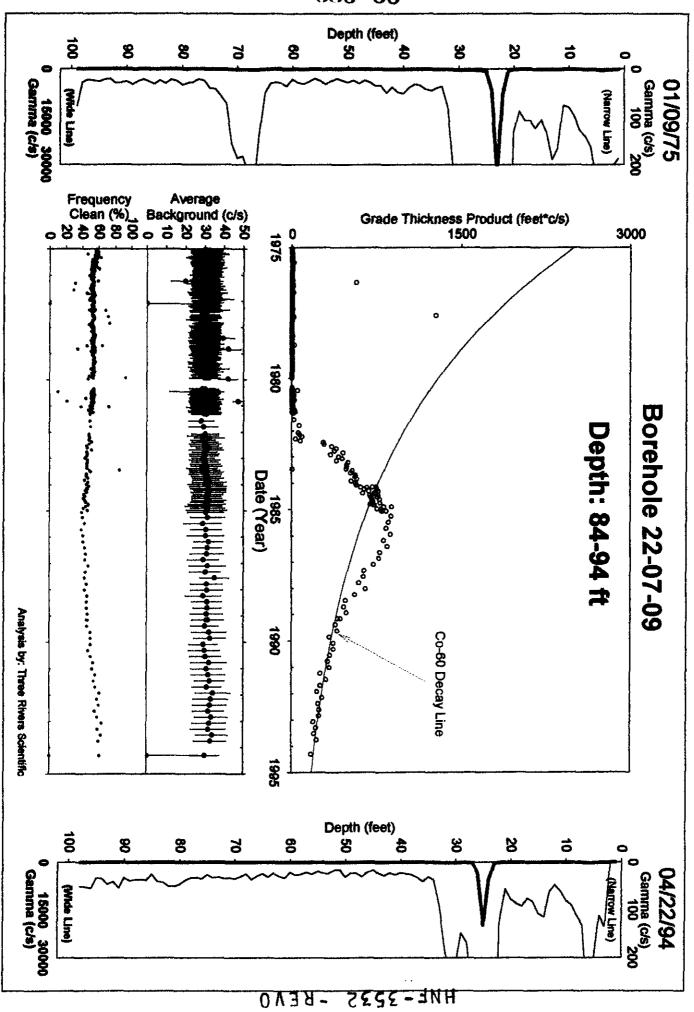
Allalysi	8 110169
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	40 to 60 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-9 feet is TF Activity 9-17 feet is Stable 17-36 feet Appears Stable 62-74, 74-84, 84-94, and 94-100 feet are UNSTABLE
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific

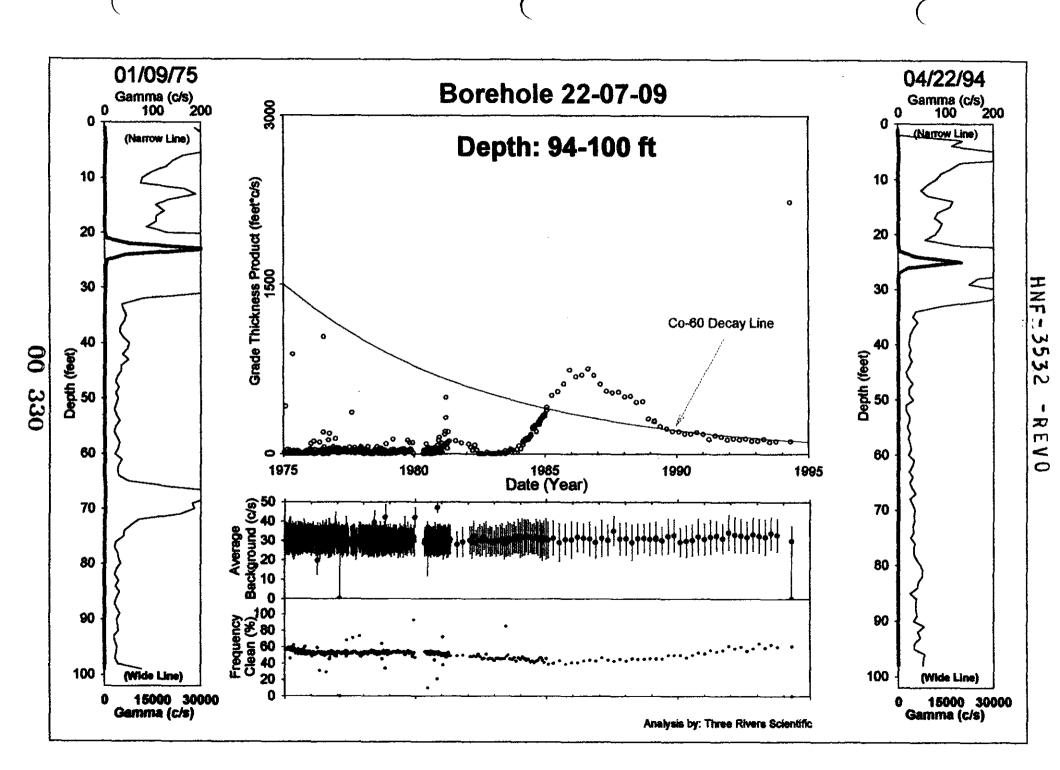


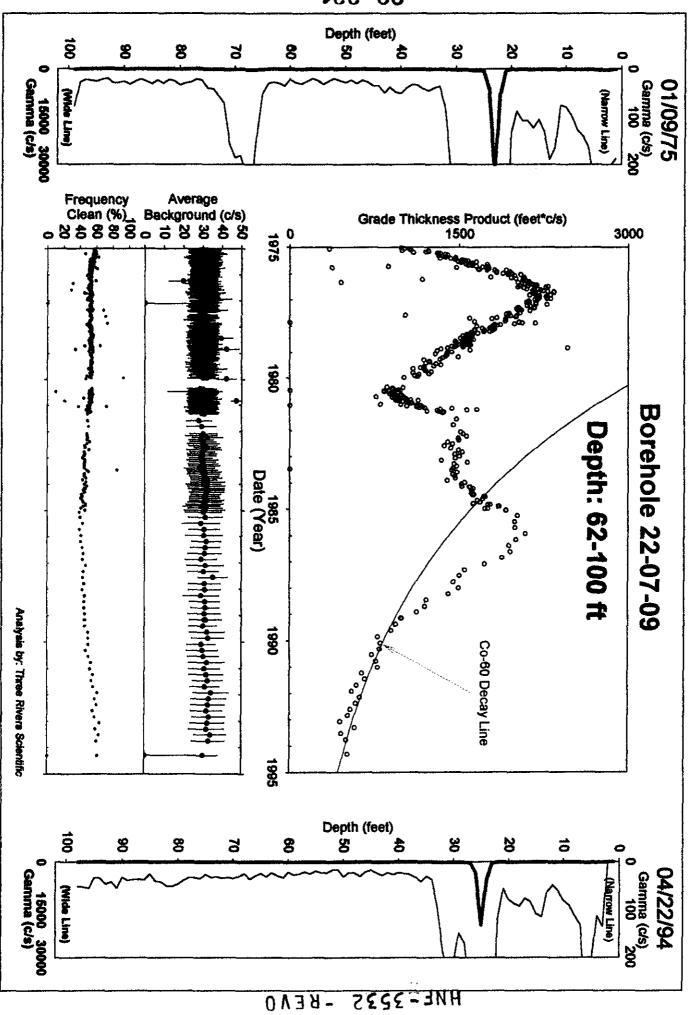


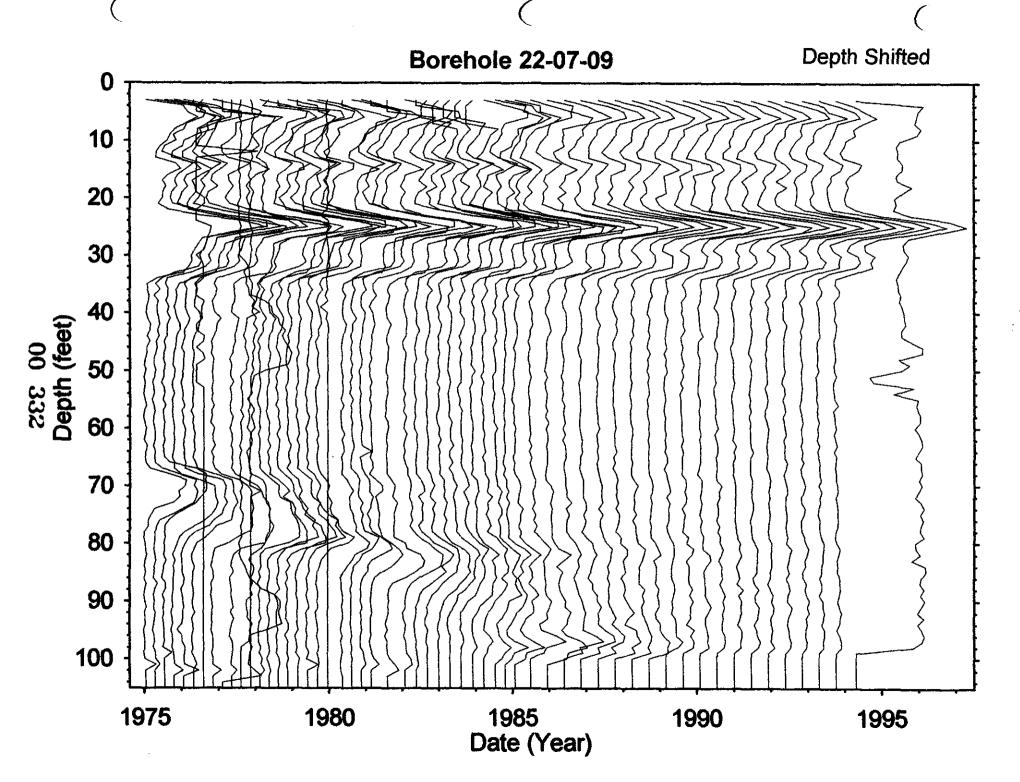


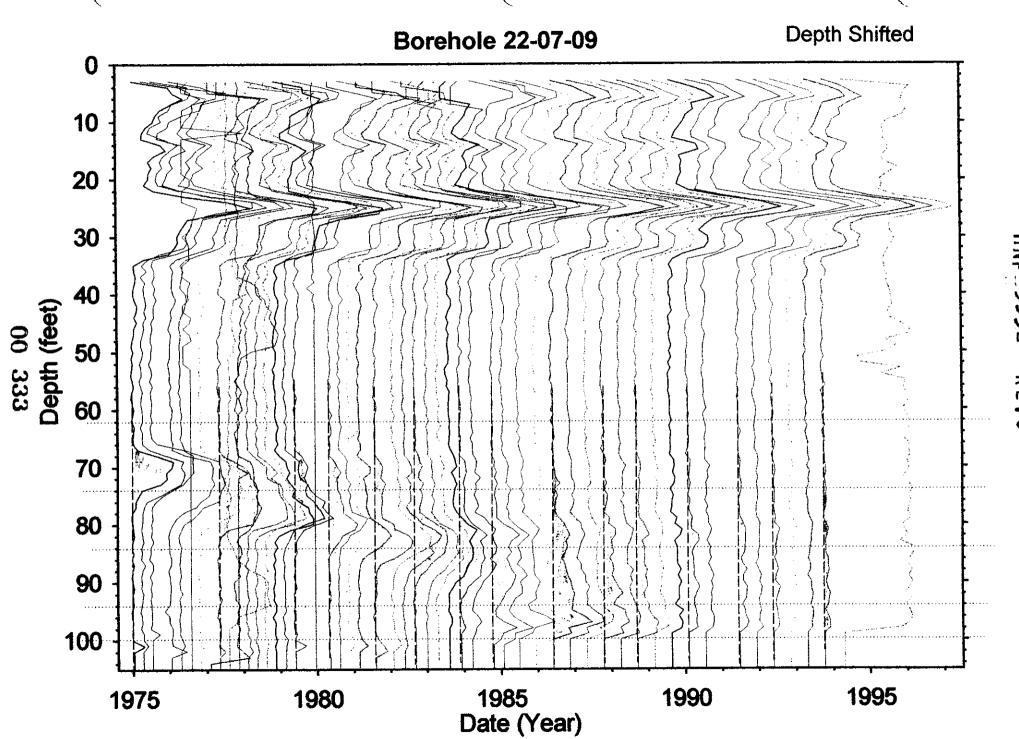












#### Borehole 22-07-10

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-6 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 6-12 feet is Stable Contamination (Cs-137) from 12-20 feet is Stable Contamination (Cs-137) from 20-30 feet is Stable Contamination (Cs-137) from 30-44 feet is Stable

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 6 feet is erratic for the 20 years of surveillance logging. The decay line for Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) is shown on the plot but is not fitted to any set of survey data.

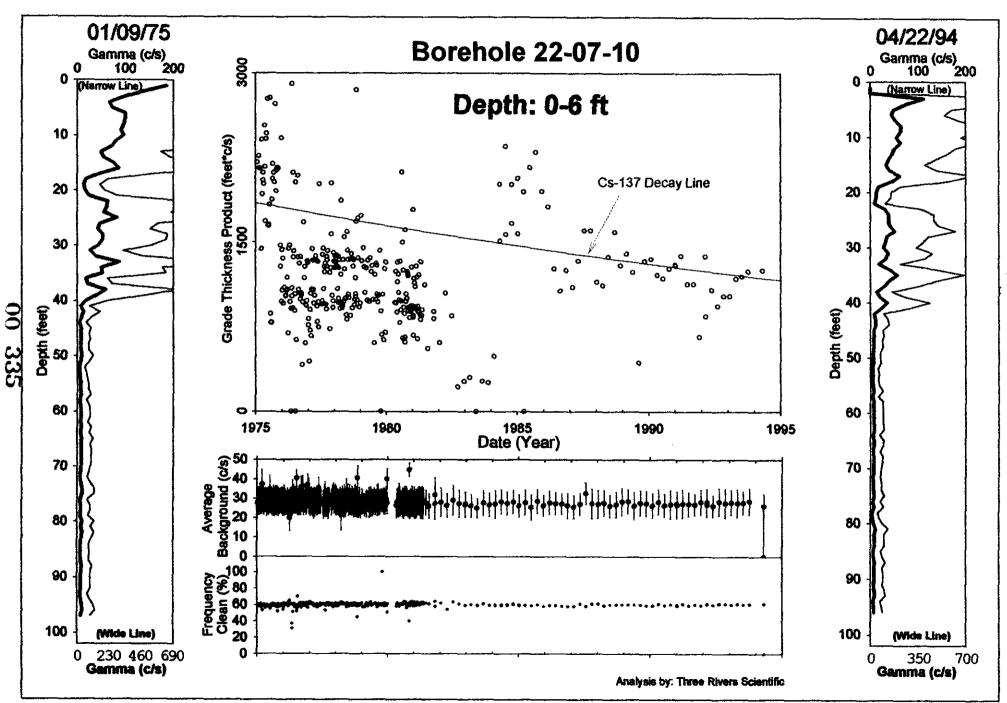
Grade Thickness Product for the four radioactive zones (6-12, 12-20, 20-30, and 30-44 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with the decay of Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) between 1975 and 1994.

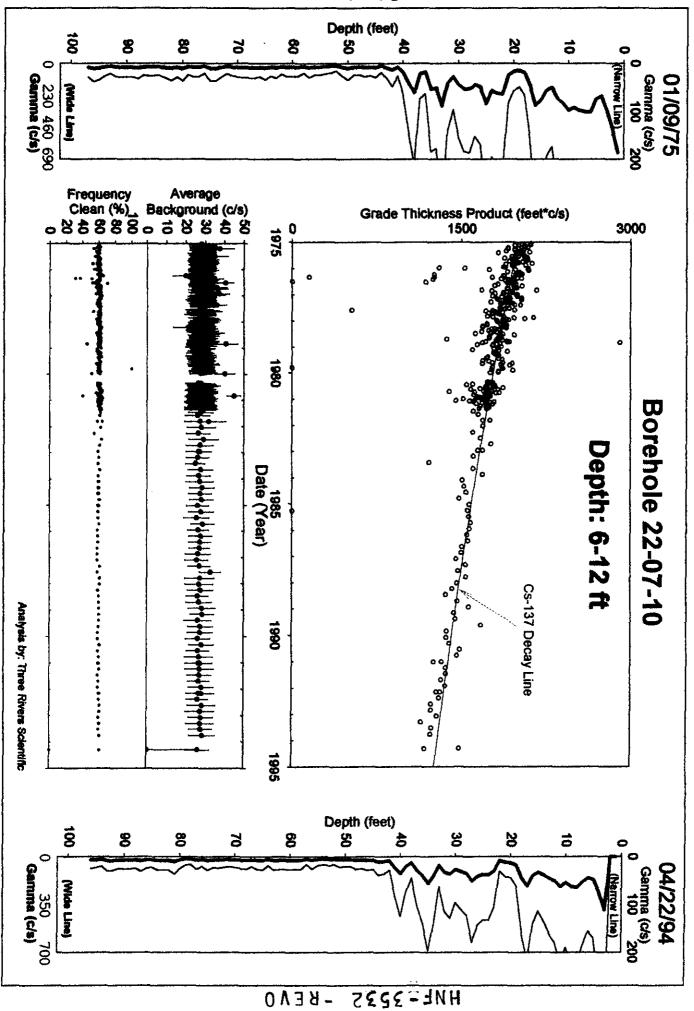
Gross Gamma Survey Information

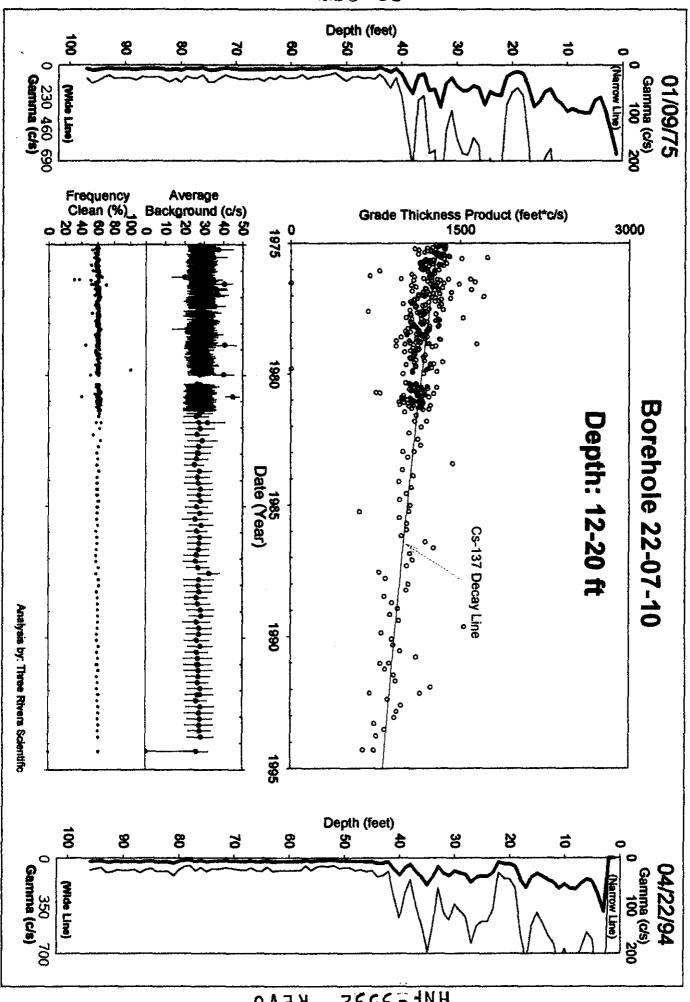
W1 1 0 3 211 0 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
03: Neutron (4 surveys)
97 ft
97 ft
1/09/1975
4/22/1994
356

Analysis Notes

7 11-01 y 5-	11000
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	45 to 70 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in	0-6 feet is TF Activity
Gross Gamma Surveys:	6-12, 12-20, 20-30, 30-44 feet are Stable
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific

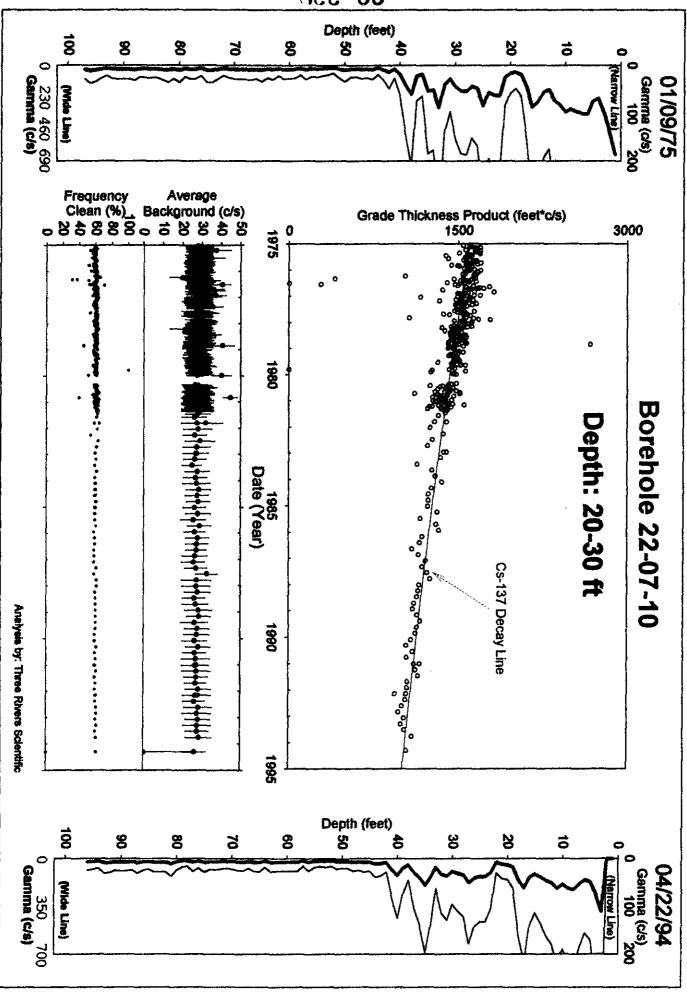




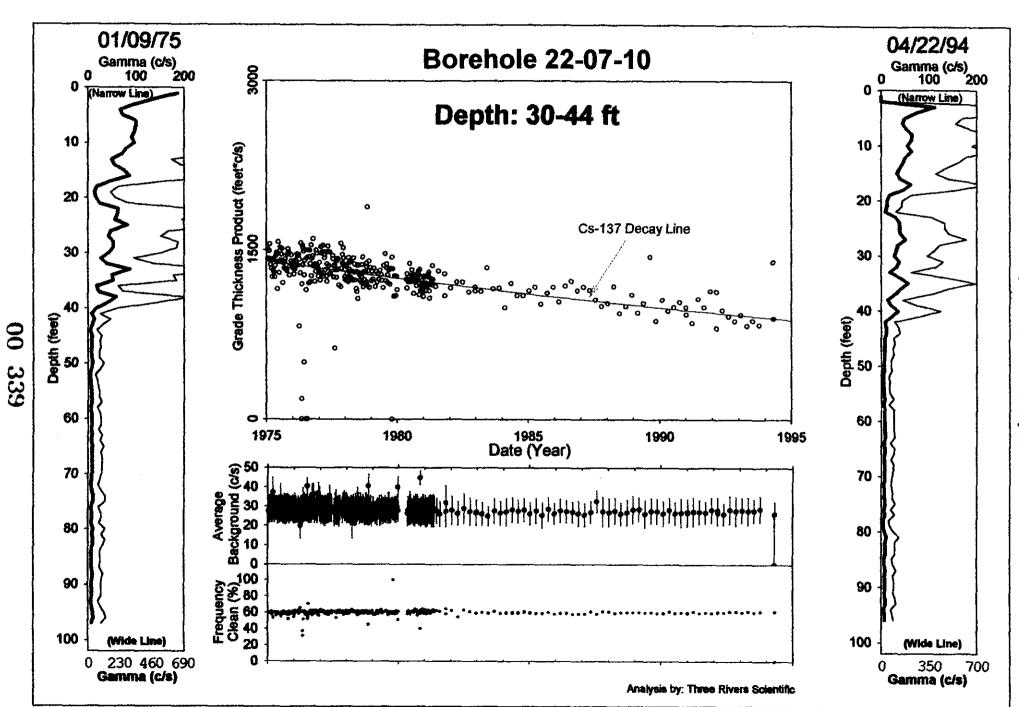


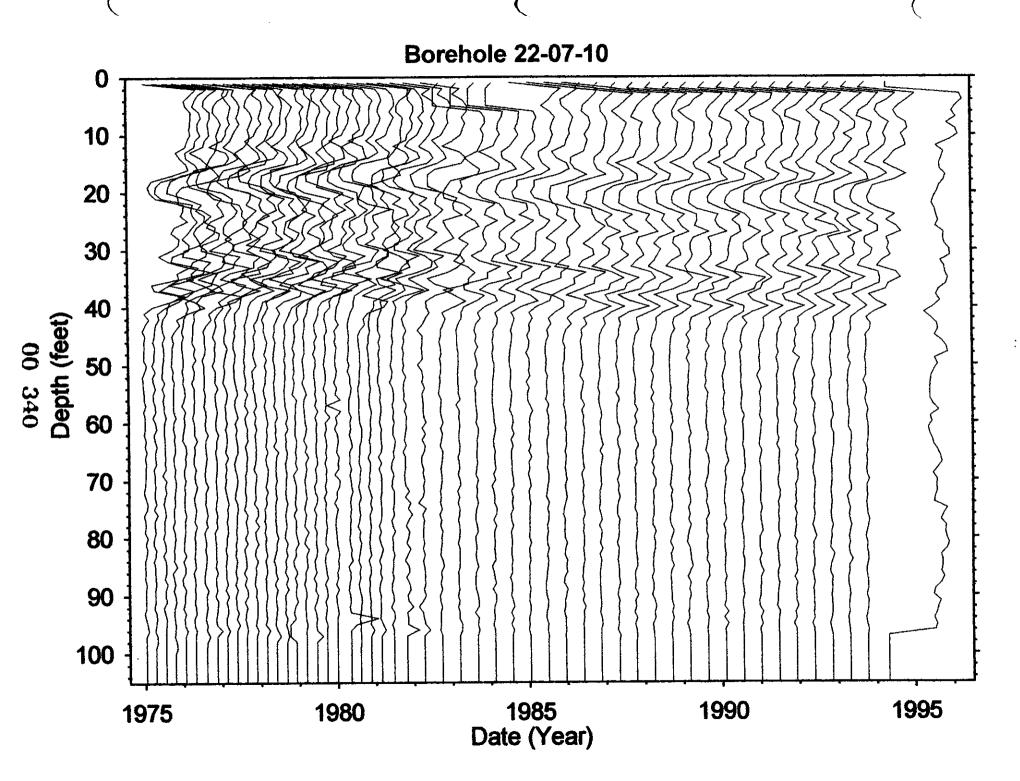
HNF-3532 - **BEAO** 

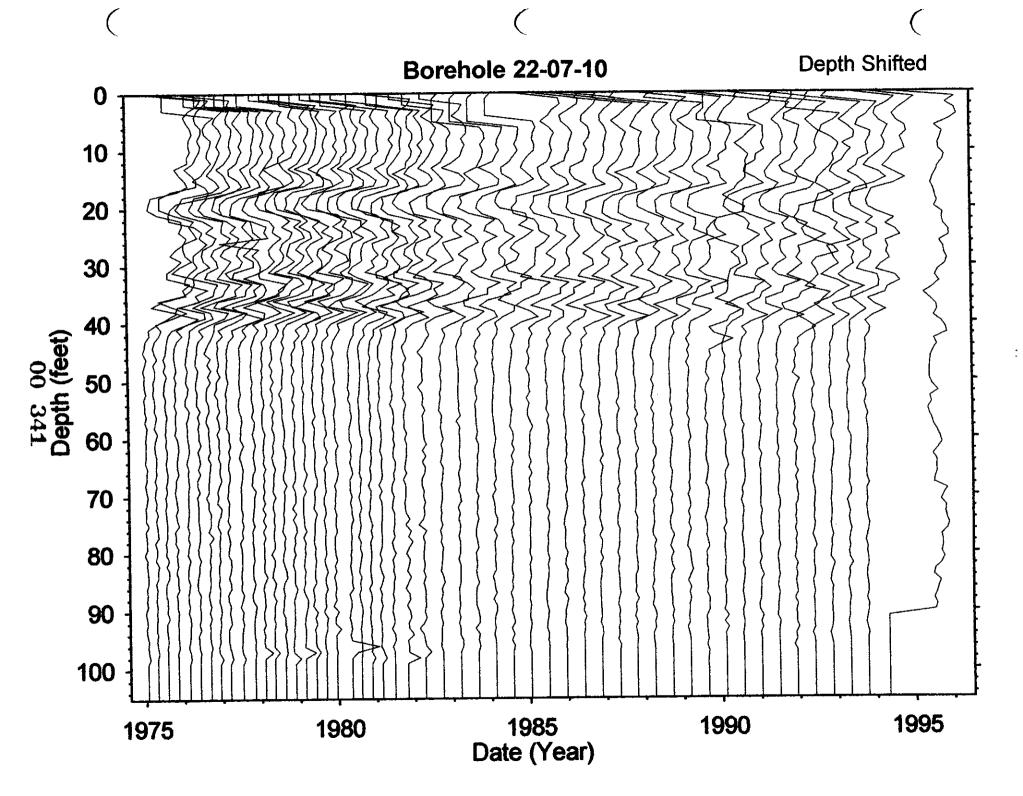




HNE-3225 -BEAO







	Borehole <u>C</u>	7 1722-01	<i>-01)</i> 1	Cotal # Surv	eys <u>2 79</u>	Probe Type O G	
1				neutron su	rveys7		
	Log Date:	75-01-04	1 <sup>st</sup>	74-04-2	ر Last		
	T . C				<del></del>	(If different from 1st & Last)	
	Isotope from	n Spectral Si	irvey:			Max Survey Depth 100	
	Contaminat	non Zone De	pth(s): <u>0 - / '</u>	40-5	<u> 52-7</u>	70 70-92	
			,,		GAPS.Txt		
	Survey Date		approx #Sampl's (	Comment			
	76-04-29		90		·		
	76-09-0	2 19	95				
	78-09-13		92				
	80-09-18	10	90				
,					HI-ZONES.1	<u> </u>	
ŀ	Survey Date		ed approx #Samp's	Comment			
ŀ		NO RADZO			-		
	76-05-20						
ŀ	77-12-08A	BAD LOC	40				
L	79-11-01	HI-BK G					
L		NO RMOZON					
L	94-04-20	TOOL FAIL	100				
/ -					•		
					BackGnd.Tx	xt .	
	Survey Date 1	Reason Selected	i num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment	
Ľ	15-03-12	AVG BXG	100	42%	38.5		
Ŀ	76-05-20	% Crese	97	11 %	32.0		
<u> </u>	7-12-08	AUGBRA		28%	41.8		
	18-11-01	70 Cresu	98	21%	44.7		
	19-10-03	70CUA		2%	49.0		
F	81-05-13	LEVETH	12	58%	37.3		
9	4-04-20	% Crew	97	0%	0.0		
Γ							
-							
				Δ	Analysis Note	• •	
Г	num surveys	rejected: (0)	7 800				
	0-10 FT :				Dackground	= (050450) 10-40	
				n		4.6.	
F	0-321-1	- MER	1912 781716	THEN IS	APID VECT	91976701980, NON DETSCT ANT 198	
ځ	7000		\$ NOT CO.	NSISTEN	y w/ Cs	737	
_	2-70F7	-	2 6-60				
K	70-92FT; STMOLF CO-60						
Ļ	Totagama (St.	able TTP 4	- L. YT. J -	OTT 41	NOUS		
<u>/ (</u>	Lategory: (St	able, 11 Acti	vity, Undetern	nned, CHA	NGED		
	N 1 / N.Y	$R_{-}$	Lell P		<b>-</b>		
F	Analyst Name	ome !	ar / u	رويد	S/W	ver (TFGROSS) $\sqrt{2}$ , 20	

#### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole B4 (22-07-02) Total # Surveys 342 Probe Type 64 # GR Surveys 336 # neutron surveys 6 Log Date: 75-01-091st 94-04-22 Last Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1st & Last) Isotope from Spectral Survey: Max Survey Depth 97 Contamination Zone Depth(s): 6-20, 42-53, 53-70, 70-82, 82-95 GAPS.Txt num. Gaps approx #Sampl's Comment Survey Date 75-08-27 14 100 76-64-24 95 20 76-09-02 19 90 100 79-164-12 HI-ZONES.Txt Reason Selected approx #Samp's Comment Survey Date 76-05-20 TOOL FAIL 95 BADLOG 78-11-01 100 79-04-23A BAD 406 79-10-03 HI BK L 100 MISS-RAD 95 \$6-12-0> TOOL FAIL 94-04-20 BackGnd.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Avg. Bkg Feq. Clean Comment 14% % Curry 75-03-12 102 463 4206 10 CLIFAI 94 76-67-02 29% 4400 77-15-05 Luin 100 17

Analysis Notes			 	
	 	 		Analysis Notes

100

96

99

num surveys rejected: (0) 7 PRO

Background = (0) 20-40

57ALK PLOT (PROLIM VIRW) INDICATES RAPID TOWN WMM MOVEMENT OF A

PLUM FRONT (53-82FT) (979 TO 1983

MOVEMENT TES PROBABLY NOT DOWN THE BOKEHOLE.

PAPID MOVEMENT FROM \$7FT IN 1979 TO 62 FT MAY BOLD FLUSHING DOWN

THE WELL (ASING COUTSIDE)

Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED

43.8

410

326

17%

32%

8%

Analyst Name Kandall Out

78-11-01

AUCOKG

94-04-20 10 CLEAR

AVGBKO

S/W ver (TFGROSS) V2.20.

)	Borehole By		#	otal # Surve neutron sur 9 4-04-2	veys <u>2 43</u>	Probe Type $\cancel{O}$ $\cancel{\checkmark}$ # GR Surveys $\cancel{2.3.8}$ Presentation Plot Dates	
	Isotope from Contamination	Spectral Su on Zone Dep	rvey: oth(s): <u>40-5</u>	757-	65,65-7	(If different from 1* & La Max Survey Depth	
				_	GAPS.Txt		
	Survey Date	num. Gaps	approx #Sampi's C	Comment			
	76-03-25	94	91		-		
	76-64-29	38	80				
	76-07-28		160				
	79-67-24		100				
	80-09-18	16	80				
				]	HI-ZONES.1	Txt	
	Survey Date	Reason Select	ed approx #Samp's	Comment			
	76-03-10	NO RADZO	a 100				
	76-65-20						
	76-07-28	BAO LOC	80			<u> </u>	
	78-11-01	HI-13KC	100	<u> </u>			
	80-10-29	HI-BICG	100				
7	94-64-20	TOOLFAIL	/ 100	<u> </u>			
							-
					BackGnd.Tx	kt	
			num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg Bkg	Comment	
ļ		7. CUEN		49%	36,5		
	76-03-25	70 CUM		0%	0.0		
	76-09-23	AUG BK		<u> </u>	38-1		
	77-02-03	AUG BK		53	38,7		
		AVL BKL	1	35	40.0		
ı	94-04-20	16 CUBA	96	129	32,8		
J							
1		<u></u>					
						_	
ı			-7 - :	<i>F</i>	Analysis Note		
ŀ	num surveys i	rejected: (0)	LERO	<del></del>	Background	1=(0>x=1<50) 10-35	
ŀ				<u>~</u>			
1							
}				<del></del>			
ļ	<del>-</del>	<del></del>		···-	_		
-							
L	<u> </u>	11			NOES		
ار	Category: (Sta	ible, IF Act	ivity, Undetern	nined, CHA	NGED		
	Analyst Name	Ban	dallo	ريس	_ s/w	ver (TFGROSS) V2.20	

,	34/22-07	#	neutron sur	eys <u>227</u> veys <u>2</u>	Probe Type <u>0 \( \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2} \)</u>				
Log Date:	75-01-09	1 <sup>st</sup>	94-04-22	2_ Last	Presentation Plot Dates				
Isotope from	Isotope from Spectral Survey: Max Survey Depth 100								
		oth(s): 3()	-54.80	1-98					
	-								
				GAPS.Txt					
Survey Date		pprox #Sampl's (	Comment						
77-62-0		110							
78-69-14		90							
80-09-1		85							
85-06-1	2 22	700							
			1	HI-ZONES.Tx	rt				
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	ed approx #Samp'		III-ZONES.IX					
	- TO 76-			RAN ZO	M (130xT)				
	NORAD								
	SAO LOG								
	SHORTLO								
	3 BADLOC								
	TOOL FAI								
,		-							
				BackGnd.Txt					
<u> </u>	Reason Selected		Feq. Clean		Comment				
76-12-01	AVG BKG.	98	66%	36. 2					
77-02-03	AUG BKG		68%	375					
	AUG BKG		71%	41.0					
94-04-20	B. C.	30	53%	31,4					
77-07-20	10 CEAN	98	0%	OF U					
			<del> </del>						
7.0NE 30	-54KF;	G-TP D21	194 CCX	RUS FIT	11/1975= 54=400				
				analysis Notes	A 7 MAY)				
num surveys	rejected: (0)	7880		Background =					
CHECK			<del></del>						
THRN				= 55-80					
CHECK					66 LCLRAN ZONE THEN MIRENED				
IN Low :	surus45	W/ Time,							
Zona 30-s	TY' CHA		conc. C	DETECTH	KESNOW RUDBLAYLING SHOW DEV				
ZONE 80-98					CIT TREMOF DATA				
Category: (S	table, TF Acti	vity, Undeterr	nined, CHA	NGED RATA	0 56/co = 10.06 = 0.14 on JAN 1975				
Analyst Nam		hall Fe	ũ d		er (TFGROSS) V2.20				
•				<del>.</del>					

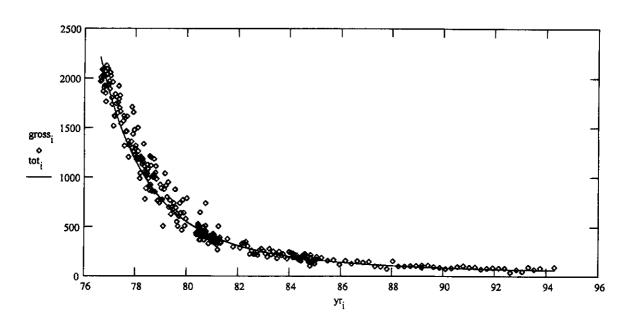
,	_	BY (22-0,			reys <u>3 99</u> rveys <u>4</u> 2 Last	
					_	(If different from 1* & Last)  Max Survey Depth 100  7474-848484-9494-100
					GAPS.Txt	
	Survey Date	num. Gaps	approx #Sampl's	Comment		
	76-04-29	44	90			
	76-07-28	30	60	<u> </u>		
	78-09-17		90			
	80-09-18		90			
	84-08-10	30	100			
					HI-ZONES.	Γxt
	Survey Date		ed approx #Samp	's Comment		
	75-0-29	BAD LOG				
		BADLO				
	80-06-18	TOOL FAIL	L 105			
		BADLOG		_		·
		BAD 686				
,		TOOL FAIL				
/	77-02-03	FOOL FAIL	, 180			•
	····		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		BackGnd.Tx	Kt
ı		Reason Selected			Avg. Bkg	Comment
	76-04-29	% CLEAN	91	31%	26.2	
Į	17-02-03	70 CLEAN		0%	0.0	
ĺ	78-11-01	AVG BKG	97	34%	42.0	
ļ		AVGBRG	96	47%	420	
ļ		% CLEAN		21%	47.1	
	81-01-14	% CLEAN	81	38%	301	
ŀ	85-01-23	% CLEAN	99	39%	30.3	
Ŀ	94-04-20	% Crem	98	0%	0.0	
_				ŀ	Analysis Note	
ŀ	num surveys	rejected: (0)	ZERO		Background	$=(0<\sqrt{6})<50)$ 40 - 60
Ļ	ZONG 62-	74' GTP	F17:5	5=150, 53=	1000, RU= 4	175 56 = 2) on 196 RATU= 2835
ľ	70NE 74-	84' GTP	F17: 60	= 1200, 56	z 4000 on'	1/75 56 = 21 on 1/96 RATO= . 2850
L			·····			
L						
L			····			
L						
`_	Category: (St	table, TF Acti	vity, Undeter	mined, CHA	NGED	
	Analyst Nam	e Rand	M. P.	2)	S/W	ver (TFGROSS) VZ-20

filein := "GTP62-74.txt" Well 22-07-09

$$A := READPRN(filein) & yr := A^{<1} > & net := A^{<7} > & bkg := A^{<6} > & max := A^{<4} > \\ N := last(yr) & N = 291 & i := 0...N & k := 0...300 & j := 0...299 \\ \hline tcs := 30.17 & tco := 2.77 & teu := 1.02 & Co variables are & Sb-125 & Eu variables are & Sb-125 & Eu variables are & Co_i := aco e & Co_i := aco e & Eu_i := aeu \cdot e & Eu_i := aeu \cdot e & -(yr_i - 75) & ln(2) & teu_i := Cs_i + Eu_i + Co_i & Co_i := aco \cdot e & Co$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

#### This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1, a3, a2) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tcs}} + \left[ a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tcu}} + a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{tco}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(acs, aeu, aco) = 0 \qquad l = 1 \qquad 2 = 2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha eu \\ \alpha co \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aeu, aco) \qquad \alpha cs = 57.073 \qquad \alpha eu = 3.6 \cdot 10^3 \\ Cs - 137 \qquad Ru - 106 \qquad Sb - 125 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Cs_i := \alpha cs \cdot e \qquad Eu_i := \alpha eu \cdot e \qquad Co_i := \alpha co \cdot e \qquad Co_i := \alpha co \cdot e \qquad Co_i := \alpha co \cdot e \qquad \frac{eu_N}{Cs_N} = 1.969 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$out^{<0} > := yr \qquad out^{<1} > := tot \qquad WRITEPRN("twop44-52.txt") := out$$

#### HNF - 3532 - REVO

#### filein := "GTP74-84.txt" Well 22-07-09

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1} > net := A^{<7} >$$

$$bkg := A^{<6>}$$
  $max := A^{<4>}$ 

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 96$$

$$k := 0..300$$
  $j := 0..299$ 

1st Isotope is Co (5.27 yrs)

$$\tau co := 5.27$$

$$\tau 2 := 2.77$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-3\right)$$

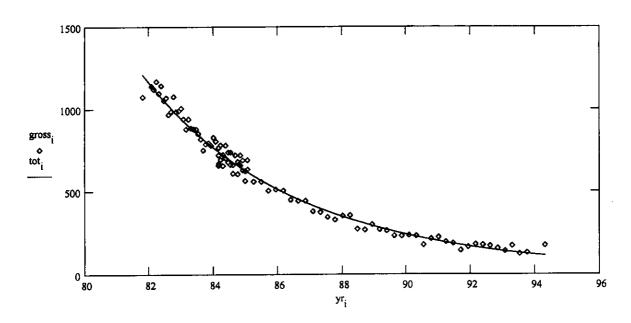
$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}}$$

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

gross; := net;

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes									
Borehole BY(22-07-10)			Total # Surveys 360 # neutron surveys 4		Probe Type <u>0 9</u> # GR Surveys <u>3 5 6</u>				
Log Date: _	15-01-09	1 <sup>st</sup>	94-04-22	_ Last	Presentation Plot Dates				
Isotope from	Spectral Su	rvey:			(If different from 1* & Last)  Max Survey Depth 97				
Contaminati	on Zone Dep	oth(s): 0-6,	6-12,12-	20,20-30	0,30-44				
GAPS.Txt									
Survey Date	num. Gaps	approx #Sampl's		0.11.0.1.11					
75-12-24	<del>                                     </del>	98							
76-04-29	1	90							
80-09-18	11	95							
85-64-03		100							
					_				
Survey Date	Rescon Select	ed approx #Samp		HI-ZONES.T	xt				
76-04-29	BAO LOC		Comment	·					
76-07-02			<del>- </del>	·					
77-68-04									
78-11-01									
79-10-67					······································				
94-04-20									
	1000	4 100							
				BackGnd.Tx	ct .				
Survey Date R	eason Selected	num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment				
75-03-12 1	YUBKC	99	5.3%	37-2					
76-84-29	1. CLEAN	9'1	37%	29.9					
76-07-02	AUG BKO		54%	40,4					
77-05-05		95	58%	35.5					
78-11-01		96	45%	40,6					
79-12-26	AUL BKG		51%	40.0					
80-10-29			40%	447					
94204-20	%CLEAN	96	0%	0.0					
				androde Nices					
nima (1197/07/07/07/07/07/07/07/07/07/07/07/07/07	niestadi (N)	710		Analysis Note					
num surveys	rejected: (0)	THO		Dackground	$=(0 \le \sqrt{34} < 50) + 45 - 70$				
		<del></del>		<del> </del>					
<u> </u>			<del></del>	<u> </u>					
	<del></del>								
<u> </u>									
Category: (Ste	hle TF Act	ivity Undeter	mined CHA	NGED					
Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED									
Analyst Name Randell Puis S/W ver (TFGROSS) V2 20.									

# Borehole 22-08-01 page 1 of 2

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-12 feet is Tank Farm Activity
Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 22-32 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 32-42 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 42-59 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 59-82 feet is UNSTABLE
Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) from 82-95 feet is UNSTABLE

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic from 1975 through 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1994 is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector). The gross gamma activity is at the 30,000 counts per second rate, which may be beyond the linear region of the counting system.

Grade Thickness Product for three radioactive zones (22-32, 32-42, 42-59 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity to each isotope and relative intensity at a rate consistent with a least squares fit of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 through 1994. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Co-60 of 0.7, 0.1, and 0.3, respectively for each zone, on June, 1994.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (59-82 feet) is decreasing at a rate that exceeds the decay of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1976 to 1979, then is less than the decay rate from 1980 to 1984, and then is consistent with the decay rate from 1985 to 1995. Movement in this zone is unclear on the stack plot. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Co-60 of 0.04 on June 1994.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (82-95 feet) shows the zone is clean until 1982, then from 1982 to 1987 the radioactive contaminant is <u>INCREASING</u>, and begins to decrease at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1987 to 1995. This can be seen in the stack plot upon close examination.

Grade Thickness Product for the combined radioactive zone (22-95 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity to each isotope and relative intensity at a rate consistent with a least squares fit of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 to 1995. This indicates the contaminants likely entered the subsurface in a single event and the contaminant movement is ongoing redistribution. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Co-60 of 0.14 in 1995.

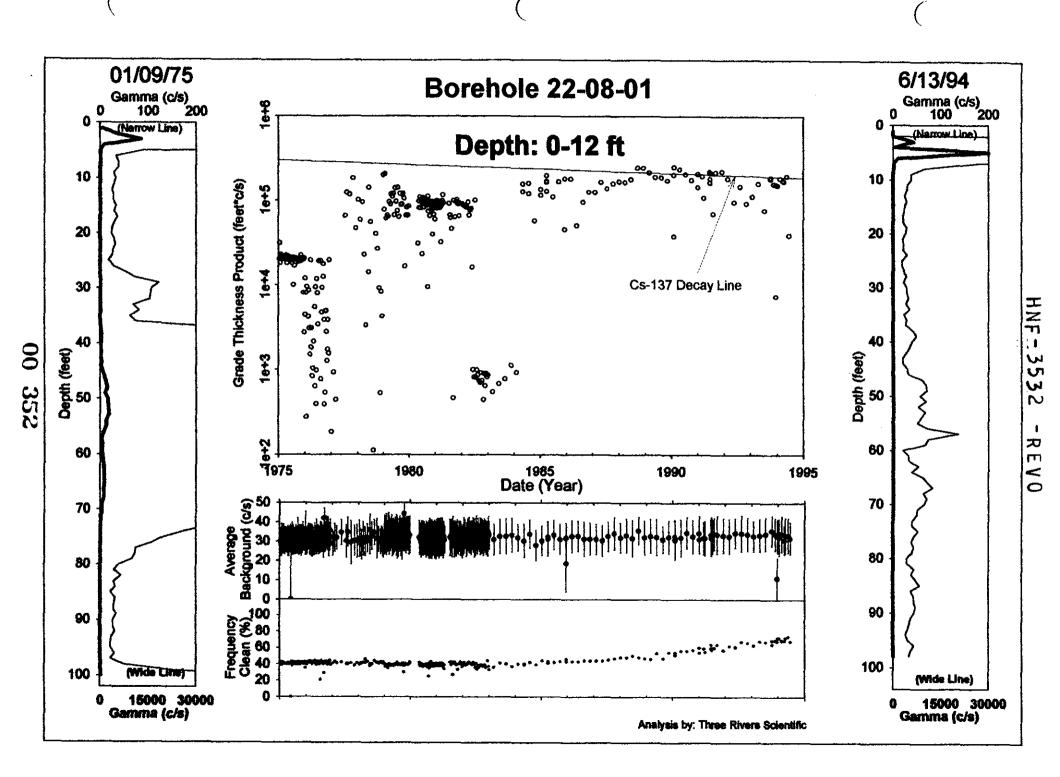
# Borehole 22-08-01 page 2 of 2

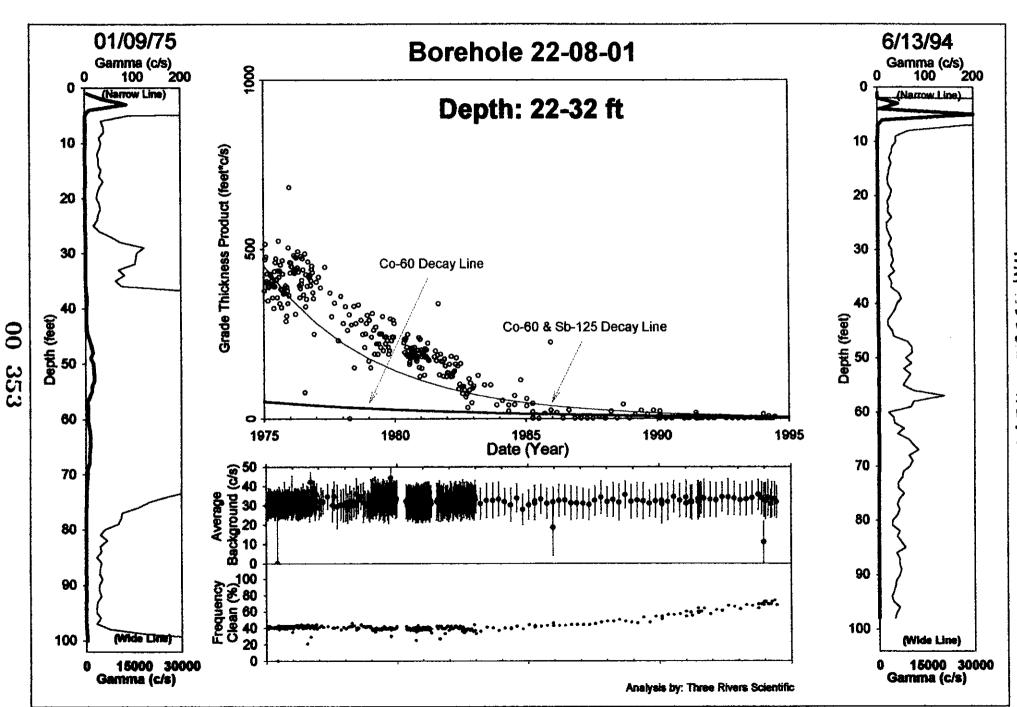
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

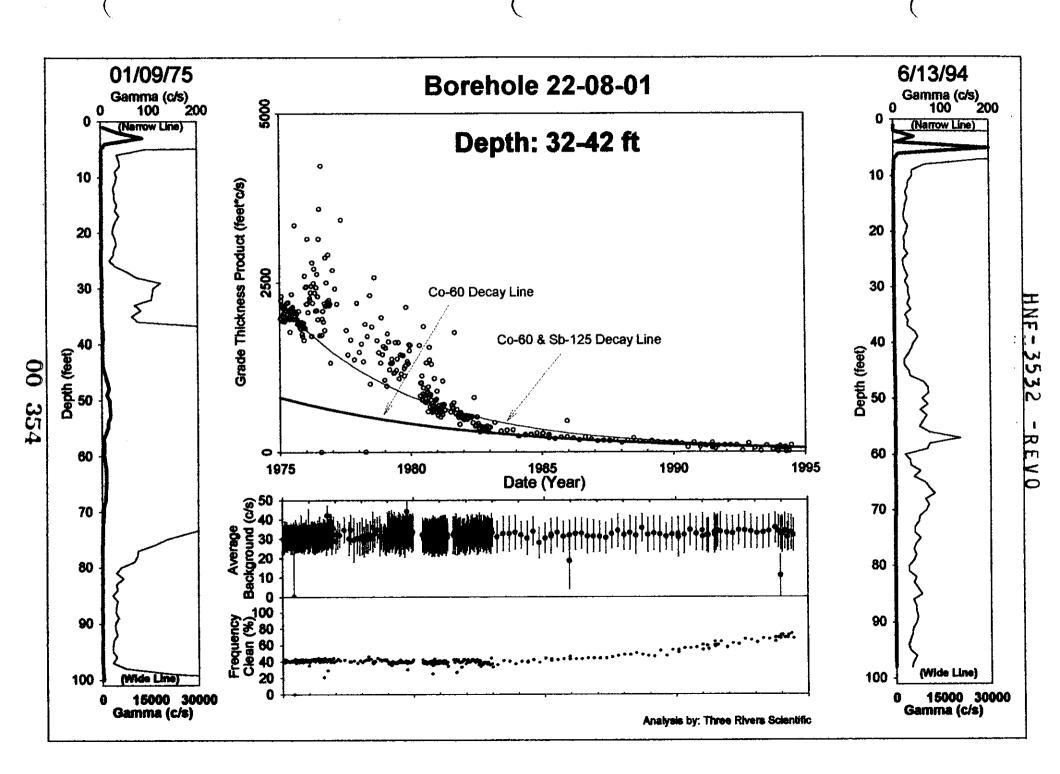
Gross Garinia Burvey and matter						
Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator					
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (2 surveys)					
Borehole Depth:	100 ft					
Survey Depth:	100 ft					
First Survey Date :	1/09/1975					
Last Survey Date:	6/13/1994					
Number Surveys:	312					

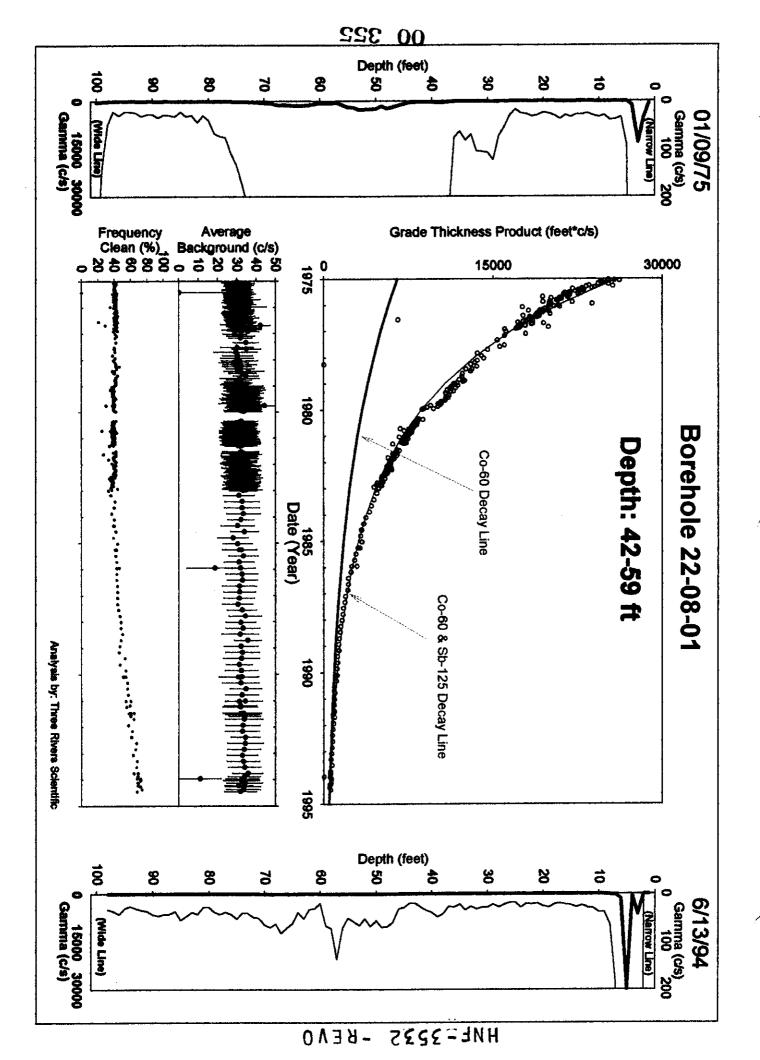
**Analysis Notes** 

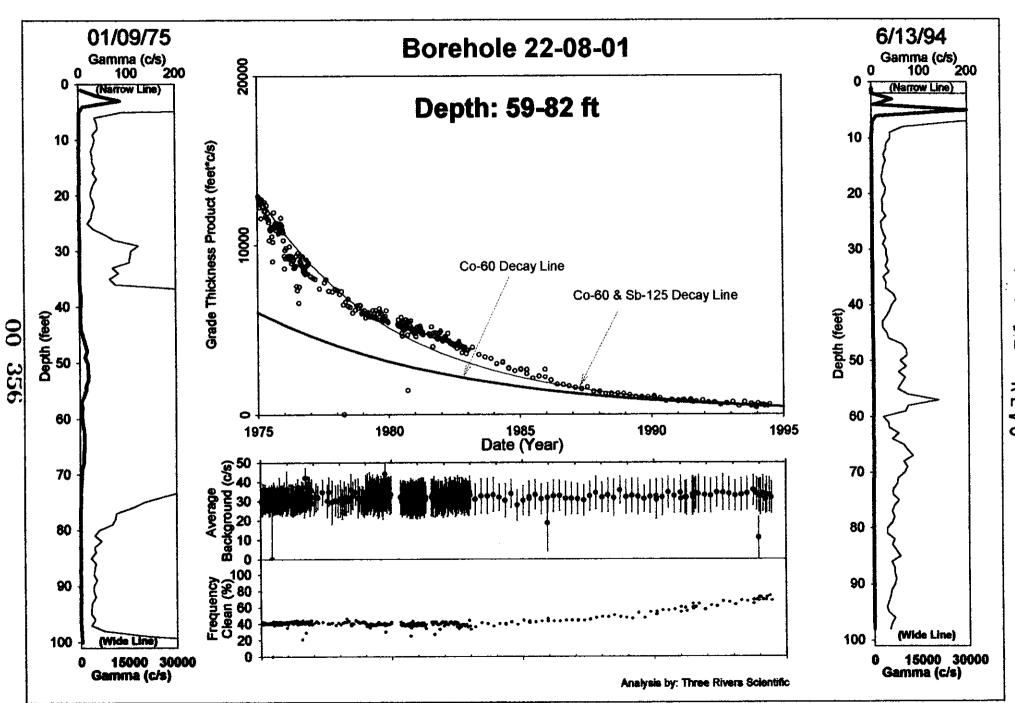
Alialysi	3 140163
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	12 to 22 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-12 feet is TF Activity 22-32, 32-42, 42-59 feet is Stable 59-82, 82-95 feet <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By:	Three Rivers Scientific

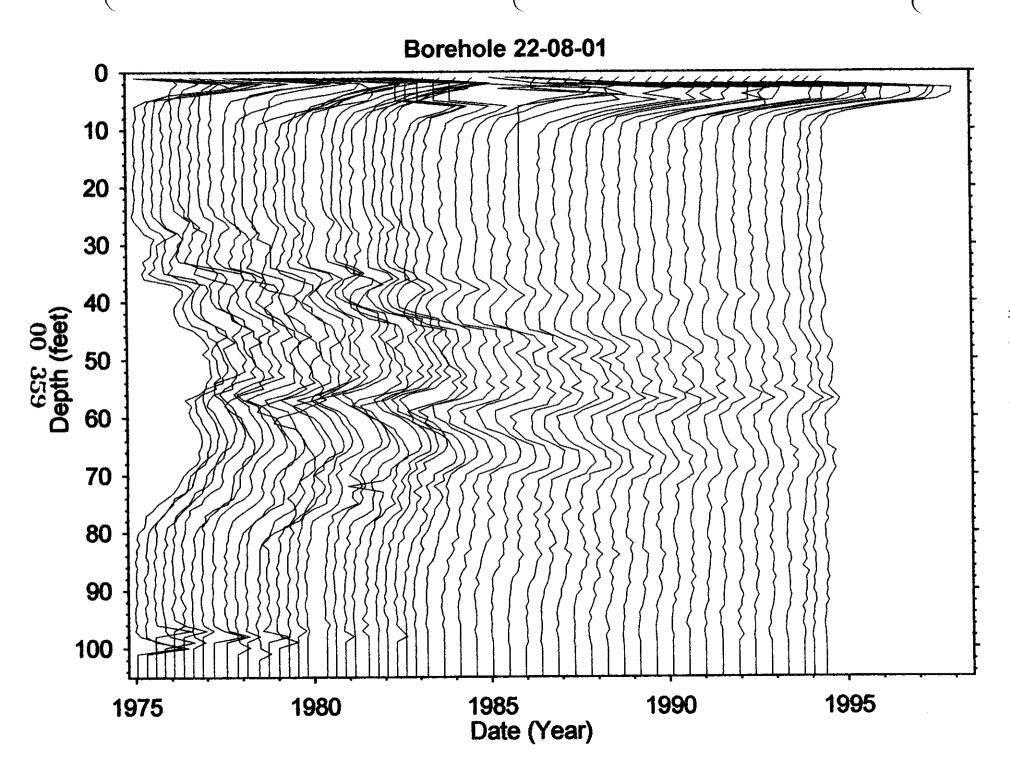












### HNF=3532 -REVO

## Borehole 22-08-02 page 1 of 2

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity
Contamination (Sb-125) from 20-30 feet is Stable
Contamination (Sb-125) from 44-62 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Contamination (Sb-125) from 62-72 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Contamination (Sb-125) from 72-84 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Contamination (Sb-125) from 84-100 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic for the 20 years of surveillance monitoring, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. The decay line for Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) is shown but does not agrees with any significant number of surveys.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (20-30 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with the decay of Sb-125 (hypothesis) between 1975 and 1994.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (44-62 feet) is decreasing at a rate from 1975 to 1981 that does not fit the decay of Sb-125 (hypothesis) or Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector). The decay line for Sb-125 is shown as a reference. The stack plot shows that radioactive materials migrated down, out of this zone.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (62-72 feet) is INCREASING in 1975 then decreases at a rate from 1977 to 1988 that does not fit the decay of Sb-125 (hypothesis) or Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector). The decay line for Sb-125 is shown as a reference.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (72-84 feet) is INCREASING from 1981 to 1985 with decreasing rates the other times (1975-1981 and 1985-1995). The decay line for Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) is shown as a reference. The stack plot shows that radioactive materials migrated down, through this zone.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (84-100 feet) is INCREASING from 1988 to 1991 with decreasing or constant rates the other times (1975-1988 and 1991-1995). The decay line for Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) is shown as a reference.

Grade Thickness Product of the combined radioactive zone (44-100 feet) is decreasing at a rate that is consistent with a least squares fit of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975-1985 and deviates from 1985-1995. The deviation may indicate added contamination in the zone. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Co-60 of 0.1 on June 1994.

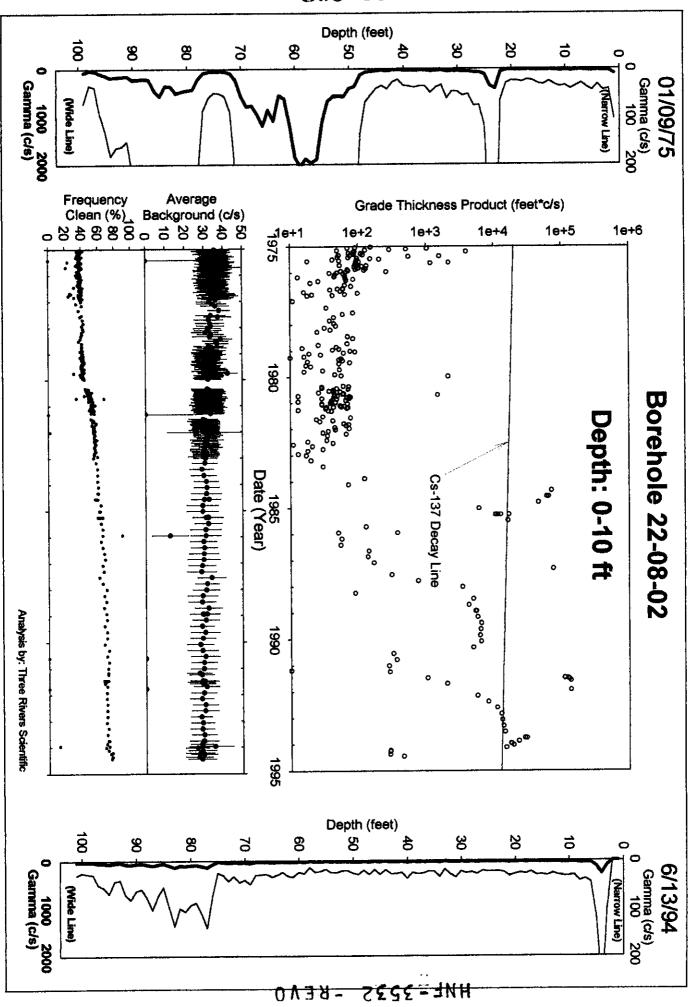
## HNF=3532 -REVO

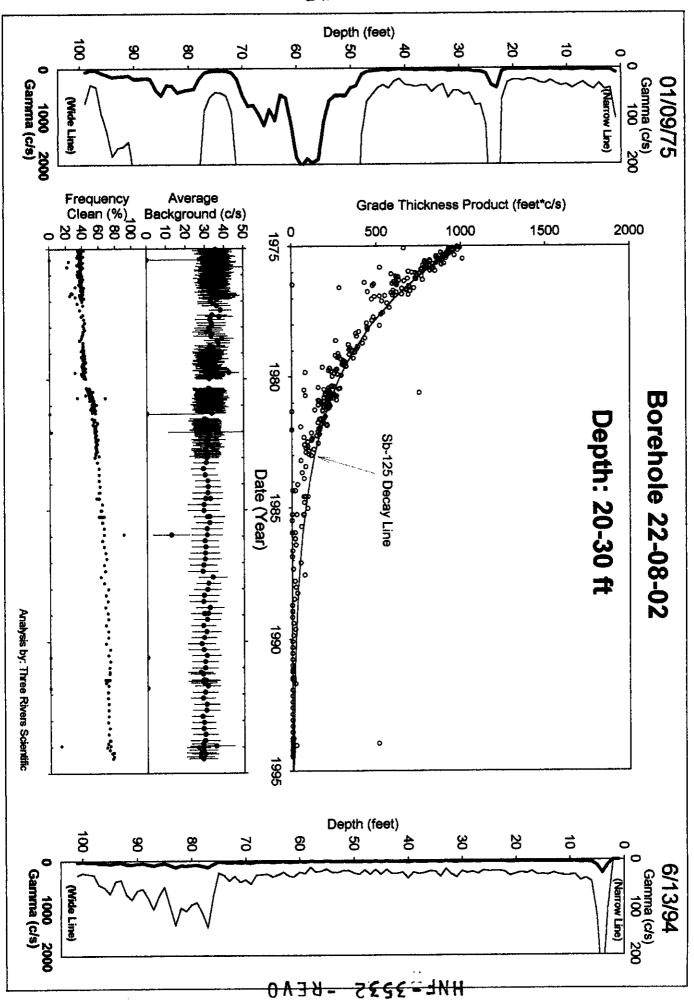
# Borehole 22-08-02 page 2 of 2

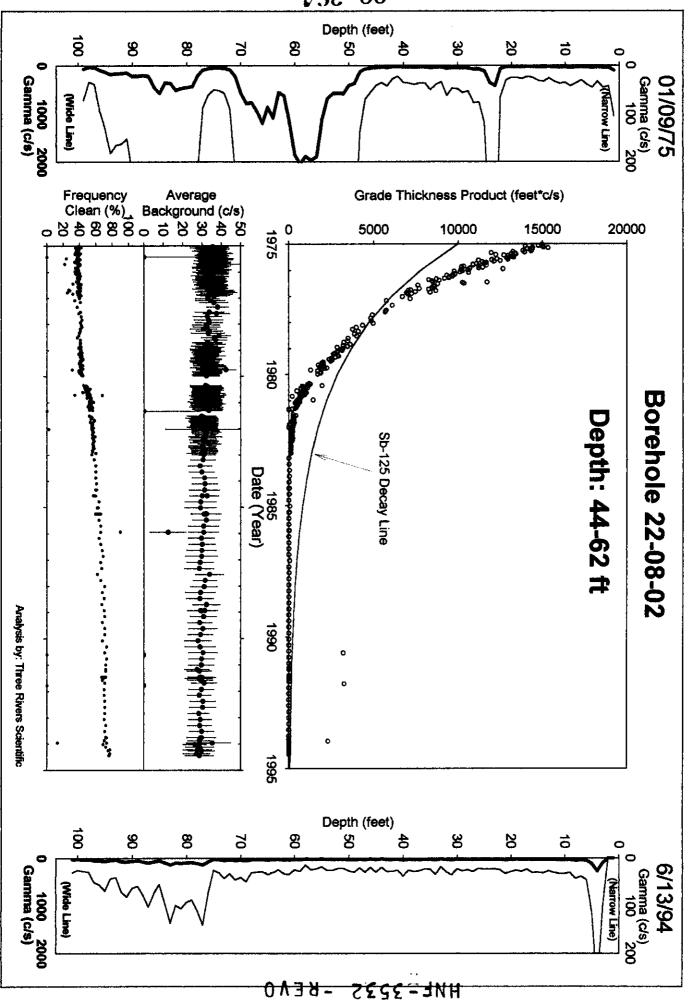
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

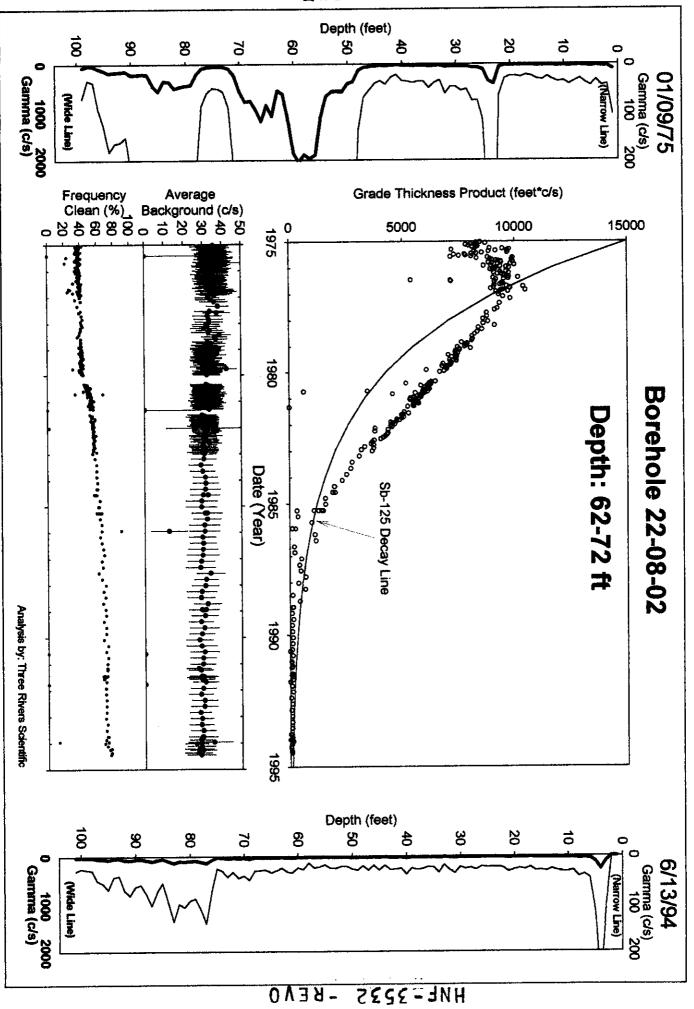
C1000 C411210 D2: 10) 11121-11110-1	
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator	
03: Neutron (2 surveys)	
100 ft	
100 ft	
1/09/1975	
6/13/1994	
305	

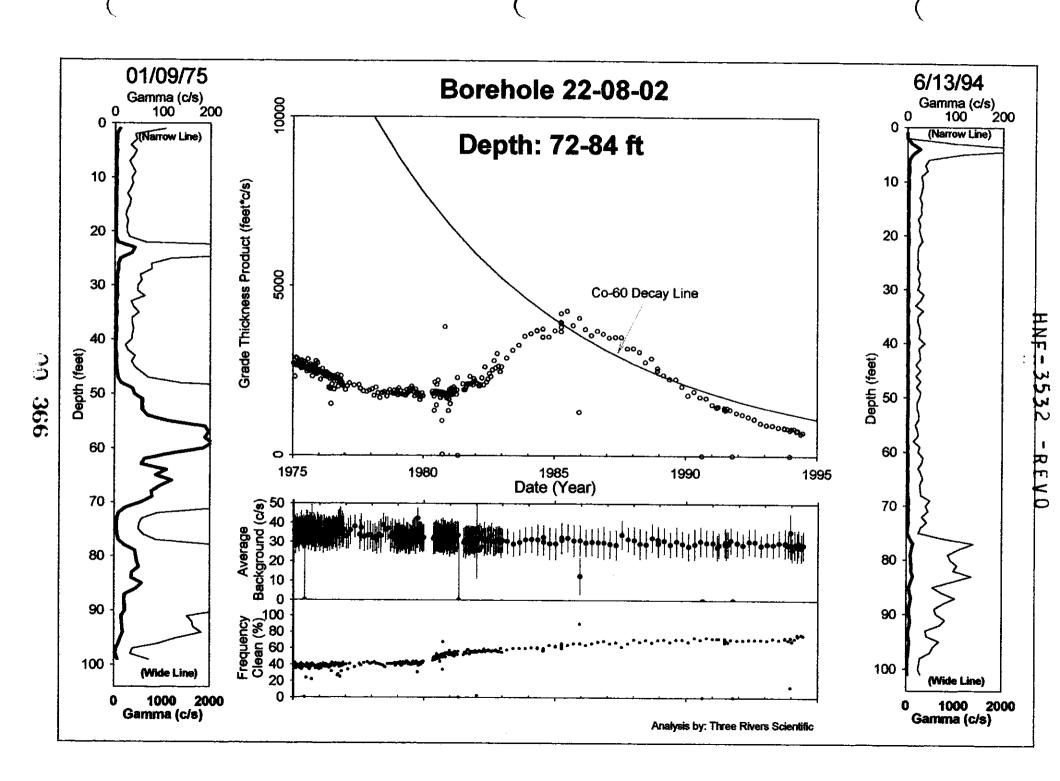
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	10 to 20 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 feet is TF Activity 20-30 feet is Stable 44-62, 62-72, 72-84, 84-100 are UNSTABLE
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By:	Three Rivers Scientific

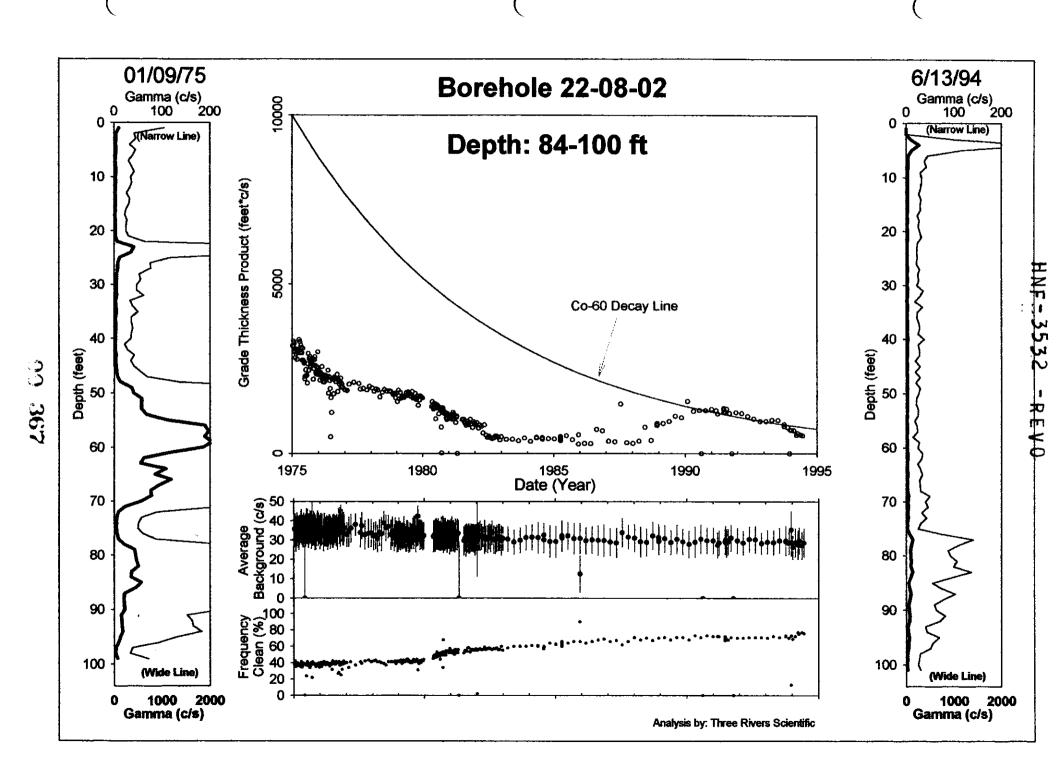


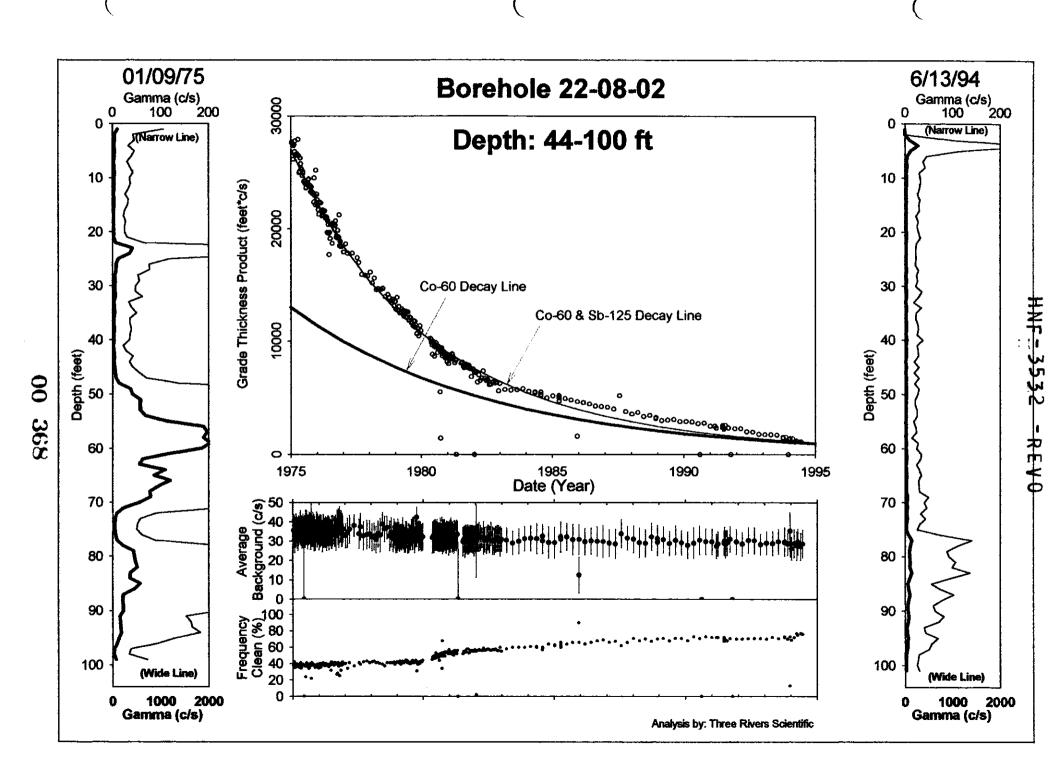


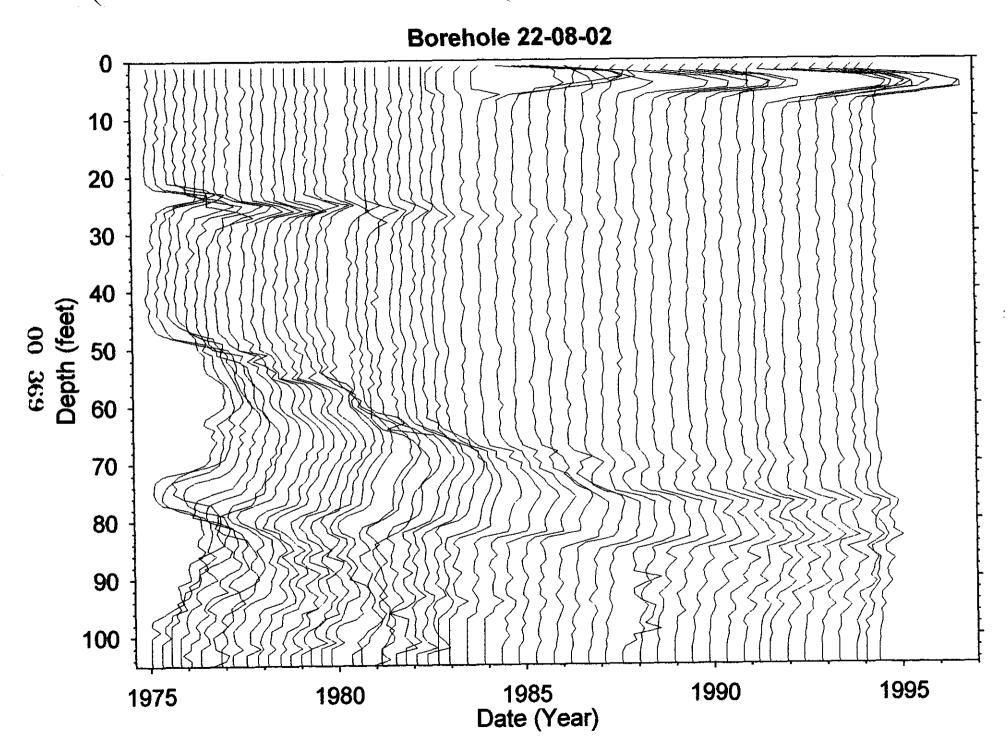












#### HNF=3532 -REVO

# Borehole 22-08-05 page 1 of 2

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 8 feet is Tank Farm Activity
Contamination (Co-60) from 36-45 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60) from 45-53 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60) from 53-63 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60) from 63-74 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> early
Contamination (Co-60) from 74-84 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 8 feet is erratic from 1975 through 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1994 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

Grade Thickness Product for three radioactive zones (36-45, 45-53, 53-63 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 through 1994.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (63-74 feet) is decreasing at a rate that is significantly less than the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 to 1986. Then from 1986 to 1995 the decrease in grade thickness product is consistent with the decay rate. The stack plot shows the radioactive contaminants to be migrating deeper in the formation.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (74-84 feet) shows the zone is clean until 1985, then from 1985 to 1990 the radioactive contaminant is <u>INCREASING</u>, and begins to decrease at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1990 to 1995.

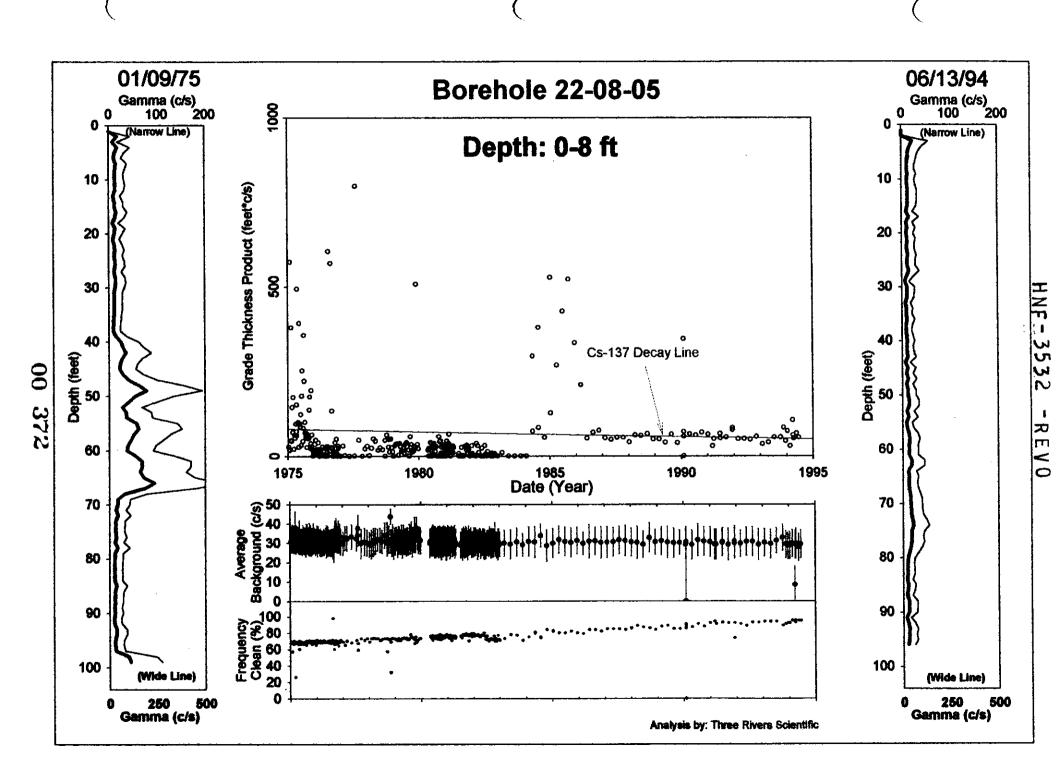
Grade Thickness Product for the combined radioactive zone (36-84 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 to 1995.

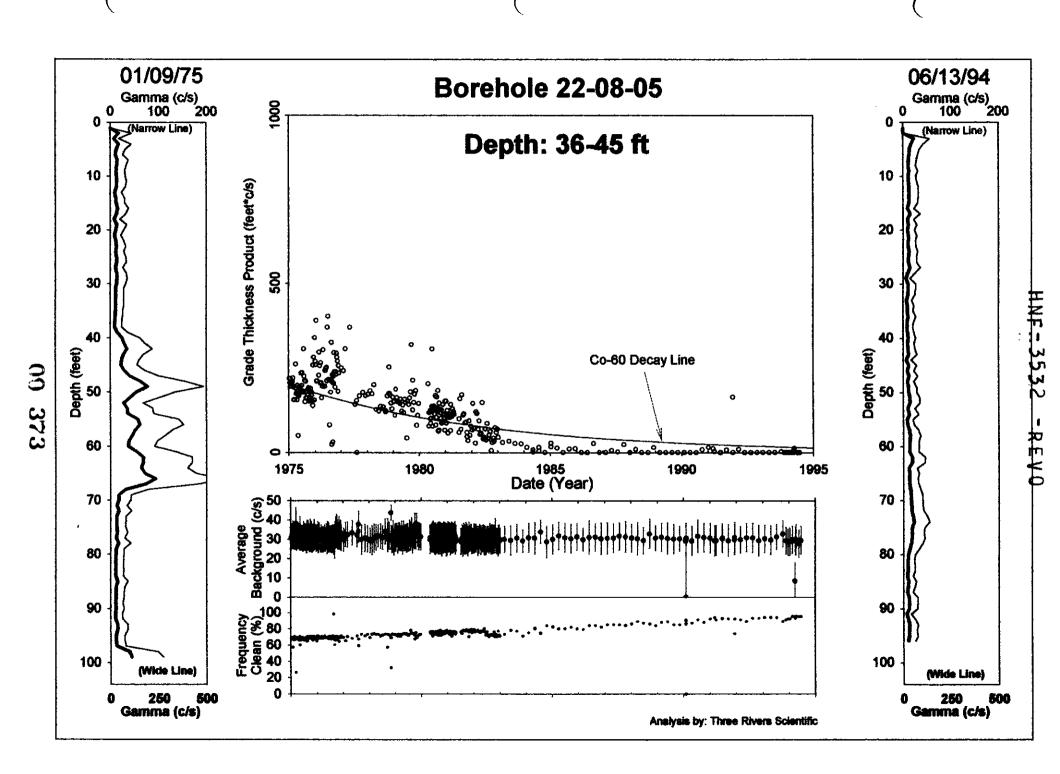
# Borehole 22-08-05 page 2 of 2

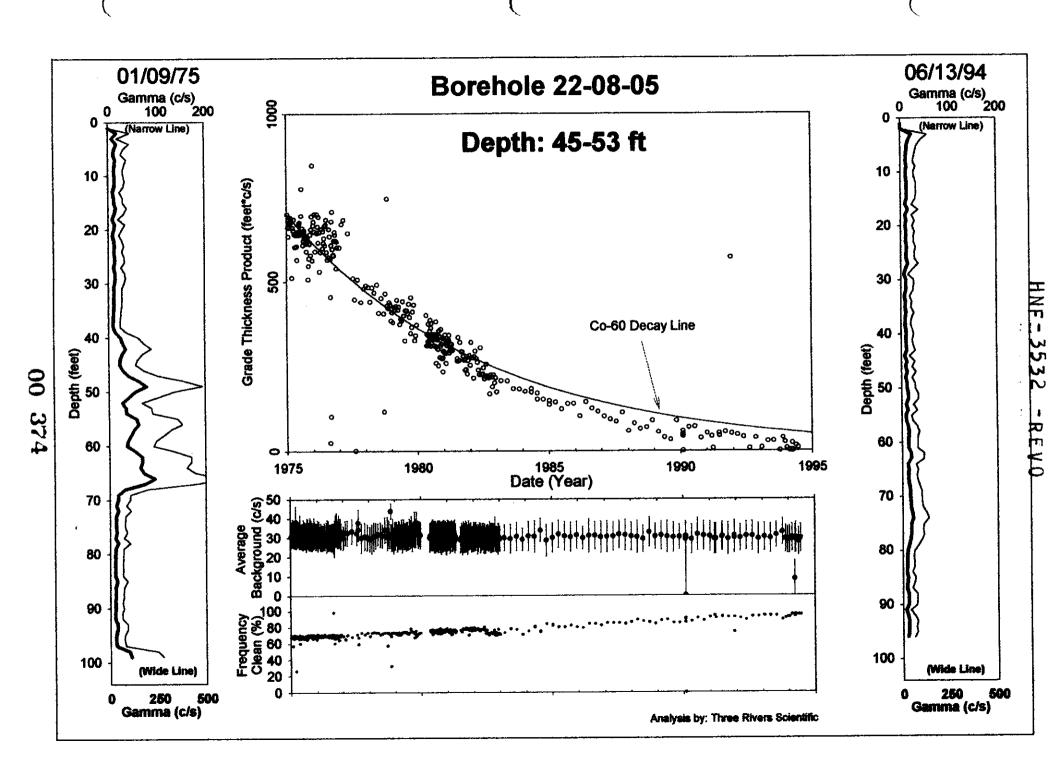
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

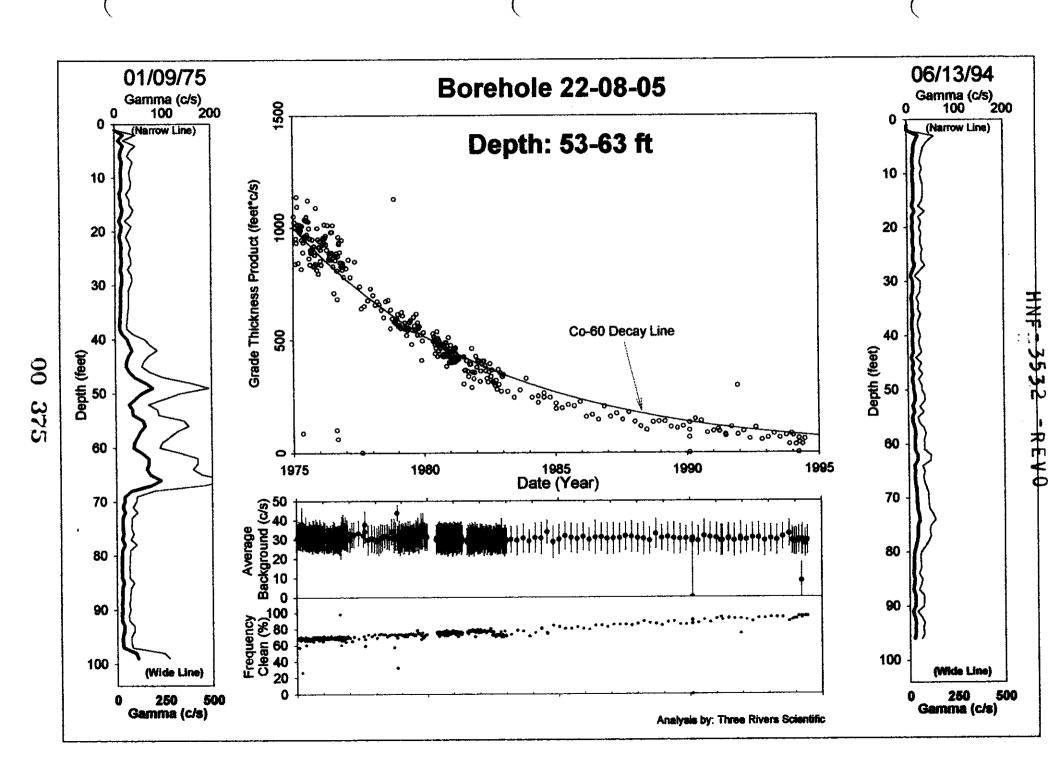
CIVO CALLER DAL (V) 222012-111012	
Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (4 surveys)
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975
Last Survey Date:	6/13/1994
Number Surveys :	
The same of the sa	<del></del>

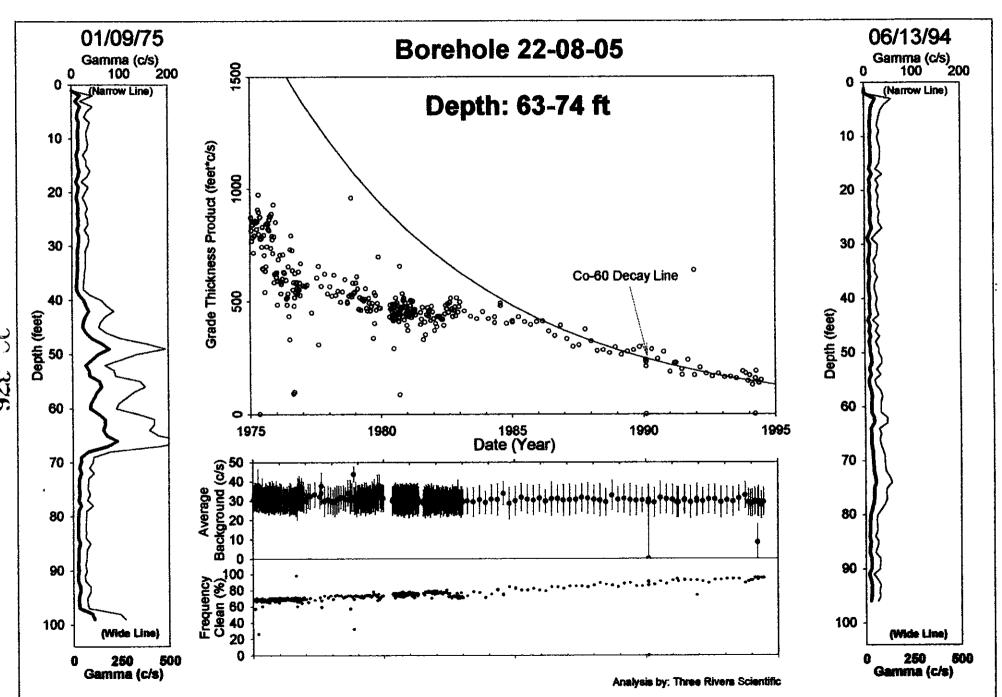
Analysis Notes		
Number Surveys Rejected :	0	
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0	
Method Used to Compute Background:	10 to 35 feet	
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 feet is TF Activity 36-45, 45-53, 53-63 feet is Stable 63-74, 74-84 feet was <u>UNSTABLE</u>	
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price	
Analysis By:	Three Rivers Scientific	



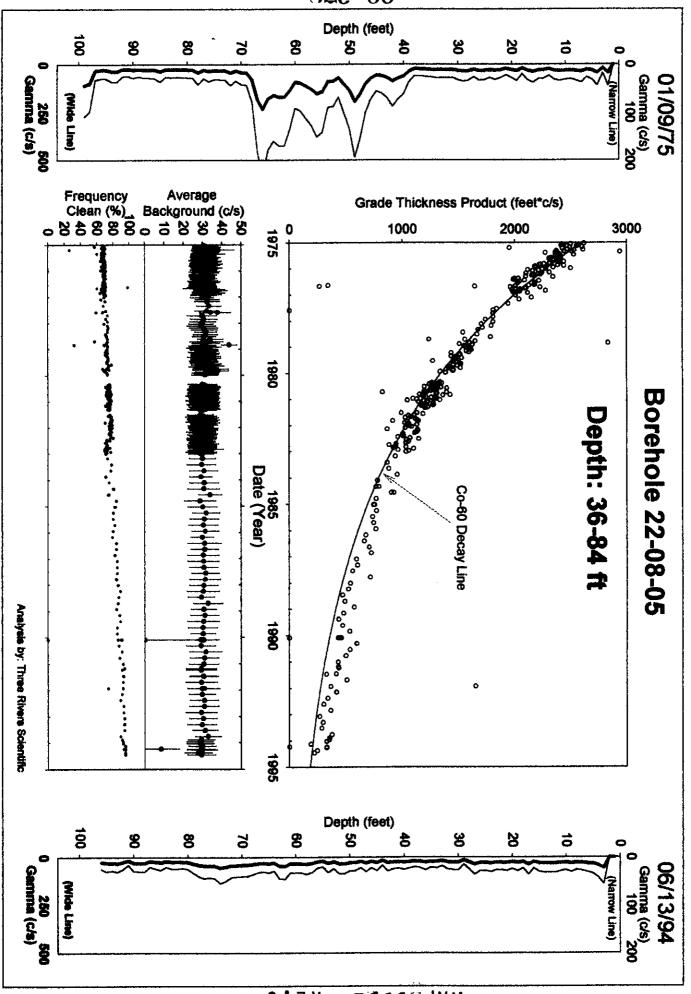




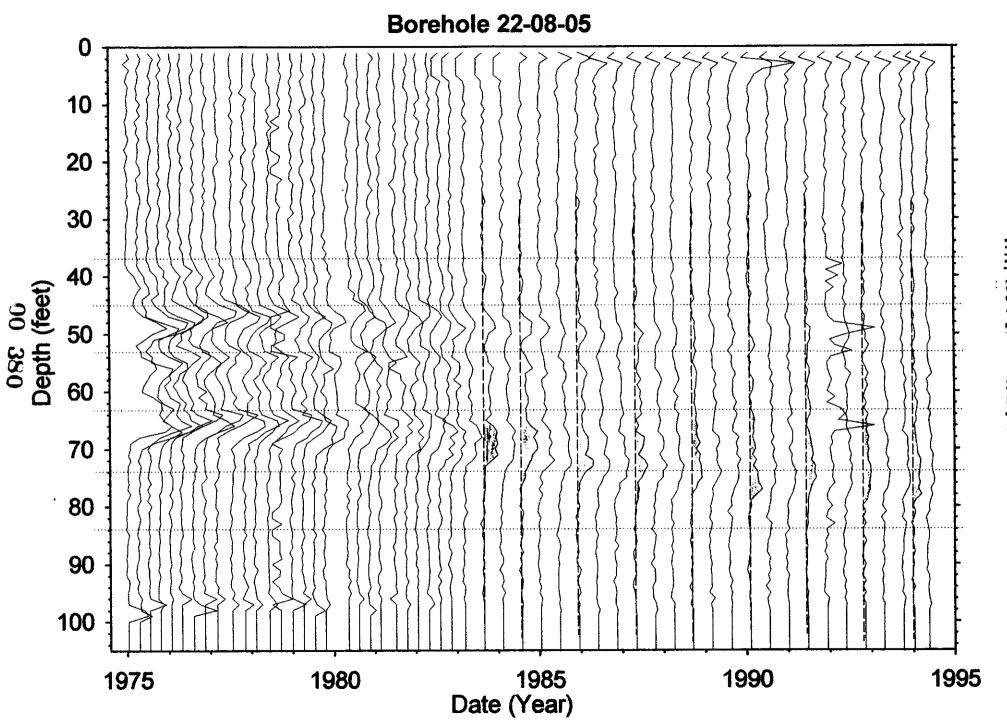




HNF:3532 -REVO



HNE-3235 -BEAO



# Borehole 22-08-06 page 1 of 2

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 8 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 8 to 18 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 18-29 feet is Stable Contamination (Cs-137 & Co-60) from 46-54 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 54-63 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 63-73 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 73-83 feet is UNSTABLE early

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 8 feet is erratic from 1975 through 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. In the radioactive zone from 8 to 18 feet the Grade Thickness Product from 1976 to 1985 is lower than the other time interval. In both zones the Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1994 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

Grade Thickness Product for radioactive zone (18-29 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 through 1994.

Grade Thickness Product for radioactive zone (46-54 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity to each isotope and relative intensity at a rate consistent with Cs-137 and Co-60 (both identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 to 1995. The gross gamma contribution ratio for Co-60 to Cs-137 was 0.4 in 1995.

Grade Thickness Product for two radioactive zones (54-63 and 63-73 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 through 1994.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (73-83 feet) is roughly constant and below the radionuclide decay line for 1975, then from 1976 to 1995 the radioactive contaminant) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with Co-60 (HPGe detector identified). The stack plot shows on close review that the broad gamma ray peak becomes better defined after 1975.

Grade Thickness Product of the combined radioactive zone (46-83 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity to each isotope and relative intensity at a rate consistent with a least squares fit of Co-60 and Cs-137 (both identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 to 1995. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Co-60 to Cs-137 of 1.1 on June 1994.

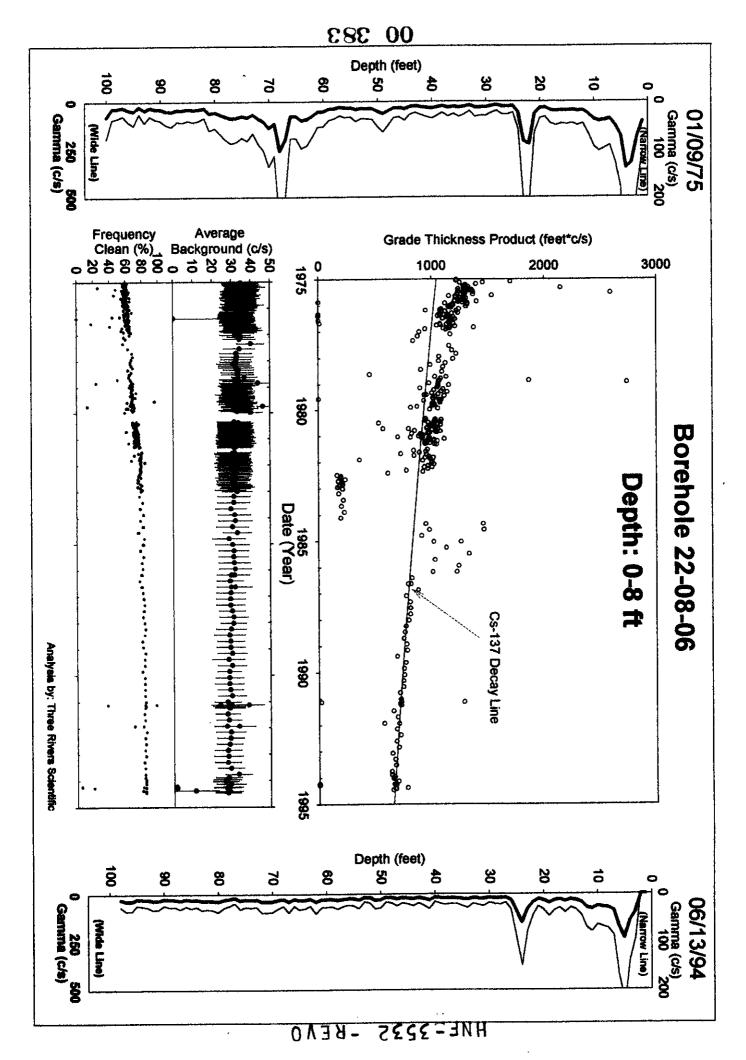
## Borehole 22-08-06

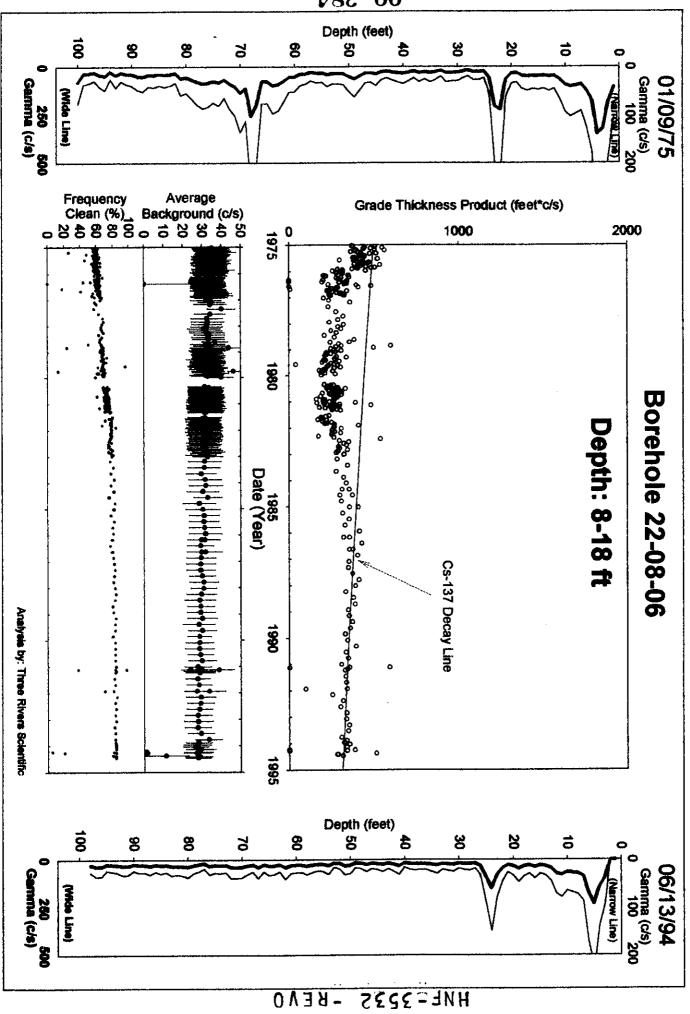
page 2 of 2

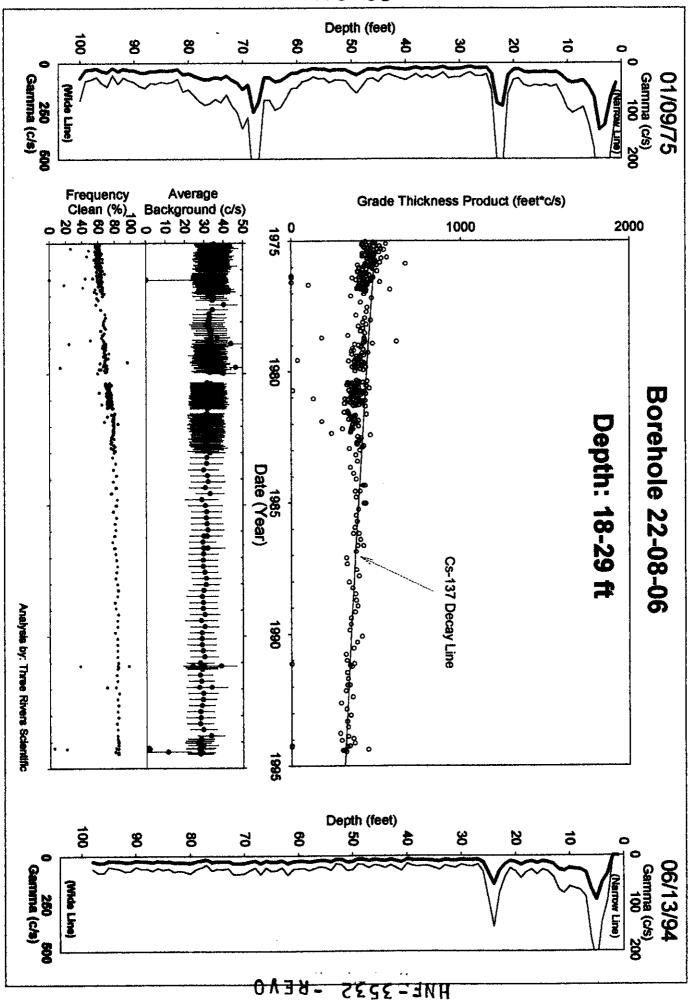
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

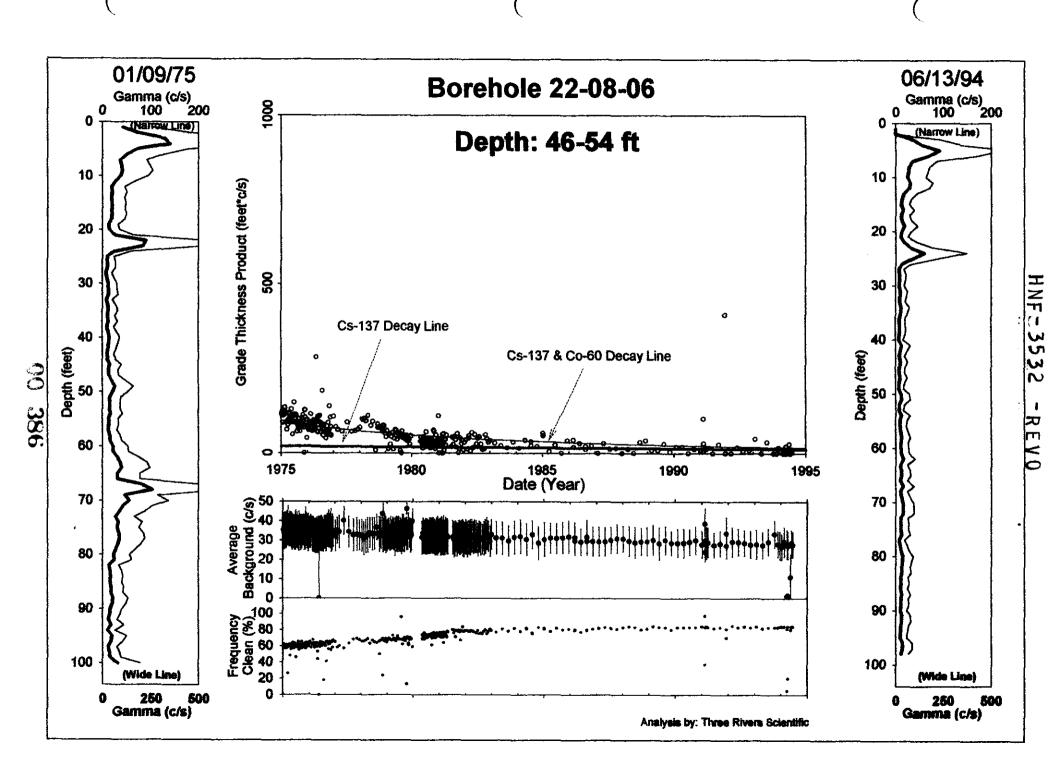
Gross Gainna Survey Information	
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator	
03: Neutron (2 surveys)	
100 ft	
100 ft	
1/09/1975	
6/13/1994	
314	

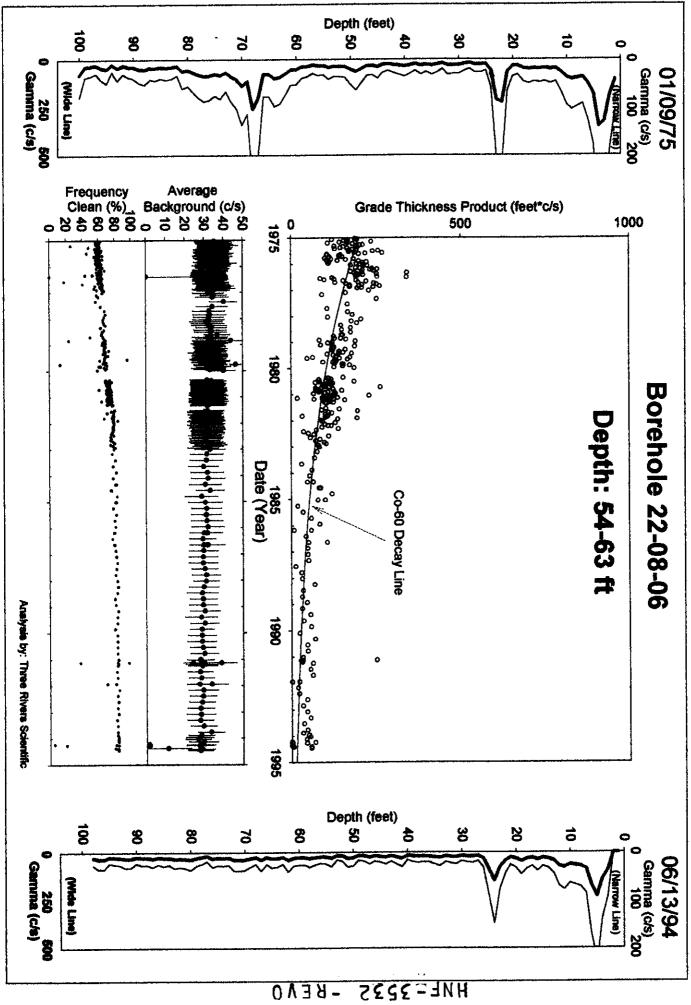
Alialysis 140tcs	
Number Surveys Rejected :	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background :	30 to 46 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8, 8-18 feet is TF Activity 18-29, 46-54, 54-63, 63-73 feet is Stable 73-83 feet was <u>UNSTABLE</u> early
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By:	Three Rivers Scientific

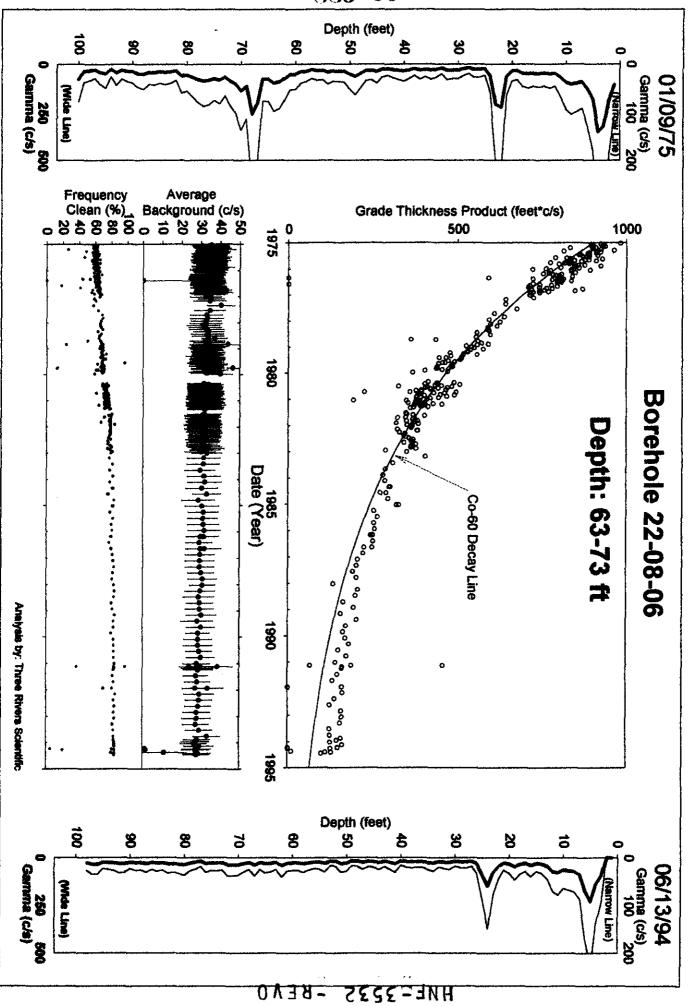


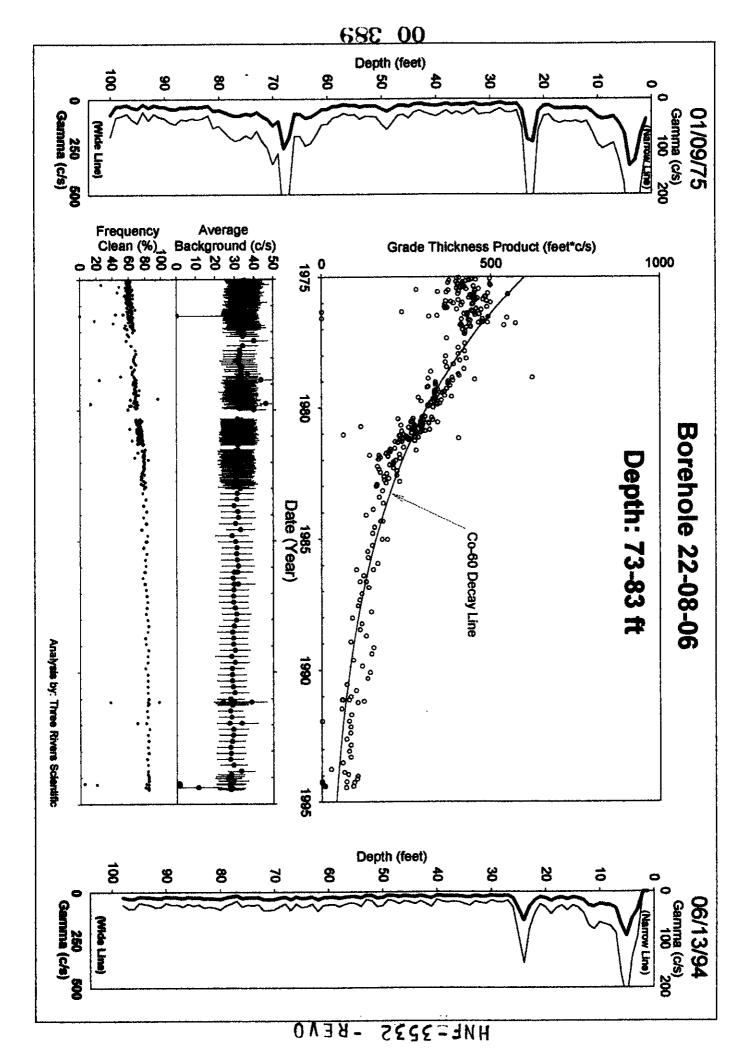


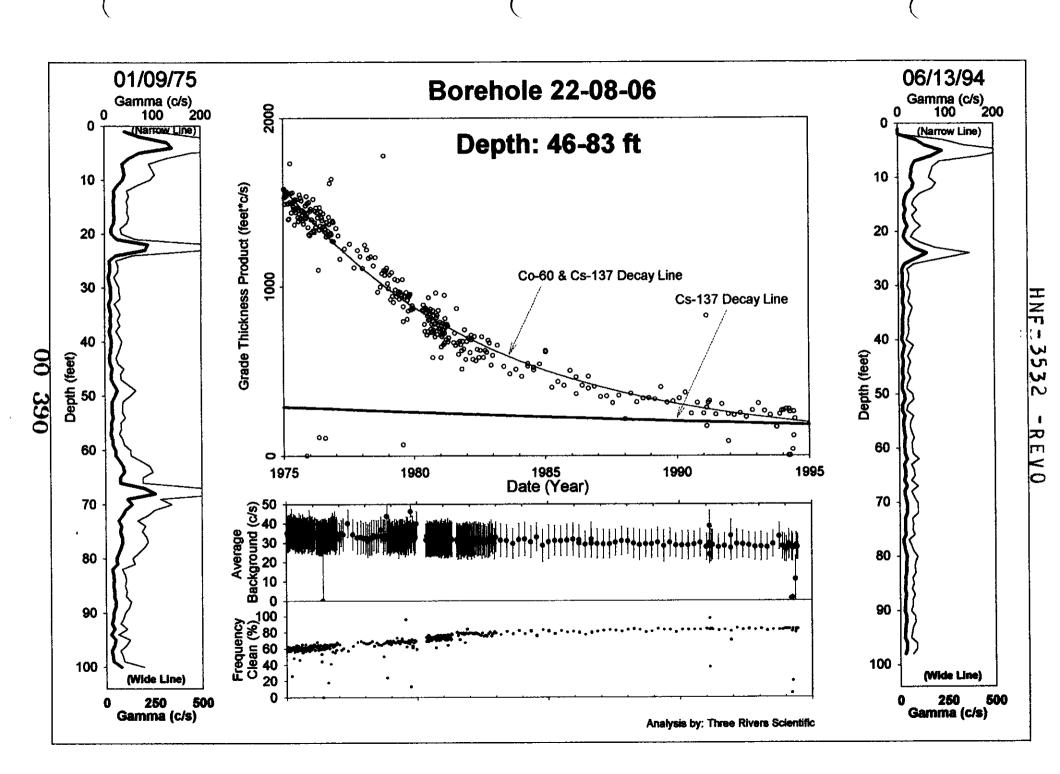


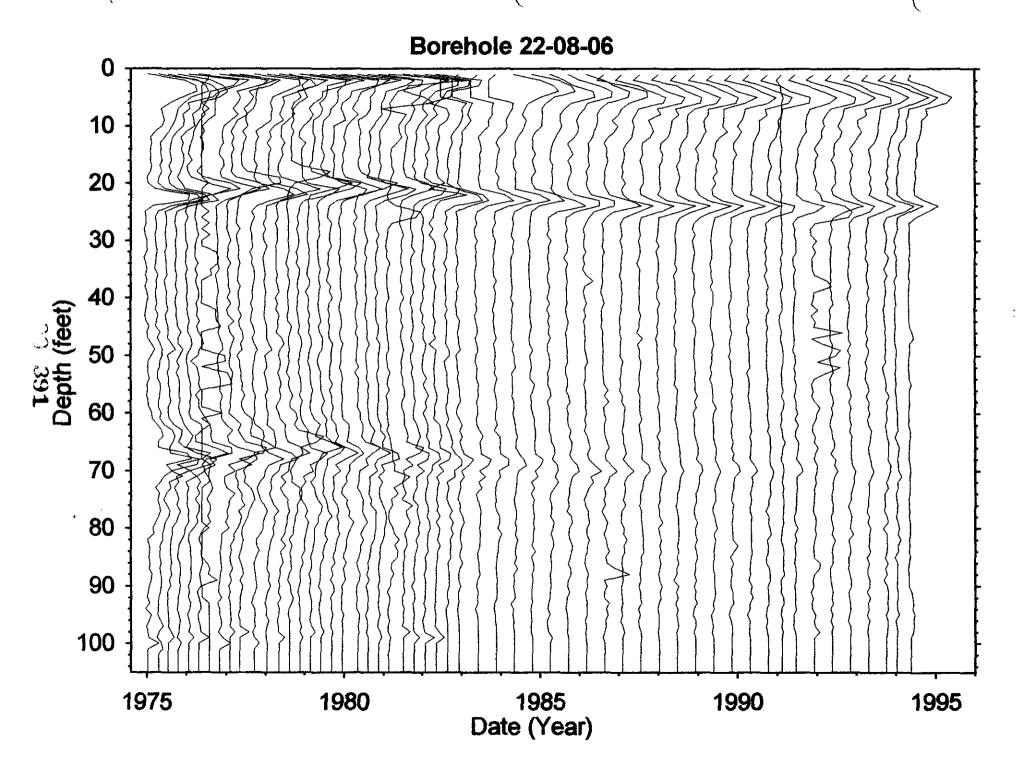












### **Borehole 22-08-07**

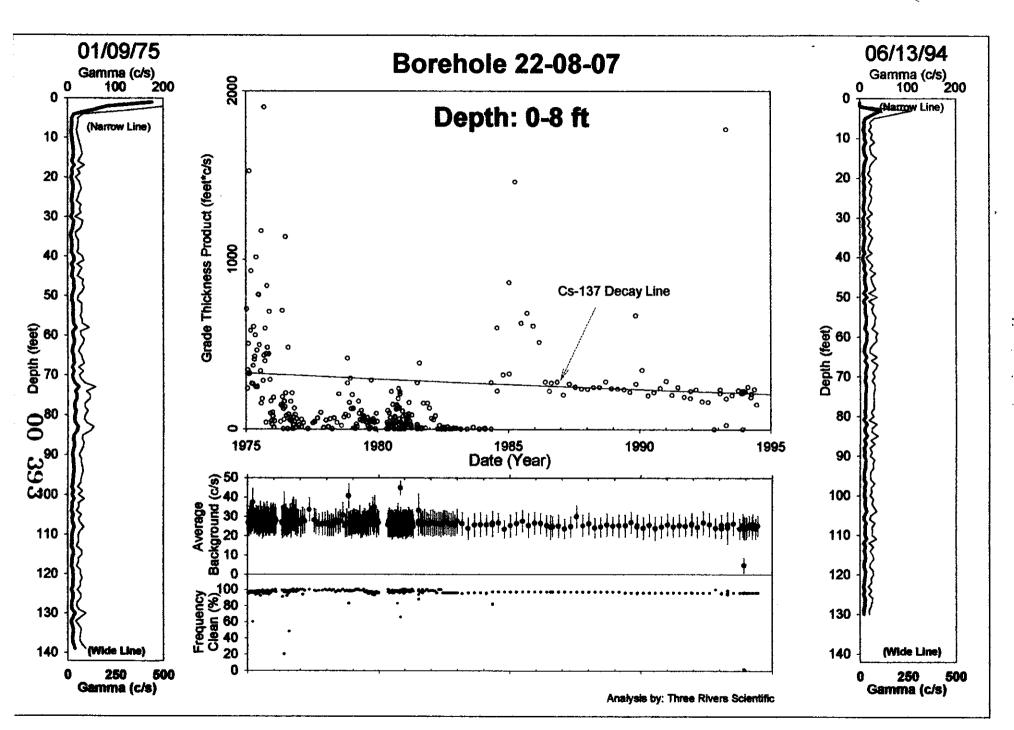
### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 8 feet is Tank Farm Activity

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 8 feet is erratic from 1975 through 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1994 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (5 surveys)
Borehole Depth:	135 ft
Survey Depth:	135 ft
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975
Last Survey Date:	6/13/1994
Number Surveys:	296

Allalysis Notes	
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	20 to 40 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 feet is TF Activity
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific



REVO

#### **Borehole 22-08-09**

# Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 10 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137 & Ru-106) from 72 to 84 feet was <u>UNSTABLE</u> early

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 8 feet is erratic from 1975 through 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1994 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

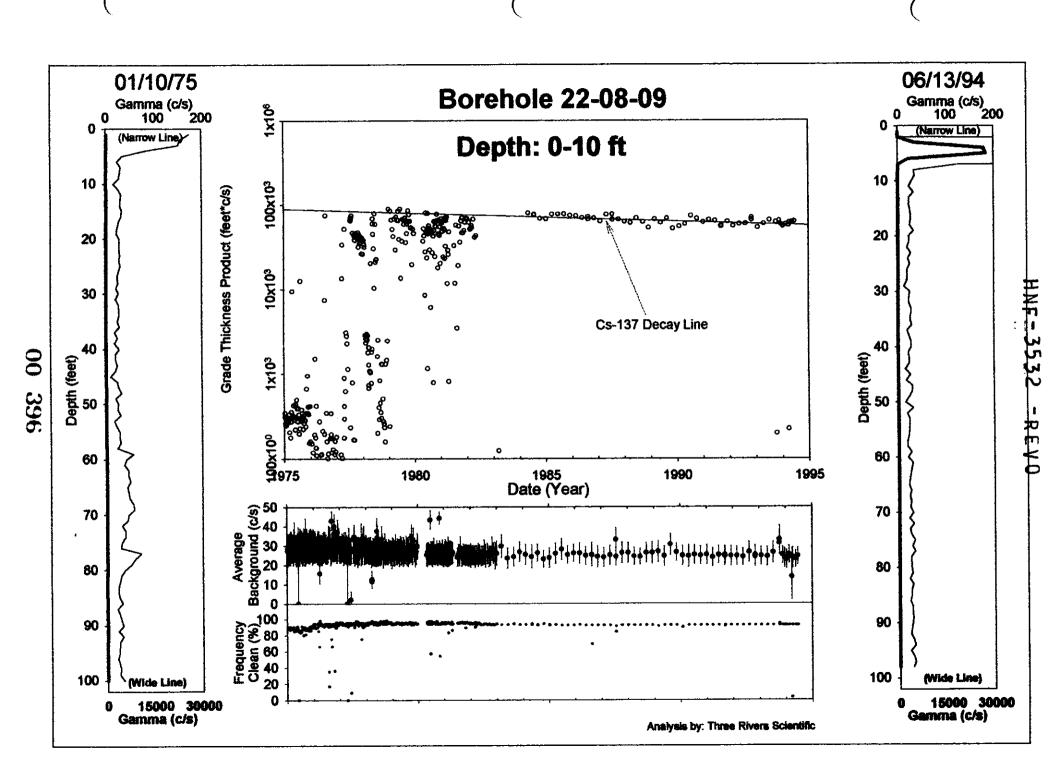
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (72-84 feet) for 1975 was INCREASING. Then from 1976 to 1995 Grade Thickness Product was decreasing at a rate consistent with the decay of Ru-106 (hypothesis) and Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector). The gross gamma contribution ratio for Ru-106 to Cs-137 was 3.5 on January 1, 1976.

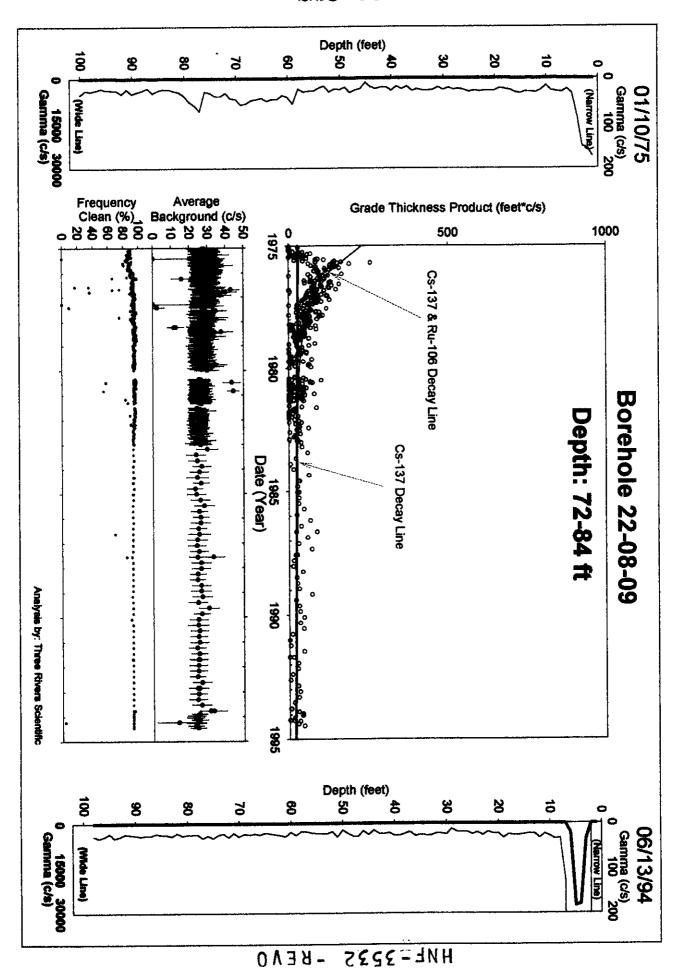
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

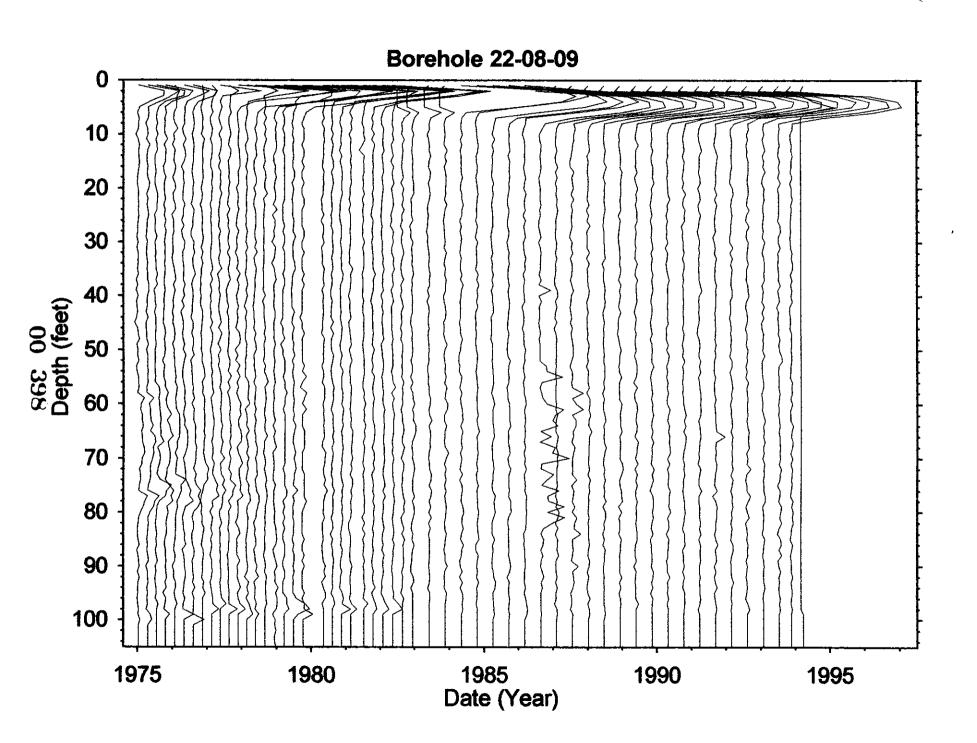
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
03: Neutron (2 surveys)
100 ft
100 ft
1/10/1975
6/13/1994
403

**Analysis Notes** 

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	50 to 70 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 feet is TF Activity 72-84 feet was UNSTABLE early
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
An <b>al</b> ysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific







# Borehole 22-08-12

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 8 feet is Tank Farm Activity
Contamination (Cs-137) from 25-40 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Contamination (Co-60 & Sb-125) 40-51 feet <u>UNSTABLE</u> early
Contamination (Co-60) from 51-60 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Contamination (Co-60) from 60-70 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> early
Contamination (Co-60) from 70-82 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> early

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 8 feet is erratic for the 20 year surveillance period, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product is plotted on a logarithmic scale to show the variability of the computed results. A decay line for Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) is shown but does not fit a significant number of surveys.

Grade Thickness Product for radioactive zone (25-40 feet) shows a consistent INCREASE from 1978 to 1980 then a decrease from 1980 to 1983. The decay rate of the isotope that migrated through the zone (25-40 feet) could not be identified. A decay lilne for Cs-137 (low level identified from HPGe detector) is shown but does not fit the data.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (40-51 feet) is decreasing in 1975 at a rate that is greater than the decay of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector), then after 1976 exhibits a reasonable fit to the decay line. In 1982 a decrease in the Grade Thickness Product is observed. The gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Co-60 was 0.4 in 1995.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (51-60 feet) shows a decrease from 1975 to 1980 that does not fit the remainder of the monitoring logs. From 1980 to 1982 the Grade Thickness Product is erratic and increases, then begins to decrease at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1982 to 1995.

Downward movement of the contamination may be occurring.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (60-70 feet) is greater than the decay rate of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 to 1983. Then from 1983 to 1995 the Grade Thickness Product decay rate is consistent with Co-60. The stack plot shows movement down of contamination through this zone to the next lower zone.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (70-82 feet) shows the contaminants to be INCREASING from 1975 to 1983. Then from 1983 to 1995 the Grade Thickness Product is decreasing at a rate that is consistent with Co-60(identified from HPGe detector).

# Borehole 22-08-12 page 2 of 2

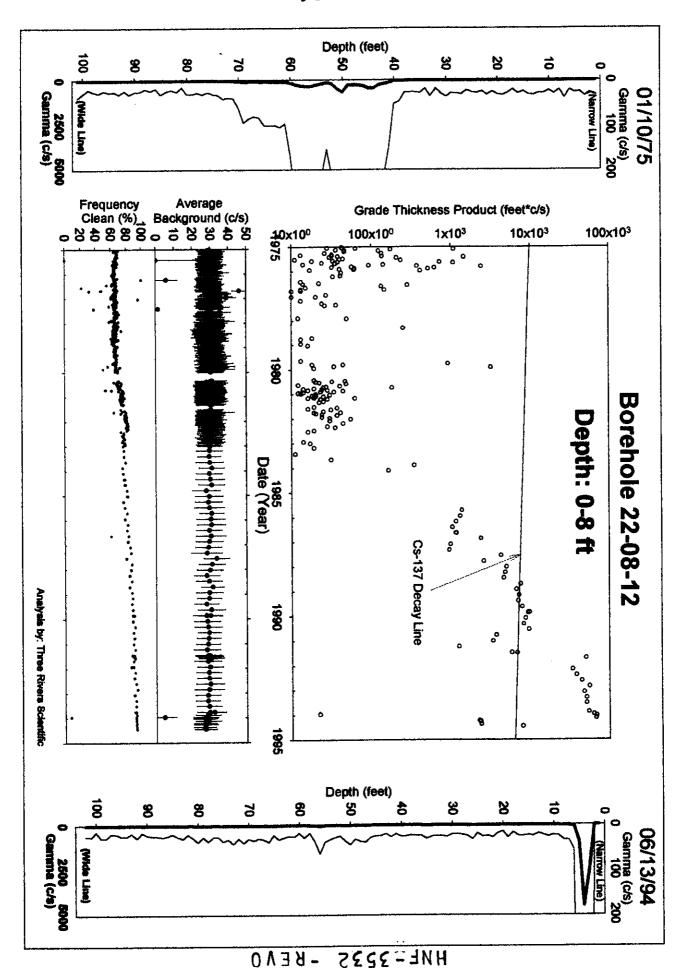
Grade Thickness Product for the combined radioactive zone (40-82 feet) is greater than the decay rate of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) in 1975. Then from 1976 to 1995 the Grade Thickness Product rate of decrease is consistent with the decay of Sb-125 and Co-60. The gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Co-60 of 0.04 on January 1996.

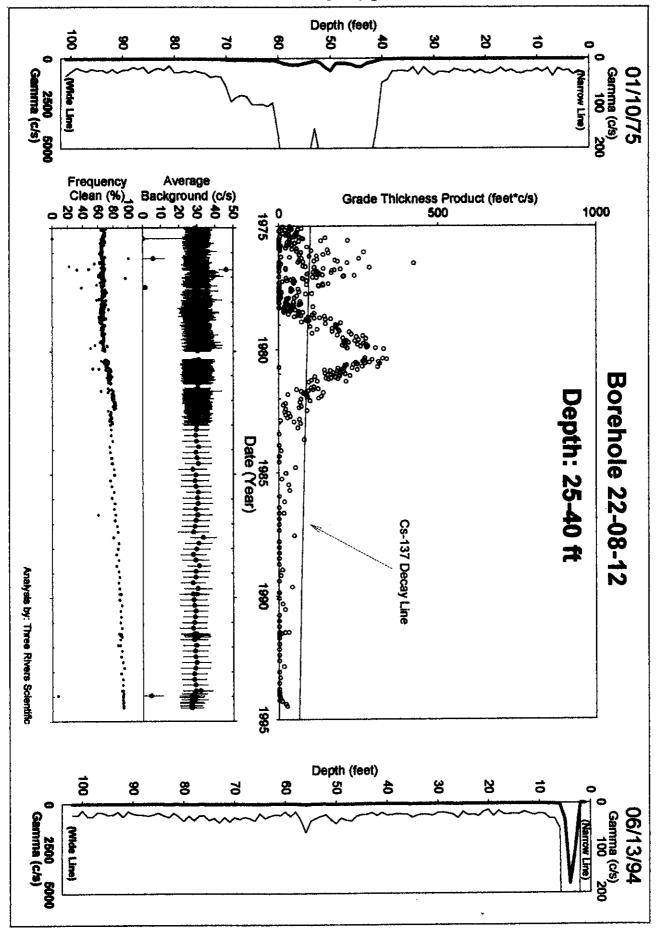
Gross Gamma Survey Information

21 T U Y 2220-2220-0-1
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
03: Neutron (3 surveys)
105 ft
105 ft
1/10/1975
6/13/1994
380

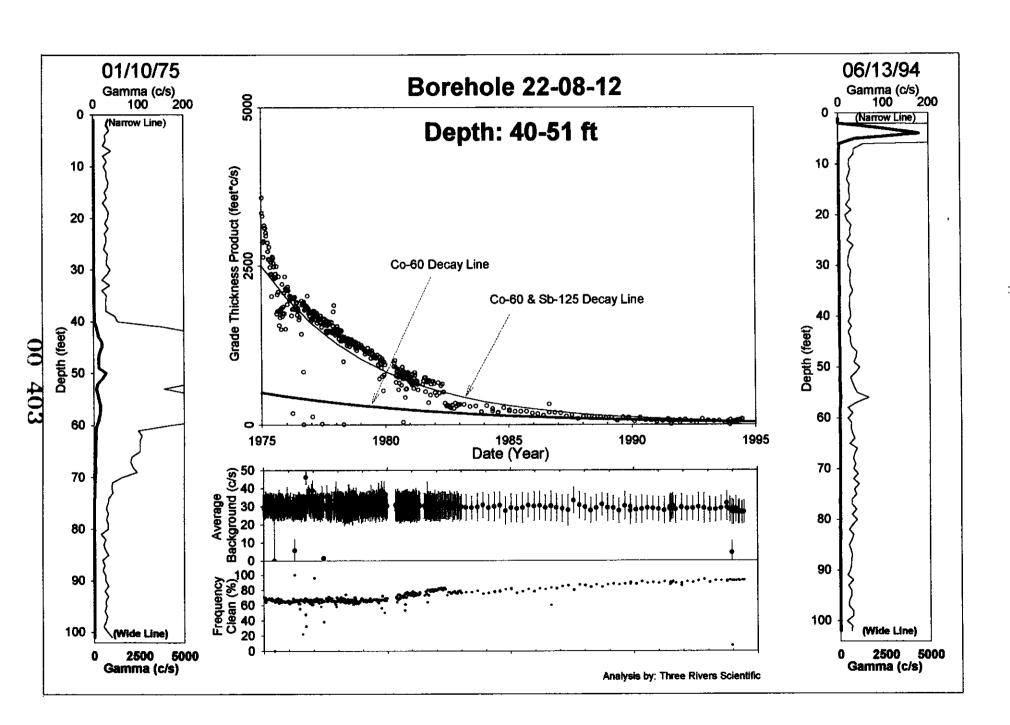
**Analysis Notes** 

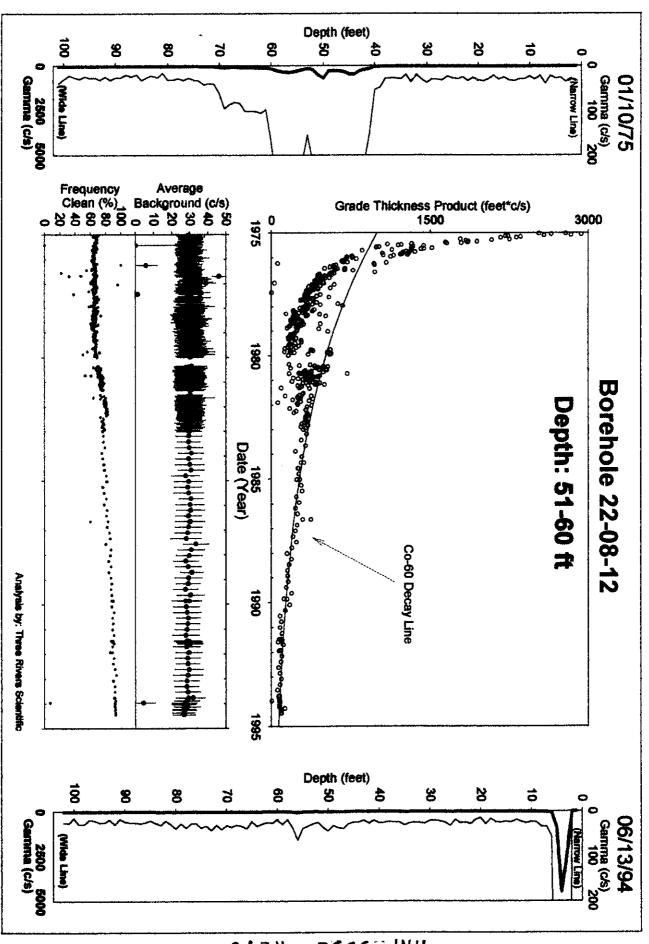
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	10 to 24 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 feet is TF Activity 24-40, 40-51, 51-60, 60-70, and 70-82 feet was <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific



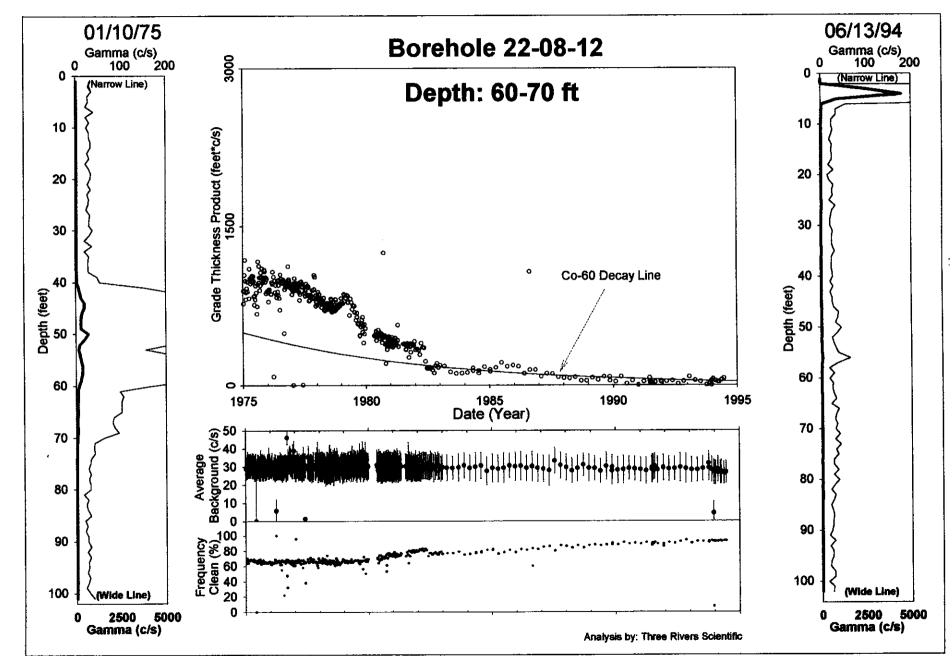


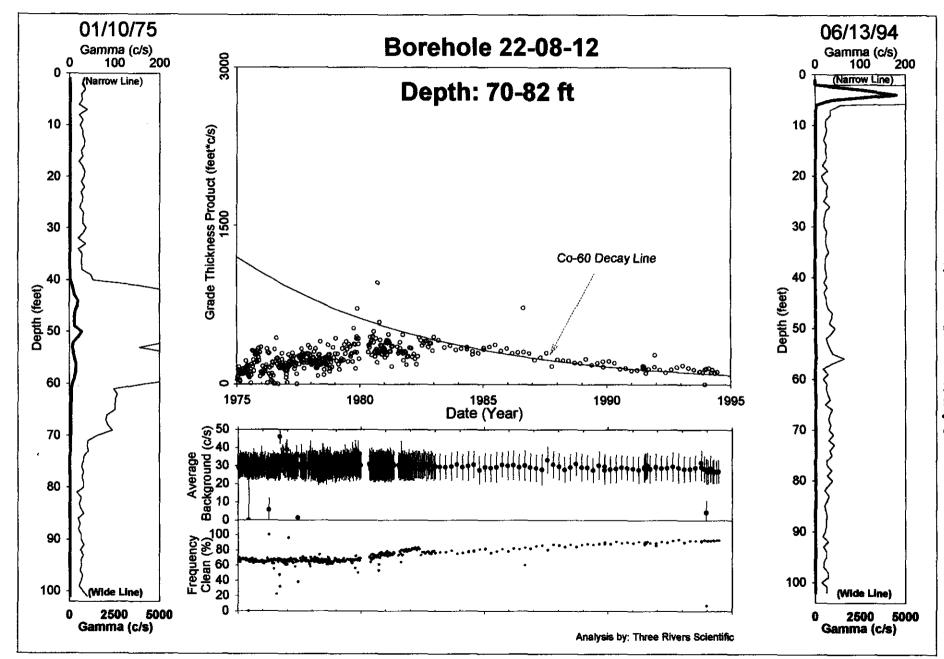
HNE-3235 - BEAO

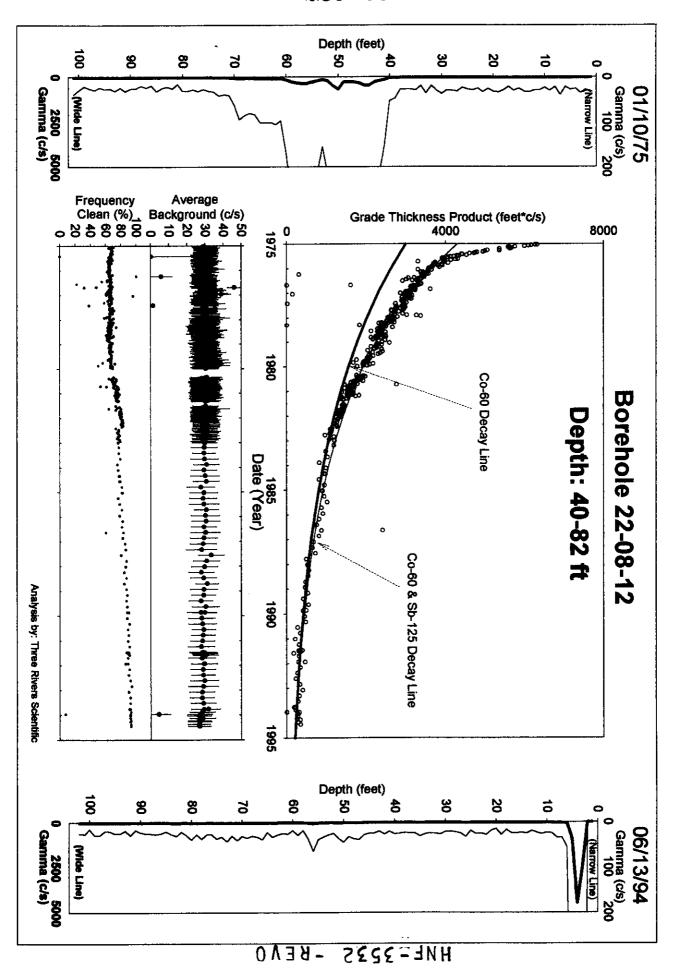


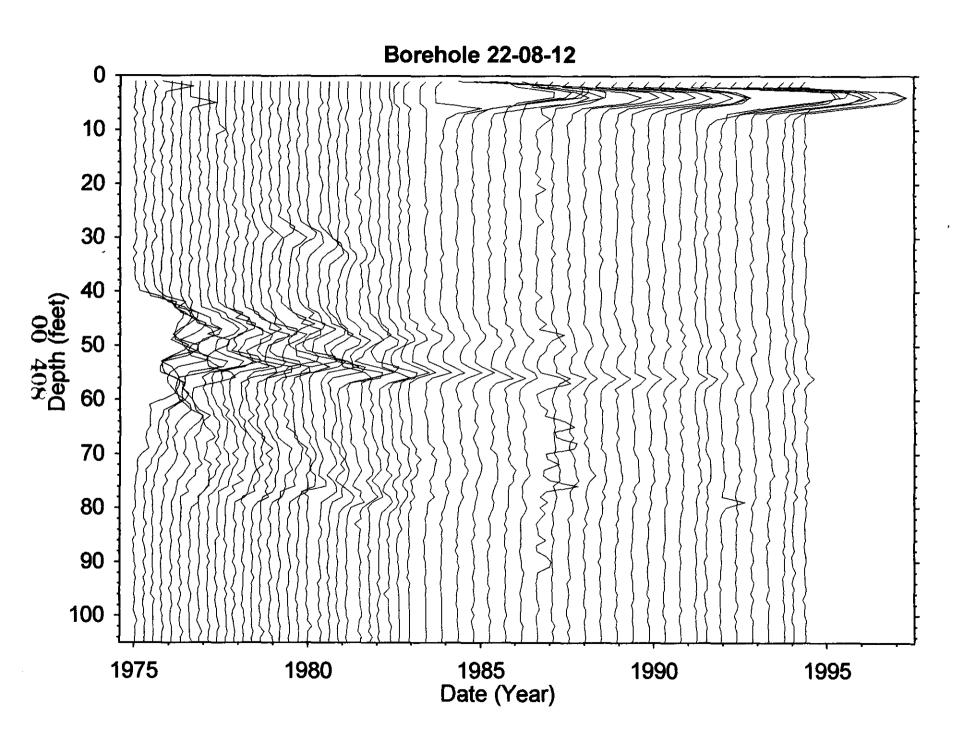


HNE-3235 - BEAO









		Dry v	ven surv	ey Allaly	SIS - INUICS
Borehole BY (22-08-01)  Log Date: 75-01-09 1st			otal # Surve neutron sur - 66 - 13	eys <u>3/4</u> veys <u>2</u> Last	Probe Type <u>O Y</u> # GR Surveys <u>3 / 2</u> Presentation Plot Dates
Isotope from	m Spectral Sur	vey: <u>(5 ()</u>	300 0 p 0 /g	37 37	(If different from 1* & Last)  - 100')  Max Survey Depth 100'  42, 42 -59,59-82, 92-95
Contaminat	non zone Dept	11(3).	-,	<u> </u>	75, 42 -0 2, 82-95
				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps ap	prox #Sampl's C	omment	<del> </del>	
76-07-21	41	95			
80-09-18	22	80			
93-12-17	26	100	<del> </del>		
	<u>l</u>				
			]	HI-ZONES.1	`xt
Survey Date	Reason Selected	approx #Samp's	Comment		
76-06-05	HI BKC	95			
76-67-21	BAD SURVE		<u> </u>		
78-04-06	BAD SURVES	<del></del>			
93-12-17	NO RAS 60'	100			
	<del>- </del>				
<u></u>	<u> </u>	L	]		
				BackGnd.Tx	
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment
76-07-21	7. Cres	95	Z/3	33.8	Condition
	Ava BKL	98	29%	421	
78-64-06		63		730,6	
	AVGBKG	98	30%	443	
80-09-18		86	25%	30,,	
81-68-17	90 CLEM	98	21%	346	
81-68-17 83-01-03	3/o CLEAN	96	33 °Z	33-1	
93-12-17	AUG BKL	98	68%	1150	
			<i>F</i>	Analysis Note	
	rejected: (0)				=(0.54a)(50)/2-22
	3-32', FIT				@ 1/15 , RATIO COSE = 3.10 @ 1/96
		20 G-TP C	66-800 S	125=140	00 11/75 RATIO 30/0= 23/50,530/96
ZONS 23-	95 (comsu	ves) FIT	-15000/5	B=25,000 @	1175, RATIO 10 = 947,30 @1/1996
<u></u>	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>	
Category: (S	table, TF Activ	vity. Undetern	nined CHA	NGED	
Category. (D	.//		, CIII		
Analyst Nam	ne Kand	all Ou	<u> </u>	S/W	ver (TFGROSS)

filein := "two42-59.txt" Well 22-08-01

A := READPRN(filein)

$$bkg := A^{<6>}$$
  $max := A^{<4>}$ 

$$N := last(yr)$$

N = 308

$$i := 0..N$$

$$k = 0..300$$

1st Isotope is Co (5.27 yrs)

$$\tau co := 5.27$$

2nd Isotope is Sb-125 (2.77 yrs) 
$$\tau 2 := 2.77$$
 a2 := 21000

$$-(yr_i)$$

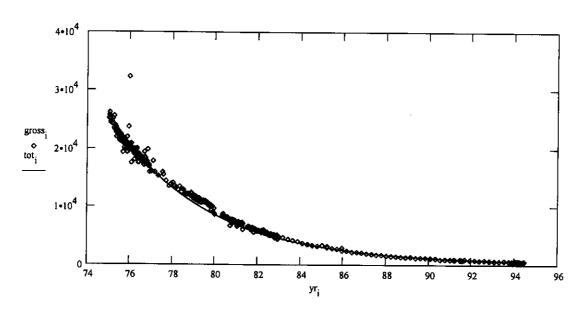
$$Co_i := aco \cdot e$$

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^{2}}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(aco,a2)=0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

$$\alpha co = 6.202 \cdot 10^3$$

$$66$$

$$\alpha 2 = 1.952 \cdot 10^4$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}}$$

$$X2_{i} := \alpha 2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}}$$

$$tot_{i} := Co_{i} + X2_{i}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^2}$$

$$\frac{\alpha c}{\alpha 2} = 0.318$$

out<sup><0></sup> := yr out<sup><1></sup> := tot WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out 
$$\frac{X2_N}{Co_N} = 0.313$$

22-32 FT SHC0 = 0.66 (1946) 32-42 PT SHC0 = 0.14 (1996)

Co-2nd-Decay.mcd

8/18/98

Page 1

filein := "two59-82.txt" Well 22-08-01

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$ 

bkg := 
$$A^{<6}$$
 max :=  $A^{<4}$ 

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 308$$

$$k := 0..300$$
  $j := 0..299$ 

1st Isotope is Co (5.27 yrs)

$$\tau co := 5.27$$

2nd Isotope is Sb-125 (2.77 yrs) τ2 := 2.77

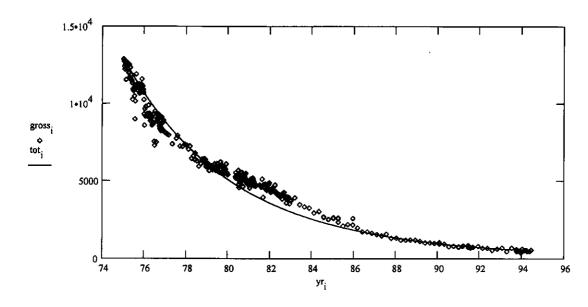
$$-\left(yr_{j}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}$$
Co. := aco·e

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(aco,a2)=0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

$$\alpha co = 8.634 \cdot 10^3$$
 $5b$ 
 $\alpha 2 = 3.401 \cdot 10^3$ 

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}}$$

$$X2_{i} := \alpha 2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^{2}}}$$

$$tot_{i} := Co_{i} + X2_{i}$$

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{12}$$

$$\frac{\alpha 60}{\alpha 2} = 2.539$$

out<sup><0></sup> := yr out<sup><1></sup> := tot WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out Ratio Sb/Co 
$$\frac{X2_N}{Co_N}$$
 = 0.039

### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole £	34(22-08-		Total # Surv		Probe Type <u>04</u>	
Log Date:	15-01-09	l <sup>st</sup>	# neutron sur 9 4-06-1	rveys 2 3 Last	Presentation Plot Dates	
Isotope from Contaminat	m Spectral Su tion Zone Dep	rvey:	0, 20-		(If different from 1 * & Max Survey Depth	
Summer Data	Gana la	nnrov #Commital	C	GAPS.Txt		
Survey Date			Comment			
81-04-30	29	95				
8/-47-30		73		<del></del>		
				HI-ZONES.T	īxt	
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	d approx #Samp				
75-06-05	- HI-BKC	100				
76-01-22	LONGSUR	VAY 170				
80-69-249	ABAOLEC	100				-
81-04-30	WRONGHE	ce 95				
	BADLOC					
RAO Zon	R-DSPZ	157900	Ha ( 5	7/-827	6-2-82) - 4' BRRM A	008
93-12-17	TOOL A	44 100		<u></u>		
		P**		BackGnd.Tx	t	
	Reason Selected			Avg. Bkg	Comment	
	7. CLEM	98	0%	0.0		
7.5-09-10	34 BAN	98	22%	41.7		
76-69-09		97	27%	40,4		
76-10-15	AUG BKC		25%	4203		
81-04-30		97	03	0.0		
	AUG BKG	102	90	125		
9 3-12-17	TOC SI AN	101	13%	35.4		
				A		
num surveys	rejected: (0)	ZERO	<i>F</i>	Analysis Note Background		
TA ACTI		LRXO		Duckground	(0,000) 10 2000	—-
(, ,, ,, ,, ,,				·-····		
						$\dashv$
						$\dashv$
						$\dashv$
						——
Category: (St	able, TF Acti	vity, Undeter	mined, CHA	NGED		$\dashv$
Analyst Name	N	10 10 F	(M=)	· <u>·</u>	ver (TFGROSS) V 2.20.	
	- <u></u>	VI 1/	<del></del>		TOLLITOROUGH .	

00 413

filein := "GTP44-100.txt" Well 22-08-02

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr)

$$N = 300$$

$$N = 300$$
  $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$ 

1st Isotope is Co (5.27 yrs)

2nd Isotope is Sb (2.77 yrs)

$$\tau 2 := 2.77$$

$$Co_i := aco \cdot e^{-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}}$$

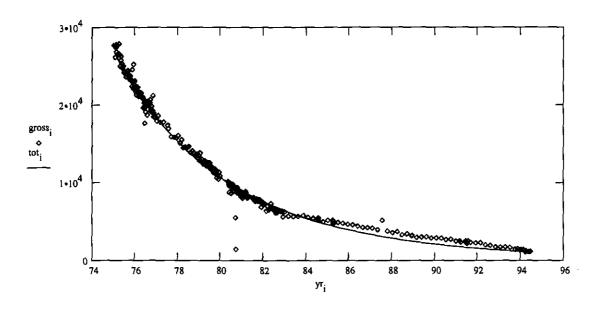
$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{r^2}$$

$$X2 := a2 \cdot e$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(aco, a2) = 0 1 = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co = 1.304 \cdot 10^4 \\ Co - 60 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac$$

### filein := "GTP20-30.txt" Well 22-08-02

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$

$$net := A^{<7>}$$

$$bkg := A^{<6} > max := A^{<4} >$$

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 290$$

$$k := 0..300$$
  $j := 0..299$ 

1st Isotope is Co (5.27 yrs)

$$\tau 2 := 2.77$$

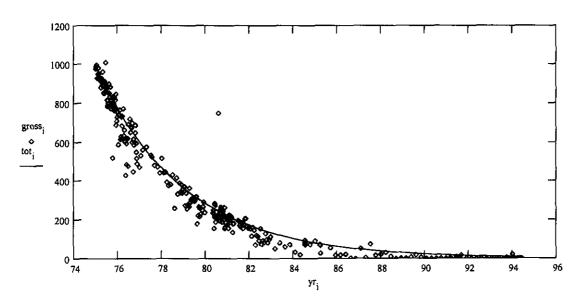
$$Co_{i} := aco \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^{2}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(aco, a2) = 0 1 = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

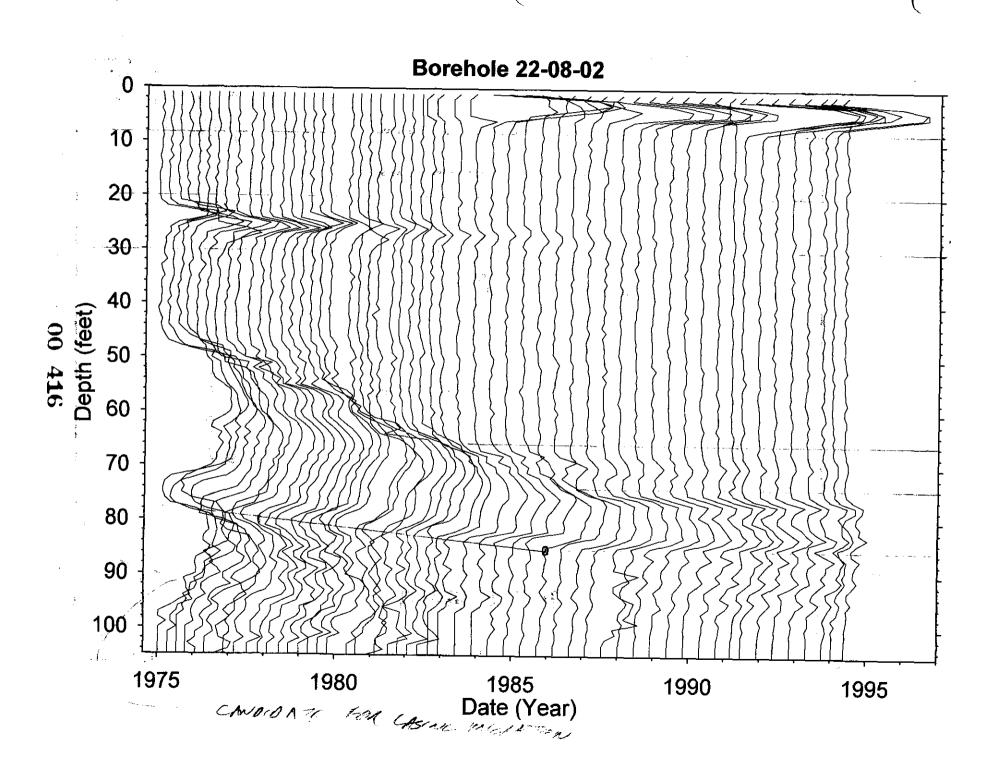
$$\frac{\alpha co = -53.762}{Co_{-}60} \qquad \frac{\alpha 2 = 1.014 \cdot 10^{3}}{Sb \cdot 125} \qquad \frac{\alpha co}{\alpha 2} = -0.053$$

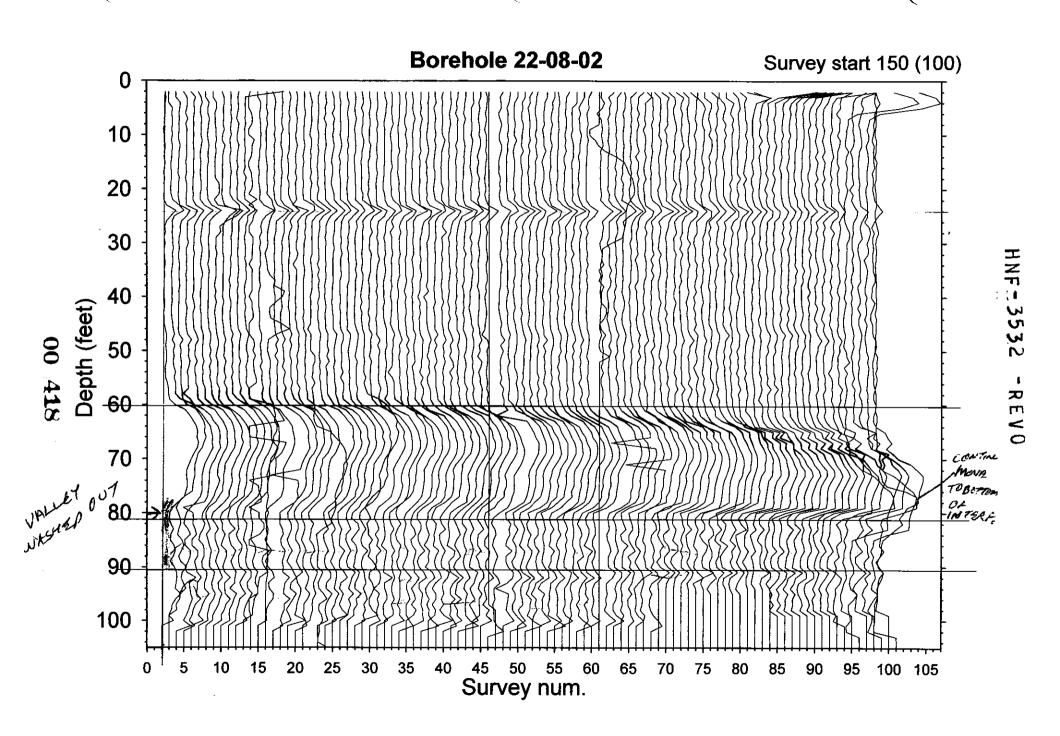
$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e \qquad X2_{i} := \alpha 2 \cdot e \qquad VRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out \begin{cases} \frac{Co_{N}}{X2_{N}} = -0.532 \end{cases}$$

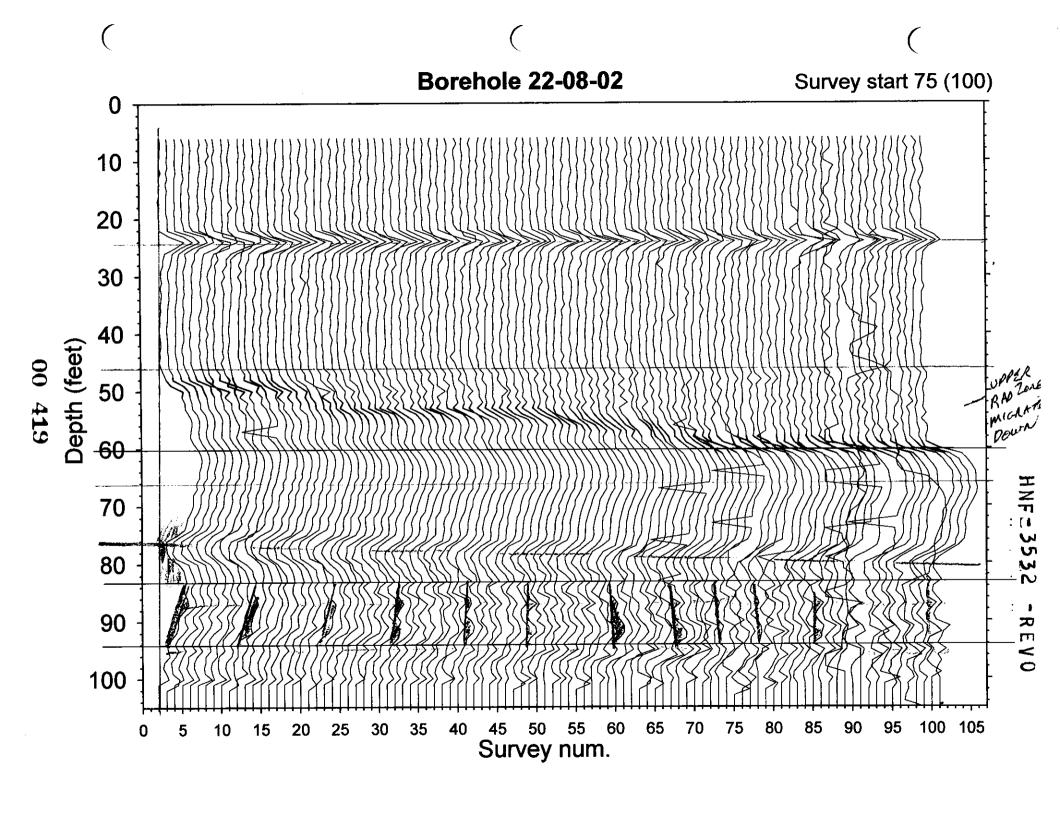
$$\frac{Co_{N}}{X2_{N}} = -0.532$$

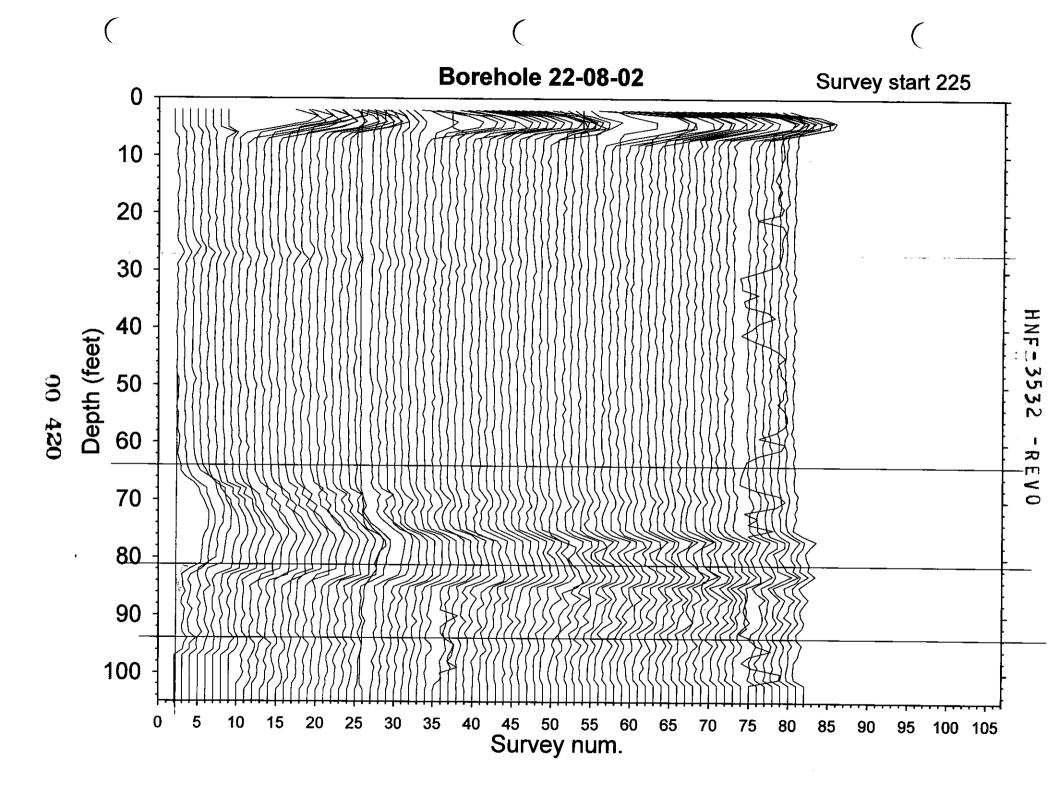
Co-2nd-Decay.mcd

8/24/98









Borehole 2	34(22-08	-05 T	otal # Surve	eys 3/8	Probe Type 64
/ <u> </u>	70	#	Total # Surveys 3/8 # neutron surveys 5		# GR Surveys 3/4
	75-01-09	_		·	Presentation Plot Dates
Isotope from	m Spectral Su	rvey: _Cs	(	CO (38-8	(If different from 1* & Last)  Max Survey Depth 100  3-63 63-74 74-84
Contaminat	tion Zone Dep	oth(s): <u>() - %,</u>	36-45,0	45-63 3	3-63 63-74 74-84
		,			, , ,
Survey Date	I num Gana la	approx #Sampl's (		GAPS.Txt	
76-09-021	P	102	omment	<u> </u>	
78-09-1	7	100			
80-09-18		95	··	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
81-00-2		100			
	<u> </u>			H-ZONES.	Txt
Survey Date		ed approx #Samp's	Comment		
	HI-BKO	6 1 170	000		
75-03-00	1 AM RAD	PAR 140	PROSA	BLY 10	OL PROLL
	TOOL FAI				
	HI-BKL		<u> </u>	<del></del>	
	A TOOLFA				
91-12-06	4 BAP LO	<sup>1</sup> C			
				BackGnd.Tx	<u>ct</u>
		num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment
	ECUSAN		26%	38,0	
	ALL DE	201	60%	33.9	
12-08-02	AVG BKG AVG BKG	100-	68%	36.9	
	AVG BKG		593 322	37,8 438	
79-10-30			1900		<u></u>
116-14 20 1	1726- 15/56	+ 7 >		3/6	
			69%	374	
90-02-02	% Cresu	97	0%	0.0	
90-02-02	% Cresu				
90-02-02	% Cresu	97	95%	0.0	es
90-02-02	To Cresu AVE BKE	97	02 95% A	Q. 0 8. 4 nalysis Note	$= (0 < \sqrt{a} < 50)  (0 - 3.5)$
90-02-02	To Cresu AVE BKE	97 97	02 95% A	Q. 0 8. 4 nalysis Note	
90-02-02	To Cresu AVE BKE	97 97	02 95% A	Q. 0 8. 4 nalysis Note	
90-02-02	To Cresu AVE BKE	97 97	02 95% A	Q. 0 8. 4 nalysis Note	
90-02-02	To Cresu AVE BKE	97 97	02 95% A	Q. 0 8. 4 nalysis Note	
90-02-02	To Cresu AVE BKE	97 97	02 95% A	Q. 0 8. 4 nalysis Note	
90-02-02 94-03-24 num surveys	Y CLEN AVE BKE rejected: (0)	97 97 ZERO	02 95% A	nalysis Note	
90-02-02 94-03-24 num surveys	Processor Ava Bka rejected: (0) able, TF Acti	97 97 ZERO vity, Undetern	02 95% A	nalysis Note	

Borehole B	1/22-0				Probe Type <u>C</u>	
Log Date:	15-01-09	-4		veys 2 Last	# GR Surveys Presentation I	
Icotone from	Spectral Su	miov: CS		in ( 64 - 0	~~~)	(If different from 1" & Last)  Max Survey Depth /00  63, 63-73, 73-83, 83-9
Contamination	on Zone Dep	oth(s): $(0-40)$	8-18/	8-29.	46-54 54	12 (2-72)
	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>			67,65-13, 13-83, 83-9
Survey Date	num. Gaps	pprox #Sampl's (	Comment	GAPS.Txt	<del></del>	
76-04-29	3 3	90	/Onthient	94-03-	24 93+10	90'
76-07-28	61	20		94-04-	24 93 + 10 06 A 78, 16	D <sub>D</sub>
78-09-13	22	90		<u></u>		
80-09-18	18	90				
81-10-26	10	95				
				HI-ZONES.T	`xt	
		ed approx #Samp's	Comment			
75-03-12 75-11-12A			<del> </del>			
76-05-20						
76-07-28						
78-11-01		100				
91-0276	HI-BICC	- 100				
/						
				BackGnd.Tx		
		num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment	
	7. CLEAN		26%	<del>                                     </del>		
75-06-24		98	0°3	37.5	<u> </u>	
77-65-05 /		<del></del>	57%	70.0		
78-11-01	AUG BKC	100	24%	43.7	<u> </u>	
79-10-03/		98	130%	46-2		
91-02-160	70 CirAn	98	37%	38,5		
94-04-06		98	20%	1.5		
	·	<del></del>				
	* + * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	- A = A =		Analysis Note		76
num surveys		ZERO	<u>(6) -7</u>	Background	= (0 <val<50)< td=""><td>30-60F7</td></val<50)<>	30-60F7
LONE: 46:	5427, T17	TOGTE	7cs = 1	30 @ 1197	RATIO Coles	=4.42/1235=0.36@19
ļ						
			<del></del>			
			<u></u>			
Category: (Sta	ible, TF Act	ivity, Undeterr	nined, CHA	NGED		
, <del></del>	1	tall of	4			142 20
Analyst Name	Mary	eallur	روب	S/W	ver (TFGROSS)	V LOLU.

filein := "GTP46-83.txt"

#### Well 22-08-06

$$A := READPRN(filein)$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$

net := 
$$A^{<7>}$$
 bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 298$$

$$i := 0..N$$
  $k := 0..300$   $j := 0..299$ 

$$\tau cs := 30.17$$

$$\tau co := 5.27$$

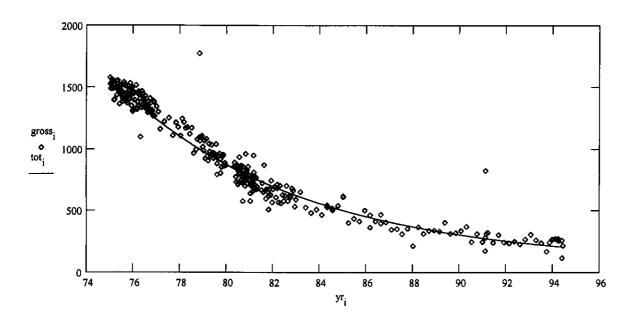
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$

$$Co_i := aco \cdot e^{-\left(yr_i - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}}$$

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Co_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

#### This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau cs}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha co \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aco)$$

$$\alpha cs = 150.188$$

$$\alpha co = 1.439 \cdot 10^3$$

$$-(y)$$
 $Cs_{i} := \alpha cs \cdot e$ 

$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\cos}$$

$$Cs_i := \alpha \csc \cdot e \qquad Eu_i := \alpha \cot \cdot e$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{m(2)}{\pi co}$$

$$\frac{\alpha cs}{\alpha co} = 0.104$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

$$\frac{\text{Co}_{\text{N}}}{\text{Cs}_{\text{N}}} = 1.153$$

### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole BY (22-08-07) Total # Surveys 30/ Probe Type 0 4 # GR Surveys 296 # neutron surveys 5 Log Date: 75-01-091st 94-06-13 Last **Presentation Plot Dates** (If different from 1st & Last) Isotope from Spectral Survey: C5 < 8p 6/4 (40-100') Max Survey Depth 185 Contamination Zone Depth(s): OF 8 **GAPS.Txt** Survey Date num. Gaps approx #Sampl's Comment 76-07-28 72 140 130 80-69-17 20 84-05-03 24 135 93-12-01 130 129 HI-ZONES.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected approx #Samp's Comment 75-63-12 HI-BKG 140 76-05-ZOA TOOL FAIL 140 76-01-21 PEAKATO 140 78-11-01 HI-BICC 80-10-29 HI-BKG 140 81-07-14 HI-BRC 140 BackGnd.Txt Avg. Bkg Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq. Clean Comment 75-13-12 AUG BKG 322 60% 345 76-05-20 70 CLEAN 137 20% AV GBKG 40.6 136 83% 137 0/0 CS & AV 440 LENG-TH 178 23-5 300 LENCTH 240 % LUEM 4.7 Analysis Notes num surveys rejected: (0) ZERO Background = (0 < val < 50)20-40 KT REVIEW OF RADIATION: ZONGE (40-70 70-90 90-100, 100-120) CONTIAM VERY LOW LOVE ACTIVITY ABOUR BKG (20-401) AND (EXCEPT FOR SHORT LIVED ZONE (70-90KT) FROM 1975 TO 1972 NO SIGNIFICANT QUANTATION OF RAPIATION MO PRESSUT ON ABRUPTLY INTRODUCED INTO THE ZONES \* O-8RT: TA ACTIVITY Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED Analyst Name Mandell Price S/W ver (TFGROSS) UZ- Z-O

				- J J	
Borehole ${\cal B}$	4(22-08	3 <i>-09)</i> T	otal # Surve	ys 405	Probe Type O 9
<del></del>				veys 2	
Log Date:	75-01-10 1		94-06-13		Presentation Plot Dates
				- <b>-</b>	(If different from 1" & Last)
Isotope from	Spectral Sur	vey: <u>(5-/</u>	Max Survey Depth _/@		
Contaminati	on Zone Dep	th(s): 0-11	DRT 1	7-84	
Survey Date	I num Gang la	pprox #Sampl's (	Comment	GAPS.Txt	
	48	80	Countient	· <del></del>	
76-07-28	1	95	<del></del>	<del></del>	
76-69-03	<del>                                     </del>	95			
77-06-02		100	<del>,</del>	<del></del> -	
94-63-2	<del>4 7 3  </del>	100	<del></del>		
			Ŧ	HI-ZONES.T	`xt
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	d approx #Samp's			
75-06-05	1	100			
76-03-19	·	100			
76-60-15	TOOL FAI	1 95			
77-04-16					
77-10-27	WRONT-HO	ce 95	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
86-08-22		100		-	
			<u> </u>	-	
				BackGnd.Tx	ct
Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment
75-06-05	% CLEM	99	0%	0-0	
76-03-18	% CLEAN	100	66%	29.8	
77-06-62			9 %	2.3	
78-03-22	AVE BICC	+	27%	16.5	
80-10-29	16 CLEN	99	549	44.3	
186-08-22	16 CLEAN	99	69%	25.3	
93-10-04	LEVETH	173	9402	33.0	
94-03-24	7ocien	98	3%	13.7	
		_			_
				Inalysis Note	
num surveys	rejected: (0)	ZBRO		Background	=(0 <va)<50)< math=""> 50 - 70</va)<50)<>
0-10FT:	TF ACT	TIVITY.			
72-84 KT	i Low La	qual RA	o Zona	inen	1975 70 1976, THEAL
D-	ECASASA	> (4-137)	DACAY 1	176 10 19	1975 70 1976, THEAL
			·		
Category: (St	Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED				
	$\overline{\varrho}$	1 10	D	<u></u>	ver (TFGROSS) V Z- 20 .
Analyst Name	e 11 an	ا الماريد	クルラ	S/W	ver (TFGROSS) V L. ZO.

### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole BY (22-08-12 Probe Type OY Total # Surveys 383 #GR Surveys 380 # neutron surveys 3 Log Date: 75-01-10 1st 97-06-13 Last **Presentation Plot Dates** (If different from 1st & Last) Isotope from Spectral Survey: Max Survey Depth 105 51-60, 60-7070-82 25-40 Contamination Zone Depth(s): 0-8 40-51, **GAPS.Txt** num. Gaps approx #Sampl's Comment Survey Date 14-07-21 76-09-03 28 90 77-06-02 60 80-09-18 9.5 22 93-12-17 94 100 HI-ZONES.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected approx #Samp's Comment HI-BKG 100 75-06-05 76-03- 25 NO RAOZONE 100 TOOL FAIL 76-07-21 80 40 78-04-20 BADSURUS 80-09-24 NOISB 100 86-08-22 41-10153 100 (82-05-11 70 82-06-02) BackGnd.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq. Clean Avg. Bkg Comment 100 75-06-05 % Cres 71-03-27 AUG BKG 98 5. g 100 % 76-69-69 9, Cusa 46.1 100 32% /。ケ 78-04-20 LBUG 761 36.2 79-11-14 AUC BKG 96 80-09-18 % Cren 30,6 *53* % 4.4 Analysis Notes num surveys rejected: (0) Z BAO Background =  $(0 \le vat < 50)$ 10-24 DENTH SHIFT NOT IF POSSIBLE 25-40FT "INLA EDECA 1919-1982 40-57 FT : RAPID DECABASE - SHOW MATCH W 569 60 DECAY 1475, STABLE G-60 BATBA 1982 CO-60 PECREASO AT RATE 7 DECAY 1975-1983 THOUSTABLE 70-82 FT : CO-60 ENGROWTH 1975 TO 1982 TARN STABLE Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED EMBINEDG-TP & to 8207) SKOWS SMOOTH RATE OF DECARASE (CO \$ 58-125 DECAY LINE S/W ver (TFGROSS) 1/2-20 Analyst Name / 2 dans

#### Borehole 22-09-01

# Contamination (Ru-106) from 24 to 35 feet is Stable Contamination (Sb-125 & Ru-106) from 40 to 55 feet is Stable

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (24-35 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with Ru-106 (hypothesis) between 1975 and 1978. The gamma ray activity decreases quickly to background activities.

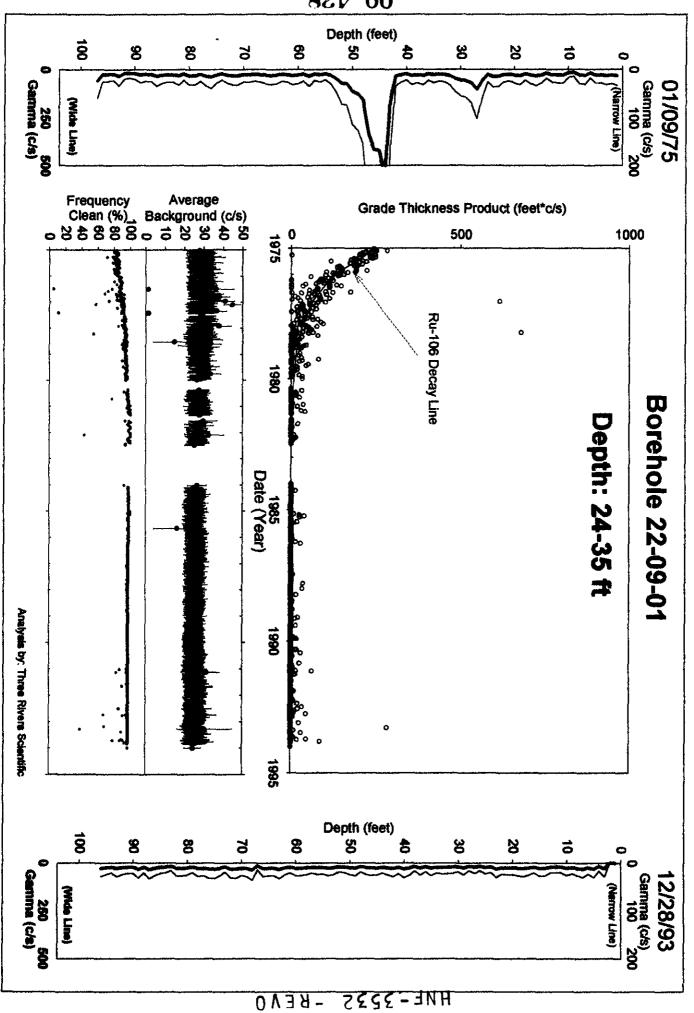
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (40-55 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations and relative intensity at a rate consistent with a least squares fit of Ru-106 (hypothesis), Sb-125 (hypothesis) between 1975 and 1994. Cobalt-60 (identified from HPGe detector at low concentrations, less than 0.7 pCi/g) was not included in the least squares fit and is below the gross gamma detection threshold. When included the concentration for Co-60 resulted in a negative quantity contribution to the resultant fit. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Ru-106 on January 1975 was 0.36.

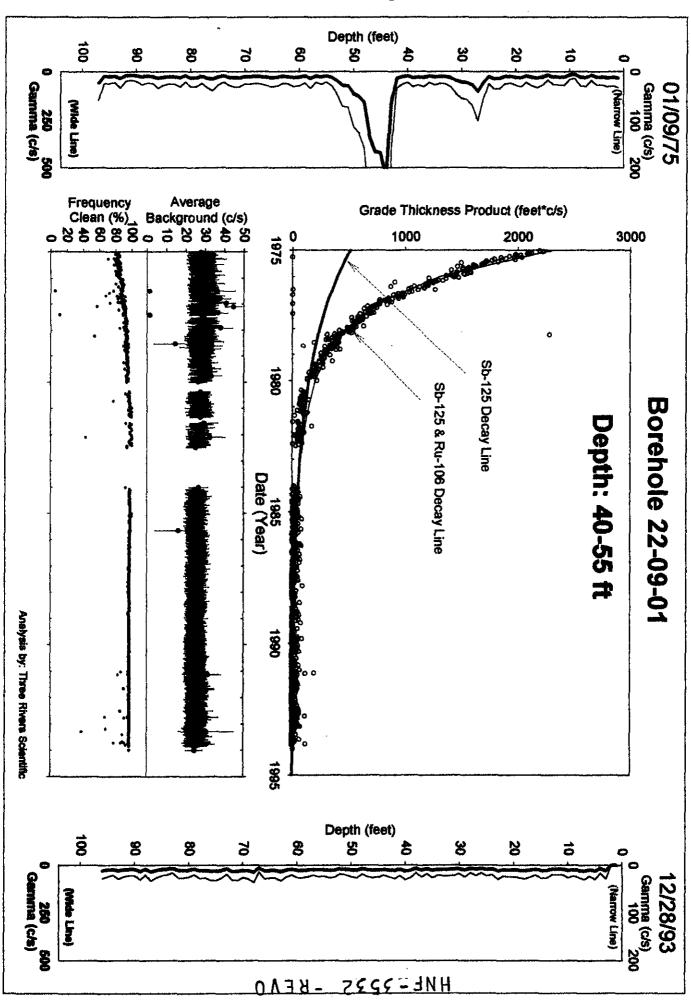
Gross Gamma Survey Information

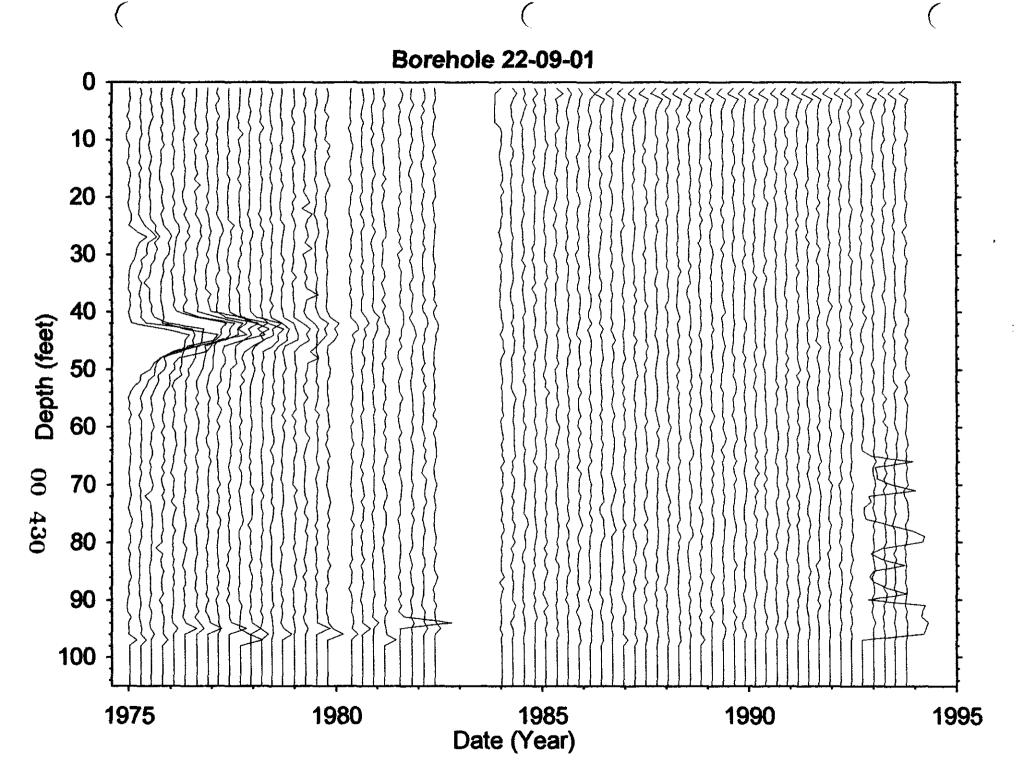
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
03: Neutron (6 surveys)
100 ft
100 ft
1/09/1975
12/28/1993
674

**Analysis Notes** 

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	10 to 20 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	24-35 feet is Stable 40-55 feet is Stable
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific







### **Borehole 22-09-02**

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 and 10-14 feet is Tank Farm Activity

Contamination (Cs-137) from 14 to 34 feet is Stable Contamination (Ru-106) from 42 to 64 feet is Stable

Grade Thickness Product from 0-10 and 10-14 feet is erratic from 1975 to 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1993 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

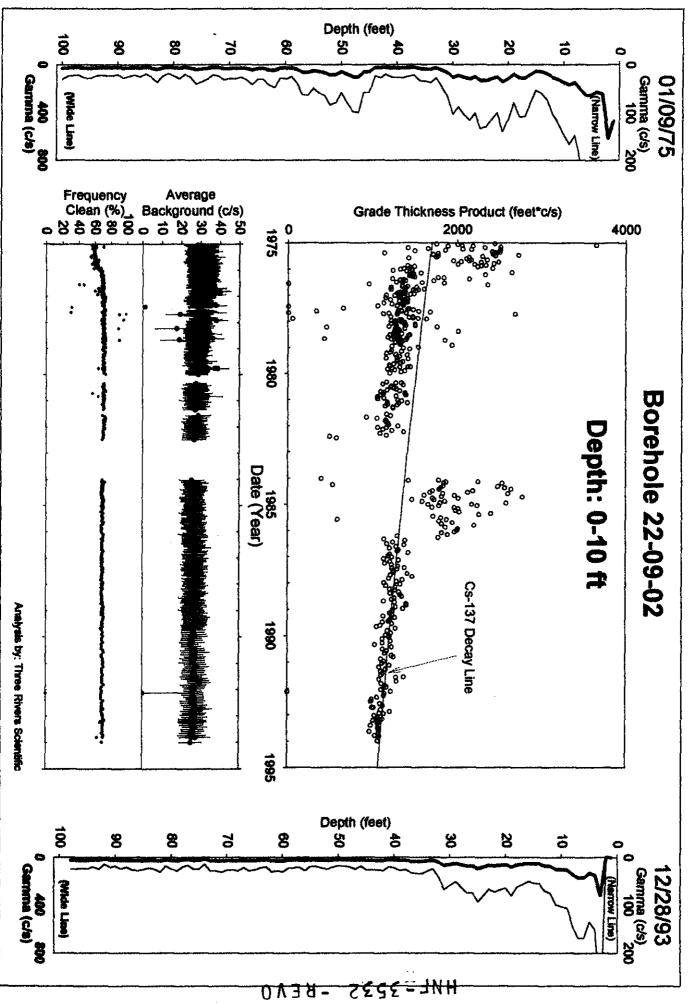
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (14-34 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) between January 1975 and December 1993.

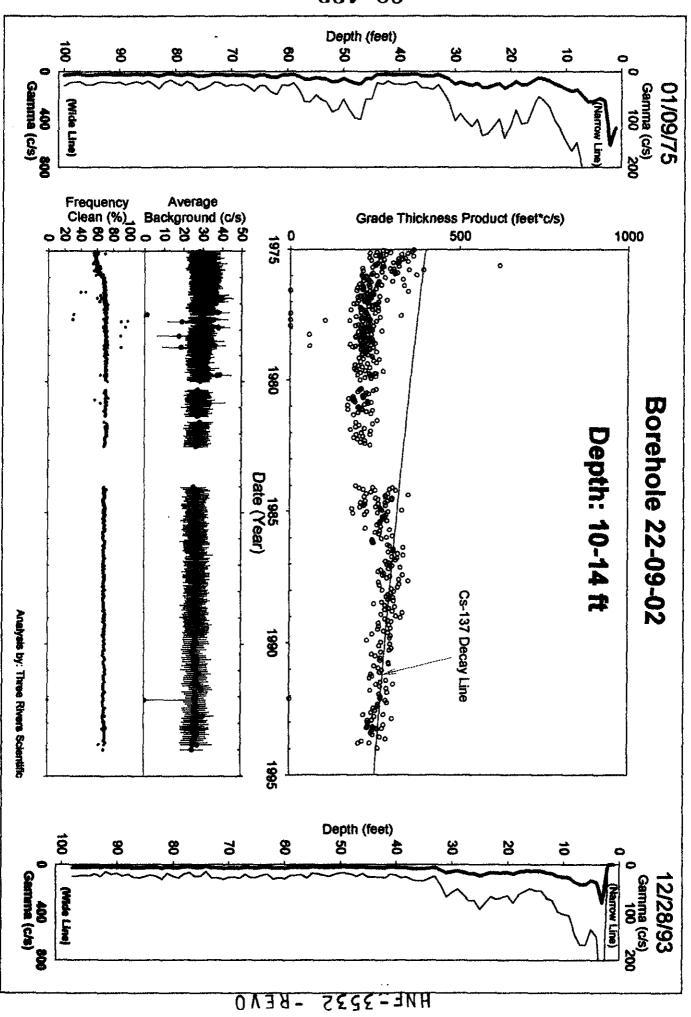
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (42-64 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1975 to 1982.

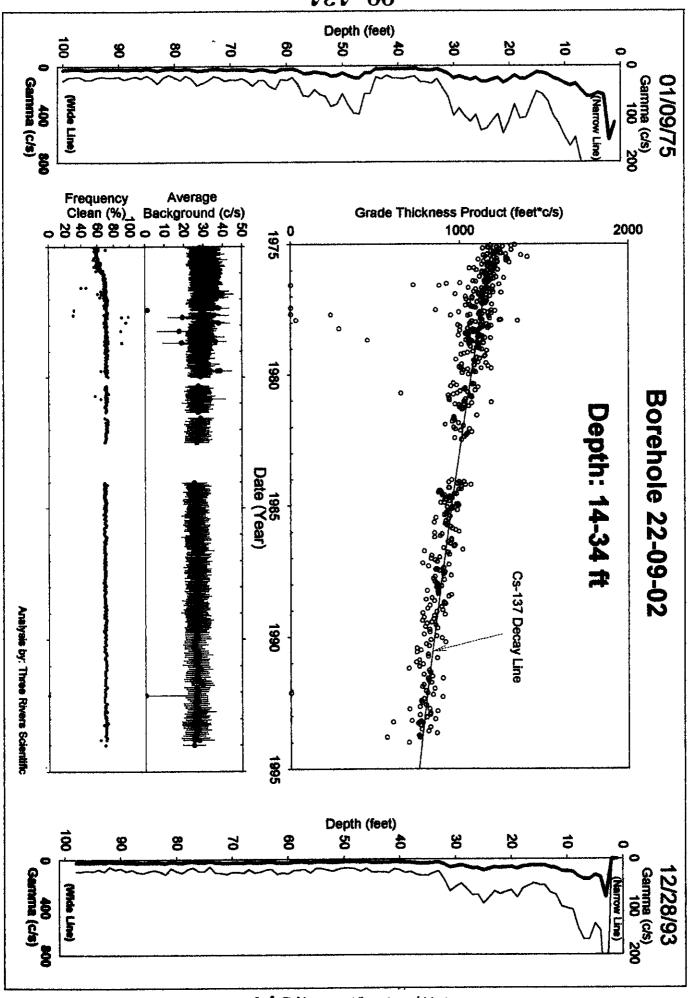
Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (5 surveys)
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date :	1/09/1975
Last Survey Date :	12/28/1993
Number Surveys :	468

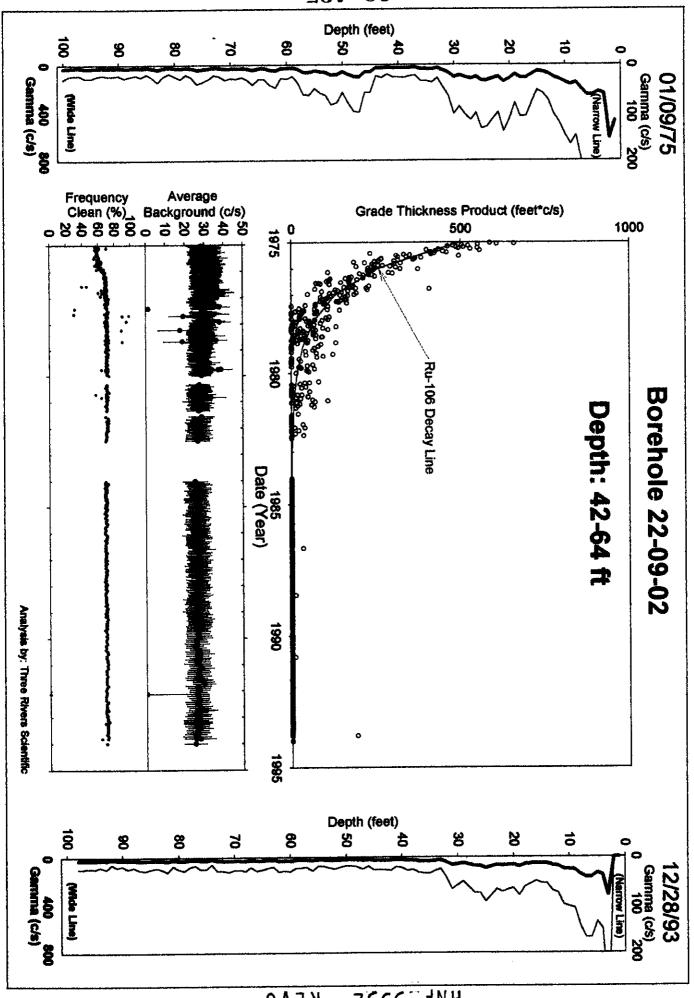
Anatysi	3 140162				
Number Surveys Rejected:	0				
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0				
Method Used to Compute Background:	34 to 42 feet				
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 & 10-14 ft is TF Activity 14-34 feet is Stable 42-64 feet is Stable				
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price				
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific				



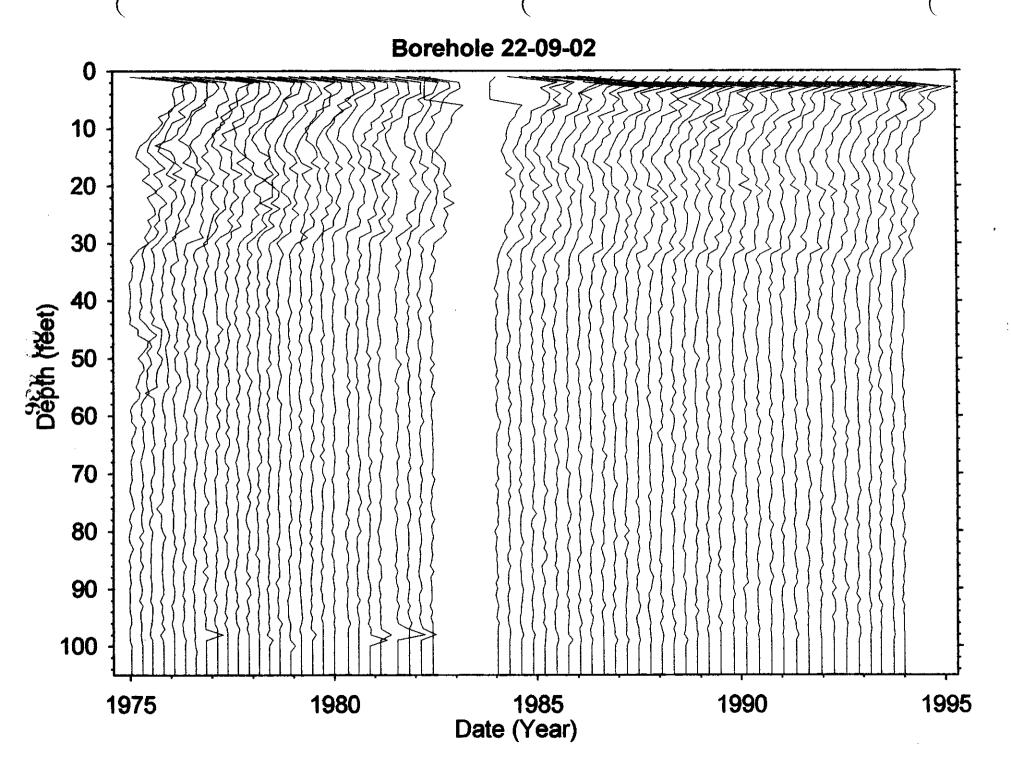




HNE-3225 - BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAO



## Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 10 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Sb-125) from 40 to 58 feet is Stable

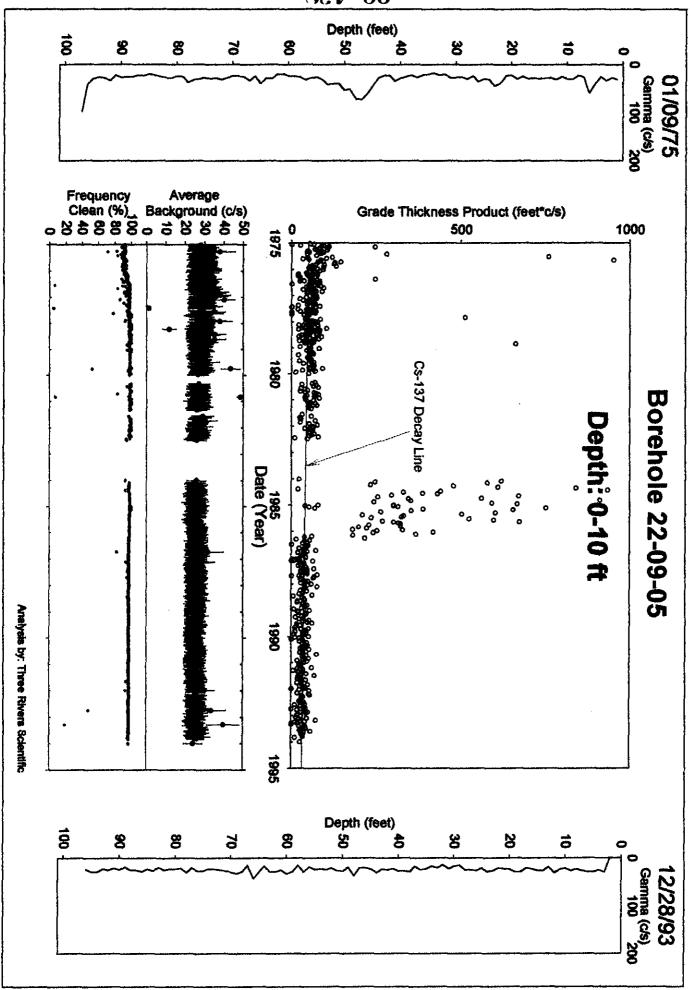
Grade Thickness Product from 0-10 feet is erratic from 1984 to 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1976 through 1993 (except 1984 to 1986) is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (40-58 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity to each isotope and relative intensity at a rate consistent with a least squares fit of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) between 1975 and 1993. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Cs-137 of 0.1 on December 1993.

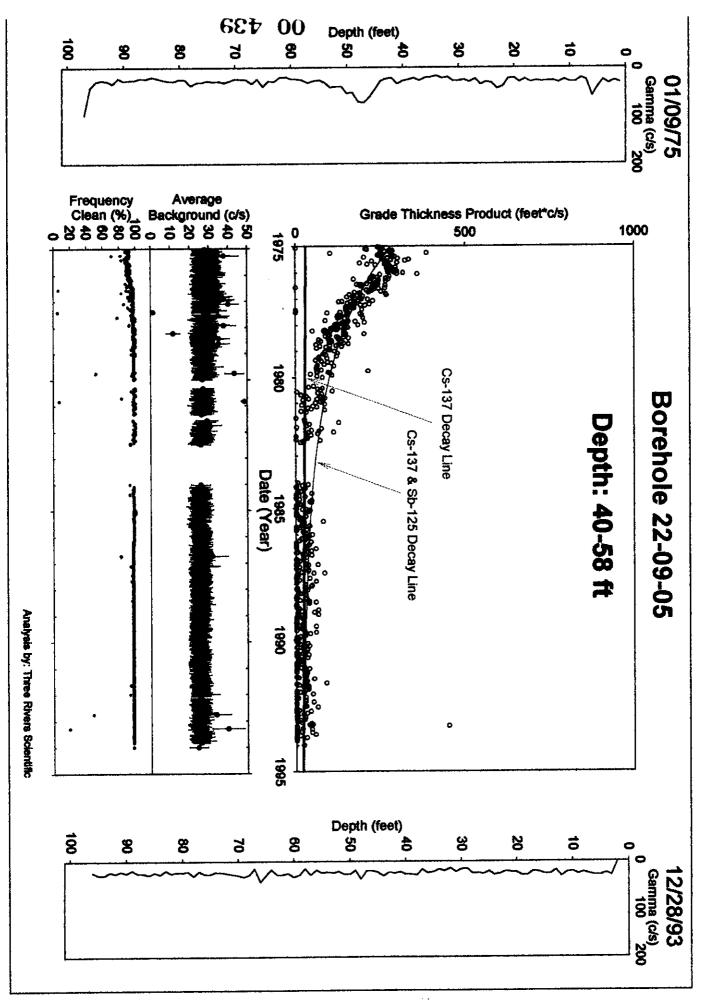
Gross Gamma Survey Information

n vey monimation		
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator		
03: Neutron (5 surveys)		
100 ft		
100 ft		
1/09/1975		
12/28/1993		
562		

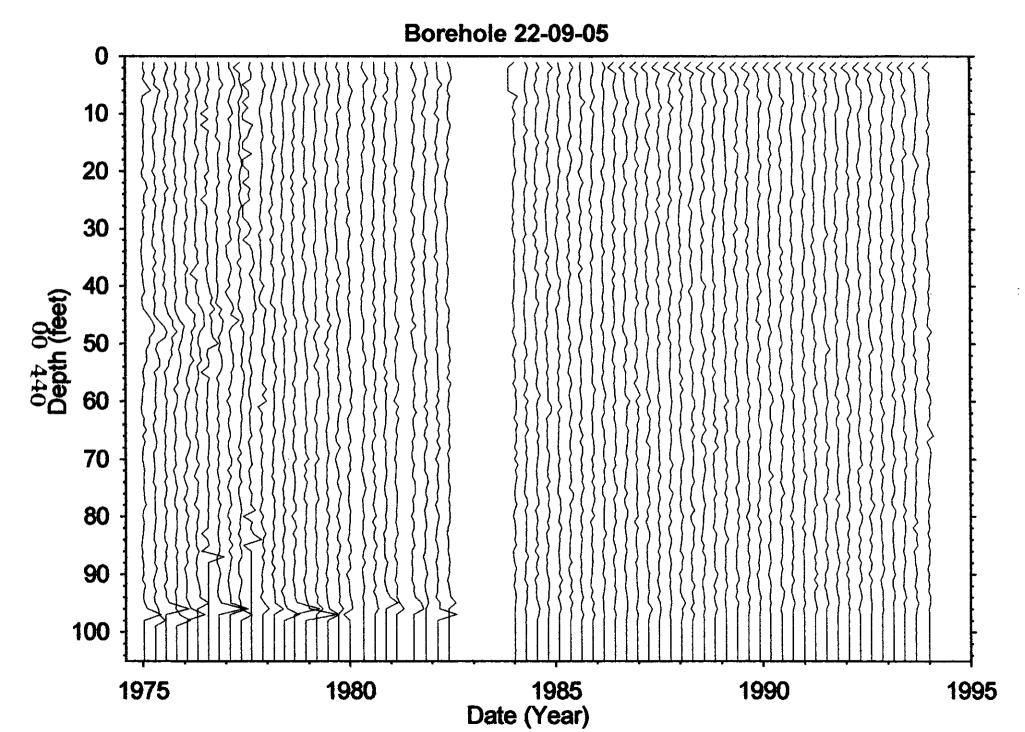
Analysis 11005						
0						
<= 0						
12 to 38 feet						
0-10 feet is TF Activity						
40-58 feet is Stable						
R.K. Price						
Three Rivers Scientific						

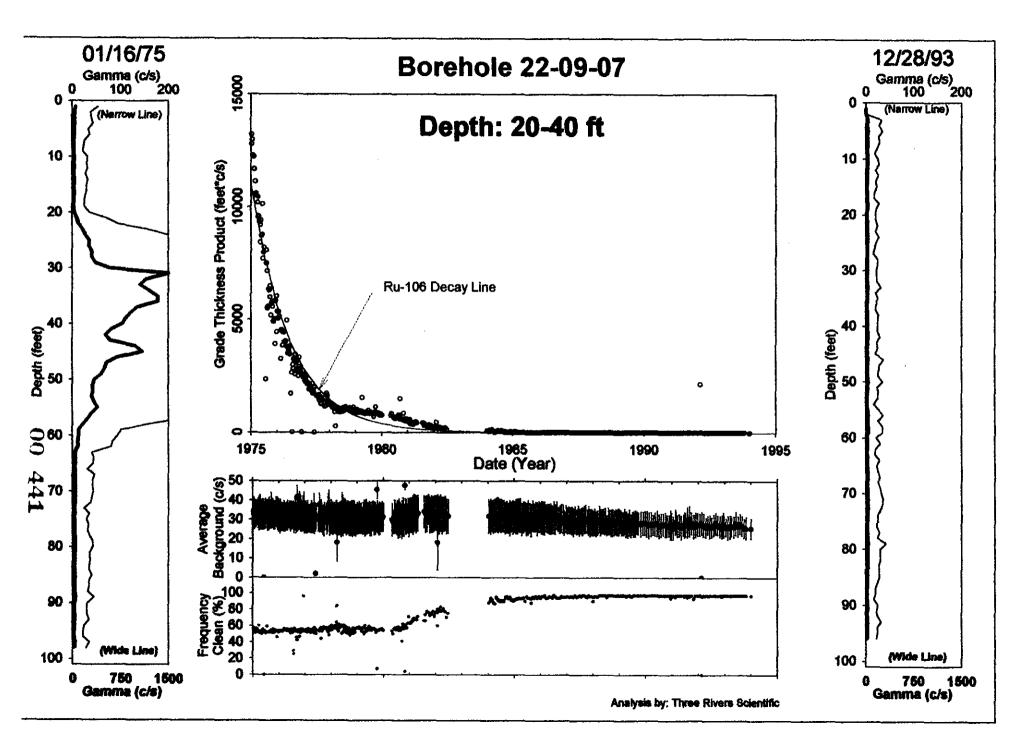


HNE-3225 - BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAO





Contamination (Ru-106) from 20 to 40 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> Contamination (Ru-106) from 40 to 50 feet is <u>UNSTABLE</u> early Contamination (Sb-125 & Ru-106) 50 to 64 feet <u>UNSTABLE</u>

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (20-40 feet) from 1975 to 1978 is decreasing at a rate consistent with Ru-106 (hypothesis) decay, however from mid-year 1978 to 1982 the Grade Thickness Product is consistently greater than the fitted decay curve, indicating additional contaminants in this zone.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (40-50 feet) is <u>Increasing</u> during 1975 then becomes stable and in 1976 the Grade Thickness Product is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent Ru-106 (hypothesis) from 1976 to 1981. The Grade Thickness Product is greater than the decay curve from 1981 to 1983.

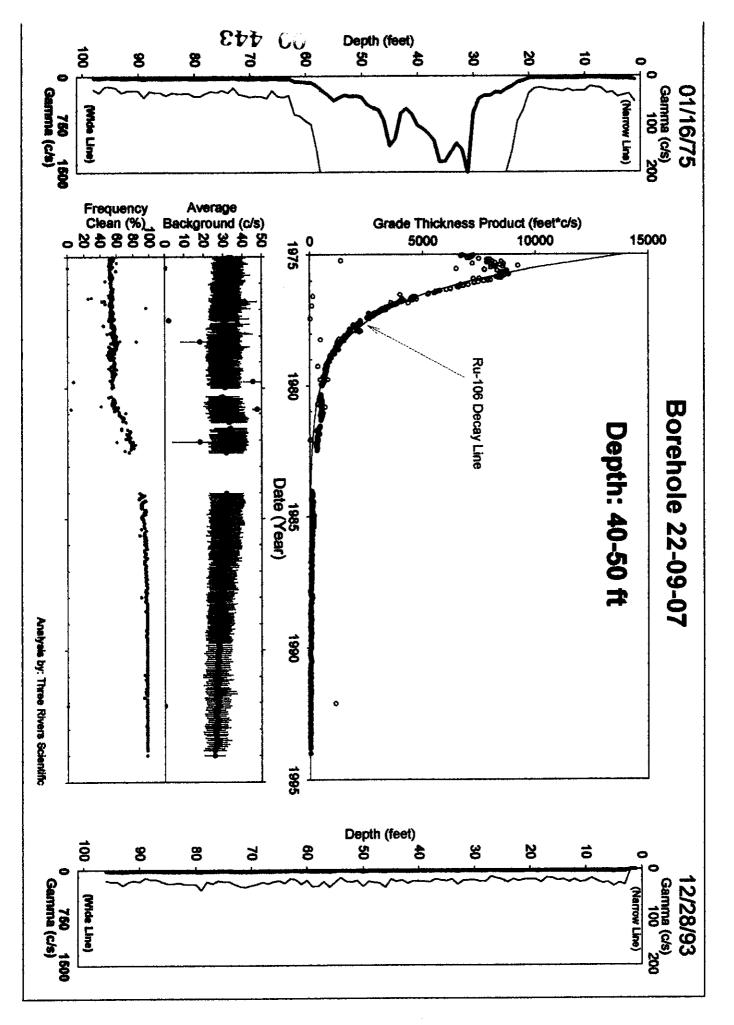
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (50-64 feet) is erratic from 1975 to 1976, then is decreasing at a rate consistent with Ru-106 and Sb-125 decay (both hypothesis) to 1980, however from 1980 to 1986 the Grade Thickness Product is consistently less than the fitted decay curve.

Grade Thickness Product for the combined radioactive zone (20-64 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity to each isotope and relative intensity at a rate consistent with a least squares fit of Sb-125 and Ru-106 for the 20 year surveillance period from 1975 through 1994. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Ru-106 of 0.22 on January 1975.

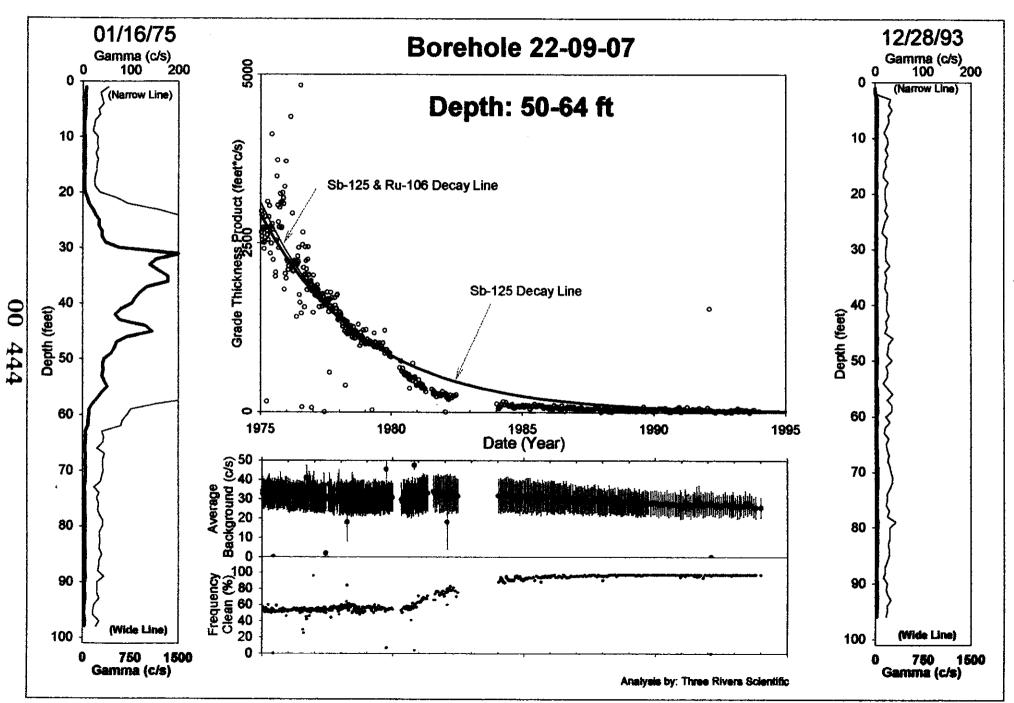
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

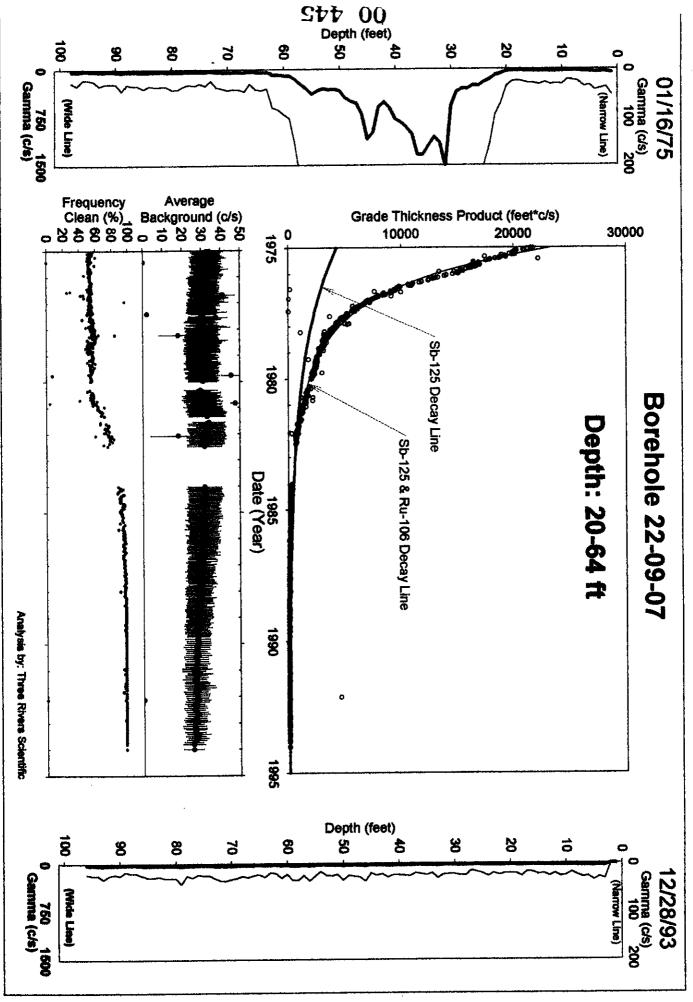
Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (5 surveys)
Borehole Depth:	97 ft
Survey Depth :	97 ft
First Survey Date:	1/10/1975
Last Survey Date :	12/28/1993
Number Surveys:	481

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold (0< val < 50)
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in	20-40 feet is UNSTABLE
Gross Gamma Surveys:	40-50 feet is UNSTABLE
	50-64 feet is UNSTABLE
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific



HNE-3225 - BEAO





HNE=3225 - BEAO

## Contamination (Cs-137) from 16 to 30 feet is Undetermined Contamination (Co-60) from 43 to 52 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 76 to 90 feet is Undetermined

Grade Thickness Product from 16 to 30 feet does not match the decay rate of Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) and the gross gamma activity is at the 30,000 counts per second rate which may be beyond the linear region of the counting system.

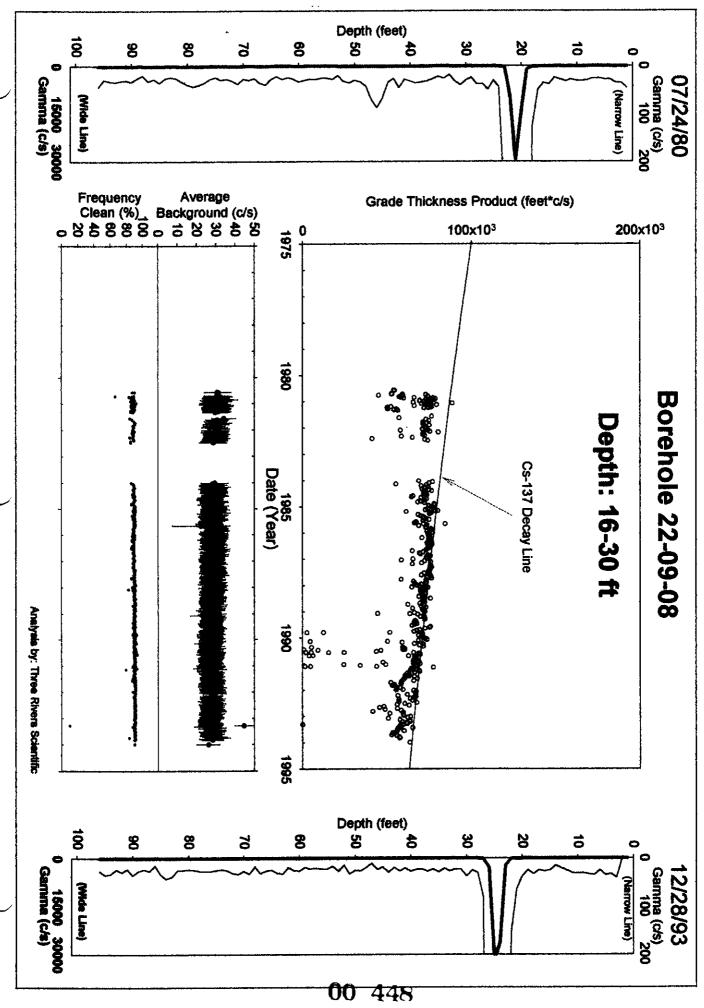
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (43-52 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with Co-60 (identified by HPGe detector) from 1980 to 1993.

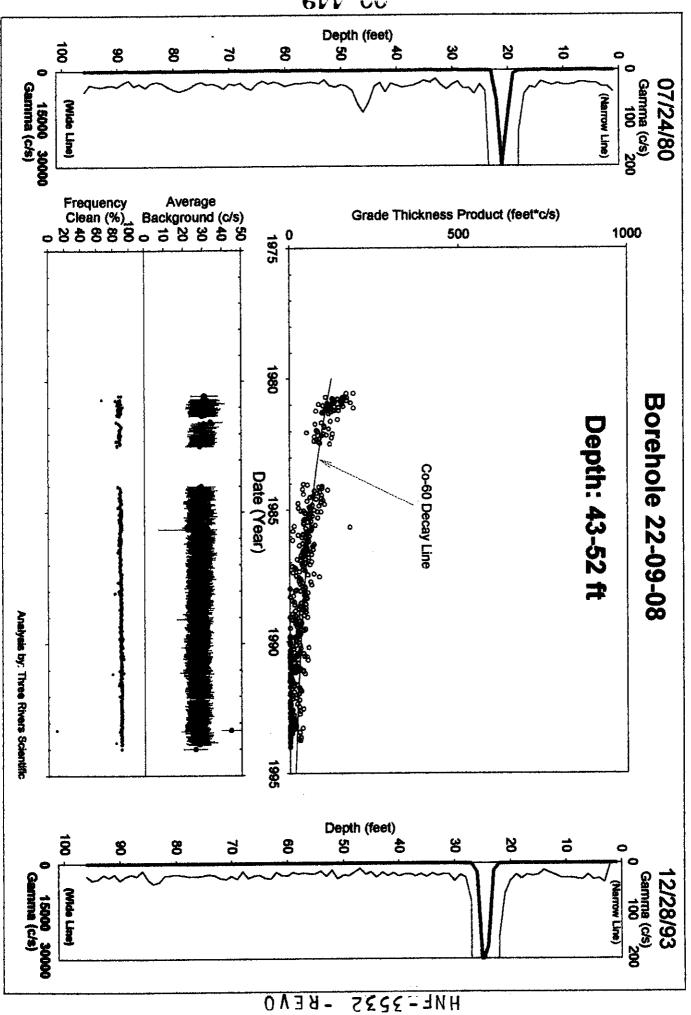
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (76-90 feet) is at low levels (detection threshold) and appears to be constant from 1984 to 1994. Stability of the zone from 1980 to 1984 can not be determined. Agreement with the decay rate of Co-60 (identified by HPGe detector) can not be determined.

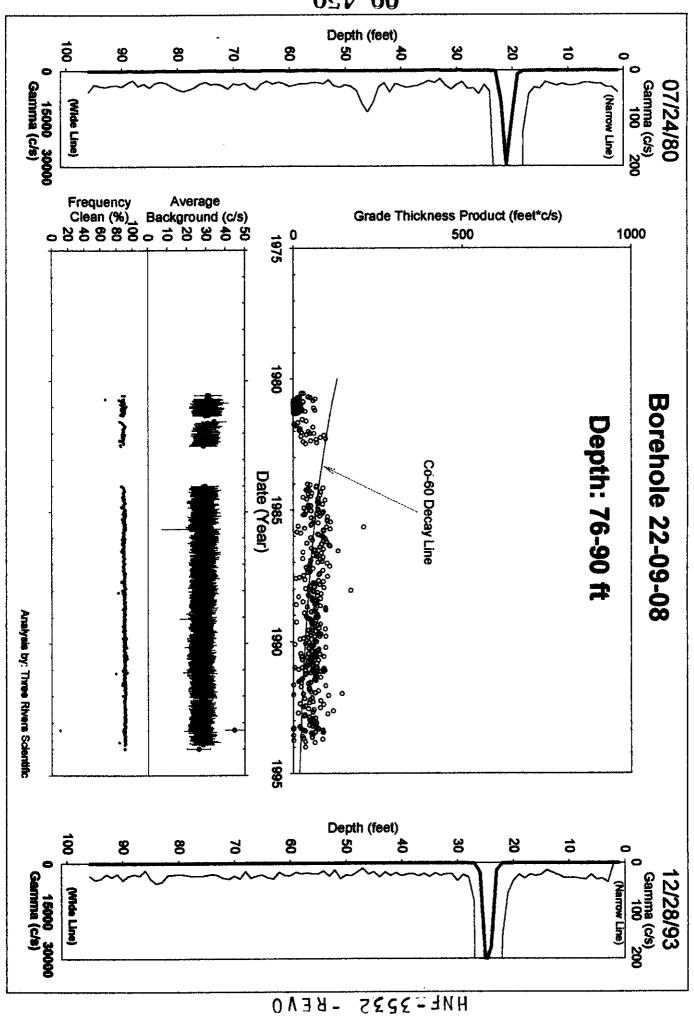
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

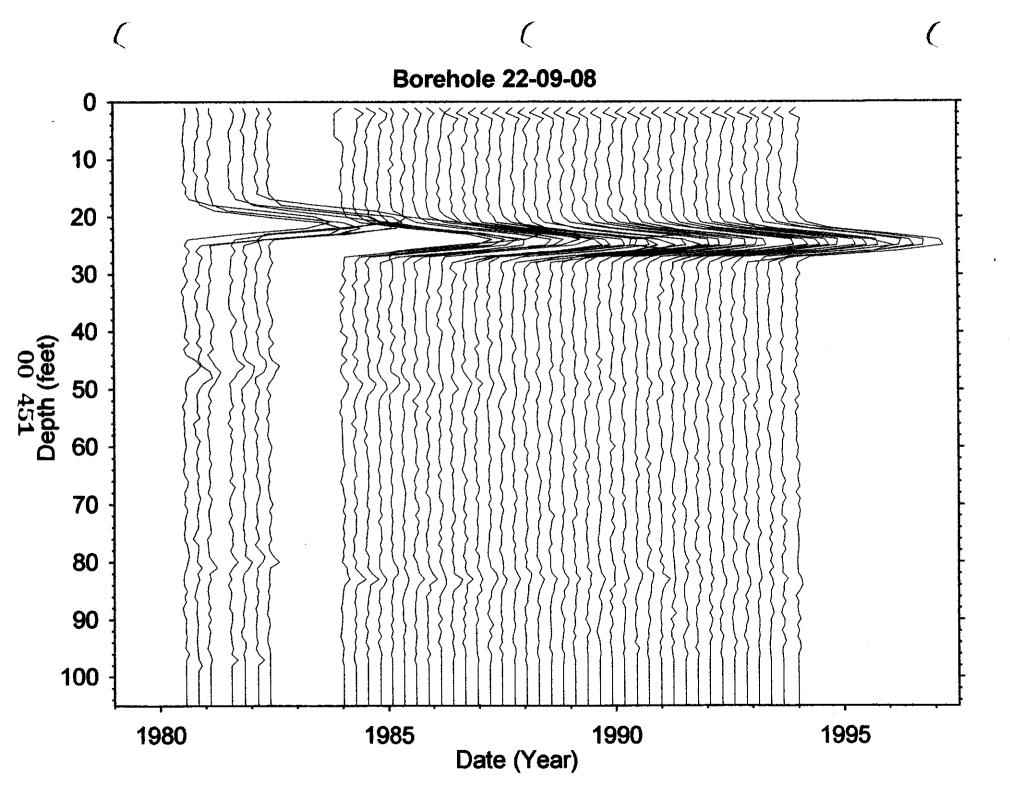
01000 041111111111111111111111111111111	ALVOY THOTHALLON
Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
Other Probe Types :	03: Neutron (4 surveys) 14: Shielded NaI (29 surveys; 1980)
Borehole Depth:	98 ft
Survey Depth:	98 ft
First Survey Date:	7/24/1980
Last Survey Date :	12/28/1993
Number Surveys :	368

2 12161 y 51	3 110003		
Number Surveys Rejected:	0		
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0		
Method Used to Compute Background :	55 to 74 feet		
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	16-30 feet is Undetermined 43-52 feet is Stable 76-90 feet is Undetermined		
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price		
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific		









Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 10 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137 & Sb-125) from 16 to 25 feet is Stable Contamination (Ru-106) from 25 to 38 feet is Stable Contamination (Ru-106) from 38 to 52 feet **UNSTABLE** early

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic from 1975 through 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1994 is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (HPGe detector identified).

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (16-25 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity to each isotope and relative intensity at a rate consistent with a least squares fit of Sb-125 (hypothesis) and Cs-137 (HPGe detector identified) between January 1975 and 1994. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Sb-125 to Cs-137 of 0.03 on December 1993.

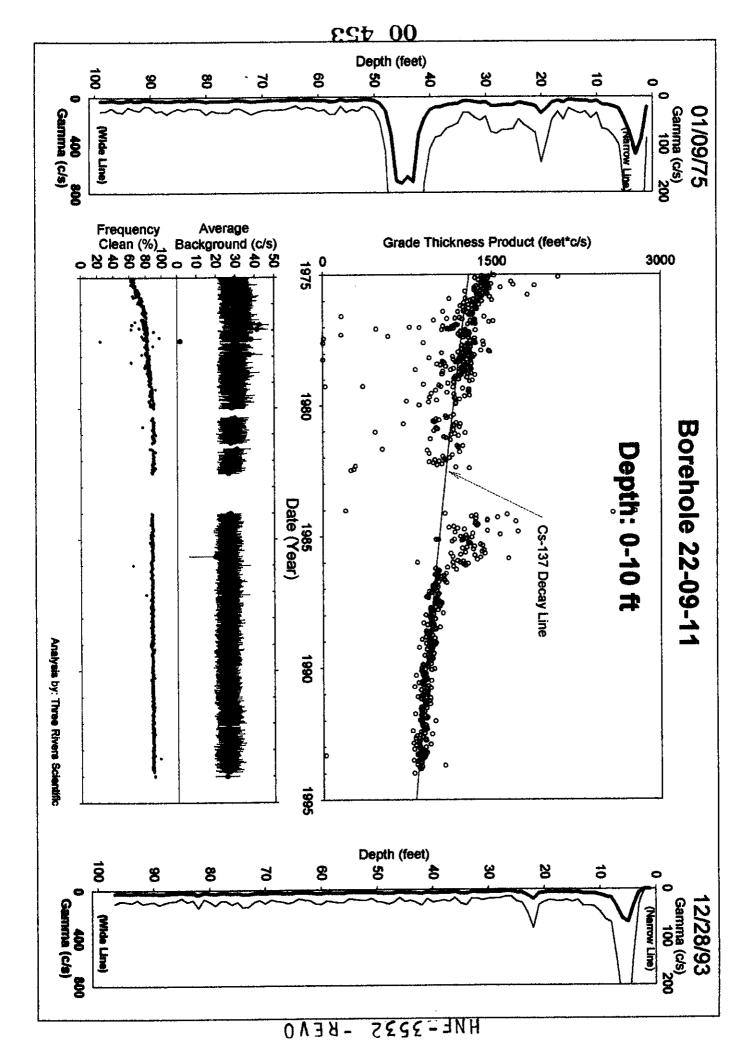
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (25-38 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with the decay of Ru-106 (hypothesis) between 1975 and 1994.

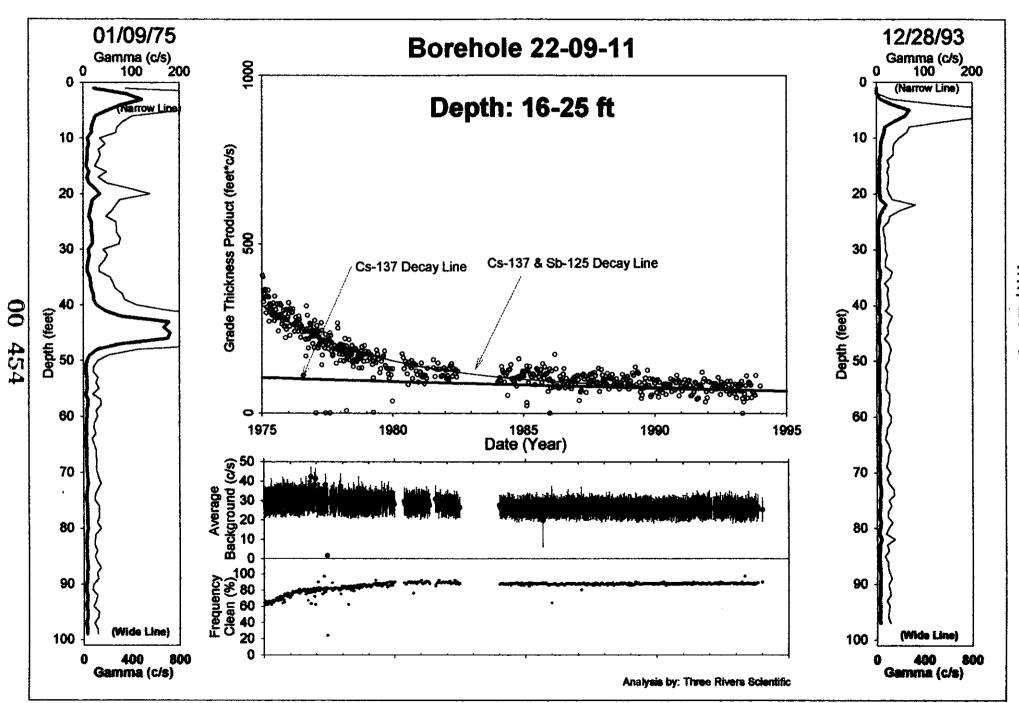
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (38-52 feet) is decreasing at a rate that exceeds the decay of Ru-106 (hypothesis) in 1975 then from 1976 to 1993 the rate of decrease is consistent with the decay of Ru-106.

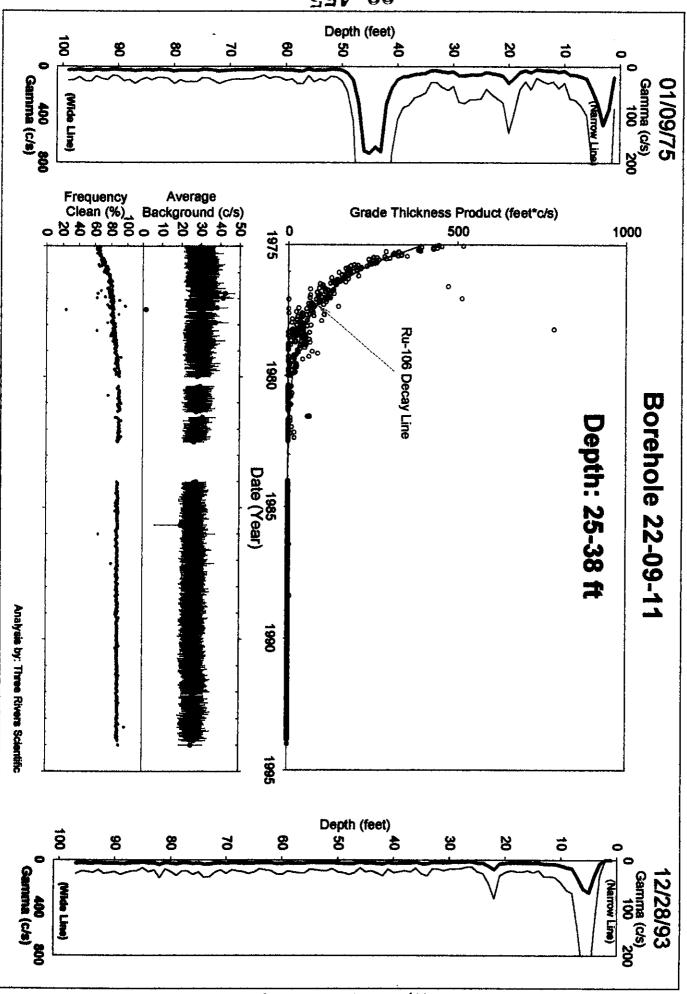
**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator				
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (5 surveys)				
Borehole Depth:	100 ft				
Survey Depth :	100 ft				
First Survey Date :	1/09/1975				
Last Survey Date :	12/29/1993				
Number Surveys :	552				

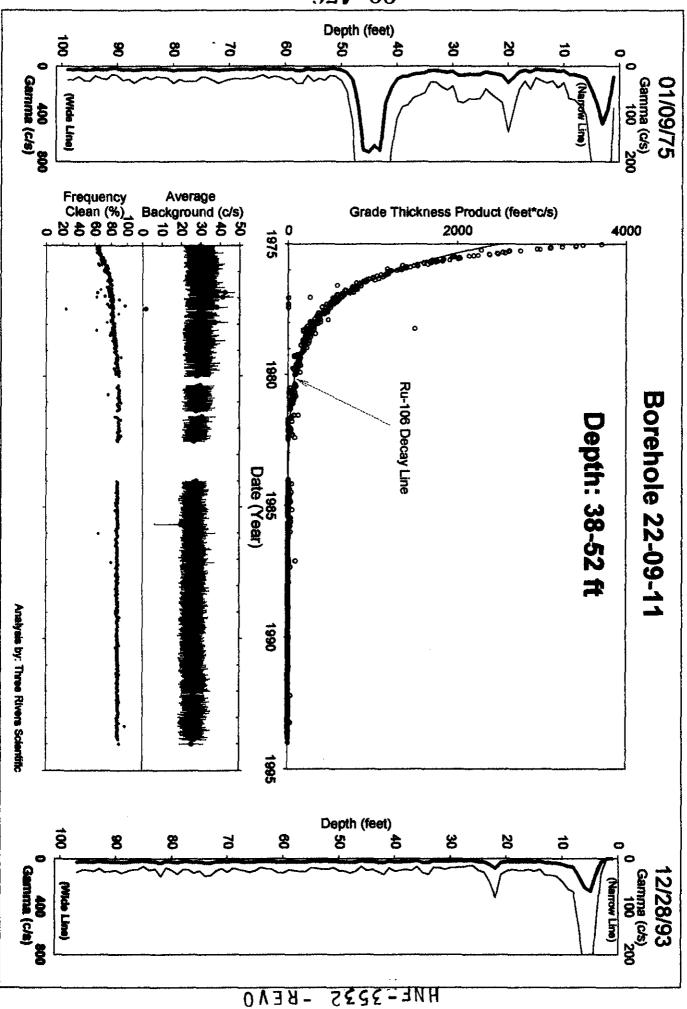
Number Surveys Rejected:	0					
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0					
Method Used to Compute Background:	60 to 90 feet					
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in	0-10 feet is TF Activity					
Gross Gamma Surveys:	16-25 feet is Stable					
	25-38 feet is Stable					
	38-52 feet was UNSTABLE early					
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price					
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific					

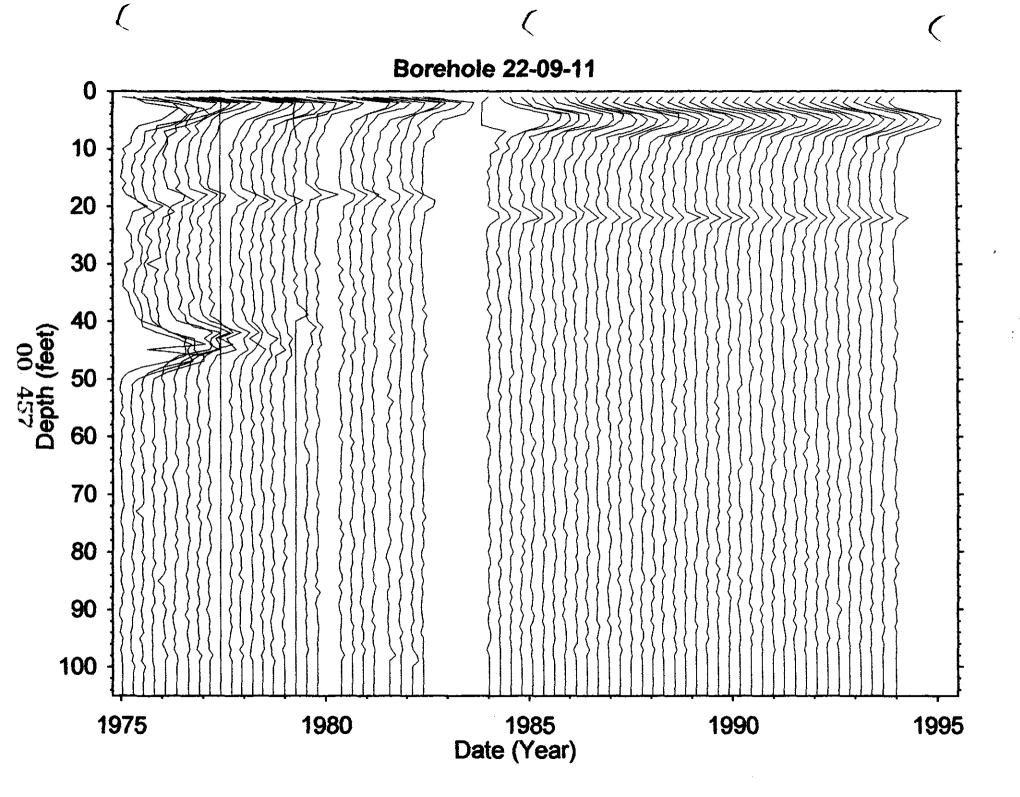






HNE-3235 - BEAO





Borehole BY(22-09-01)

Log Date: 75-01-09 1st

## Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Probe Type 07

# GR Surveys 677

Presentation Plot Dates

Total # Surveys 682

# neutron surveys 6

93-12-28 Last

(If different from 1st & Last) Isotope from Spectral Survey: Cs 4:8 p G/g/ Co & Cs 4.7 p C/g Bo Try Max Survey Depth 100 Contamination Zone Depth(s): 24-35 GAPS.Txt Survey Date num. Gaps approx #Sampl's Comment 76-07-01 85 90 77-06-02 83 95 76-07-28 16 80-09-17 HI-ZONES.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected approx #Samp's Comment 78-03-22 Noisy 100 82-02-02 BADSLAUGH 40 91-02-16 HI-BKL 92-09-22 BAD SURVEY 93-04-13 TOOL FAC 100 BAD SURVE BackGnd.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq. Clean Avg. Bkg Comment 76-07-01 Co CCBN 91 1-2 76-69-03 AV 6 BICK 97 682 35,4 76-12-16 AVGBKG 40.8 95 73% 77-02-04 & CLEAN 15 446 57% 77-06-02 % CURA 1.3 95 AUG BIKK 146 78-07-12 % CLEAN 96 93-04-13 38% 306 **Analysis Notes** num surveys rejected: (0) ZARO Background =  $(0 \le \sqrt{a} \le 50)$ ZONE HAS SHORT LIVED RAD (FITE RU-106 W/IN STATE) one CAN BE FIT ( ALMOST W/W STATE) TO ShE RUDSIAN 1985 - KAD (TO-551) IS KPATSOT FOR TH-NATSURVEY CO-60 20.7 Daly Q1997 NOT REQUIRED FUN FIT OF TE DATA Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED BOTT ZONES (24-35 5 40-55 Analyst Name Randall Ruce S/W ver (TFGROSS) U2, 20

filein := "two40-55.txt"

## Well 22-09-01

2 - COMPONENT FIT

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1}$$

$$net := A^{<7>}$$
  $bkg := A^{<6>}$ 

N := last(yr) N = 659 i := 0...N k := 0...300 j := 0...2991st Isotope is  $\frac{5.6 - 12.5}{(5.27 \text{ yrs})}$   $\tau co := 2.77$  aco := 510

$$N = 659$$

$$i := 0..N$$

$$k := 0..300$$

2nd Isotope is Ru-106 (1.02 yrs) τ2 := 1.020 a2 := 1800

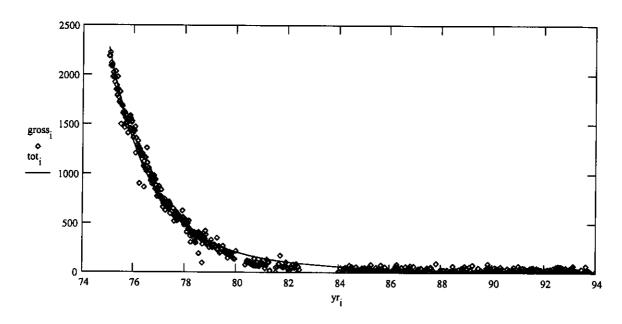
$$Co_i := aco \cdot e^{-\left(yr_i - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{rco}}$$

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^{2}}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

$$ssq(aco,a2)=0 1=$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

$$R_0 - 10L$$

$$\alpha 2 = 1.8 \cdot 10^3$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{rco}$$

$$X2_{i} := \alpha 2 \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \frac{\ln(2)}{r2}$$

$$x_2 := \alpha_2 \cdot e^{-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{r_2}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

$$\frac{\alpha \cos \alpha}{\alpha \cos \alpha} = 0.286$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$

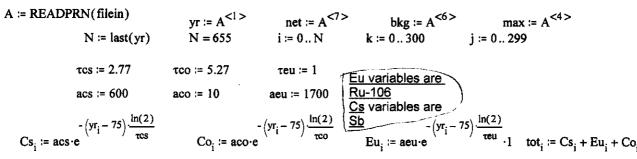
$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

atio 
$$\frac{76}{RV} \frac{Co_N^2}{X^2N} = 994.02^2$$

filein := "GTP40-55.txt"

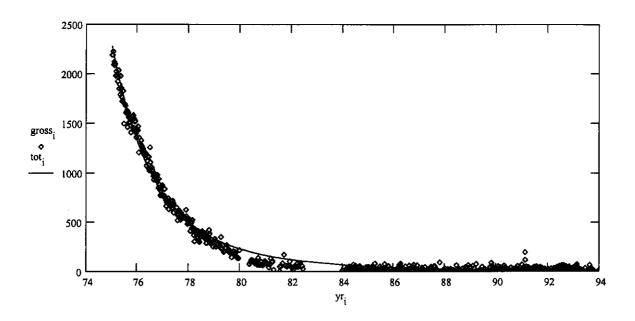
Well 22-09-01

3-Comformer FIT



 $gross_i := net_i$ 

#### This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3,a2) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau cs}} + \left[ a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau eu}} + a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

# Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

)	Borehole $B7/22-09-02$ Log Date: $75-01-091^{st}$			Total # Surveys 476 # neutron surveys 5 93-12-28 Last		# GR Surveys <u>468</u> Presentation Plot Dates		
	Isotope from	n Spectral Sur tion Zone Dep	rvey: <u>Cs-7</u> th(s): <u>O-7</u>	37 (200	1434 M	(If different from 1 <sup>st</sup> & Last)  9x9 12-7)  Max Survey Depth 100  42-64		
1	Survey Date	num. Gaps a	pprox #Sampl's C		GAPS.Txt			
	76-07-21	4.6	8 0	Junient	<del></del> -			
	77-06-02	<del></del>	100					
	77-08-12		45					
	80-09-17		90		<del> </del>			
		_ <del></del>						
					HI-ZONES.T	`xt		
ı	Survey Date		d approx #Samp's	Comment				
ı	76-07-21	NO RADZOM						
1		BWRONG Ho						
ļ	77-11-23							
ľ		NO RAOZA						
- 1	85-07-31			MISSIN	MISSING ACTIVITY AT SUXRAGE			
يا ر	92-02-13	BAO RUN	100			<del></del>		
					BackGnd.Tx	•		
Г	Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment		
ļ		7. CLEAN	84	40%	29,5			
ŀ	76-10-15	AUGBKG	97	6070	3%/			
г	76-10-21	T	98	65%	39,5			
	77-06-02		96	3/70	1.3			
- 1	77-08-12		49	30%	347			
	17-12-01	AUGBKU	98	6870	37.9			
	74-10-03	AUG-BIEL	98	64%	38.5			
	92-02-73	3 CURAU	98	0%	0.0			
			. –					
г	Analysis Notes							
}	num surveys rejected: (0) ZERO Background = (0 sval < 50) 3 Y-42 G-7							
╟	0	·		<del> </del>		··		
╁				<u> </u>				
┝		<del></del>						
-			<del></del>					
}				·	<del></del>			
$\mathbf{L}$	Category (C	table TE Acti	wity Undeterm	nined CUA	NGED			
/L	Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED							
	Analyst Nam	ne Mar	rdall	u co	_ S/W	ver (TFGROSS) VZ-ZO.		

# Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

/	Borehole $BY(22-69-05)$ Log Date: $75-01-091^{st}$			# neutron surveys _ 5 #			s <u>562</u>		
	Isotope from Contaminat	n Spectral Su ion Zone De	urvey: <u>Cユー</u> pth(s): <u>40-</u>	37 58,0	-10		Max Survey Depth 100		
	GAPS.Txt								
	Survey Date	num. Gaps	approx #Sampl's (						
	75-06-00	<del></del>	98						
	76-67-2		42						
	76-04-0	1	95						
	77-06-0		100						
	80-09-18		95			31. 2. 2. <u>12</u> 1.			
	•	-		I	H-ZONES.T	`xt			
	Survey Date	Reason Select	ted approx #Samp'	s Comment					
	75-04-09	HIBKG	. 100						
	79-119-0	141-BK	6 100						
	,	HI-BK	i i						
		g Tour FAT							
	93-04-13	HI BRO	100						
,									
<i>!</i> '							<del></del>		
					BackGnd.Tx	t			
j		_	d num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment			
	75-04-04	AVEBRE		71%	<u> 377</u>				
ı	76-07-21	7 CLEA	45	6%	<u> 227</u>				
	76-10-21	AUG BKG		91%	36,7				
ŀ	77-06-02	AVE BISC	5 96	86%	40,0				
ŀ		7. Cusa		50%	18 2				
ŀ	19-03-22	AUG-BKG	97	100%	11.6				
ŀ	3 3-10-29	AUG-BIKG		7%	48,4				
l	7 ブリケール3	TO CLEAN	7b	19%	328				
				4	1! 37 :				
Г		1 /^\	7		nalysis Note		12017		
ŀ	num surveys rejected: (0) $ZRRO$ Background = $(0 \le val \le 50)$ 12-38								
-									
-									
ŀ		<del></del>		<del>-</del> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<del></del>		
-									
ŀ	· <u>-</u>								
ŀ	Catana /C	toble TE A :	Ministra	ATTA Laniar	NCED	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
			tivity, Undeter		NGED	· <del></del>			
	Analyst Name Randall Pura S/W ver (TFGROSS) V2-20.								

## filein := "GTP40-58.txt" Well 22-09-05

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$max := A^{<4>}$$

N := last(yr)

$$N = 548$$

$$i := 0..N$$

$$i := 0..N$$
  $k := 0..300$   $j := 0..299$ 

$$j := 0..299$$

1st Isotope is Cs (30.17 yrs) τco := 30.17

$$\tau co := 30.1$$

2nd Isotope is Sb-125 (2.77 yrs) τ2 := 2.77

$$a2 = 250$$

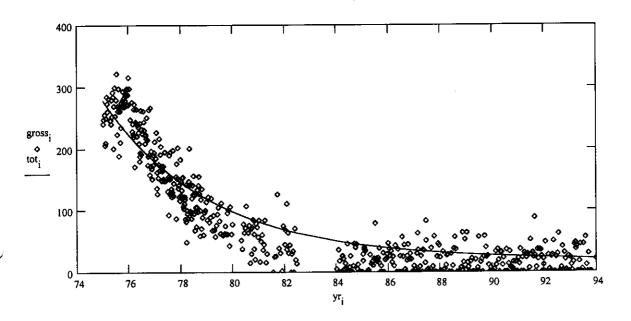
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}$$
Co. := aco·e

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^{2}}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

$$ssq(aco, a2)=0$$

$$1 = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

$$aco = 29.993$$

$$\alpha 2 = 250.811$$

$$\frac{\alpha co}{\alpha 2} = 0.12$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}} \qquad X2_{i} := \alpha 2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}}$$

$$X2 := \alpha 2 \cdot \epsilon$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{r^{2}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

$$out^{<1>} = to$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out Ratio Sb/Cs

# Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole $B^{7}(22-69-07)$	Total # Surve			
	# neutron surveys _ 5 # GR Surveys 5			
Log Date: $75-01-10$ 1st	93-12-28	Last	Presentation 1	Plot Dates 75-05-16
Isotone from Spectral Survey: (C	16 20.			(If different from 1st & Last)
Isotope from Spectral Survey: <u>CS</u> Contamination Zone Depth(s): <u>20</u>	640-	16-100	25-85FT)	Max Survey Depth 97
Contamination Zone Depth(s)	- 12/	CO / P	0 (178 973)	
		GAPS.Txt		
Survey Date   num. Gaps   approx #Sampl':	Comment	OIII D. IAL		
76-07-21 17 60	1			
76-07-28 54 80	<u> </u>			
77-06-02 47 95	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
77-08-12 22 90		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
80-09-17 22 90				
82-01-27 18 100	j	HI-ZONES.	Γxt	
Survey Date Reason Selected approx #Sam				<del></del>
75-03-27 BADSURVEN 170				·····
73-06-03 HI-BICC 100				
76-67-28 BAD SURVEY 70				
78-03-22 BADSURVEY 100				
79-10-03 HI-BKG 100				
92-02-13 TOOL FAIL 100				
		BackGnd.Tx	ct	
Survey Date Reason Selected num. Sample	es Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment	
75-06-05 07.CLEN 97	0%	0.0		<del></del>
76-49-09 BURN 96	42%	41-2		
77-06-02 AUGBEL 95	50%	2.0		
78-03-22 AUL BKG 96	840	18.1		
79-10-03 % CIASA 96	7%	45.4		
90-09-17 % CUEN 89	4/2	3/2		
82-01-27 ANG BKG 95	80%	18.0		
92-02-13 % CLEN 96	0%	0.0		
	A	analysis Note	es	
num surveys rejected: (0) ZERO			= (0 <val<50)< td=""><td><del></del></td></val<50)<>	<del></del>
ALSO FIT GTR FOR 3				
			<del></del>	
				<del></del>
Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undete	rmined, CHA	NGED	<del></del>	
		****		
Analyst Name <u>Candall</u>	Tura	_ S/W	ver (TFGROSS)	VZ. 20.

filein := "two20-64.txt"

### Well 22-09-07

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1} > net := A^{<7} >$$

$$bkg := A^{<6} > max := A^{<4} >$$

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 463$$

$$k := 0..300$$
  $j := 0..299$ 

1st Isotope is Sb125 (2.77 yrs)  $\tau co = 2.77$ 

$$\tau co := 2.77$$

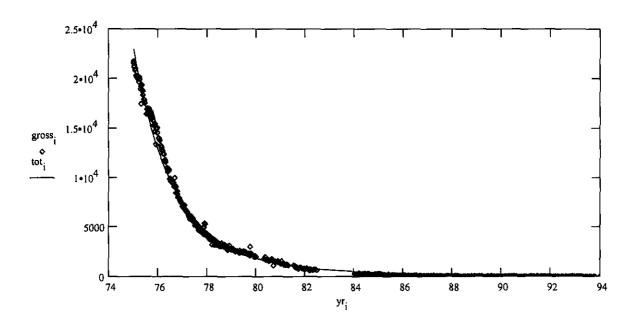
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}$$

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^{2}}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}} \qquad X2_{i} := \alpha 2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}}$$

$$\mathbf{y}_{2} := \mathbf{v}_{2} \cdot \mathbf{r}_{i} - 75 \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^{2}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

$$\frac{\alpha \cos}{\beta \omega} = 0.22$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

Ratio Sb/Ru 
$$\frac{\text{Co}_{\text{N}}}{\text{X2}_{\text{N}}} = 778.$$

filein := "GTP20-40.txt" Well 22-09-07

A := READPRN(filein)

$$net := A^{<7>}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

$$max := A^{<4}$$

N := last(yr)

$$N = 465$$
  $i := 0...N$ 

$$i := 0$$
 N

$$k := 0..300$$
  $j := 0..299$ 

1st Isotope is Sb125 (2.77 yrs) τco := 2.77

$$aco := 0$$

2nd Isotope is Ru106 (1.02 yrs) τ2 := 1.02

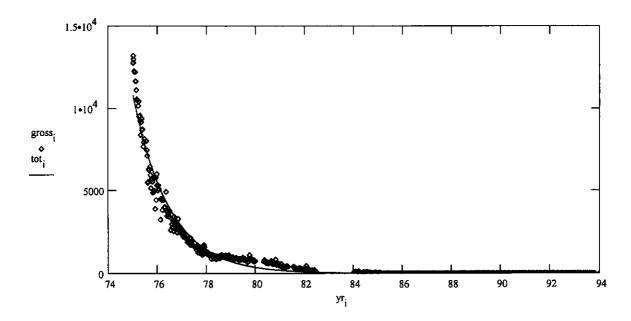
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}$$
Co. := aco:e

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau_{2}}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

gross; := net;

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

$$ssq(aco,a2)=0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

$$\alpha co = -453.63$$

$$\alpha 2 = 1.17 \cdot 10^4$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}} \qquad X2_{i} := \alpha 2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}}$$

$$-(yr_i)$$

$$\frac{\alpha co}{\alpha 2} = -0.039$$

$$out^{<0>} := yt$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

$$\frac{33_{\text{N}}}{X2_{\text{N}}} = -134.99$$

## filein := "GTP40-50.txt" Well 22-09-07

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1>}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
  $net := A^{<7>}$   $bkg := A^{<6>}$   $max := A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr)

$$N = 472$$

$$i := 0...N$$

$$N = 472$$
  $i := 0...N$   $k := 0...300$   $j := 0...299$ 

1st Isotope is Sb125 (2.77 yrs) τco := 2.77

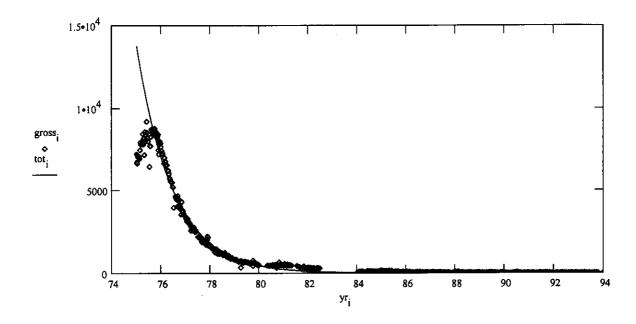
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau \cos(2)}$$
Co. := aco·e

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(aco,a2)=0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

 $\alpha co = 2.009 \cdot 10^3$   $\alpha 2 = 8.467 \cdot 10^3$ 

$$\alpha^2 = 8.467 \cdot 10^3$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}$$

$$X2_{i} := \alpha 2 \cdot e - \left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{r^{2}}$$

$$X2. := \alpha 2 \cdot e$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

$$\frac{\alpha \sigma}{\alpha 2} = 0.237$$

$$\frac{\text{Co}_{\text{N}}}{\text{X2}_{\text{N}}} = 825.736$$

#### filein := "GTP50-64.txt" Well 22-09-07

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$  bkg :=  $A^{<6>}$  max :=  $A^{<4>}$ 

N := last(yr)

$$N = 469$$

N = 469 i := 0...N

$$k := 0..300$$
  $j := 0..299$ 

1st Isotope is Sb125 (2.77 yrs) τοο := 2.77

$$\tau co := 2.77$$

aco := 2930

$$a2 := 180$$

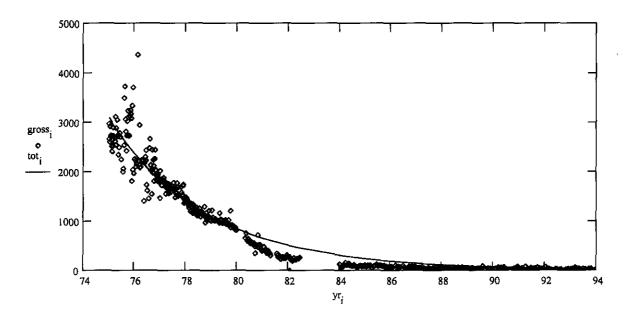
$$-(yr_i - 75) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\text{reo}}$$
Co. := aco·e

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^{2}}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(aco,a2)=0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

 $\alpha co = 2.921 \cdot 10^3$   $\alpha 2 = 183.627$ 

$$\alpha^2 = 183.627$$

$$Co_i := \alpha co \cdot e$$

$$Co_{i} := \alpha co \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{tco}} \qquad X2_{i} := \alpha 2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{t2}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2} = 15.91$$

out<sup><0></sup> := yr out<sup><1></sup> := tot WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out Ratio Sb/Ru 
$$\frac{Co_N}{X2_N} = 5.538 \cdot 10^4$$

			Dry	Well Sur	vey Analy	sis - Notes	042 368
		Borehole <u>BY(22-97-08)</u>		Total # Surveys 402		_ Probe Type _ # GR Survey	04 142 29 (1980
	Log Date: <b>30-67-24</b> 1st			93-12-28 Last		Presentation	Plot Dates
		Isotope from Spectral Survey: <u>C5</u> Contamination Zone Depth(s): <u>16-</u>		(1200 p 30, 43 9	a/g Q 1	24 FT) 4	(If different from 1 * & Last)  Max Survey Depth 78
					GAPS.Txt	0	
	Survey Date	num. Gaps	pprox #Sampl's	Comment	OIH OIH		
	80-69-17	2/	95				
			<u></u>				
					HI-ZONES.T	Γxt	
	Survey Date		ed approx #Samp	's Comment			
4		Ronzone		_			
7	90-06-5A						
	91-02-194						
	93-04-13	BADSURVE	100				
_	93-04-273	BADSIN	160				
	80-01-224	BAD SURU	2 5D		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq. Clean	BackGnd.Tx		·
	80-69-17	To Clen	9_3	663	Avg. Bkg	Comment	
	T			8842			
94		AULBKG		0875	385	<u> </u>	
′	81-07-23			87%	340/		
	93-04-13	% CLEAN	96	10%	44.5		
1	88-02-21	AVG BKG	96	95%	6-2		
′				<del>                                     </del>			
L							
				<i></i>	Analysis Note	s	
Ŀ	num surveys	rejected: (0)	ZBRO		Background	= (0<\val<50)	55-74
	16-30 F	7 ( HIC	H C/5-	TOOL D	T PROBS		
						<del></del>	
ı			<del>-</del> ·		<del></del>		
t						<del>-</del> ·	
ŀ				<del></del>			
L	Category: (Sta	able TF Acti	vity IIndete-	mined CUA	NGED		
<b>-</b> /L	Category. (Su		-4	innieu, CHA	NOED	<del></del> .	
	Analyst Name	Kano	tall Ou	<u></u>	_ S/W ·	ver <u>(TFGROSS)</u>	V2.20.

Total # Surveys 559

# neutron surveys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

93-12-29 Last

Isotope from Spectral Survey: CS (A 35A7) Co 21-50A7

Contamination Zone Depth(s): 0-10, 16-25, 38-52

num. Gaps approx #Sampl's Comment

Borehole B4(22-69-11)

Log Date: 75-01-091st

Survey Date

## Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

GAPS.Txt

Probe Type 04

# GR Surveys 572

Presentation Plot Dates

(If different from 1st & Last)

Max Survey Depth 100

16-07-03		700				
77-06-02	13	100				
90-09-17	13	90				
	-					
				HI-ZONES.	Γxt	
Survey Date		d approx #Samp's	Comment			
78-03-22	A BAO SU.	ever 95		<u> </u>		
	SHORTSU					
85-12-300	HI-BKG	100				
			,			
				BackGnd.Tx	kt	
	Reason Selected		Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment	
	AVG BKG	98	63%	424		
	AUGBKC		62%	41.2		
	AVG BKG		78%	38.0		
	AUG BKan	98	24%	/. 5		
	AUGBRG	97	8370	36,2		
85-08-27	AVGBKG	98	8.92	19.7		
			<i>P</i>	Analysis Note		
	rejected: (0)			Background	1=(0 <vol>50) 60-90x</vol>	
0-10 7	F ACTIU	174				
-16-25 FT ( PROBABLY 3- ISOTOPE DETAU) Co Co. Sb						
C5=	-106, <b>So</b> -12	5=214 A.	7 /1975	5.6/65	= 0.028@ 12-93	
38-52 DZCAY > KU-108 (1975-1976) & BUT RATE DECK 1975-76						
15 CX	EATER	THAN RU	1706 (	DATA A	BOUR (CIRUX)	
-						
Category: (S	table, TF Acti	vity, Undetern	nined, CHA	NGED		
<del></del>	e Ran				ver (TFGROSS) V2 20	

## Well 22-09-11

A := READPRN(filein)

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7}$ 

$$bkg := A^{<6} >$$

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 54$$

$$N = 545$$
  $i := 0...N$ 

$$j := 0..299$$

$$Sb-125$$
  
 $tco := 2.77$   $tcs := 30.17$ 

$$\tau cs := 30.17$$

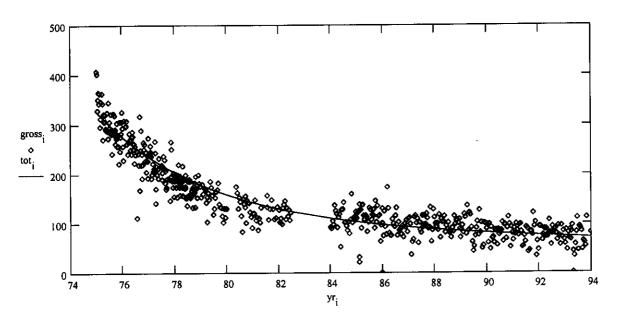
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\cdot\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau cs}$$

$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{m(2)}{rco}$$
Co. := aco.e

$$tot_i := Cs_i + Co_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

#### This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau cs}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha cs \\ \alpha co \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(acs, aco)$$

$$\alpha cs = 105.825$$

$$56-125$$
 $000 = 214.287$ 

$$-(yr_i - Cs_i := \alpha cs \cdot e)$$

$$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{u}_{i} := \alpha \mathbf{co} \cdot \mathbf{e}$$

$$= 0.494$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

$$\frac{Co_{N}}{Cs_{N}} = 0.028$$

# Contamination (Co-60) from 45 to 55 feet is Stable Contamination (Co-60) from 55 to 75 feet <u>UNSTABLE</u> early

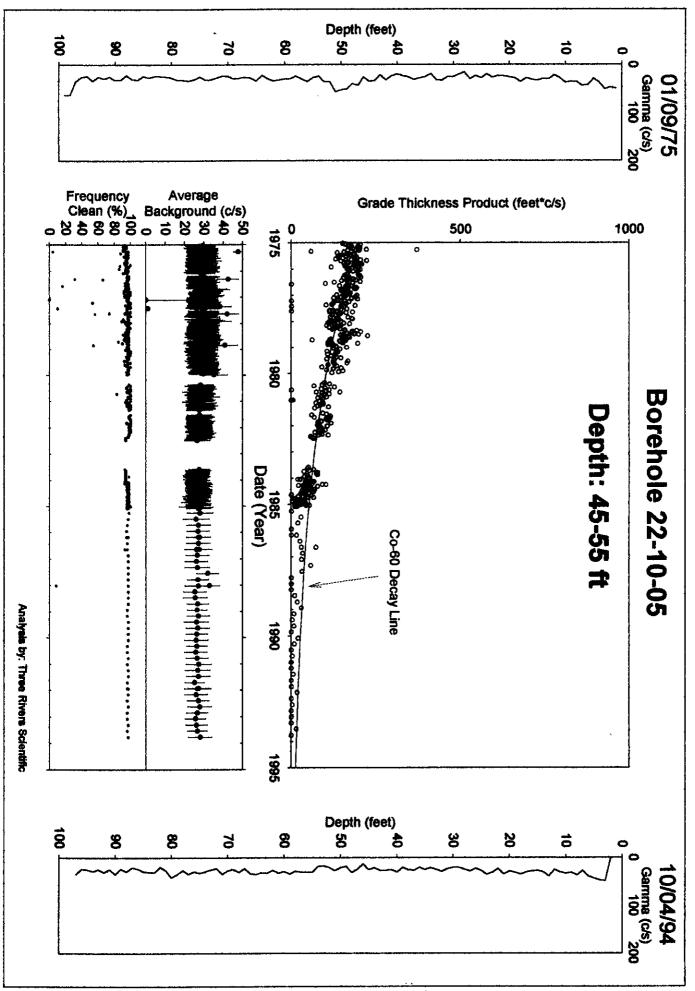
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (45-55 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) between 1975 and 1994.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (55-75 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1979 to 1994. However, from 1975 to 1979 the radiation zone was below the Co-60 decay rate (i.e. increasing radioactive contaminants.) The activity in the radiation zone is at low levels.

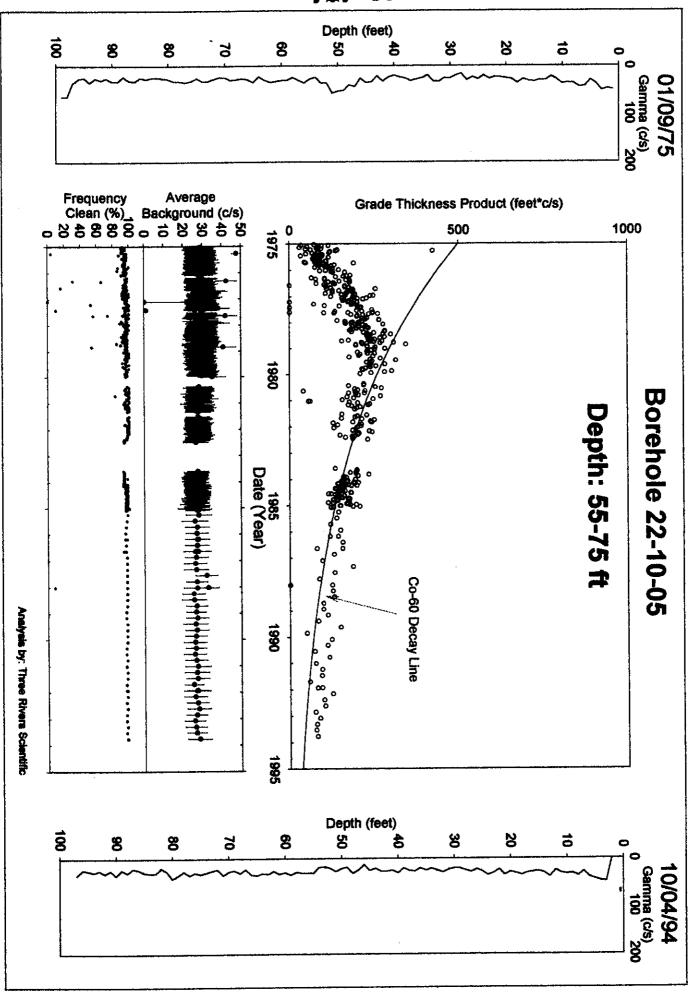
Gross Gamma Survey Information

Gross Garmina Sc	ii vey iiiioziixatioii		
Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator		
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (4 surveys)		
Borehole Depth:	100 ft		
Survey Depth :	100 ft		
First Survey Date :	1/09/1975		
Last Survey Date :	10/4/1993		
Number Surveys:	400		

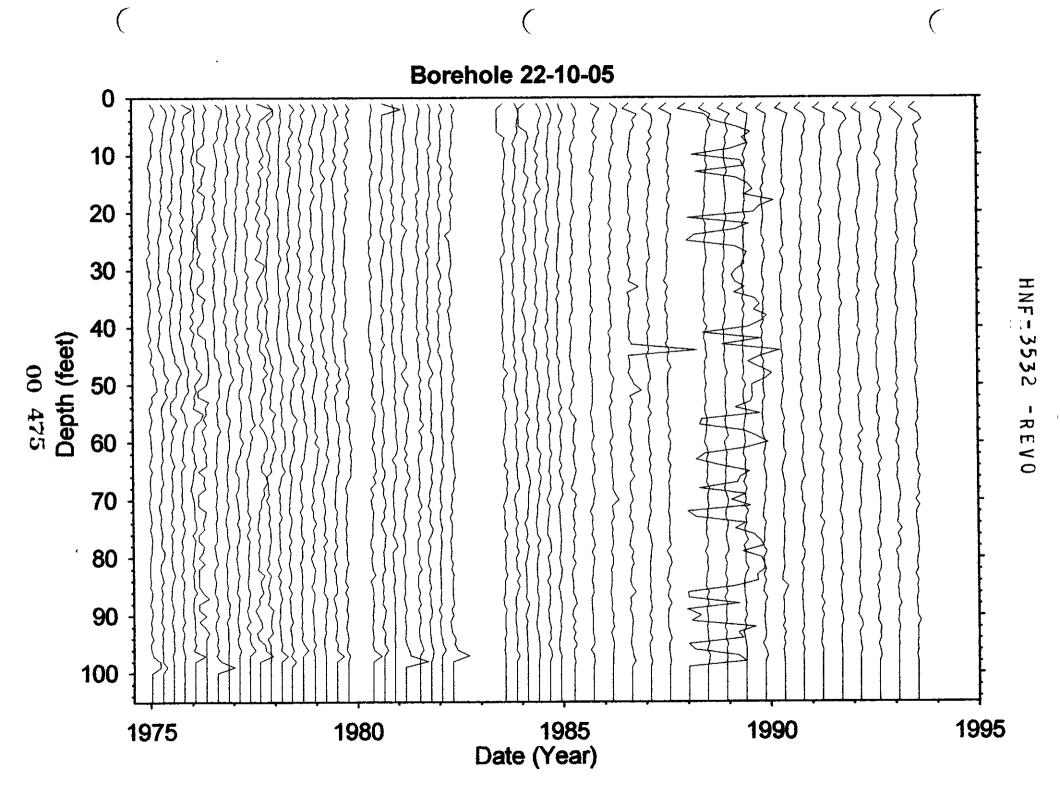
I ALESSA V	3 1 ( ) ( )
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	20 to 40 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	45-55 feet is Stable 55-75 feet was UNSTABLE early
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific



HNE-3535 -REVO



HNE-3225 - BEAO



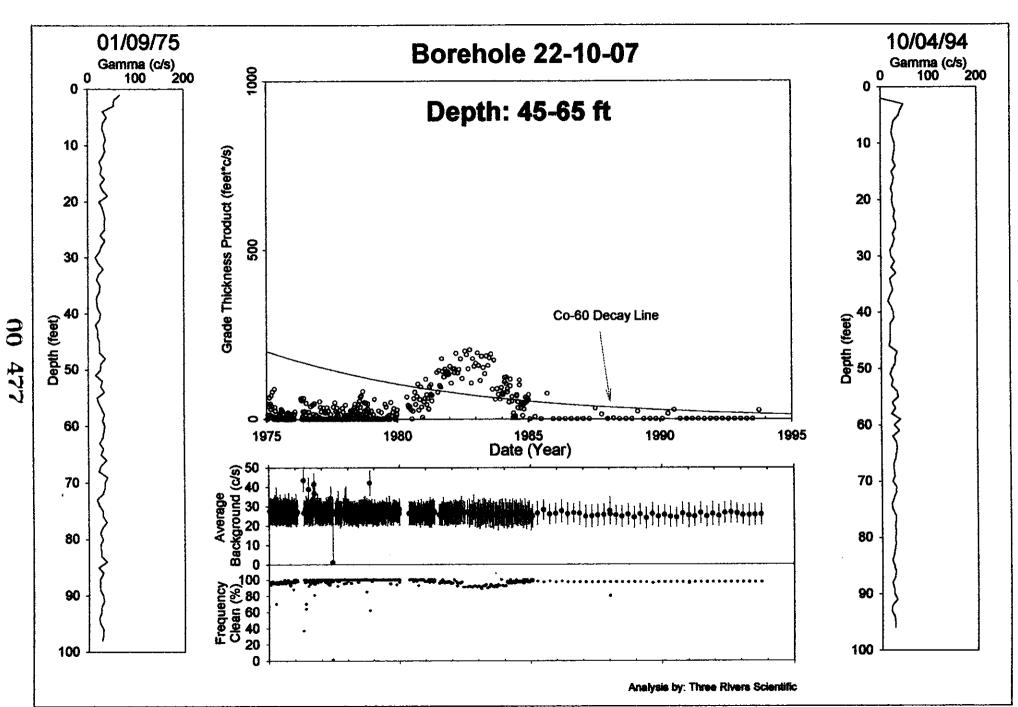
#### Contamination (Co-60) from 45 to 65 feet UNSTABLE

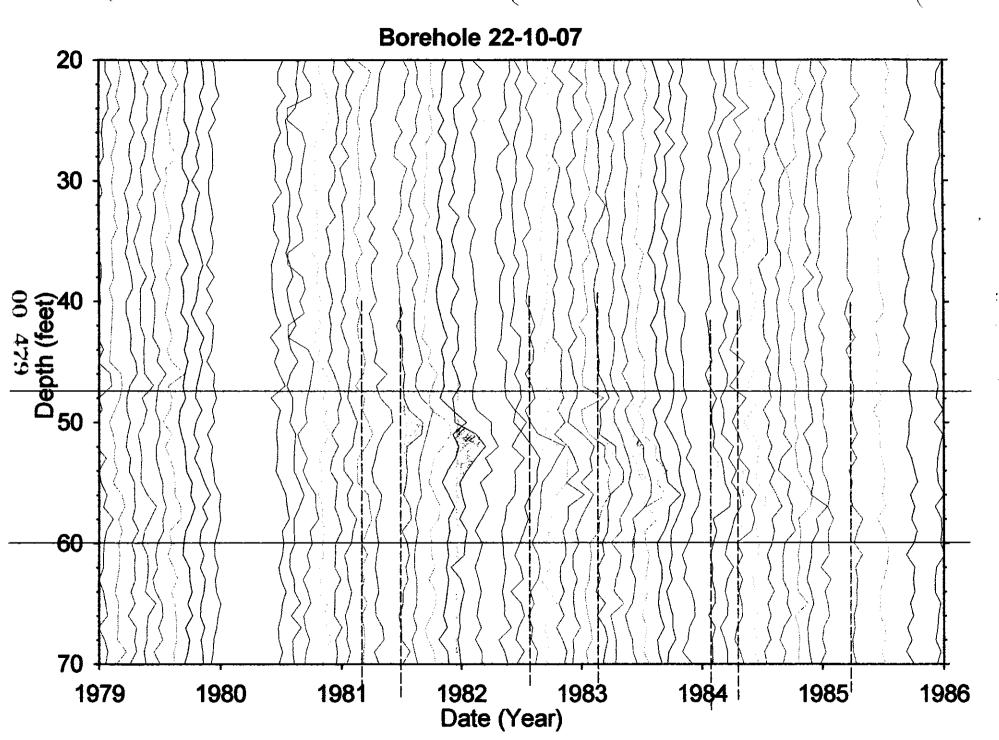
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (45-65 feet) shows only background activity except for a brief time period (1980-1985) in which radioactive contaminants migrated past the gamma probe investigation radius. During the time period of 1980 to 1983 the contaminant concentration was increasing, followed by a brief period from 1983 to 1985 of decreasing activity. The rate of decrease of the grade thickness product does not appear to be the decay of a stable radionuclide. A half life decay curve for Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) is shown to demonstrate that the radioactive contaminants were not stable.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator					
03: Neutron (4 surveys)					
100 ft					
100 ft					
1/09/1975					
10/4/1993					
377					

2 11101 y 51	101000
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background :	Threshold (0< val < 50)
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	45-65 feet <u>UNSTABLE</u>
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific
Analysis by .	THE RIVERS SCIENTIFIC





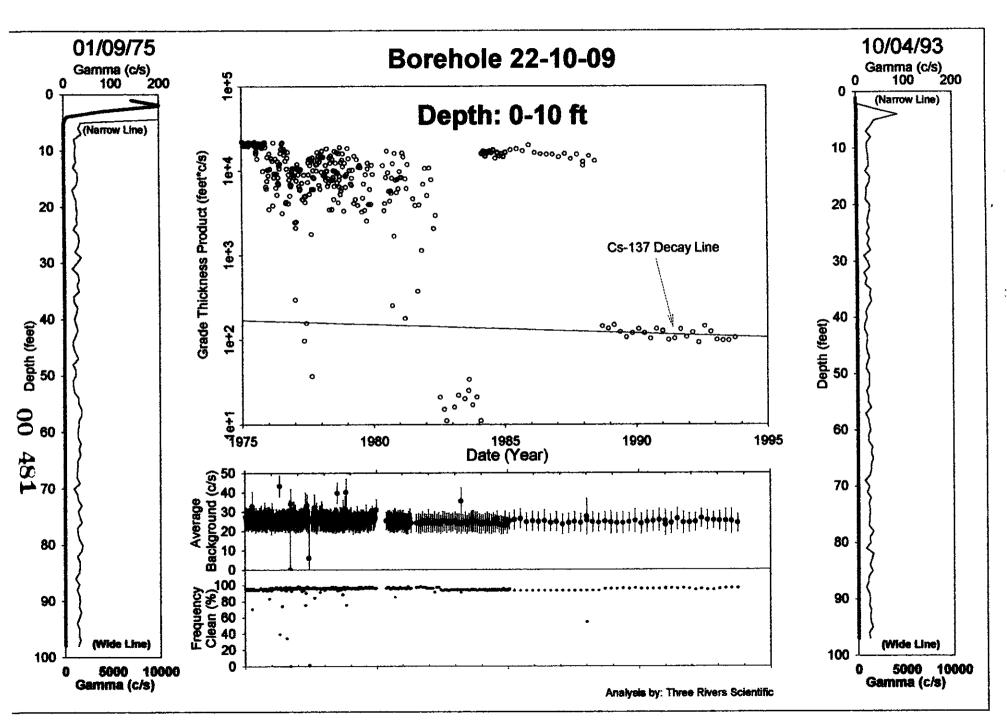
#### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 10 feet is TF Activity

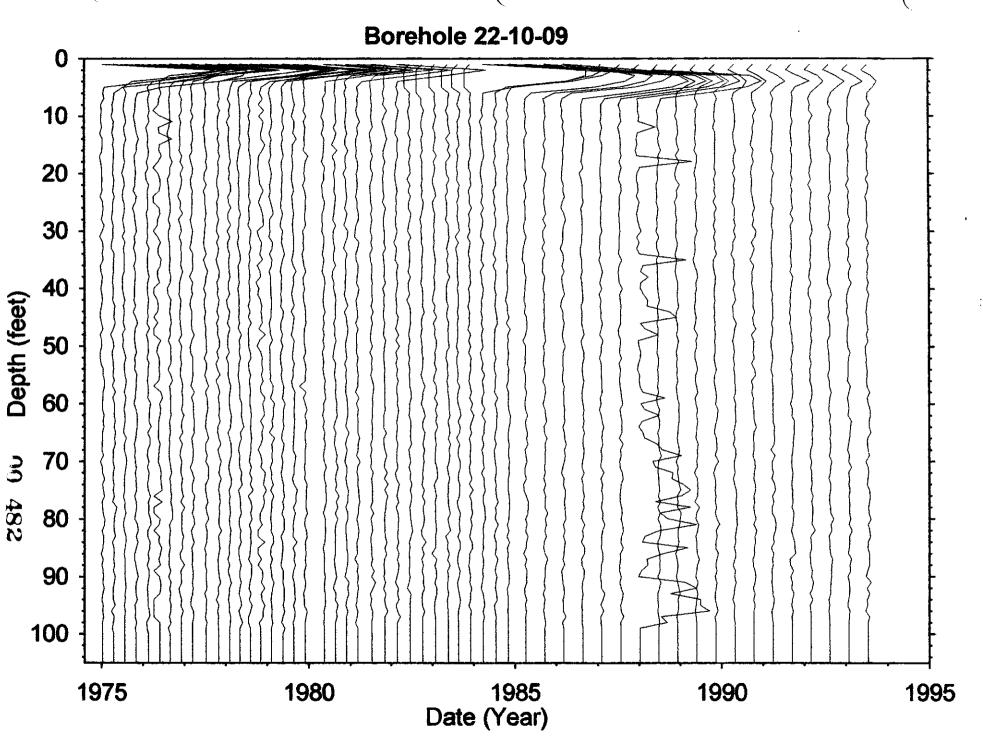
Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic for the 20 years of survey data and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Changes in the logging procedure when logging surface radiation zones perturbs reliable calculation of the Grade Thickness Product. A decay line for Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) fitted to the last few survey values is presented.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator		
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (5 surveys)		
Borehole Depth:	100 ft		
Survey Depth:	100 ft		
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975		
Last Survey Date:	10/4/1993		
Number Surveys:	364		

2 22165 7 52	3 110103
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	10 to 40 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 feet is TF Activity
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific





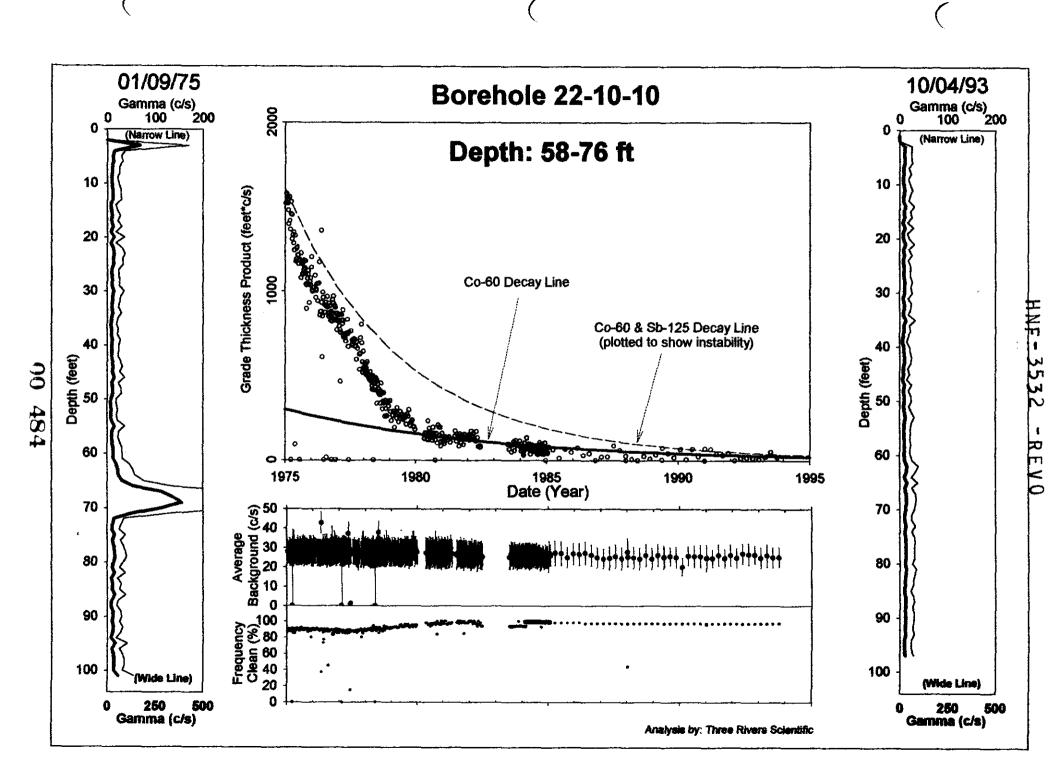
#### Contamination (Co-60) from 58 to 76 feet **UNSTABLE** early

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (58-76 feet) exhibits a rate of change that does not fit the gross gamma response characteristics for a stable radioactive zone. The high rate of decrease from 1975 to 1985 in the gamma-ray activity is confirmed by multiple and frequent surveillance logs. The conclusion is that the radioactive zone (58-76 feet) from 1975 to 1980 was not stable. The Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) decay line fits the grade thickness product data from 1980 to 1995 and is used to establish the later stability. A combined decay line of Sb-125 (hypothesis) & Co-60 is presented on the plot for reference to show the poor fit.

**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator		
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (4 surveys)		
Borehole Depth:	100 ft		
Survey Depth:	100 ft		
First Survey Date:	01/09/1975		
Last Survey Date:	10/04/1993		
Number Surveys:	406		

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
Number Surveys Rejected:	0					
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0					
Method Used to Compute Background:	80 to 95 feet					
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	58-76 feet <u>UNSTABLE</u> early					
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price					
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific					



#### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Total # Surveys 406 Probe Type 64

# neutron surveys 4 # GR Surveys 400

93-10-04 Last Presentation Plot Dates

Borehole BY (22-10-05)

Log Date: 75-01-091st

(If different from 1st & Last) Isotope from Spectral Survey: Co 60 (45-75') 41 p C/g
Contamination Zone Depth(s): 45-55 55-75 7 Max Survey Depth 100 GAPS.Txt Survey Date num. Gaps approx #Sampl's Comment 7604-29 31 90 56 76-07-28 100 77-06-02 86 80-09-18 15 100 HI-ZONES.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected approx #Samp's Comment 75-04-09 HI BKC 100 76-67-28 BAO SCHUEL 40 77-02-03 TADI FAIL 100 77-03-16A BADSURVE 100 78-11-01 HI BKC 100 88-01-06 TOOL FACE BackGnd.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq. Clean Avg. Bkg Comment 75-04-09 AUG BKG 98 425 76-64-22 0% CEM 31% 42,4 76-09-28 3CLEAN 8% 16% 280 77-62-03 AULBICE 0% 0.0 10% 17-06-02 \$6 CUEAU 1.0 77-08-18 76 LLEM 78-11-01 3 CLEM 17 41,9 97 40,7 54% 88-01-06 98 325 Analysis Notes num surveys rejected: (0) ZRRO Background =  $(0 \cdot \text{val} \cdot 50)$  20 - 40POSSIBLE LOW LEVAL ZONE (BECON 1975, 5 A 756 ET - WAS MOVING DOWN) DEP TH SHIPT NOT POSSIBLE. GTP-ANACYSIS CONFIRMES DOUNLESAS MOUSENT 6975 TO 1980 Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED Analyst Name Kandall Cur

S/W ver (TFGROSS) レと。 20.

## Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole $\beta 4(22-10-07)$			Fotal # Surv	eys <u>381</u>	Probe Type O 5				
	Log Date: 75-01-09 1st			# neutron surveys		Presentation Plot Dates			
Isotope from Spectral Survey: 6 Contamination Zone Depth(s): 45			rvey: <u>6</u> -	60 -60FT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(If different from 1st & Last)  Max Survey Depth 100			
	GAPS.Txt								
	Survey Date	num, Gaps	approx #Sampl's	Comment	O/H B.TAL				
	76-05-26		95		<del></del>				
	77-06-02A	94	100		·····				
	78-09-14	14	100						
	Survey Date	Penson Salast	ed approx #Samp		HI-ZONES.7	Txt			
				's Comment					
		HI-BKG			<u> </u>				
	-			<del> </del>	<u> </u>				
	8 8 67 65	100137304	700		<u> </u>				
1		<u>*</u>		<u> </u>					
					BackGnd.Tx	xt .			
			num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment			
		Leve-74	54	100%	27.1				
	76-04-22		94	37%	43.5				
	76-05-26			642	27/				
ı	76-07-02			92%	38.9				
İ	76-09-16	AUG BKG	95	810%	41,4				
	76-09-22	AVG-BKE	1 95	9570	367				
	77-06-02	TOCOM	95	13	1.0				
L	78-11-01	HUG BKC	96	60%	42.0				
				,	Analysis Note	90			
ſ	nim surveys	rejected: (0)		<i>F</i>					
ł	num surveys rejected: (0)  Background = $(0 < val < 50)$ $65 - 90 = 7$ Low Level RAD Zone (57)								
ŀ	,//			145-60	~~ 7 ma.	CRATED THRU 1980 TO 1995			
t									
t	1 FROM	19410	SOAT -	TO 19	840 5	IN STACK PLOT			
ľ	(1)	17 01 (4-		12 11	8160 3	17-7-)			
I									
1	Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined CHANGED)								
_	Analyst Name Randall / 2000.								
	Analyst Name ( Andall ( ) Lie S/W ver (TFGROSS) V 2.20.								

## Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole $BY(22-10-09)$ Log Date: $75-01-091$ <sup>st</sup>	Total # Surveys 370 # neutron surveys 5		Probe Type 64 # GR Surveys 367					
Log Date: 75-01-091st	9 3-10-04 Last		Presentation Plot Dates					
Isotope from Spectral Survey: <u>Cs</u> Contamination Zone Depth(s): <u>07</u>	25 P (4)	g 0.5R	(If different from 1" & Last)  Max Survey Depth / 00					
GAPS.Txt								
Survey Date num. Gaps approx #Sampl's Comment								
75-12-03 13 100								
76-05-26 20 100								
76-67-28 45 65	<u> </u>							
77-06-02 95 100	<u> </u>							
80-69-17 13 95								
		H-ZONES.T	kt					
Survey Date Reason Selected approx #Sar	np's Comment							
75-04-09 HI BIEC 100								
76-04-22 HI BKG 100	_ }	<del></del>						
76-69-16 HI BKG 100								
77-08-12 BAD SURVEY 95	<del></del>							
78-11-01 HIBKG 100 -LOST RADZONE 82-1		<del></del>						
. 4 24 40 i 6 i 2	16 15 70	84-02-2	-3					
88-01-06 TOOL FAIL 100								
		BackGnd.Txt						
Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samp		Avg. Bkg ゲ32	Comment					
76-04-22 AVG BIKG 97	39%							
	347	26.0						
76-09-16 % CLEAN 98 77-06-02 AVG BKC 98	03	O 0						
	120	39.6						
	73%	40.0						
78-11-01 AUG BKC 98 88-61-06 % CLEAR 98	75% 54%	27.4						
85-01-06 18 - 180 13	77 79	27.7						
L								
	Δ	nalysis Notes						
num surveys rejected: (0) 7 GR			$=(0<\sqrt{3})(50)$ $10-40$					
nam sarvoys rojected. (b)	<u>,                                     </u>	Duckground	10 24 30) 10					
	<u> </u>							
Category: (Stable) TF Activity. Under	Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED							
	)							
Analyst Name <u>Mandall fo</u>	Analyst Name Pandall Pura S/W ver (TFGROSS) V2 20.							

## Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole $B$	7(22-11		Total # Surve	ys 410	Probe Type O 4			
		<del></del>	# neutron sur	veys <del>/</del> _	# GR Surveys 406			
Log Date: 7	5-01-09	l <sup>st</sup>	93-10-0	Last	Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1 * & Last)			
Isotope from	Isotope from Spectral Survey: Max Survey Depth 100							
Contamination	on Zone De	oth(s): 58	-76 FT					
Contamination Zone Depth(s): 58-76 FT								
Survey Date   num. Gaps   approx #Sampl's   Comment								
Survey Date		opprox #Sampi s	Comment					
75-12-03	13	<del></del>						
76-05-26	13	95	<del></del>					
77-66-02		85						
81-10-13	132	100						
<b>3</b> , 7- , 3	75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 7							
Survey Date	Peacon Salect	ed approx #Samp		HI-ZONES.T	Xt			
	TOOL FA		3 Comment					
75-05-15			<del></del>	<del></del>				
16-04-22			<del></del> -	<del></del>				
76-67-28								
71-62-03		105	_	<del></del>				
78-05-11								
8 8-01-06			<u> </u>					
8 % D1 - 00	יטקרו שנייטייי	(c 100		BackGnd.Tx	*			
Survey Date   R	leason Selecte	d num. Samples		Avg. Bkg	Comment			
75-05-15	LENGTH		89%	26.9				
76-04-22			377	428				
76-07-28		<del> </del>	45%	22/				
78-02-063	7. CLEA		0%	Och				
	AUG BKG		37%	32.Z				
78-05-11	2. CUM	98	0%	0.0				
78-06-28	AVG BKG	96	85%	37.8				
88-01-06	% Cres	98	449	27,9				
	<del></del>		<u>-:-                                   </u>	<u> </u>				
			A	Analysis Note	es			
num surveys	rejected: (0)	ZERO	<del></del>	<del></del>	= (D=val<50) 30-53 80-95A			
RAPIATION DECKY RATE (58-7657) SAME GENERAL PROFILE								
AS	C-TP		2-08-12		WELLS ARE ART IN PROXIMITY			
(5B-125								
DOBS NOT FIT IDENTITY OF OTHER ISSTORES (IF PRESENT)								
CAN NOT BE SSTABLISHED								
Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED) 20 NG 58-16 Kg								
Analyst Name Nandall Pur S/W ver (TFGROSS) V Z ZO.								

filein := "two58-76.txt"

#### Well 22-10-10

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$ 

$$bkg := A^{<6>}$$
  $max := A^{<4>}$ 

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 393$$

$$k := 0..300$$

1st Isotope is Co (5.27 yrs)

$$\tau co := 5.27$$

$$a2 := 1000$$

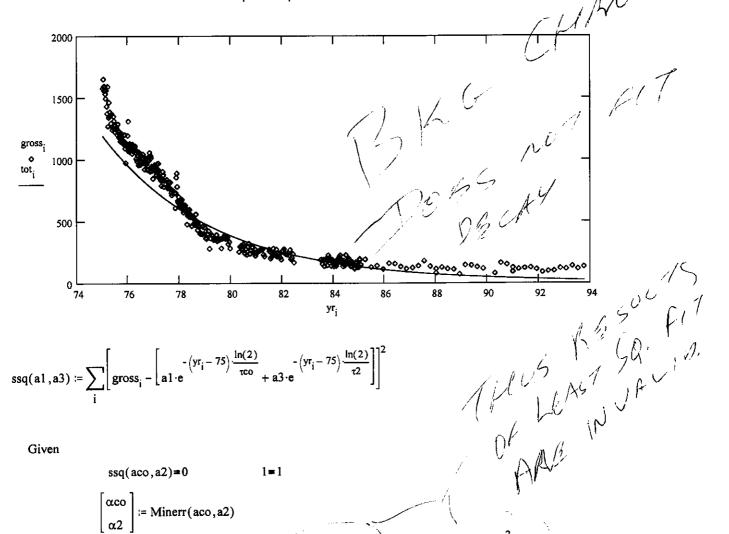
$$-\left(yr_{i}-75\right)\frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^{co}}$$

$$X2_{i} := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(aco,a2)=0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

 $\alpha \cos = -65.318$   $\alpha = 1.534 \cdot 10^3$ 

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Co}_i &:= \alpha \text{co} \cdot \text{e} \\ & & \text{X2}_i &:= \alpha \text{2} \cdot \text{e} \end{aligned}$$

$$-(yr_i - 7)$$

$$X2 := \alpha 2 \cdot e$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

$$\frac{100}{\alpha^2} = -0.043$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out

$$\frac{\text{CO}_{\text{N}}}{\text{X2}_{\text{N}}} = -0.395$$

# Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-5 and 5-10 feet is TF Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 19 to 28 feet is **UNSTABLE**

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 5 feet is erratic for the 20 years of survey data and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Changes in the logging procedure when logging surface radioactive zones perturbs reliable calculation of the Grade Thickness Product. A decay line for Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) that was fitted to the last few non-zero survey values is presented.

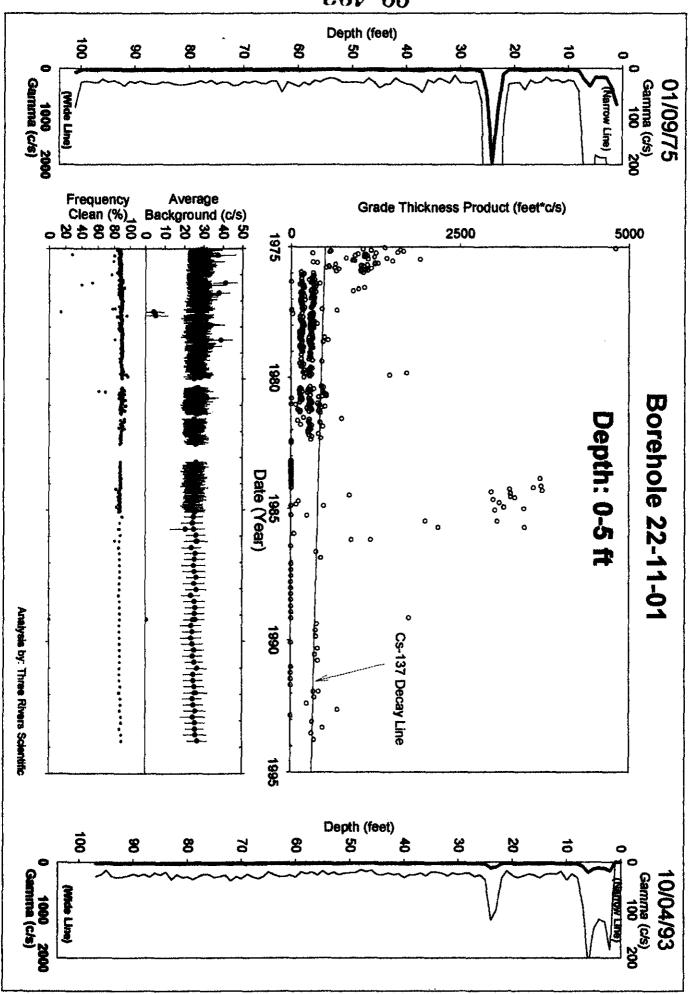
Grade Thickness Product from 5 to 10 feet is erratic from 1983 to 1986 and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1984 through 1994 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (19-28 feet) has four time intervals of changed activity. (1) Grade Thickness Product was decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) from 1975 to 1980, then a step change in concentration may have occurred. (2) From 1980 to 1983 the Grade Thickness Product continued to decrease with Cs-137 decay. (3) From 1983 to 1989 the Grade Thickness Product was erratic with five pulses of increased and decreased activity. (4) From 1989 to the end of the surveys (1993) the Grade Thickness Product has decreased dramatically.

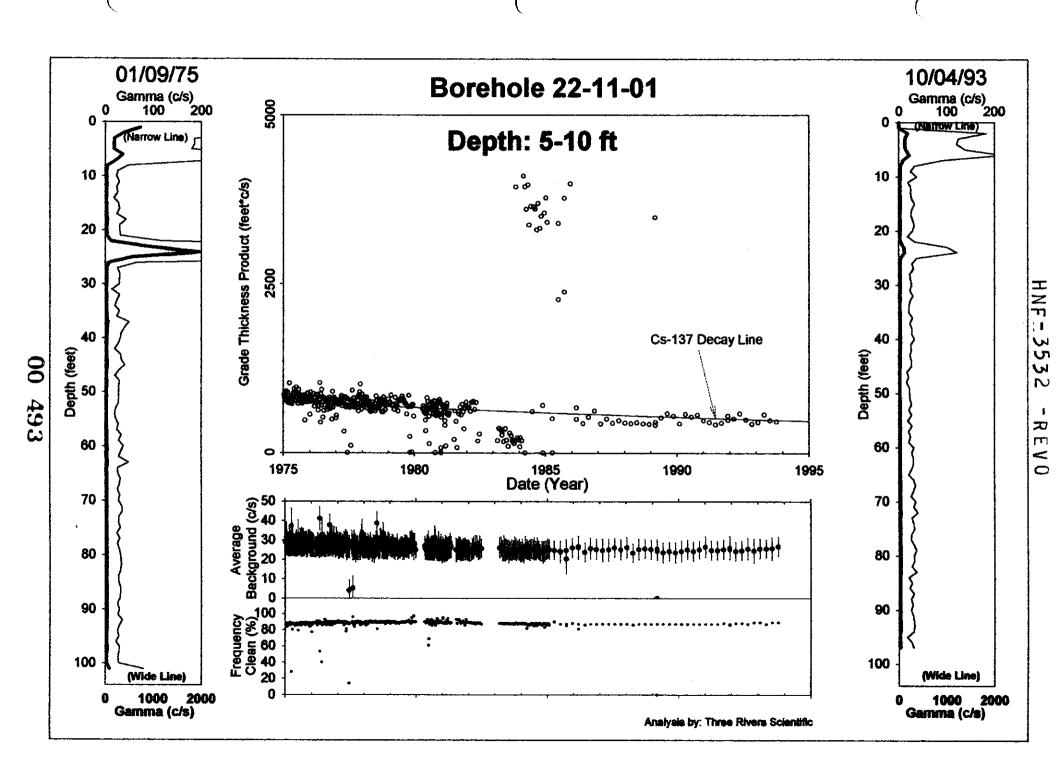
Gross Gamma Survey Information

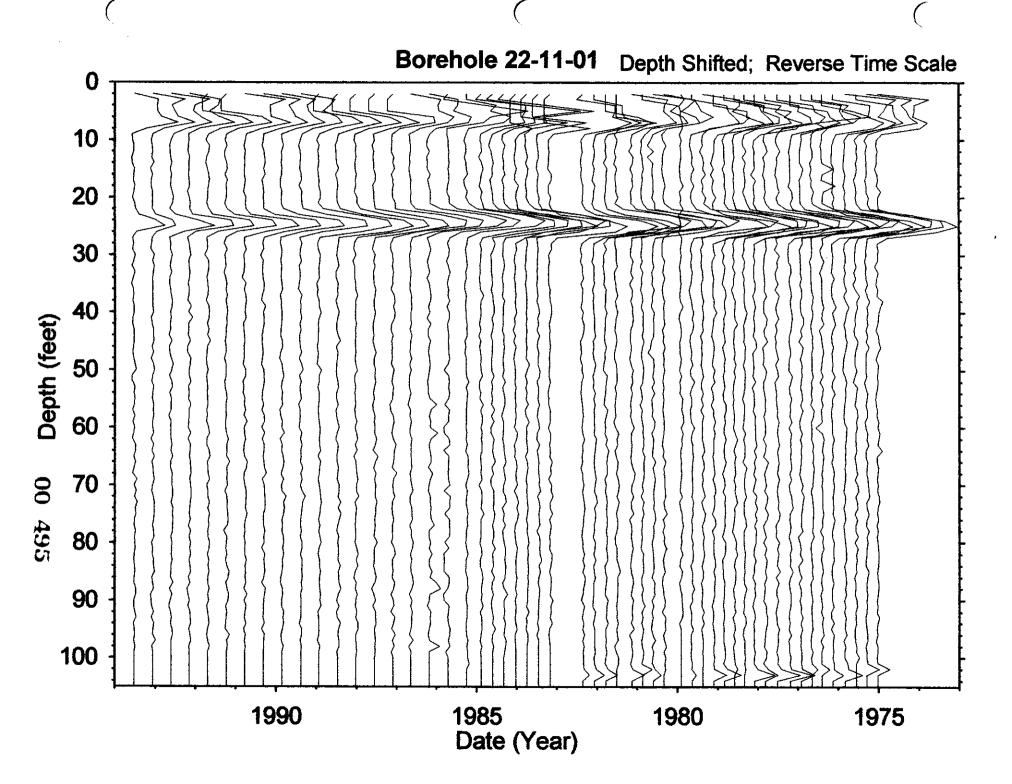
0.000 04				
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator				
03: Neutron (5 surveys)				
100 ft				
100 ft				
1/09/1975				
10/4/1993				
415				
_				

Number Surveys Rejected :	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values :	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background :	Zones 0-10': Threshold (0< val < 50) Zone 19-28': Bkg = 30-45'
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-5, 5-10 feet is TF Activity 19-28 feet is UNSTABLE
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific



HNE-3235 - BEAO





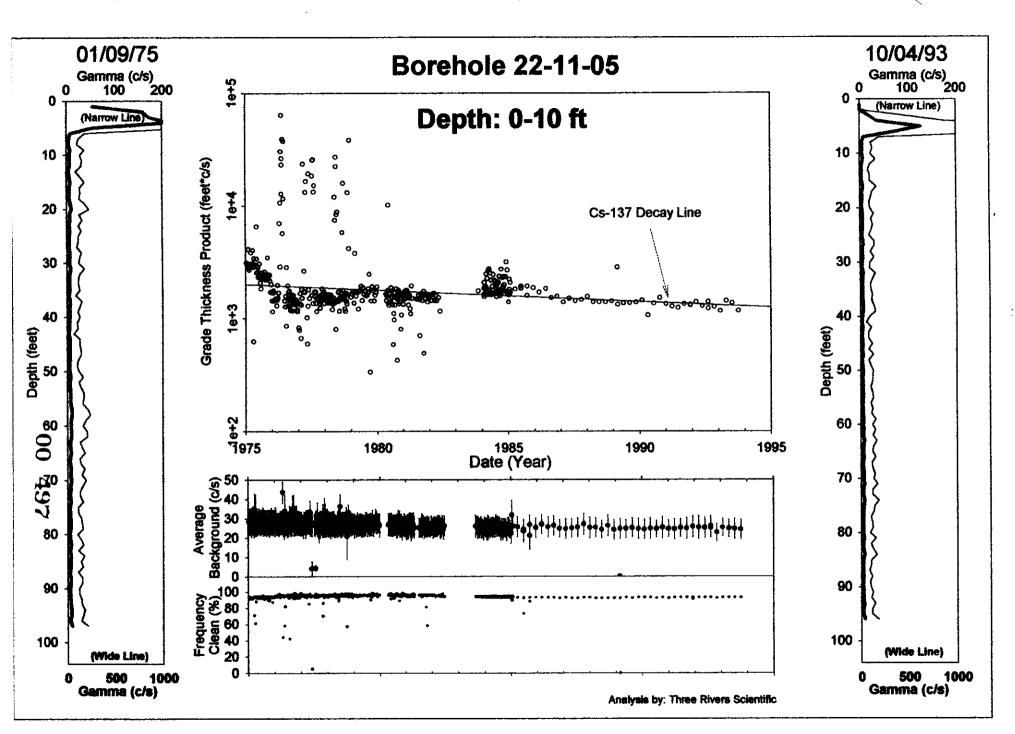
### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 10 feet is TF Activity

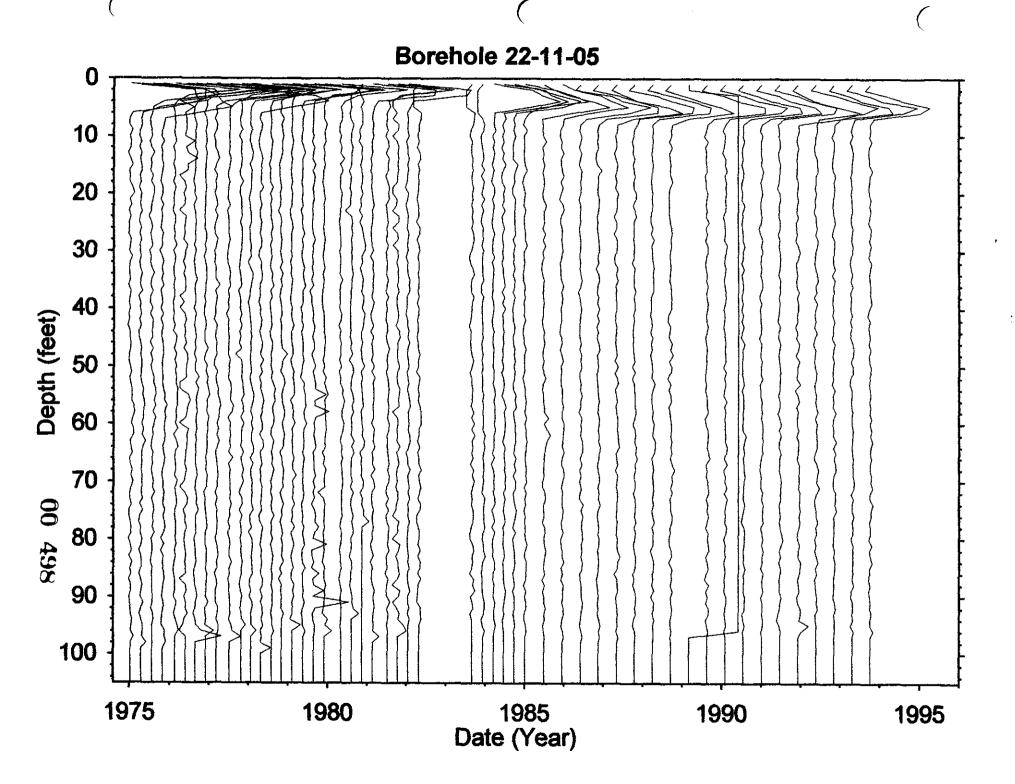
Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic from 1975 to 1985 and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. A decay line for Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) shows the surveys since 1985 are consistent with the radionuclide decay.

**Gross Gamma Survey Information** 

C. COO CHILING DOI TO INCUINCEDIA				
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator				
03: Neutron (5 surveys)				
100 ft				
100 ft				
1/09/1975				
10/4/1993				
450				

1 Elici y di		
Number Surveys Rejected:	[ 0	
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0	
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold (0< val < 50)	
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 feet is TF Activity	
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price	
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific	





#### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 10 feet is TF Activity Contamination (U-238/Pa-234 & Co-60) from 56 to 66 feet is Stable

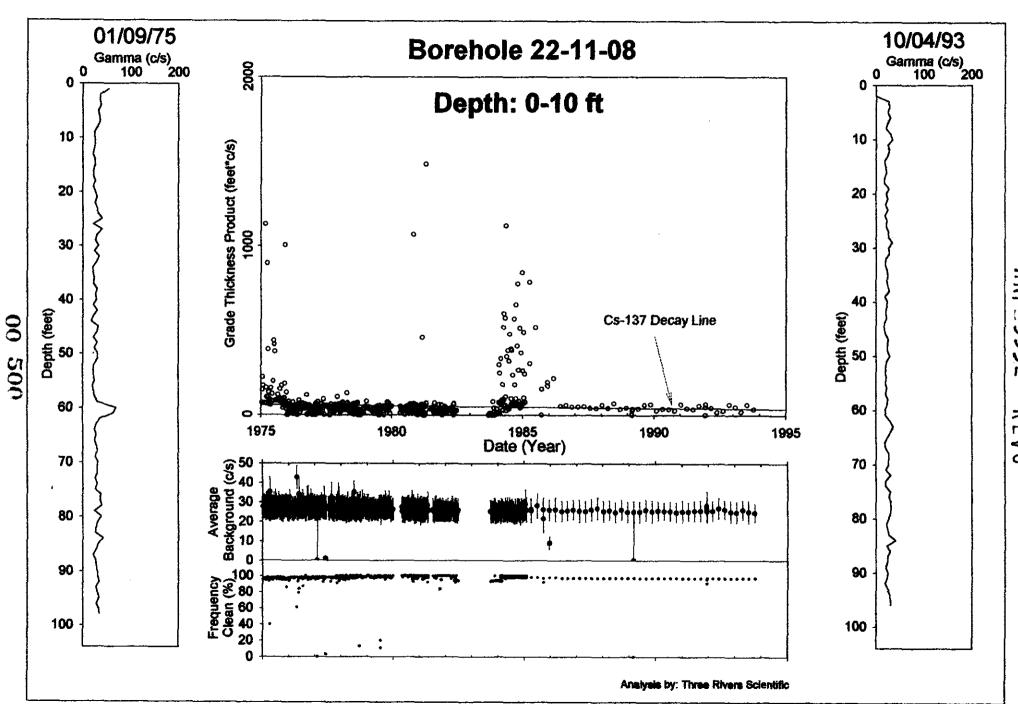
Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic during 1975, 1981, 1984 to 1986, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. A decay line for Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) is shown for reference.

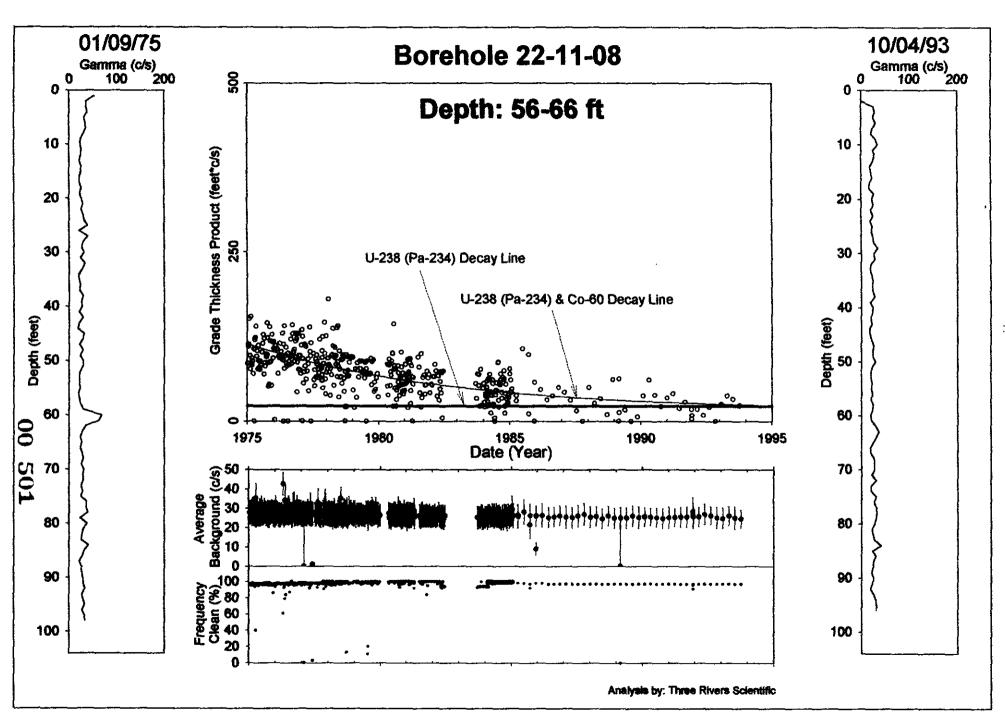
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (56-66 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity to each isotope and relative intensity at a rate consistent with a least squares fit of Co-60 (hypothesis) and U-238/Pa-234 (identified from HPGe detector) between January 1979 and October 1994. Protactinium (Pa-234) is a decay product of U-238. The least squares fit results in a gross gamma contribution ratio for Co-60 to U-238/Pa-234 of 0.5 on October 1994.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Gross Guillia Bur 107 Information				
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator				
03: Neutron (5 surveys)				
100 ft				
100 ft				
1/09/1975				
10/4/1993				
438				

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	40 to 50 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 feet is TF Activity 56-66 feet is Stable
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific





#### Borehole 22-11-09

Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 8 feet is TF Activity
Contamination (Co-60) from 20 to 34 feet is Stable
Contamination (Co-60) from 34 to 46 feet was <u>UNSTABLE</u> early

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 8 feet is erratic for the 20 years of survey data and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. A decay line for Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) is shown for reference and was fitted to the last few years of survey data.

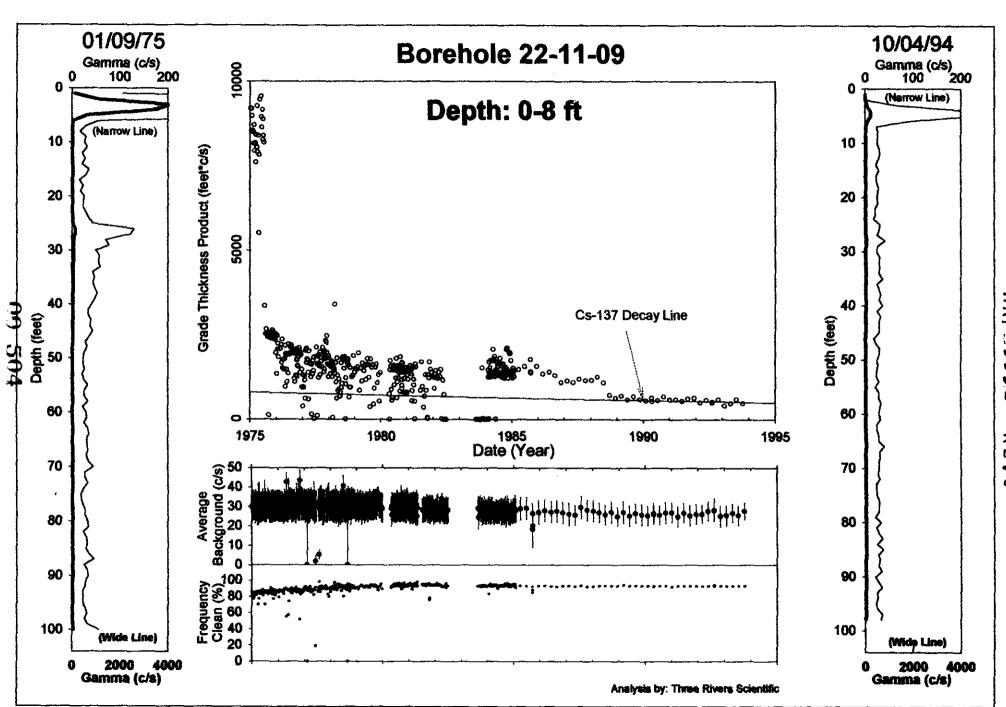
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (20-34 feet) is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector) between 1975 and 1994.

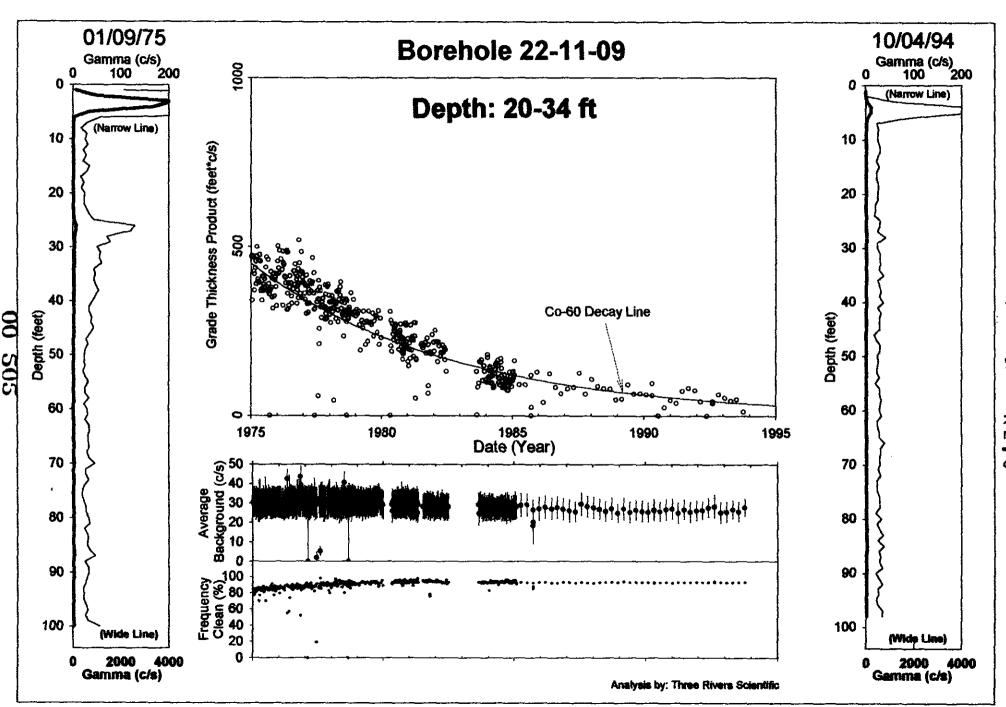
Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (34-46 feet) from 1975 to 1978 was not showing radioactive decay and is classified as UNSTABLE. Then from 1978 to 1994 the radiation zone is decreasing within observed systematic limitations at a rate consistent with the decay of Co-60 (identified from HPGe detector.)

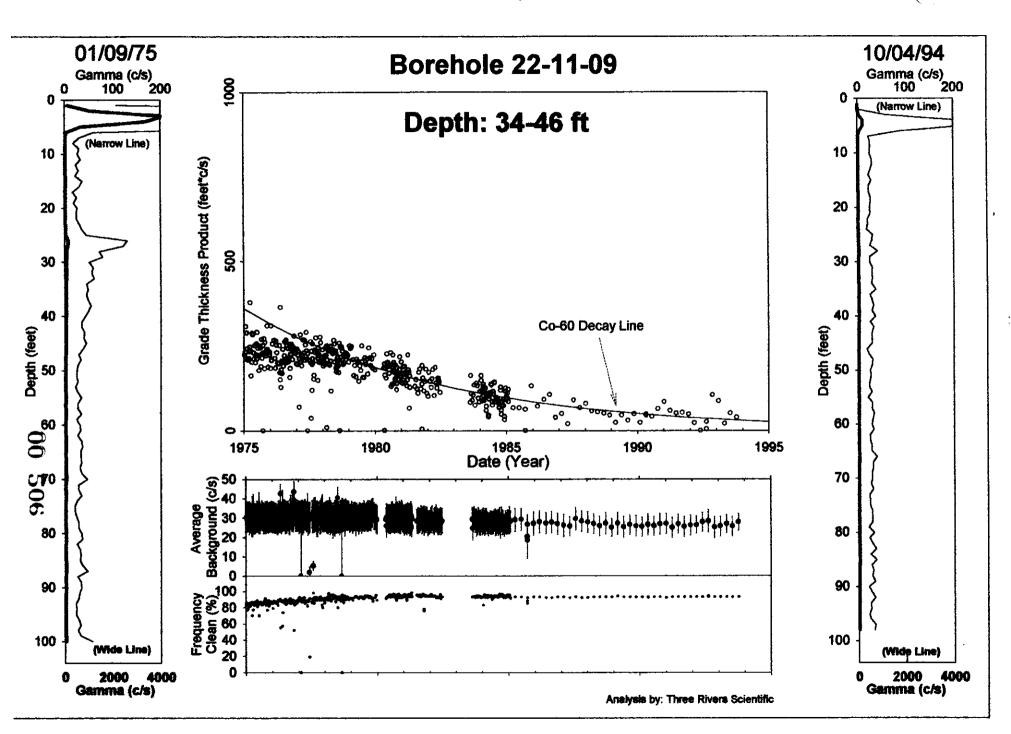
Gross Gamma Survey Information

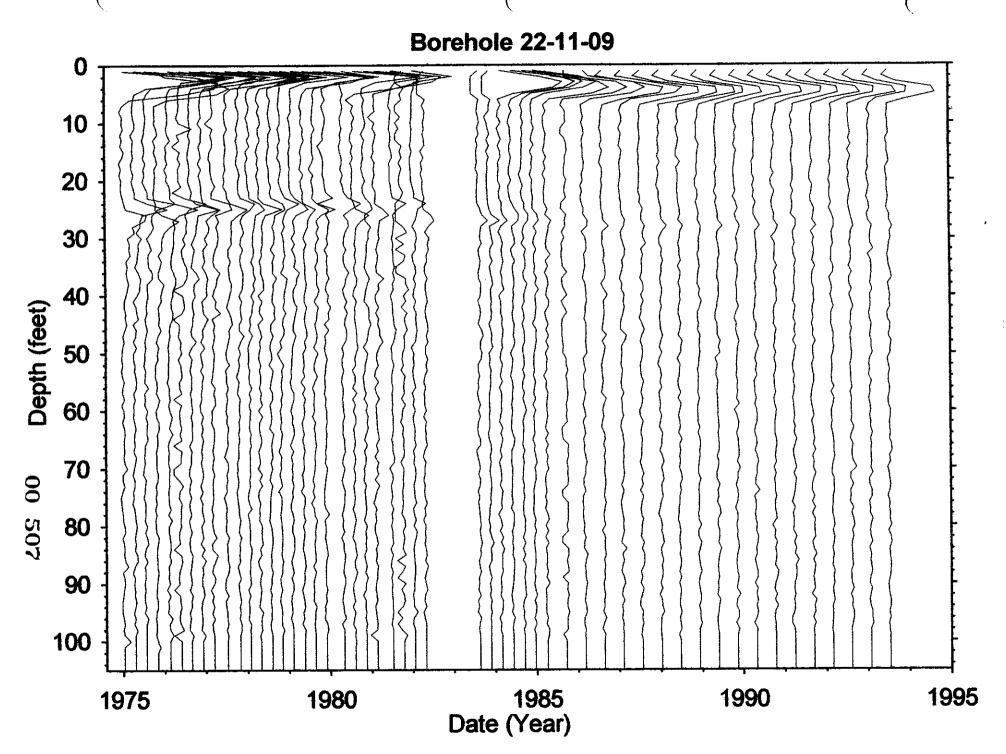
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
03: Neutron (4 surveys)
100 ft
100 ft
1/09/1975
10/4/1993
437

1 may s	18 TAOLES
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	10 to 20 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-8 feet is TF Activity 20-34 feet is Stable 34-46 feet was <u>UNSTABLE</u> early
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific









Borehole <b>B</b>	4(22-11	01)	Total # Surve	eys <u>419                                    </u>	Probe Type <u>OY</u>
		:	# neutron sur	veys5_	#GR Surveys 415
Log Date: 7	5-01-09	1 <sup>st</sup>	93-10-04	<u>⊬</u> Last	Presentation Plot Dates
T . C	G 10			- 6.1	(If different from 1" & Last)
Isotope from	Spectral St	irvey:	137 < 1	00 p cc/9	(0-827) Max Survey Depth 100
Contaminati	on Zone De	oth(s): 0-3	p7,5-	10,19-28	<u> </u>
				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num Gane	approx #Sampl's		UAPS.1XI	
75-12-31	12	100	Comment		
77-06-02	<del> </del>	100		<del></del>	
84-03-16	12	<del></del>			
84-11-21	12	100			
3 7 7 27		100			
			,	HI-ZONES.T	`xt
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed approx #Samp			
75-63-26	Took NOWS				
76-05-20A					
77-04-21A					
79-10-31	NO RN ZON	nes 100			
80-06-19					
94-03-01	BAD STRING	X 100			
				BackGnd.Tx	rt
		d num. Sample:		Avg. Bkg	Comment
75-03-261		101	28%	37.1	
76-04-22	20CLBAN	98	5.3%	411	
76-04-09		99	882	327	
77-06-02	90LLEN	101	14%	4.0	
77-07-22			96%	s.3	
78-0L B			818	38.8	
80-06-11	% CLBA	95	6/0%	7,0	
39-03-01	70 CLAM	+ 98	0%	00	
	• • • •			Analysis Note	
num surveys				Background	= (0 <val<50) 19-28="" 20<="" 30-45="" et="" ft="" td=""></val<50)>
					OLVACESO (0595-1824)
Dap H Sy					P8.4/C
1 /		7 A AC		<del></del> _	
19-25	CCF	tANG.	ac)		
ļ					
	11				
Category: (Sta				NGED	
Analyst Name	R	1 10 /2:	$\overline{}$	a h	(MDCD 000) 1/2 2/
Analyst Name	e // and	aure	دی	S/W	ver (TFGROSS) V 2. 20.

Borehole B	84(22-1		Γotal # Surve	eys 433	Probe Type	04
Log Date: 7	75-01-09	1 <sup>st</sup>	# neutron sur 93-10-07	veys <u> </u>	# GR Survey Presentation	Plot Dates
Isotope from Contaminati	n Spectral Su on Zone De	urvey: <u>(5-/</u> pth(s):	37 (C)	100p Cc/	+ 2-8KT)	(If different from 1st & Last)  Max Survey Depth / 00
				GAPS.Txt		
Survey Date	num. Gaps	approx #Sampl's	Comment	OAI S.IXI		
76-67-28	47	90		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
77-06-02	<del>,                                    </del>	100				
78-09-27		100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
81-10-27	3.3	80				
85-06-28	26	100	····			
				HI-ZONES.1	Γxt	
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed approx #Samp	s Comment			
75-04-09	HI-BKC	100				
76-05-20	HI-BKG	100				
76-07-28						
77-10-31	HI-BLL	100				
81-10-27	LORAD ZO					
89-03-01	SS AND Ze	100	BADS	way		
~				BackGnd.Tx	T	
		num. Samples		Avg. Bkg	Comment	
	LENCTH	190	93%	27.6		
76-08-27		9.5	4476	43.5		
70 00-21	07/	185	96.70	28.9		
	7. CLEDU AUGBRE	9b 95	5%	4.0		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del> </del>	97%	4.2		
78-06-28	MUGASKO-	96	95%	362		
78-09-27 81-10-27	OT CLEAN	96	57%	20.8		
	To CLESV	96	5843	0.0		
97-05-07	- 20 Chago	76	076	nalysis Note		
num surveys r	rejected: (0)	7600			= (0 <val<50)< td=""><td></td></val<50)<>	
num surveys i	ejecteu. (0)	<u> </u>		Dackground	_ (0 <vai<50)< td=""><td></td></vai<50)<>	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Category: (Sta	ble, TF Acti	vity, Undeter	nined. CHA	NGED		<u> </u>
		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Analyst Name				_ S/W	ver <u>(TFGROSS)</u>	•

Borehole 3	7 (22-1	<u>-08)</u> T	otal # Surv	eys <u>443                                   </u>	_ Probe Type <u>0                                   </u>
, <u></u>		#_	neutron sui	veys5	
Log Date: 7	501-09	st <u>c</u>	13-10-0	4 Last	Presentation Plot Dates
Y4 6	O	C &	1 .	-m	(If different from 1 & Last)  Max Survey Depth 100
isotope from	Spectral Su	rvey: <u>(3 -/ )</u>	37 (<	spala.	6-10) (A+62) Max Survey Depth 100
Contaminatio	n Zone Dep	th(s):	<u></u> -		
				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date		pprox #Sampl's C	omment		
77-06-02	93	100		···	
79-07-11 A.B		170		·	
81-10-13	15	100		·	
				HI-ZONES.1	Cxt
1		d approx #Samp's	Comment		
75-04-09		100			
76-05-051	11 CPS/OFT	170			
77-02-03 1		102			
78-09-14A	BAOSUR	681 YEN		· · ·	
89-03-01					
:				<del>-</del>	
				BackGnd.Tx	rt.
Survey Date Re	ason Selected	num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment
76-04-22 A	U6-BKQ	95	61%	42.8	
76-07-21 6	BNGTH	202	87%	28,2	
77-02-03 0		98	0%	0,0	
	POCER	97	13%	25,4	
79-07-11 F		230	20%		<u> </u>
85-12-12		97	98%	238	
89-03-01 9		96	0%	0,0	
/	o o carro		- 62		
			1	Analysis Note	es 40-50 FT
num surveys re	iected: (0)	7881			= (0 < val < 50)
	-			Background	=(0 < val < 50)
ZONE 51		Acce	15-	d con	
	ZONU 0-10 BIKE 15-40				
					T WYS ISOTOPE (SK CO, BU)
BUT SIN	ce non	VE ZOSN	TIRBA	BY HP	CK, WILL NOT PRESSIT
WNTEL 07	H3P 1	MUT RZ	CELVE	<u> </u>	-
MEVIEW W/	XEWBKO	-cruc 140	-30P-7)F	on Louz 51	6-64; FI= W/ CotU,
Category: (Stab	le TF Acti	vity, Undeterm	ined, CHA	NGED	
Analyst Name	Ran	dell Fi	(میا	S/W	ver (TFGROSS) V4-20

#### filein := "GTP56-66.txt" Well 22-11-08

A := READPRN(filein)

$$vr := A^{<1>}$$

$$yr := A^{<1>}$$
 net :=  $A^{<7>}$ 

$$bkg := A^{<6>}$$
  $max := A^{<4>}$ 

$$N := last(yr)$$

$$N = 426$$

$$i := 0..N$$

$$N = 426$$
  $i := 0..N$   $k := 0..300$   $j := 0..299$ 

1st Isotope is Co (5.27 yrs)

$$\tau co := 5.27$$

$$\tau 2 := 4.5 \cdot 1$$

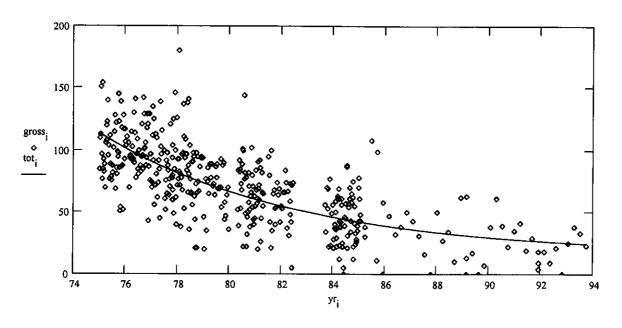
$$X2_i := a2 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_i - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau^2}}$$

$$tot_i := Co_i + X2_i$$

 $gross_i := net_i$ 

Co: := aco-e

This data edited for spurious points



$$ssq(a1,a3) := \sum_{i} \left[ gross_{i} - \left[ a1 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}} + a3 \cdot e^{-\left(yr_{i} - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}} \right] \right]^{2}$$

Given

$$ssq(aco,a2)=0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha co \\ \alpha 2 \end{bmatrix} := Minerr(aco, a2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & C_i := \alpha co \cdot e \\ & C_i := \alpha co \cdot e \end{aligned} - \frac{\left(yr_i - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau co}}{X2_i := \alpha 2 \cdot e} - \frac{\left(yr_i - 75\right) \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{\tau 2}}{\tau 2}$$

$$\underline{\alpha co = 98.175}$$

$$\alpha z = 10.748$$

$$\frac{\alpha \cos}{\alpha 2} = 5.862$$

$$out^{<0>} := yr$$
  $out^{<1>} := tot$  WRITEPRN("twop.txt") := out  $\sqrt{Ratio Co/U}$ 

$$\frac{Co_N}{Ratio Co/L} = 0.497$$

	34(22-11-00 75-01-09	# - # <b>!</b>	Fotal # Surve f neutron sur 9 3-10-04	eys <u>44 )</u> rveys <u>4</u> <u>4</u> Last	Probe Type <u>07</u> # GR Surveys <u>7-37</u> Presentation Plot Dates  (If different from 1* & Last)	
Isotope fro	m Spectral Su	rvey:	/ 22-2	20 20 4	Max Survey Denth 100	
Containing	tion Zone Dep	μι(s). <u>U δ</u>	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0, 30-7	7	
				GAPS.Txt		
Survey Date			Comment			
77-08-02		100				
91-10-13		100				
84-01-11		100				
85-09-	19 10	100				
				HI-ZONES.1	Cut	
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	d approx #Samp'		III-ZONES.	1XI	
	4 TRUNCATAL				81-04-22:115'- NORASZONE	
	A NOISE			, and the second	82-06-02 TO 84-02-15 = NO Page	
	No RAO ZOA	4 100			2	
	No RAD ZO		100			
78-08-2	3 TOOL FACE	100	and the second			
80-0500	WRONEHOU	Æ				
		and the second s				
				BackGnd.Tx	xt	
	Reason Selected	<del></del>	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment	
	AUGBRO	98	53 %	42.5		
I	Of CLEAN	98	57%	35,3		
76-10-27		98	523	43.5		
77-02-03		98	0%	0.0		
	AUG BKG	98	192	1. 9		
	AUC BICC	98	80%	40.6		
78-08-23 B5-09-18	90 CLRAV	99	07	00		
00-07-18	MUCDEL.	99	88%	18,4		
			,	Nalvoja Mata		
num surveys	rejected: (0)	7 = 00	F	Analysis Note		
			250/6 2		= (0<\val <50) -75 - 95 10-20	
20.35	con Zons			1-76K7		
34-46	1 = 600	BLS 6-6	<i>p</i>		and the same of th	
	, -000	FRAM	1907 S	MOWS I	NOILATIONS OF MICHATION	
0-8FT - TLACTIVITY					TO TOUC I DONE (UNOS 75AM)	
1-8-	'/ / /	0 00 1 1210110179				
0-8F	1 12	-1107 10				
			<b></b>	NGED		
	table, TF Activ	vity, Undeterr	<b></b>	NGED		

#### **Borehole 22-12-01**

#### No Gamma-Ray Emitting Contamination was identified

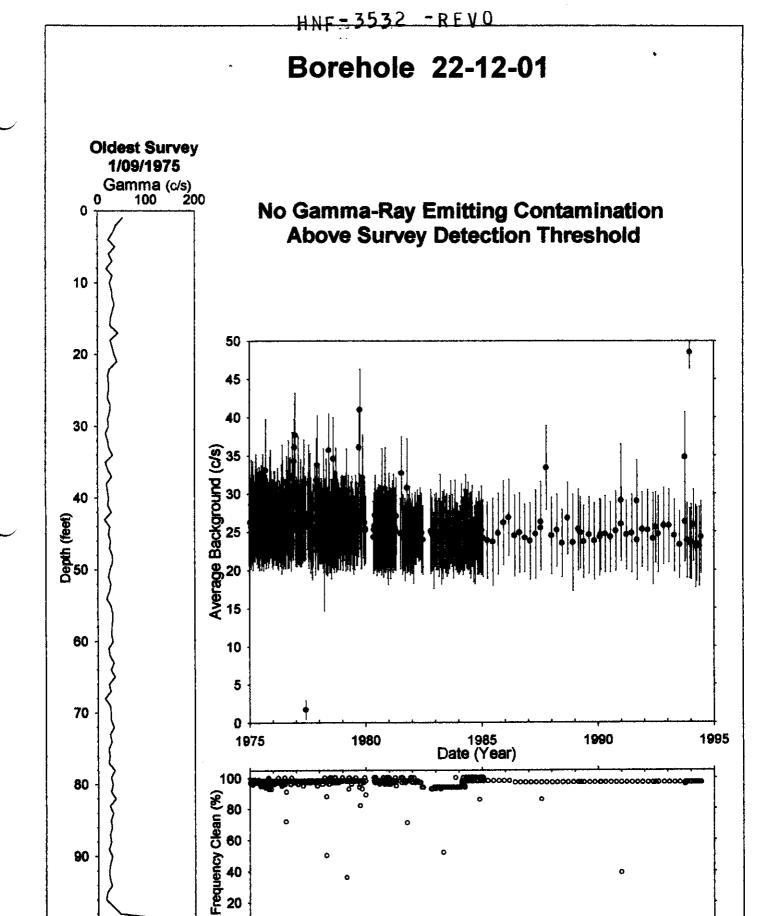
No significant levels of gamma-ray contamination is present above the survey probe detection threshold between 1975 and 1995 in the vadose zone from 2 to 100 feet.

Surveillance logging activities were not designed to monitor low contamination levels near the surface or bottom of the borehole. Low levels of Cesium-137 (identified from HPGe detector) present at/near the surface and at the bottom were are below the detection threshold as shown on the Grade Thickness Product plots for 0 to 25 and 90 to 105 feet.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

CTOD CHIMIC DO	
Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (4 surveys)
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date :	1/09/1975
Last Survey Date :	6/13/1994
Number Surveys :	424

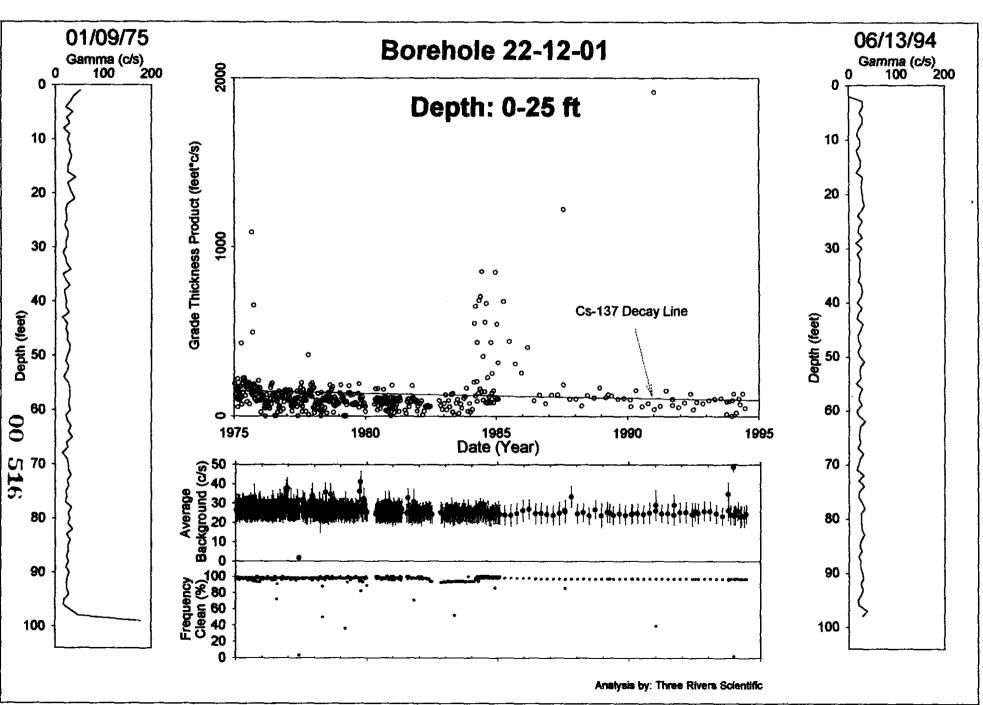
	~
Number Surveys Rejected :	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold (0< val < 50)
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	No Contamination
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific

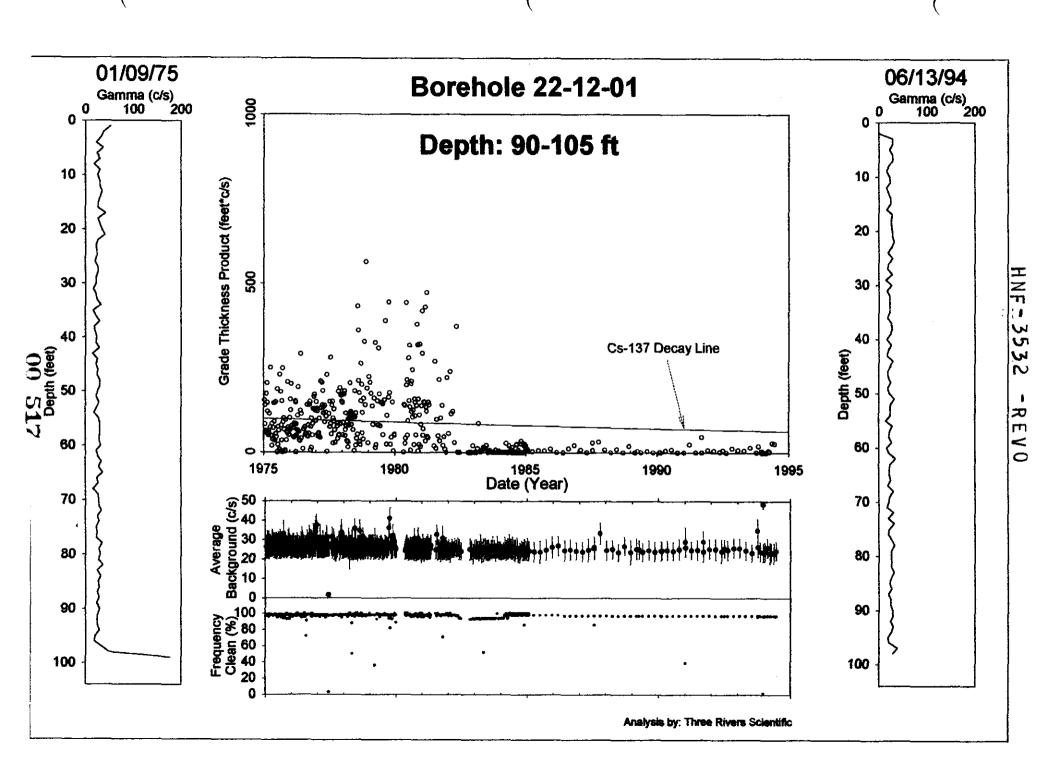


Analysis by: Three Rivers Scientific

0

100





#### **Borehole 22-12-03**

#### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0-10 feet is Tank Farm Activity Contamination (Cs-137) from 10-20 feet is Stable

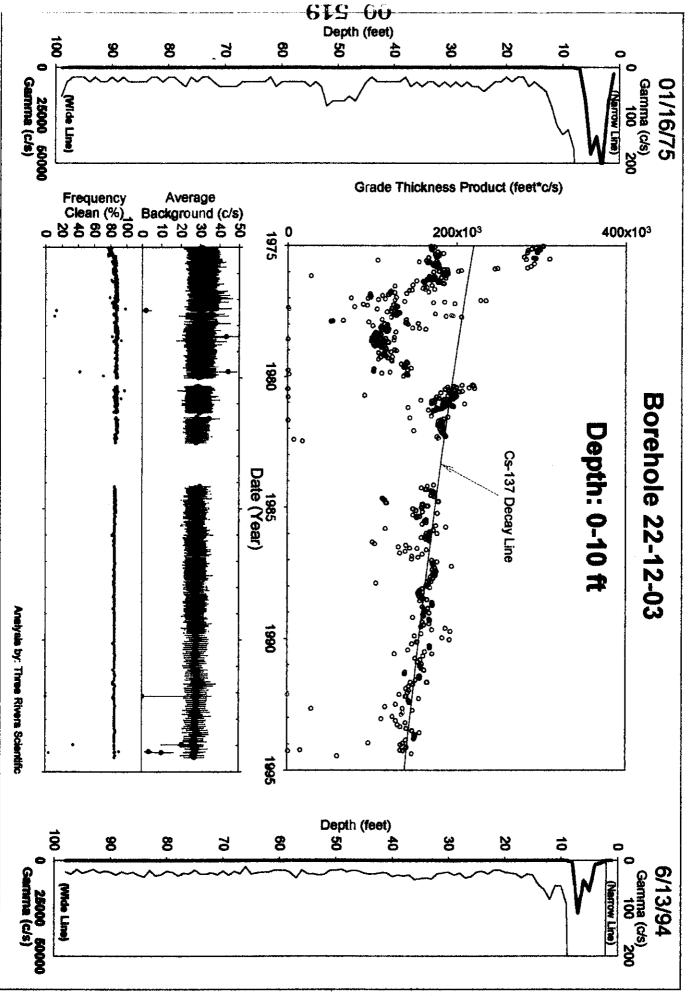
Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic for the 20 years of surveillance monitoring, and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. The gross gamma activity exceeds 30,000 counts per second which may be beyond the linear region of the counting system. The decay line for <u>Cs-137</u> (identified from HPGe detector) approximately agrees with the decrease in Grade Thickness Product.

Grade Thickness Product for the radioactive zone (10-20 feet) is decreasing within the gross gamma sensitivity at a rate consistent with the decay of Cesium-137 (identified from HPGe detector) between 1975 and 1994.

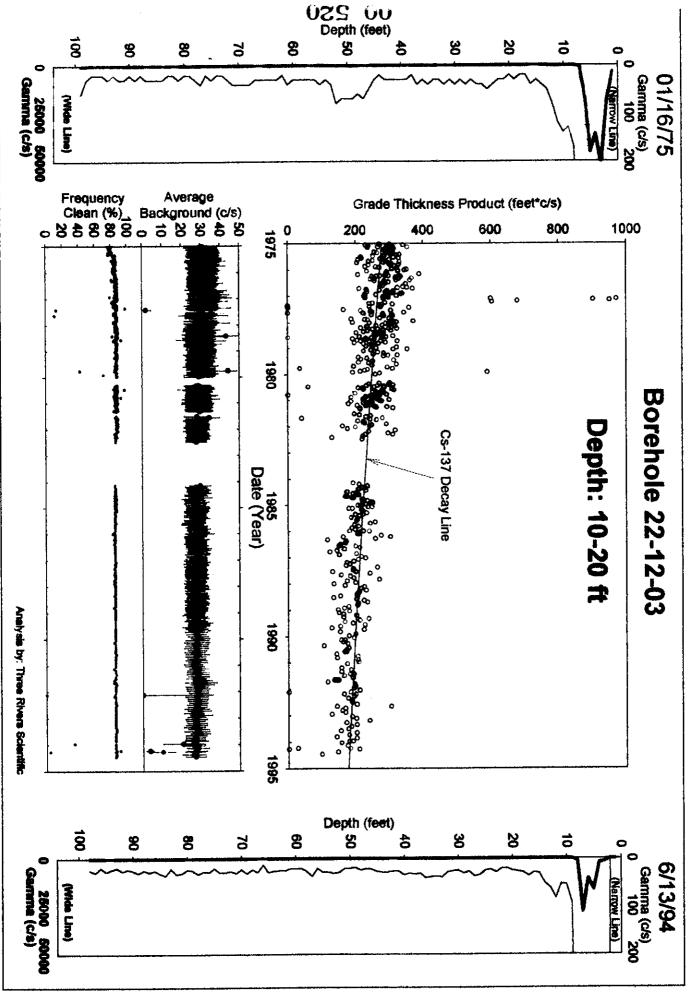
Gross Gamma Survey Information

divey information
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
03: Neutron (3 surveys)
100 ft
100 ft
1/10/1975
6/13/1994
509

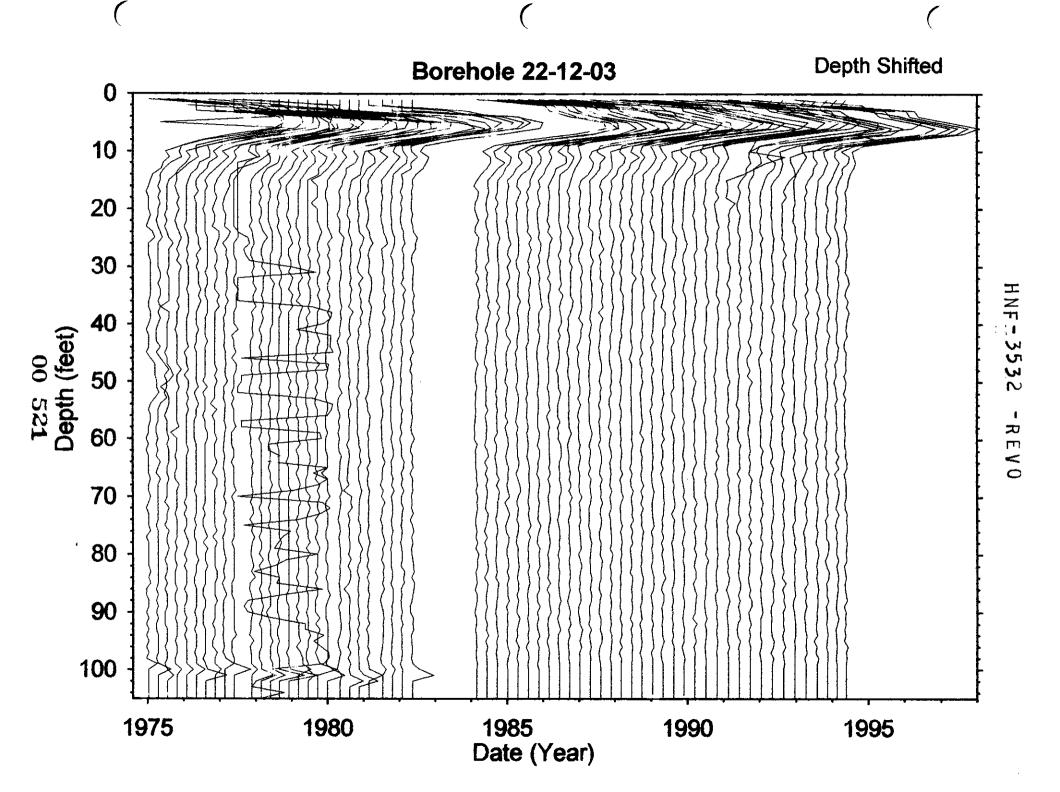
Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	28 to 42 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in	0-10 feet is TF Activity
Gross Gamma Surveys :	10-20 feet is Stable
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific



HNE-3225 - BEAO



HNE-3225 - BEAO



#### Borehole 22-12-05

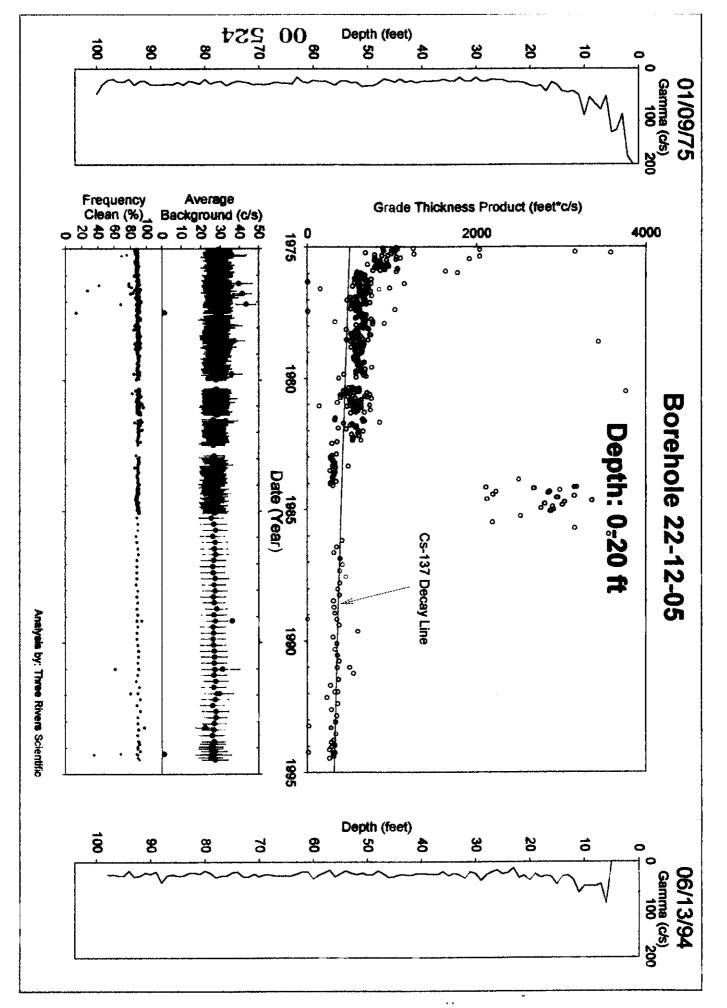
## Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 20 feet is Tank Farm Activity

Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 20 feet is erratic from 1975 through 1986 primarily from logging procedure changes and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1994 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

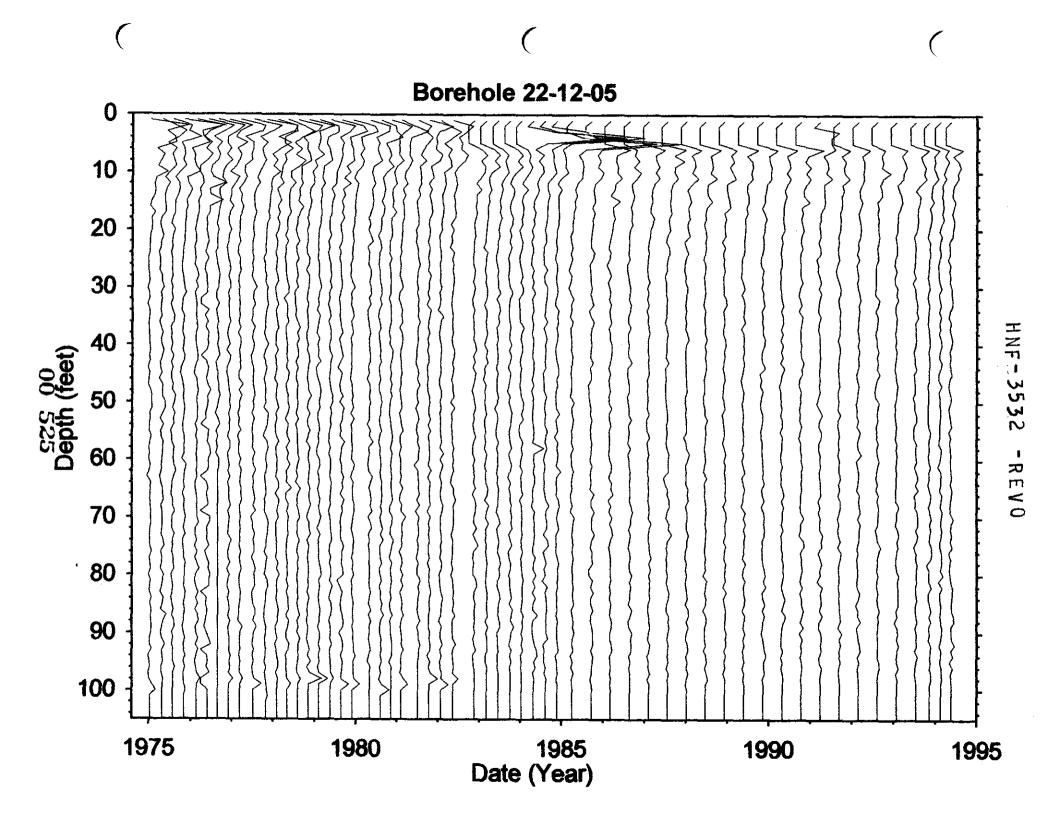
Gross Gamma Survey Information

ar voj madinisticii
04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
03: Neutron (4 surveys)
100 ft
100 ft
1/09/1975
6/13/1994
426

1 Monthly Di	13 110103
Number Surveys Rejected :	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background :	25 to 40 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-20 feet is TF Activity
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific



HNE-3225 - BEAO



#### Borehole 22-12-06

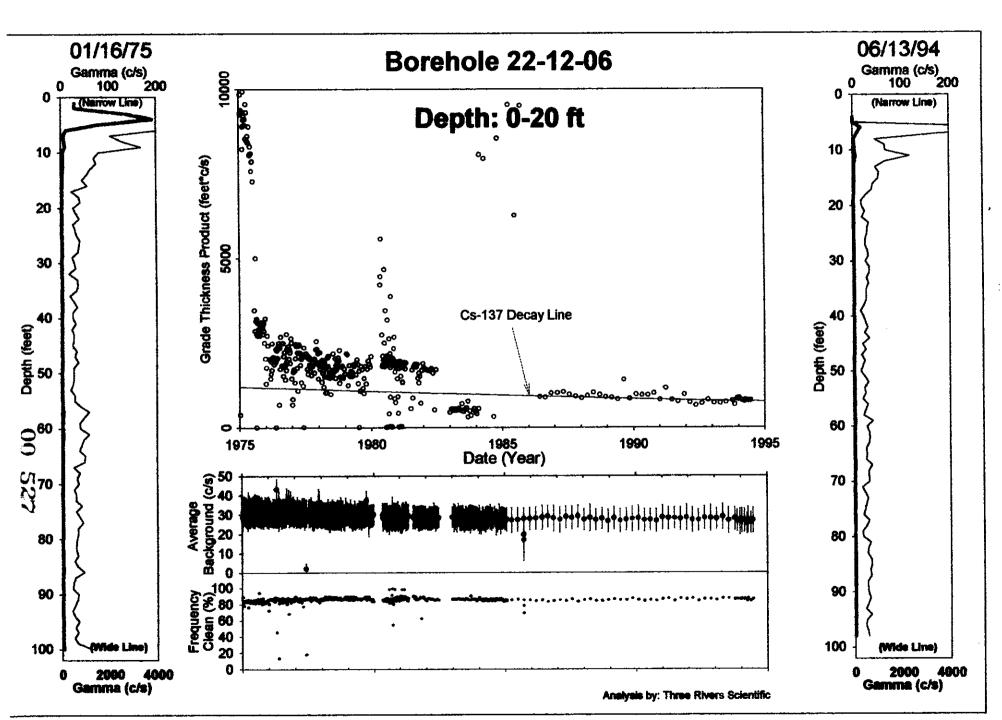
#### Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 20 feet is Tank Farm Activity

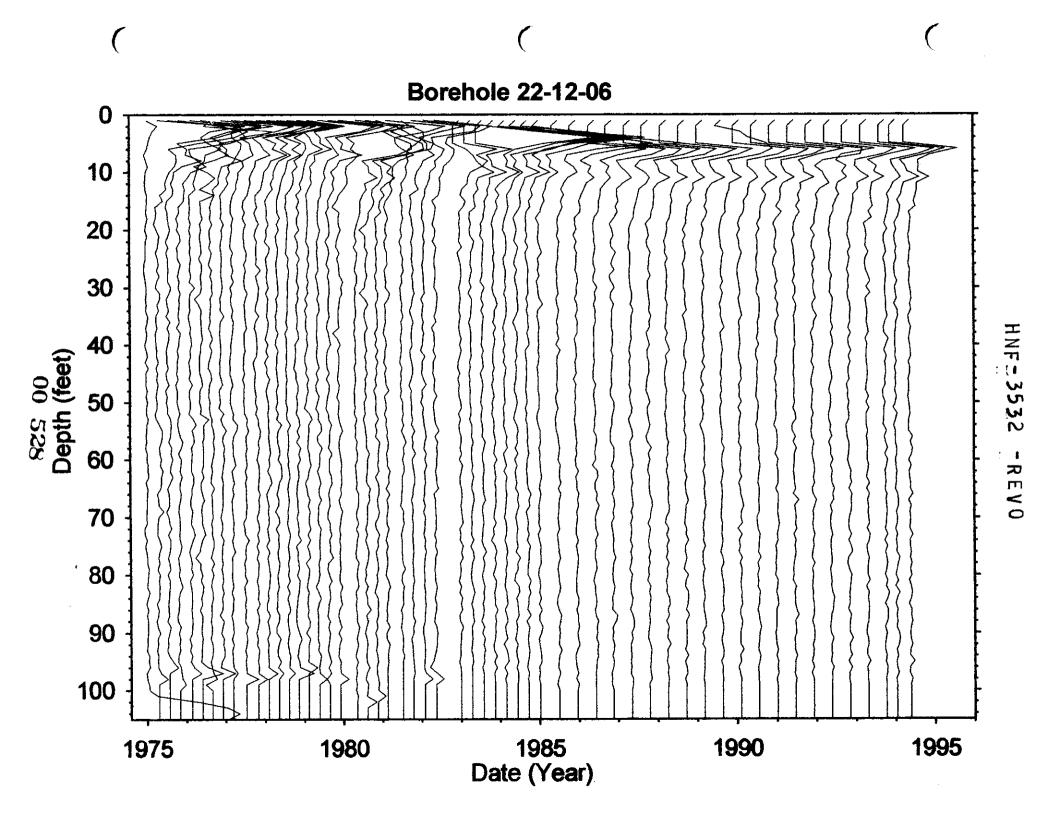
Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 20 feet is erratic from 1975 through 1986 primarily from logging procedure changes and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product from 1986 through 1994 is decreasing within counting statistics at a rate consistent with Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector).

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Grow Gurtain Gurtey Information					
Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator				
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (4 surveys)				
Borehole Depth:	100 ft				
Survey Depth:	100 ft				
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975				
Last Survey Date:	6/13/1994				
Number Surveys:	428				

Number Surveys Rejected:	0
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0
Method Used to Compute Background:	20 to 40 feet
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-20 feet is TF Activity
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price
Analysis By :	Three Rivers Scientific





#### Borehole 22-12-07

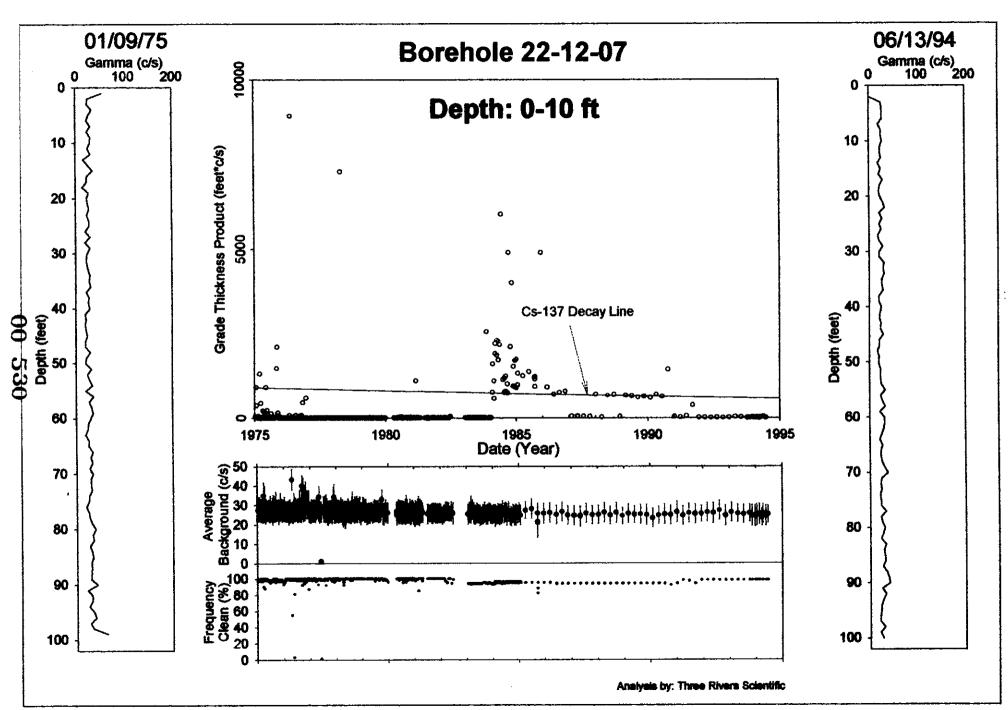
## Contamination (Cs-137) from 0 to 10 feet is Tank Farm Activity

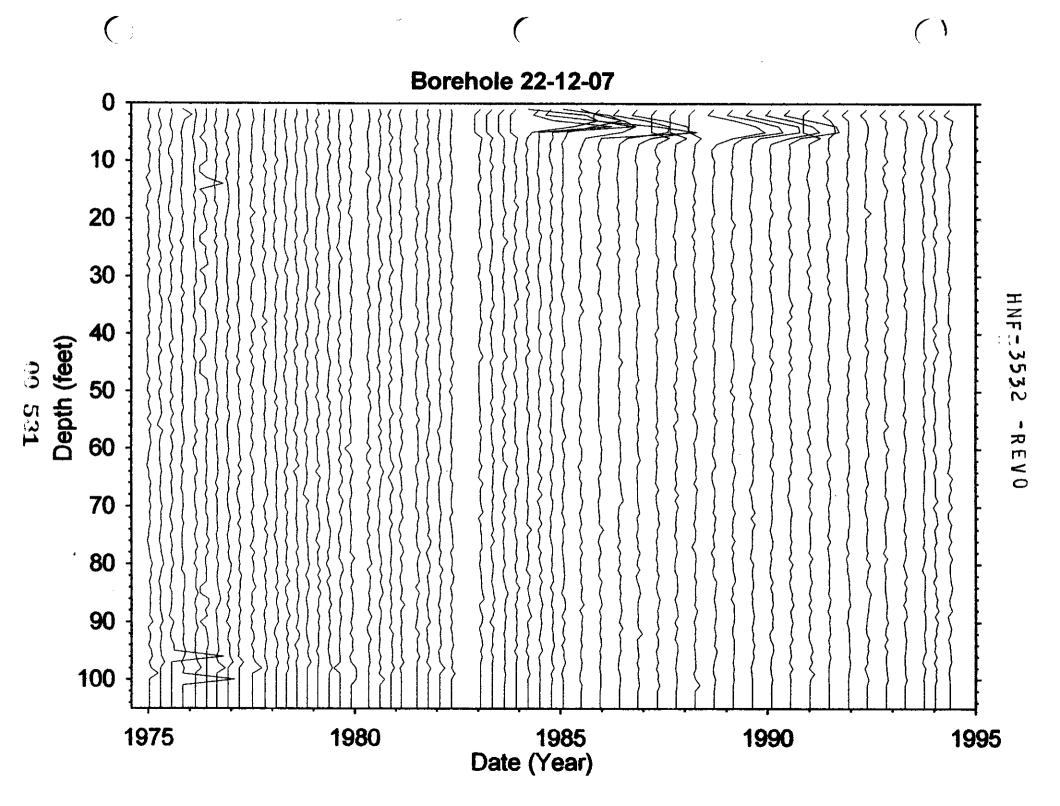
Grade Thickness Product from 0 to 10 feet is erratic throughout the monitoring interval and is categorized as Tank Farm activity. Grade Thickness Product shows that on occasion the gamma log response exceeded the background activity. A decay line for Cs-137 (identified from HPGe detector) is presented for the surveys from 1986 to 1991 that were above background.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (2 surveys)
Borehole Depth:	100 ft
Survey Depth:	100 ft
First Survey Date:	1/09/1975
Last Survey Date:	6/13/1994
Number Surveys :	418

Number Surveys Rejected:	0		
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0		
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold (0< val < 50)		
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	0-10 feet is TF Activity		
Analyst Name :	R.K. Price		
Analysis By:	Three Rivers Scientific		





#### Borehole 22-12-09

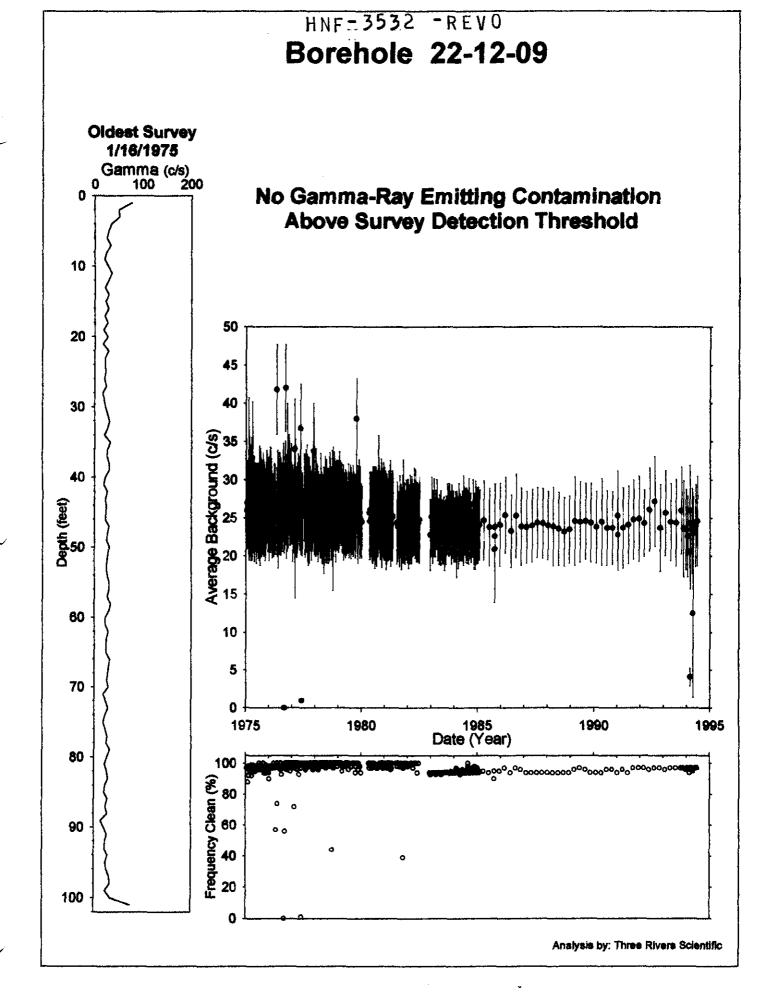
### No Gamma-Ray Emitting Contamination was identified

No significant levels of gamma-ray contamination is present above the survey probe detection threshold between 1975 and 1995 in the vadose zone from 2 to 100 feet.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Cioss Cauling Sui Voy Intornacion				
Probe Type :	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator			
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (4 surveys)			
Borehole Depth:	100 ft			
Survey Depth:	100 ft			
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975			
Last Survey Date :	6/13/1994			
Number Surveys:	429			

The state of the s
0
<= 0
Threshold (0< val < 50)
No Contamination
R.K. Price
Three Rivers Scientific



Depth (feet)

#### Borehole 22-12-10

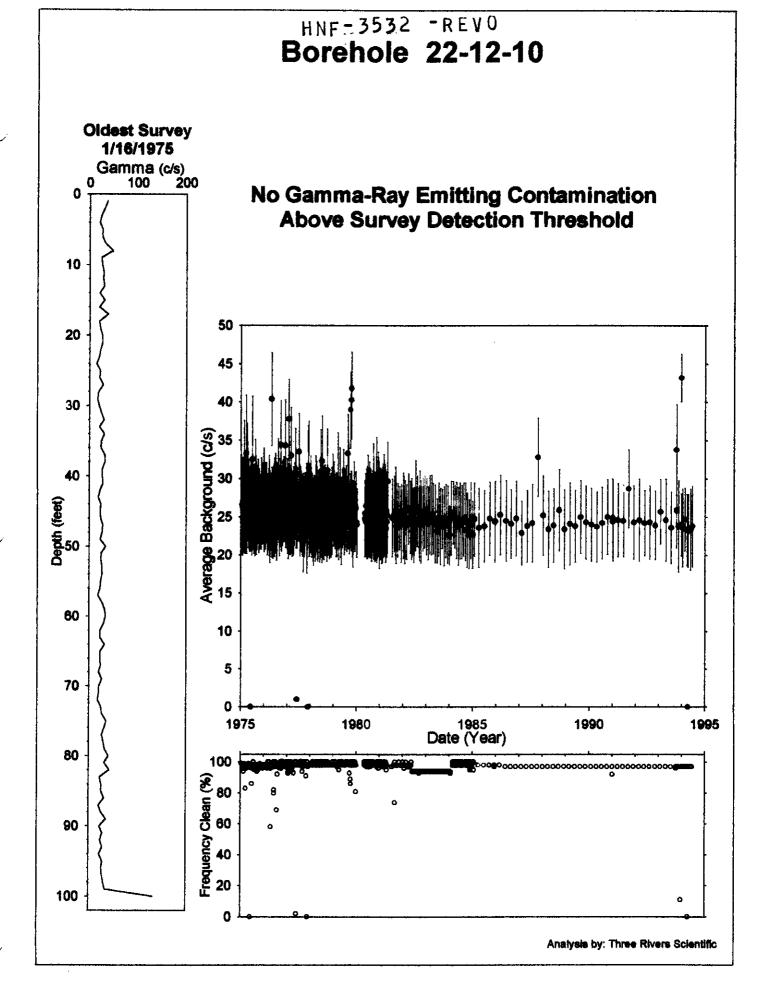
## No Gamma-Ray Emitting Contamination was identified

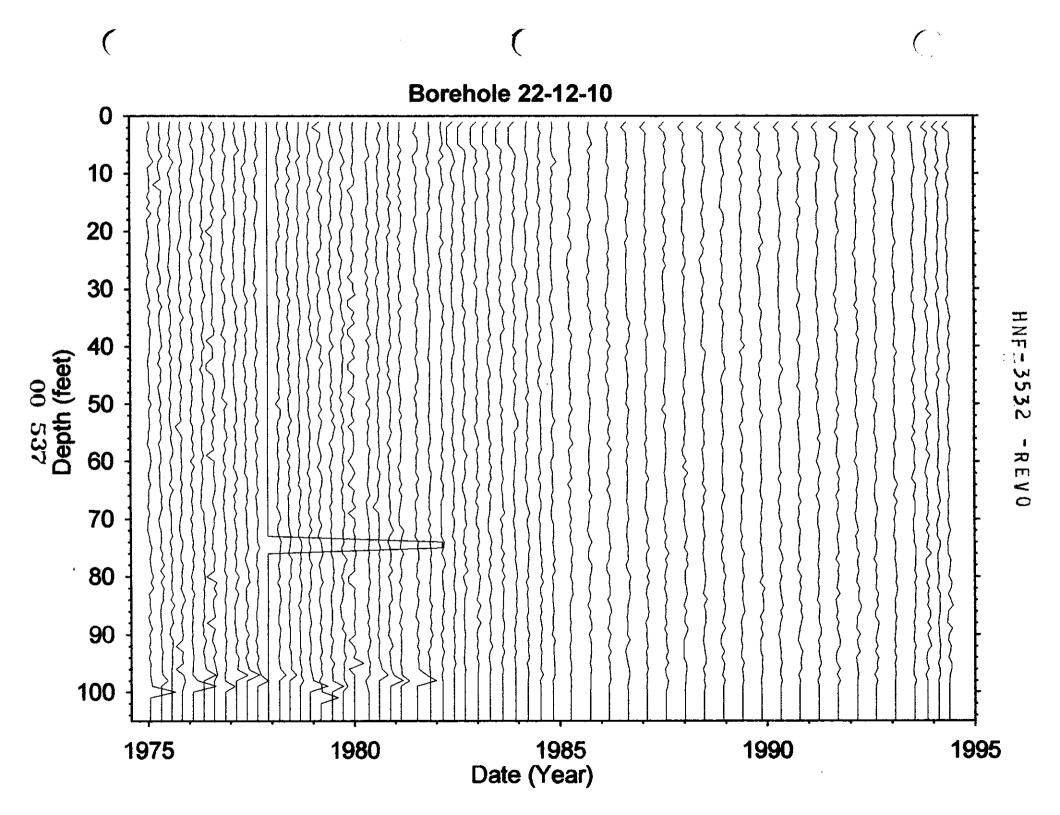
No significant levels of gamma-ray contamination is present above the survey probe detection threshold between 1975 and 1995 in the vadose zone from 2 to 100 feet.

Gross Gamma Survey Information

Gross Christian Darvey Intermenent					
Probe Type:	04: Sodium Iodide Scintillator				
Other Probe Types:	03: Neutron (4 surveys)				
Borehole Depth:	100 ft				
Survey Depth:	100 ft				
First Survey Date:	1/16/1975				
Last Survey Date :	6/13/1994				
Number Surveys :	424				
التوريب المناف المناف المناف المنافق ا					

Alialysi	1 1 1 0 (CS		
Number Surveys Rejected :	0		
Lower Threshold for Bad Survey Values:	<= 0		
Method Used to Compute Background:	Threshold (0< val < 50)		
Depth(s) where Contamination Identified in Gross Gamma Surveys:	No Contamination		
Analyst Name:	R.K. Price		
Analysis By:	Three Rivers Scientific		





Borehole BY (22-12-01) Total # Surveys 428 Probe Type 04

Isotope from Spectral Survey: Cs - L 2p C/4 (0-7547)

94-86-13 Last

Log Date: 75-01-691st

Contamination Zone Depth(s): NONS

#### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

# neutron surveys 3 # GR Surveys 424

Presentation Plot Dates

(If different from 1st & Last)

Max Survey Depth 100

GAPS.Txt Survey Date num. Gaps approx #Sampl's Comment 85 76-07-21 77-06-02 95 100 フ ダー1 ひー2つ 98 84-11-21 100 HI-ZONES Txt Survey Date Reason Selected approx #Samp's Comment 78-04-21A SHOOKT SLAUN 45 76-03-03A SHORY SURVEY 40 79-03-06A STERT SURVEY 91-10-14 SLEART SURVEY 10 83-65-03 BADSUKUSY MUH KOLSE (AT BOTTOM) 100 91-01-03 BAD SURU 100 HIGH NOISE BackGnd.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq. Clean Avg. Bkg Comment 973 76-03-03A DEPTH 34 26.8 77-06-02 AUG BICC 98 1-7 78-04-21 03p Tar 34 224 79-03-06 DSP7H 28.50 79-10-02 AUGBEC 41.0 99 83-05-03 70 CUSAN 96 52% 246 91-01-03 % CEEAN 98 39 % 29.1 HULBICA 48.5 **Analysis Notes** num surveys rejected: (0) RKP NONE Background = (0<val<50) 0-25 FT (BKG= 25-40) (BKG= 45-90FT) UPPER & LOWEL ZOAR HAVE EXCESSIVE VARIATION IN DATA TYPICAL OF VERY LOW ACTIVITY ZONES & POOR LOCK-INC PROUBBOURS AT TOPE BOTTOM OF HOLE Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED (C LEW) Analyst Name Kandell Vus S/W ver (TFGROSS)  $\supset_{\sigma} 20$ . 00 538

Borehole <u>P</u>	1/(22-12	<del></del>	Total # Surv	eys <u>516</u>	Probe Type 04 14 (4 SURVEY)
Log Date: _	75-01-10	1 <sup>st</sup>	neutron sur	rveys <u>3</u> /3Last	# GR Surveys 509 Presentation Plot Dates 75-01-16
Isotope from Contaminati	n Spectral Si ion Zone De	urvey: <u>C-5</u> pth(s): <u>10=10</u> 10= <b>15</b> 10	Co, EU,	GAPS.Txt	(If different from 1st & Last)  OFFT 587 98 Max Survey Depth 100
Survey Date	num. Gaps	approx #Sampl's	Comment	OAI b.TAt	
17-06-0Z	80	100		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
77-08-18	2/	1/0			
94-01-06	91	100			
				HI-ZONES.T	
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed approx #Samp'			
76-04-01A	BAD SCHOU	sy			
77-05-12	SHORT	50	M1551.	NO RAD	Zoas
77-06-02	BAOSA	4 98			W RAD ZONE
77-08-18	***				4 (U/S) FOUR took RUN
78-07-27		ne 80			81-09-02NORAD ZONS
79-10-03		ne 100			82-06-02 TRUNCA TED KAS TON
79-11-28 80+06-23 80-10-16	LOW RAD LOW RA	ZONE 100		BackGnd.Tx	42-62-13 TOOL FAILURE
	-	d num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment
	45 BKL	98	86%	39.4	
77-05-05 4		97	87 %	38.2	
77-06-02 4			13%	69	
	70 CLEAN		11%	31,7	
78-06-01 A			82%	43.3	
79-10-03		99	423	443	
92-02-13 1	130 CB	78	0%	0.0	
94-03-241	VG-BKL	98	9/%	35	
94-04-06 0	1/2 CEM	77	40%	100	
	-14-1 (0)	41		Analysis Note	
num surveys r	ejected: (0),	NUMB		Background	=(0) $(0)$
		<u> </u>			
		<del> </del>			
		<del>-</del> -			
Category: (Sta	ble, TF Acti	ivity, Undetern	nined, CHA	NGED	
Analyst Name	Hand	all Ru	2	_ S/W	ver (TFGROSS) V2. 20

#### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole BY(22-12-05) Total # Surveys 429 Probe Type 04 # neutron surveys 3 # GR Surveys 4 26 Log Date: 75-01-09 1st 94-06-13 Last Presentation Plot Dates (If different from 1st & Last)

Isotope from Spectral Survey:  $r_{5}-137 < 20 p C/g (0-20 p T)$  Max Survey Depth 100

Contamination Zone Depth(s): 0-20 p T

#### GAPS.Txt

Survey Date	num. Gaps	approx #Sampl's	Comment
76-07-28	131	160	
77-06-02	84	100	
98-63-24	31	160	
94-04-06	58	100	

#### HI-ZONES.Txt

	Reason Selected		Comment
76-05-201	B TOOL FAIL	100	
91-01-03	HIGH BKC	100	LOWIN DESTA KANGE
80-07-02	HC CLS	105	AT SURPACE

#### BackGnd.Txt

Survey Date	Reason Selected	num. Samples	Feq. Clean	Avg. Bkg	Comment
75-04-04	AVG-BKG	180	69%	35.7	
76-04-22	Aucoka	76	78%	39.4	
76-05-20	7. CUEAN	99	41%	29,7	
77-07-03	AUG BKG	98	68%	433	
78-06-28	AUL BKG	98	89%	37.1	
91-01-03	70 CLEAN	78	6170	31,0	
94-03-24	AUR BKG	98	68%	101	

Analysis Notes

	7 Hidly 513 1401CS
num surveys rejected: (0)	Background = $(0 \text{ val} 50)$ 25 - 40
Starp LOW RADIATION	Jones AT SURFACE, HIGH RADAISMAN
84-02-23- 85-12-	12
RADIOACTIVE ZONE ERRAT	TIL, CATSUBRIZED AS TE ACTIVITY
LOGGENT OPERATION PR	COLEDUALE CAUSED TRUNCATED SURVEYS 1983-8
	1-02-23 TO 85-92-12) RELORDED WHEN SUXUEYS
	WAL Z FT TOBE RZ LORDED ON SURUBY
Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undeter	
1	

Analyst Name Mandall Trees

S/W ver (TFGROSS) V 2.20 .

#### Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Borehole BY (22-12-06) Total # Surveys 432 Probe Type 04 # neutron surveys \_\_\_\_\_\_ #GR Surveys 428 94-06-13 Last Log Date: 75-01-09 1st Presentation Plot Dates 75-01-76 (If different from 1st & Last) Isotope from Spectral Survey: CS-137 <20 D C/G (0-1767) Max Survey Depth 1 00 Contamination Zone Depth(s): 1020 FT OZOFT (HI VARIATION - TR SCTIVITY) GAPS.Txt Survey Date num. Gaps approx #Sampl's Comment 75-12-31 19 85-09-18 (AB) 20 98 80 77-06-02 100 85-09-19(AB) 12 80-09-18 30 80 81-10-27 24 85 HI-ZONES.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected approx #Samp's Comment BAD SURUSH 75-01-09 RAD ZONA NOT AT PROPER DEPTH 70 75-08-21A NORADZONA 60 76-05-20A BADSURVER NOISY 82-06-02 LOST RAD ZONE TO 84-02-02 77-06-02 NO RADZON 100 PATE LOG OPER PROC CHANGES: 79-07-12 NO RAO ZONO 82-12-29/84-02-23/86-06-04 NO PEAK 80-07-30 NORAD 81-01-29 LOSTHI / HICKAR CIS ATO' SRIACE BackGnd.Txt Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samples Feq. Clean Avg. Bkg Comment 76-04-22 AVE BKG 96 45% 430 % CLEAN 76-05-20 97 132 33.4 76-09-04 AUG BKL 91 80% 373 98 77-06-02 AUG BKG. 18% 2-1 AUGBKG 79-09-18 77 85% 322 81-10-27 2.CLEN 89 627 29,3 85-09-19 AUGBKE 99 78 % 1607 Analysis Notes num surveys rejected: (0) ZR RO Background =  $(0 \le val \le 50)$  = 20 - 40RADIATION ZONE O- 17RT, HILLY VARIATION. OTA ACTIVITY AND HAS LOGGING OPER PROCEDURE PROBLEYS Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undetermined, CHANGED Analyst Name Randall Out S/W ver (TFGROSS)  $\sqrt{2-20}$ .

Borehole $\underline{\mathcal{B}}$	4 (22-12		Total # Surve	eys <u>421</u>	Probe Type <u>04</u>
Log Date: 7	5-01-09	1 <sup>st</sup>	# neutron sur 4 4-06-13	veys Last	Presentation Plot Dates
Isotope from Contaminat	n Spectral Su ion Zone De	rvey: <u>CS-/</u> pth(s): <u>0-/</u>	37 0 OFT	5KT 4	(If different from 1st & Last)  Sp 6/4 Max Survey Depth 102
				GAPS.Txt	
Survey Date	num. Gaps	approx #Sampl's	Comment		
76-05-26	16	98			
77-06-02	96	100			
85-09-19	13	100			
		-			
Survey Date	Reason Select	ed approx #Samp		HI-ZONES.T	xt
76-05-20B			3 Comment		
76-04-22	***		-		
			IAA AA CA	1 94-02	-01 70 90-10-10
1111/10710	717 77 63	, december 1	VIVENE	-) 87-02	3-01 78 78-70-70
<del></del>	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>		
<u> </u>	<u>.l</u>			· · ·	
				BackGnd.Tx	t
Survey Date	Reason Selecte	d num. Samples		Avg. Bkg	Comment
76-04-22	AVG BKG	97	55%	43.2	
76-05-20	% CLEM	97	3 %	30.0	
76-09-09	AVG BKG	92	92%	40.0	
76-10-27	AUG BKL	100	96%	36.3	
77-06-02	70 CLEAN	97	1%	1.0	
				· · ·	
			A	nalysis Note	s
num surveys	rejected: (0)	ZERO		Background	= (0 <val<50) 2=""></val<50)>
	IL ACTI	UITY.	ASSION	AS 7	- ACTIVITY
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			<u></u>		
Category: (Sta	able, (F Acti	vity, Undeten	mined, CHA	NGED	
		tall Po			140 120
Analyst Name	ellano	rall () s	uce	_ S/W •	ver (TFGROSS) V 2. 20

## Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

Total # Surveys 432

Borehole <u>BY(22-12-09)</u>

Borehole <u>BY(22-12-09)</u>	Total # Surve	ys 432	Probe Typ				
,	# neutron sur	veys <b></b>	# GR Surv	reys <u>429</u>			
Log Date: 75-01-16 1st	94-06-13	Last	Presentation	on Plot Dates(If different from	1 <b>5</b> 0 7		
Isotope from Spectral Survey:	5737 </td <td>op lifa</td> <td>0-5KT</td> <td>Max Survey Dej</td> <td></td>	op lifa	0-5KT	Max Survey Dej			
Contamination Zone Depth(s):/	to Zon	12 s			7.00		
- 17							
G		GAPS.Txt					
Survey Date num. Gaps approx #Samp  76-09-02 59 60	S Comment			<u></u>			
			<del></del>				
78-09-27 54 100							
81-10-27 38 60							
0, 10 27 38 00							
	I	HI-ZONES.T	`xt				
Survey Date Reason Selected approx #Sa							
76-05-20A Noise AT BOTTOM 100	·						
77-02-104 NOISY SURVEY	(80						
79-03-06 HICPS AT GOAT	(00)						
<b>√</b>							
		BackGnd.Tx	t				
Survey Date Reason Selected num. Samp		Avg. Bkg	Comment				
75-02-07 LBVCTF1 202	88%	31.9					
76-04-22 AUGBKG 99	52%	41.8			·		
76-09-02 LENGTH 60	0%	0.0					
76-09-09 AVCBRG 98	56%	4.20					
77-06-02 70 CLEAN 97	120	1.0					
98-09-24 7. CLEM 98	440%	24.9					
74-02-4 AUGBKG 98 94-04-06 AUGBKG 98	9500	12 5					
7 00 1706-000 18	13%	120)					
	A	analysis Note	:S				
num surveys rejected: (0) Nows			= (0 < val < 50)	014			
(////			(0 (0.0)				
Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Unde	termined, CHA	NGED C	(AN)				
N a nn	P-						
Analyst Name <u>Mandall Price</u> S/W ver (TFGROSS) 2.20.							
02 543							
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# HNF = 3532 - REV0 Dry Well Survey Analysis - Notes

	Borehole $B^7(22-12-10)$	Total # Surve	eys 428	Probe '	Гуре <u>0 У</u>			
/	,	# neutron sur		# GR S	# GR Surveys 424			
	Log Date: 75-01-161st				ation Plot Dates	<del> </del>		
	Isotope from Spectral Survey:	-137 < -	z a Cila C	9-10 2-	(If different from 1st Max Survey Depth			
	Contamination Zone Depth(s):	,	<del>- / - / / - /</del>	, , 0 /- ,	man burvey Depin	100		
		···			•			
	GAPS.Txt							
	Survey Date num. Gaps approx #Sampl's	Comment	-					
	76-01-28 18 20							
	77-06-02 94 100	ļ						
	77-11-23 85 80							
	79-12-27 17 95	<u></u>						
	81-09-02 14 50 94-04-06 99 100		III	ъ.				
	100		HI-ZONES. 1	xt	<del></del>			
	Survey Date Reason Selected approx #San	p's Comment				<del></del>		
	75-06-05 HIBKG- 100		<del>- , </del>					
	76-06+UAB TOOL NOISE 100				, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<del></del>		
	93-12-17 HINDISE 1100							
	<b></b>		<del></del> .					
i								
			Book Cod T-	, <del>t</del>				
	Survey Date Reason Selected num. Sample	es Feq. Clean	BackGnd.Tx Avg. Bkg	Comment	<del></del>	<del></del>		
ļ	75-00 OF AUG-BLG 98	C 7	O.O	Comment	<u></u>			
	76-04-22 AUS-BKG. 97	58%	404					
	72-01-20 AUG-BKG 95	93%	37.8					
	77-16-02 AUBEL 76	乙名	1.0					
	77-11-23 90 CLEAN 87	0%	Cio					
	71-69-18-79-10-63 988					<del></del>		
	93-12-17 AUCBKG 48%	117	43.2	-				
	ayora Tichen 78	0%	CO			·		
•			<u> </u>					
		A	Analysis Note	es				
1	num surveys rejected: (0) ZERU		Background		50)	 		
ĵ	NO RADIATION ZONE PR	153NT (	175-95					
Ī			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>				
ſ								
ſ								
1	Category: (Stable, TF Activity, Undete	ermined, CHA	ے NGED	-LEAN	)			
	Analyst Name <u>fandall</u> uice S/W ver (TFGROSS) V Z.20.							
	•	i	<u>00 544</u>		<del></del>			